

2018 Consumer Confidence Report

Water System Name: DEMPSEY ROAD MUTUAL WATER CO Report Date: April 2019

We test the drinking water quality for many constituents as required by state and federal regulations. This report shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1 - December 31, 2018.

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

Type of water source(s) in use: According to SWRCB records, this Source is Groundwater. This Assessment was done using the Default Groundwater System Method.

Your water comes from 1 source(s): Well 01 - Standby

Opportunities for public participation in decisions that affect drinking water quality: Regularly-scheduled water board or city/county council meetings are held at 2265 Samuel Ave, Oxnard every second Thursday at 10:00 am.

For more information about this report, or any questions relating to your drinking water, please call (805)483-9014 and ask for Stephanie.

| TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT | |
|--|--|
| <p>Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The highest level of contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. Primary MCLs are set as close to the PHGs (or MCLGs) as is economically feasible. Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.</p> <p>Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs are set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA).</p> <p>Public Health Goal (PHG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency.</p> <p>Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL): The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.</p> <p>Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG): The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.</p> <p>Primary Drinking Water Standards (PDWS): MCLs and MRDLs for the contaminants that affect health along with their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment requirements.</p> | <p>Secondary Drinking Water Standards (SDWS): MCLs for the contaminants that affect taste, odor, or appearance of the drinking water. Contaminants with SDWSs do not affect the health at the MCL levels.</p> <p>Treatment Technique (TT): A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.</p> <p>Regulatory Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.</p> <p>Level 1 Assessment: A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.</p> <p>Level 2 Assessment: A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.</p> <p>mg/L: milligrams per liter or parts per million (ppm)</p> <p>ug/L: micrograms per liter or parts per billion (ppb)</p> <p>pCi/L: picocuries per liter (a measure of radiation)</p> <p>NTU: Nephelometric Turbidity Units</p> <p>umhos/cm: micro mhos per centimeter</p> |

The sources of drinking water: (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- *Microbial contaminants*, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- *Inorganic contaminants*, such as salts and metals, that can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- *Pesticides and herbicides*, that may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- *Organic chemical contaminants*, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, that are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, agricultural application, and septic systems.
- *Radioactive contaminants*, that can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the USEPA and the State Water Resource Control Board (State Board) prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. State Board regulations also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that provide the same protection for public health.

Tables 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 list all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the most recent sampling for the constituent. The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. The State Board allows us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, are more than one year old.

Any violation of MCL, AL or MRDL is highlighted. Additional information regarding the violation is provided later in this report.

| Table 1 - SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING THE DETECTION OF LEAD AND COPPER | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|------------|---|
| Lead and Copper (complete if lead or copper detected in last sample set) | Sample Date | 90th percentile level detected | No. Sites Exceeding AL | AL | PHG | Typical Sources of Contaminant |
| Copper (mg/L) | 10 (2016) | 0.24 | 0 | 1.3 | .3 | Internal corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives |

| Table 2 - SAMPLING RESULTS FOR SODIUM AND HARDNESS | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|------------|-------------------|--|
| Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units) | Sample Date | Level Detected | Range of Detections | MCL | PHG (MCLG) | Typical Sources of Contaminant |
| Sodium (mg/L) | (2012) | 125 | n/a | none | none | Salt present in the water and is generally naturally occurring |
| Hardness (mg/L) | (2012) | 883 | n/a | none | none | Sum of polyvalent cations present in the water, generally magnesium and calcium, and are usually naturally occurring |

| Table 3 - DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units) | Sample Date | Level Detected | Range of Detections | MCL [MRDL] | PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG] | Typical Sources of Contaminant |
| Arsenic (ug/L) | (2012) | 3 | n/a | 10 | 0.004 | Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards, glass and electronics production wastes |
| Fluoride (mg/L) | (2012) | 0.5 | n/a | 2 | 1 | Erosion of natural deposits; water additive that promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories. |

| | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------|------|-----|----|-----|--|
| Nitrate + Nitrite as N (mg/L) | (2012) | 4.3 | n/a | 10 | 10 | Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks and sewage; erosion of natural deposits |
| Selenium (ug/L) | (2012) | 39 | n/a | 50 | 30 | Discharge from petroleum, glass, and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines and chemical manufacturers; runoff from livestock lots(feed additive) |
| Gross Alpha (pCi/L) | (2012) | 14.4 | n/a | 15 | (0) | Erosion of natural deposits. |

Table 4 - DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A SECONDARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD

| Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units) | Sample Date | Level Detected | Range of Detections | MCL | PHG (MCLG) | Typical Sources of Contaminant |
|---|-------------|----------------|---------------------|------|------------|---|
| Chloride (mg/L) | (2012) | 70 | n/a | 500 | n/a | Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater influence |
| Color (Units) | (2012) | 5 | n/a | 15 | n/a | Naturally-occurring organic materials |
| Iron (ug/L) | (2012) | 1010 | n/a | 300 | n/a | Leaching from natural deposits; Industrial wastes |
| Manganese (ug/L) | (2012) | 420 | n/a | 50 | n/a | Leaching from natural deposits |
| Specific Conductance (umhos/cm) | (2012) | 2010 | n/a | 1600 | n/a | Substances that form ions when in water; seawater influence |
| Sulfate (mg/L) | (2012) | 840 | n/a | 500 | n/a | Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; industrial wastes |
| Total Dissolved Solids (mg/L) | (2012) | 1490 | n/a | 1000 | n/a | Runoff/leaching from natural deposits |
| Turbidity (NTU) | (2012) | 4.7 | n/a | 5 | n/a | Soil runoff |
| Zinc (mg/L) | (2012) | 0.07 | n/a | 5 | n/a | Runoff/leaching from natural deposits |

Table 5 - DETECTION OF UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS

| Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units) | Sample Date | Level Detected | Range of Detections | Notification Level | Typical Sources of Contaminant |
|---|-------------|----------------|---------------------|--------------------|---|
| Boron (mg/L) | (2012) | 0.8 | n/a | 1 | Boron exposures resulted in decreased fetal weight (developmental effects) in newborn rats. |

Table 6 - DETECTION OF DISINFECTANT/DISINFECTANT BYPRODUCT RULE

| Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units) | Sample Date | Level Detected | Range of Detections | MCL (MRDL) | PHG (MCLG) | Violation | Typical Sources of Contaminant |
|---|-------------|----------------|---------------------|------------|------------|-----------|--|
| Total Trihalomethanes (TTHMs) (ug/L) | (2018) | 18 | n/a | 80 | n/a | No | By-product of drinking water disinfection |
| Chlorine (mg/L) | (2018) | 1.30 | 0.91 - 1.82 | 4.0 | 4.0 | No | Drinking water disinfectant added for treatment. |
| Haloacetic Acids (five) (ug/L) | (2018) | 4 | n/a | 60 | n/a | No | By-product of drinking water disinfection |

Additional General Information on Drinking Water

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the USEPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. USEPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Lead Specific Language for Community Water Systems: If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with the service lines and home plumbing. *Dempsey Road Mutual Water Co.* is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/lead>.

Summary Information for Violation of a MCL, MRDL, AL, TT, or Monitoring and Reporting Requirement

About our Iron: Iron was found at levels that exceed the secondary MCL. The Iron MCL was set to protect you against unpleasant aesthetic affects such as color, taste, odor and the staining of plumbing fixtures (e.g., tubs and sinks), and clothing while washing. Violating this MCL does not pose a risk to public health.

About our Manganese: Manganese was found at levels that exceed the secondary MCL. The Manganese MCL was set to protect you against unpleasant aesthetic affects such as color, taste, odor and the staining of plumbing fixtures (e.g., tubs and sinks), and clothing while washing. Violating this MCL does not pose a risk to public health.

About our Specific Conductance: The conductivity of your water was found at levels that exceed the secondary MCL. The secondary MCLs were set to protect you against unpleasant aesthetic affects such as color, taste and odor. Violating this MCL does not pose a risk to public health.

About our Sulfate: Sulfate was found at levels that exceed the secondary MCL. The Sulfate MCL was set to protect you against unpleasant aesthetic effects such as color, taste or odor. Violating this MCL does not pose a risk to public health.

About our Total Dissolved Solids: The TDS or Total Dissolved Solids in your water was found at levels that exceed the secondary MCL. The TDS MCLs was set to protect you against unpleasant aesthetic affects such as color, taste or hardness. Violating this MCL does not pose a risk to public health.

2018 Consumer Confidence Report Drinking Water Assessment Information

Assessment Information

A source water assessment was conducted for the WELL 01 - STANDBY of the DEMPSEY ROAD MUTUAL WATER CO water system in August, 2001.

Well 01 - Standby - is considered most vulnerable to the following activities not associated with any detected contaminants:
Housing - high density [>1 house/0.5 acres]
Automobile - Gas stations

Acquiring Information

A copy of the complete assessment may be viewed at:

SWRCB Division of Drinking Water

1180 Eugenia Place

Suite 200

Carpinteria, CA 93013

You may request a summary of the assessment be sent to you by contacting:

Jeff Densmore

District Engineer

805 566 1326

Dempsey Road Mutual Water Co.
Analytical Results By FGL - 2018

| LEAD AND COPPER RULE | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------|-------|------|--------|-----|------------|--------|-----------------|-----------|
| | | Units | MCLG | CA-MCL | PHG | Sampled | Result | 90th Percentile | # Samples |
| Copper | | mg/L | | 1.3 | .3 | | | 0.24 | 10 |
| 120 Hugues Dr. | SP 1606829-9 | mg/L | | | | 2016-06-14 | 0.46 | | |
| 136 McMillian Ave. | SP 1606829-4 | mg/L | | | | 2016-06-14 | ND | | |
| 143 Robert St. | SP 1606829-3 | mg/L | | | | 2016-06-14 | 0.18 | | |
| 143 Thomas Ave. | SP 1606829-1 | mg/L | | | | 2016-06-14 | 0.08 | | |
| 175 Hughes Dr. | SP 1606829-2 | mg/L | | | | 2016-06-14 | 0.22 | | |
| 175 Lark St. | SP 1606829-5 | mg/L | | | | 2016-06-14 | 0.20 | | |
| 2102 Cloyne St. | SP 1606829-7 | mg/L | | | | 2016-06-14 | 0.08 | | |
| 216 Frank Ave. | SP 1606829-8 | mg/L | | | | 2016-06-14 | 0.06 | | |
| 224 James Ave. | SP 1606829-10 | mg/L | | | | 2016-06-14 | 0.24 | | |
| 436-438 Channel Island Blvd. | SP 1606829-6 | mg/L | | | | 2016-06-14 | 0.12 | | |

| SAMPLING RESULTS FOR SODIUM AND HARDNESS | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------|-------|------|--------|------|------------|--------|----------------|-----------|
| | | Units | MCLG | CA-MCL | PHG | Sampled | Result | Avg. Result(a) | Range (b) |
| Sodium | | mg/L | | none | none | | | 125 | 125 - 125 |
| Well 01 - Standby | SP 1202706-1 | mg/L | | | | 2012-03-16 | 125 | | |
| Hardness | | mg/L | | none | none | | | 883 | 883 - 883 |
| Well 01 - Standby | SP 1202706-1 | mg/L | | | | 2012-03-16 | 883 | | |

| PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARDS (PDWS) | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|-------|------|--------|-------|------------|--------|----------------|-------------|
| | | Units | MCLG | CA-MCL | PHG | Sampled | Result | Avg. Result(a) | Range (b) |
| Arsenic | | ug/L | | 10 | 0.004 | | | 3 | 3 - 3 |
| Well 01 - Standby | SP 1202706-1 | ug/L | | | | 2012-03-16 | 3 | | |
| Fluoride | | mg/L | | 2 | 1 | | | 0.5 | 0.5 - 0.5 |
| Well 01 - Standby | SP 1202706-1 | mg/L | | | | 2012-03-16 | 0.5 | | |
| Nitrate + Nitrite as N | | mg/L | | 10 | 10 | | | 4.3 | 4.3 - 4.3 |
| Well 01 - Standby | SP 1202706-1 | mg/L | | | | 2012-03-16 | 4.3 | | |
| Selenium | | ug/L | 50 | 50 | 30 | | | 39 | 39 - 39 |
| Well 01 - Standby | SP 1202706-1 | ug/L | | | | 2012-03-16 | 39 | | |
| Gross Alpha | | pCi/L | | 15 | (0) | | | 14.4 | 14.4 - 14.4 |
| Well 01 - Standby | SP 1202706-1 | pCi/L | | | | 2012-03-16 | 14.4 | | |

| SECONDARY DRINKING WATER STANDARDS (SDWS) | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------------|----------|------|--------|-----|------------|--------|----------------|-------------|
| | | Units | MCLG | CA-MCL | PHG | Sampled | Result | Avg. Result(a) | Range (b) |
| Chloride | | mg/L | | 500 | n/a | | | 70 | 70 - 70 |
| Well 01 - Standby | SP 1202706-1 | mg/L | | | | 2012-03-16 | 70 | | |
| Color | | Units | | 15 | n/a | | | 5 | 5 - 5 |
| Well 01 - Standby | SP 1202706-1 | Units | | | | 2012-03-16 | 5 | | |
| Iron | | ug/L | | 300 | n/a | | | 1010 | 1010 - 1010 |
| Well 01 - Standby | SP 1202706-1 | ug/L | | | | 2012-03-16 | 1010 | | |
| Manganese | | ug/L | | 50 | n/a | | | 420 | 420 - 420 |
| Well 01 - Standby | SP 1202706-1 | ug/L | | | | 2012-03-16 | 420 | | |
| Specific Conductance | | umhos/cm | | 1600 | n/a | | | 2010 | 2010 - 2010 |
| Well 01 - Standby | SP 1202706-1 | umhos/cm | | | | 2012-03-16 | 2010 | | |
| Sulfate | | mg/L | | 500 | n/a | | | 840 | 840 - 840 |
| Well 01 - Standby | SP 1202706-1 | mg/L | | | | 2012-03-16 | 840 | | |
| Total Dissolved Solids | | mg/L | | 1000 | n/a | | | 1490 | 1490 - 1490 |
| Well 01 - Standby | SP 1202706-1 | mg/L | | | | 2012-03-16 | 1490 | | |
| Turbidity | | NTU | | 5 | n/a | | | 4.7 | 4.7 - 4.7 |
| Well 01 - Standby | SP 1202706-1 | NTU | | | | 2012-03-16 | 4.7 | | |

Dempsey Road Mutual Water Co.
CCR Login Linkage - 2018

| FGL Code | Lab ID | Date_Sampled | Method | Description | Property |
|-----------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|--------------------|--------------------------|
| 120 Hugues Dr. | SP 1606829-9 | 2016-06-14 | Metals, Total | 120 Hugues Dr. | Lead & Copper Monitoring |
| 127 Hugues Driv | SP 1802062-1 | 2018-02-15 | Field Test | 127 Hugues Drive | DBP - Hugues Dr. |
| | SP 1802062-1 | 2018-02-15 | Coliform | 127 Hugues Drive | DBP - Hugues Dr. |
| | SP 1804994-1 | 2018-04-13 | Coliform | 127 Hugues Drive | DBP - Hugues Dr. |
| | SP 1804994-1 | 2018-04-13 | Field Test | 127 Hugues Drive | DBP - Hugues Dr. |
| | SP 1807869-1 | 2018-06-15 | Field Test | 127 Hugues Drive | DBP - Hugues Dr. |
| | SP 1807869-1 | 2018-06-15 | Coliform | 127 Hugues Drive | DBP - Hugues Dr. |
| | SP 1810720-1 | 2018-08-15 | Field Test | 127 Hugues Drive | DBP - Hugues Dr. |
| | SP 1810720-1 | 2018-08-15 | Coliform | 127 Hugues Drive | DBP - Hugues Dr. |
| | SP 1813758-1 | 2018-10-15 | Field Test | 127 Hugues Drive | DBP - Hugues Dr. |
| | SP 1813758-1 | 2018-10-15 | Coliform | 127 Hugues Drive | DBP - Hugues Dr. |
| | SP 1816643-1 | 2018-12-14 | Field Test | 127 Hugues Drive | DBP - Hugues Dr. |
| | SP 1816643-1 | 2018-12-14 | Coliform | 127 Hugues Drive | DBP - Hugues Dr. |
| 136 McMillian A | SP 1606829-4 | 2016-06-14 | Metals, Total | 136 McMillian Ave. | Lead & Copper Monitoring |
| 143 Robert St. | SP 1606829-3 | 2016-06-14 | Metals, Total | 143 Robert St. | Lead & Copper Monitoring |
| 143 Thomas Ave. | SP 1606829-1 | 2016-06-14 | Metals, Total | 143 Thomas Ave. | Lead & Copper Monitoring |
| 175 Hugues Dr. | SP 1606829-2 | 2016-06-14 | Metals, Total | 175 Hugues Dr. | Lead & Copper Monitoring |
| 175 Lark St. | SP 1606829-5 | 2016-06-14 | Metals, Total | 175 Lark St. | Lead & Copper Monitoring |
| 2102 Cloyne St. | SP 1606829-7 | 2016-06-14 | Metals, Total | 2102 Cloyne St. | Lead & Copper Monitoring |
| 216 Frank Ave. | SP 1606829-8 | 2016-06-14 | Metals, Total | 216 Frank Ave. | Lead & Copper Monitoring |
| 224 James Ave. | SP 1606829-10 | 2016-06-14 | Metals, Total | 224 James Ave. | Lead & Copper Monitoring |
| 2253 Cloyne Str | SP 1800566-1 | 2018-01-15 | Field Test | 2253 Cloyne Street | DBP - Cloyne St. |
| | SP 1800566-1 | 2018-01-15 | Coliform | 2253 Cloyne Street | DBP - Cloyne St. |
| | SP 1803551-1 | 2018-03-15 | Coliform | 2253 Cloyne Street | DBP - Cloyne St. |
| | SP 1803551-1 | 2018-03-15 | Field Test | 2253 Cloyne Street | DBP - Cloyne St. |
| | SP 1806491-1 | 2018-05-15 | Field Test | 2253 Cloyne Street | DBP - Cloyne St. |
| | SP 1806491-1 | 2018-05-15 | Coliform | 2253 Cloyne Street | DBP - Cloyne St. |
| | SP 1809192-1 | 2018-07-13 | Field Test | 2253 Cloyne Street | DBP - Cloyne St. |
| | SP 1809192-1 | 2018-07-13 | Coliform | 2253 Cloyne Street | DBP - Cloyne St. |
| | SP 1812357-1 | 2018-09-14 | Field Test | 2253 Cloyne Street | DBP - Cloyne St. |
| | SP 1812357-1 | 2018-09-14 | Coliform | 2253 Cloyne Street | DBP - Cloyne St. |
| | SP 1815189-1 | 2018-11-15 | Field Test | 2253 Cloyne Street | DBP - Cloyne St. |
| | SP 1815189-1 | 2018-11-15 | Coliform | 2253 Cloyne Street | DBP - Cloyne St. |
| 2265 Samuel Ave | SP 1800048-1 | 2018-01-02 | Field Test | 2265 Samuel Avenue | DBP - Samuel Ave. |
| | SP 1800048-1 | 2018-01-02 | Coliform | 2265 Samuel Avenue | DBP - Samuel Ave. |
| | SP 1802747-1 | 2018-03-01 | Field Test | 2265 Samuel Avenue | DBP - Samuel Ave. |
| | SP 1802747-1 | 2018-03-01 | Coliform | 2265 Samuel Avenue | DBP - Samuel Ave. |
| | SP 1805790-1 | 2018-05-01 | Field Test | 2265 Samuel Avenue | DBP - Samuel Ave. |
| | SP 1805790-1 | 2018-05-01 | Coliform | 2265 Samuel Avenue | DBP - Samuel Ave. |
| | SP 1808663-1 | 2018-07-02 | Coliform | 2265 Samuel Avenue | DBP - Samuel Ave. |
| | SP 1808663-1 | 2018-07-02 | Field Test | 2265 Samuel Avenue | DBP - Samuel Ave. |
| | SP 1811694-1 | 2018-09-04 | Field Test | 2265 Samuel Avenue | DBP - Samuel Ave. |
| | SP 1811694-1 | 2018-09-04 | Coliform | 2265 Samuel Avenue | DBP - Samuel Ave. |
| | SP 1814524-1 | 2018-11-01 | Coliform | 2265 Samuel Avenue | DBP - Samuel Ave. |
| | SP 1814524-1 | 2018-11-01 | Field Test | 2265 Samuel Avenue | DBP - Samuel Ave. |
| 243 James Avenu | SP 1801444-1 | 2018-02-02 | Field Test | 243 James Avenue | DBP - James Ave. |
| | SP 1801444-1 | 2018-02-02 | Coliform | 243 James Avenue | DBP - James Ave. |
| | SP 1804353-1 | 2018-04-02 | Field Test | 243 James Avenue | DBP - James Ave. |
| | SP 1804353-1 | 2018-04-02 | Coliform | 243 James Avenue | DBP - James Ave. |
| | SP 1807199-1 | 2018-06-01 | Field Test | 243 James Avenue | DBP - James Ave. |
| | SP 1807199-1 | 2018-06-01 | Coliform | 243 James Avenue | DBP - James Ave. |
| | SP 1810081-1 | 2018-08-01 | Field Test | 243 James Avenue | DBP - James Ave. |
| | SP 1810081-1 | 2018-08-01 | Coliform | 243 James Avenue | DBP - James Ave. |
| | SP 1813117-1 | 2018-10-01 | Field Test | 243 James Avenue | DBP - James Ave. |
| | SP 1813117-1 | 2018-10-01 | Coliform | 243 James Avenue | DBP - James Ave. |

| | | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|------------|-----------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | SP 1816011-1 | 2018-12-04 | Coliform | 243 James Avenue | DBP - James Ave. |
| | SP 1816011-1 | 2018-12-04 | Field Test | 243 James Avenue | DBP - James Ave. |
| 436-438 Channel | SP 1606829-6 | 2016-06-14 | Metals, Total | 436-438 Channel Island Blvd. | Lead & Copper Monitoring |
| DBP2 2265Samuel | SP 1809193-1 | 2018-07-13 | EPA 552.2 | STG2-2265 SAMUEL AVENUE | Stage 2 D/DBPR |
| | SP 1809193-1 | 2018-07-13 | EPA 551.1 | STG2-2265 SAMUEL AVENUE | Stage 2 D/DBPR |
| STW-1 | SP 1202706-1 | 2012-03-16 | Metals, Total | Well 01 - Standby | Well 01 - Water Quality |
| | SP 1202706-1 | 2012-03-16 | Wet Chemistry | Well 01 - Standby | Well 01 - Water Quality |
| | SP 1202706-1 | 2012-03-16 | Radio Chemistry | Well 01 - Standby | Well 01 - Water Quality |
| | SP 1202706-1 | 2012-03-16 | General Mineral | Well 01 - Standby | Well 01 - Water Quality |