

# Consumer Confidence Report Certification Form

(to be submitted with a copy of the CCR)

(to certify electronic delivery of the CCR, use the certification form on the State Water Board's website at  
[http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/drinking\\_water/certlic/drinkingwater/CCR.shtml](http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/drinking_water/certlic/drinkingwater/CCR.shtml))

Water System Name:	<b>STATE READY MIX, INC.</b>
Water System Number:	<b>CA5603122</b>

The water system named above hereby certifies that its Consumer Confidence Report was distributed on 10/11/24 (date) to customers (and appropriate notices of availability have been given). Further, the system certifies that the information contained in the report is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the State Water Resources Control Board, Division of Drinking Water.

Certified By:	Name:	Greg Myers	
	Signature:	<i>Greg Myers</i>	
	Title:	Water operator	
	Phone Number:	( 805 ) 258-8697	Date: 10/11/24

To summarize report delivery used and good-faith efforts taken, please complete the form below by checking all items that apply and fill-in where appropriate:

CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery methods. Specify other direct delivery methods used:

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"Good faith" efforts were used to reach non-bill paying customers. Those efforts included the following methods:

- Posted the CCR on the internet at <http://> \_\_\_\_\_
- Mailed the CCR to postal patrons within the service area (attach zip codes used)
- Advertised the availability of the CCR in news media (attach a copy of press release)
- Publication of the CCR in a local newspaper of general circulation (attach a copy of the published notice, including name of the newspaper and date published)
- Posted the CCR in public places (attach a list of locations) **Employee lunch room**
- Delivery of multiple copies of CCR to single bill addresses serving several persons, such as apartments, businesses, and schools
- Delivery to community organizations (attach a list of organizations)
- Other (attach a list of other methods used)

For systems serving at least 100,000 persons: Posted CCR on a publicly-accessible internet site at the following address: <http://> \_\_\_\_\_

For investor-owned utilities: Delivered the CCR to the California Public Utilities Commission

# 2023 Consumer Confidence Report

Water System Name: STATE READY MIX, INC.

Report Date:

May 2024

We test the drinking water quality for many constituents as required by state and federal regulations. This report shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1 - December 31, 2023.

**Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.**

**Type of water source(s) in use:** Information regarding the type of water source in use is not available, as this water system does not have a completed assessment on file. Please see the Drinking Water Source Assessment Information section located at the end of this report for more details.

**Your water comes from 1 source(s):** WELL 04

**Opportunities for public participation in decisions that affect drinking water quality:** Regularly-scheduled water board or city/county council meetings currently are not held.

For more information about this report, or any questions relating to your drinking water, please call (805)258-8697 and ask for Greg Myers.

## TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT

**Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL):** The highest level of contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. Primary MCLs are set as close to the PHGs (or MCLGs) as is economically feasible. Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.

**Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG):** The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs are set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA).

**Public Health Goal (PHG):** The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL):** The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG):** The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

**Primary Drinking Water Standards (PDWS):** MCLs and MRDLs for the contaminants that affect health along with their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment requirements.

**Secondary Drinking Water Standards (SDWS):** MCLs for the contaminants that affect taste, odor, or appearance of the drinking water. Contaminants with SDWSs do not affect the health at the MCL levels.

**Treatment Technique (TT):** A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

**Regulatory Action Level (AL):** The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

**Level 1 Assessment:** A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

**Level 2 Assessment:** A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

**mg/L:** milligrams per liter or parts per million (ppm)

**ug/L:** micrograms per liter or parts per billion (ppb)

**pCi/L:** picocuries per liter (a measure of radiation)

**NTU:** Nephelometric Turbidity Units

**umhos/cm:** micro mhos per centimeter

**The sources of drinking water:** (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

**Contaminants that may be present in source water include:**

- *Microbial contaminants*, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- *Inorganic contaminants*, such as salts and metals, that can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- *Pesticides and herbicides*, that may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- *Organic chemical contaminants*, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, that are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, agricultural application, and septic systems.
- *Radioactive contaminants*, that can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

**In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink**, the USEPA and the State Water Resource Control Board (State Water Board) prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. State Water Board regulations also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that provide the same protection for public health.

**Table(s) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 list all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the most recent sampling for the constituent.** The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. The State Water Board allows us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, are more than one year old.

Any violation of MCL, AL or MRDL is highlighted. Additional information regarding the violation is provided later in this report.

<b>Table 1 - SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING THE DETECTION OF LEAD AND COPPER</b>							
<b>Lead and Copper</b> (complete if lead or copper detected in last sample set)	<b>Sample Date</b>	<b>No. of Samples</b>	<b>90th percentile level detected</b>	<b>No. Sites Exceeding AL</b>	<b>AL</b>	<b>PHG</b>	<b>Typical Sources of Contaminant</b>
Copper (mg/L)	(2023)	5	0.33	0	1.3	.3	Internal corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives

<b>Table 2 - SAMPLING RESULTS FOR SODIUM AND HARDNESS</b>						
<b>Chemical or Constituent</b> (and reporting units)	<b>Sample Date</b>	<b>Average Level Detected</b>	<b>Range of Detections</b>	<b>MCL</b>	<b>PHG (MCLG)</b>	<b>Typical Sources of Contaminant</b>
Sodium (mg/L)	(2022)	133	n/a	none	none	Salt present in the water and is generally naturally occurring
Hardness (mg/L)	(2022)	803	n/a	none	none	Sum of polyvalent cations present in the water, generally magnesium and calcium, and are usually naturally occurring

<b>Table 3 - DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD</b>						
<b>Chemical or Constituent</b> (and reporting units)	<b>Sample Date</b>	<b>Average Level Detected</b>	<b>Range of Detections</b>	<b>MCL [MRDL]</b>	<b>PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG]</b>	<b>Typical Sources of Contaminant</b>
Chromium (ug/L)	(2022)	22	n/a	50.0	n/a	Discharge from steel and pulp mills and chrome plating; erosion of natural deposits

Fluoride (mg/L)	(2022)	0.4	n/a	2	1	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive that promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.
Nitrate as N (mg/L)	(2023)	1	n/a	10	10	Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks and sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Gross Alpha (pCi/L)	(2022)	5.3	n/a	15	(0)	Erosion of natural deposits.

**Table 4 - DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A SECONDARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD**

Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL	PHG (MCLG)	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Chloride (mg/L)	(2022)	98	n/a	500	n/a	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater influence
Color (Units)	(2022)	10	n/a	15	n/a	Naturally-occurring organic materials
Iron (ug/L)	(2022)	330	n/a	300	n/a	Leaching from natural deposits; Industrial wastes
Manganese (ug/L)	(2022)	90	n/a	50	n/a	Leaching from natural deposits
Odor Threshold at 60 °C (TON)	(2022)	8	n/a	3	n/a	Naturally-occurring organic materials.
Specific Conductance (umhos/cm)	(2022)	2220	n/a	1600	n/a	Substances that form ions when in water; seawater influence
Sulfate (mg/L)	(2022)	674	n/a	500	n/a	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; industrial wastes
Total Dissolved Solids (mg/L)	(2022)	1700	n/a	1000	n/a	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits
Turbidity (NTU)	(2022)	2.6	n/a	5	n/a	Soil runoff

**Table 5 - DETECTION OF UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS**

Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	Notification Level	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Boron (mg/L)	(2022)	0.7	n/a	1	Boron exposures resulted in decreased fetal weight (developmental effects) in newborn rats.
Vanadium (ug/L)	(2022)	6	n/a	50	Vanadium exposures resulted in developmental and reproductive effects in rats.
Manganese (ug/L)	(2022)	90	n/a	500	Manganese exposures resulted in neurological effects. High levels of manganese in people have been shown to result in adverse effects to the nervous system.

**Table 6 - ADDITIONAL DETECTIONS**

Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	Notification Level	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Calcium (mg/L)	(2022)	208	n/a	n/a	n/a
Magnesium (mg/L)	(2022)	69	n/a	n/a	n/a
pH (units)	(2022)	7.93	n/a	n/a	n/a
Alkalinity (mg/L)	(2022)	310	n/a	n/a	n/a
Aggressiveness Index	(2022)	13.1	n/a	n/a	n/a
Langelier Index	(2022)	1.2	n/a	n/a	n/a

**Table 7 - DETECTION OF DISINFECTANT/DISINFECTANT BYPRODUCT RULE**

<b>Chemical or Constituent</b> (and reporting units)	<b>Sample Date</b>	<b>Average Level Detected</b>	<b>Range of Detections</b>	<b>MCL (MRDL)</b>	<b>PHG (MCLG)</b>	<b>Violation</b>	<b>Typical Sources of Contaminant</b>
Total Trihalomethanes (TTHMs) (ug/L)	(2023)	16	2.00 - 25	80	n/a	No	By-product of drinking water disinfection
Haloacetic Acids (five) (ug/L)	(2023)	4.25	1 - 8	60	n/a	No	By-product of drinking water disinfection

## Additional General Information on Drinking Water

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the USEPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. USEPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Lead Specific Language for Community Water Systems: If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with the service lines and home plumbing. *State Ready Mix* is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/lead>.

## Summary Information for Violation of a MCL, MRDL, AL, TT, or Monitoring and Reporting Requirement

<b>VIOLATION OF A MCL,MRDL,AL,TT, OR MONITORING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENT</b>				
<b>Violation</b>	<b>Explanation</b>	<b>Duration</b>	<b>Actions Taken To Correct the Violation</b>	<b>Health Effects Language</b>
Iron				Iron was found at levels that exceed the secondary MCL. The Iron MCL was set to protect you against unpleasant aesthetic affects such as color, taste, odor and the staining of plumbing fixtures (e.g., tubs and sinks), and clothing while washing. Violating this MCL does not pose a risk to public health.

Manganese				Manganese exposures resulted in neurological effects. High levels of manganese in people have been shown to result in adverse effects to the nervous system.
Odor Threshold at 60 °C				Odor was found at levels that exceed the secondary MCL. The Odor MCL was set to protect you against unpleasant aesthetic affects such as color, taste, odor and the staining of plumbing fixtures (e.g., tubs and sinks), and clothing while washing. Violating this MCL does not pose a risk to public health.
Specific Conductance				The conductivity of your water was found at levels that exceed the secondary MCL. The secondary MCLs were set to protect you against unpleasant aesthetic affects such as color, taste and odor. Violating this MCL does not pose a risk to public health.
Sulfate				Sulfate was found at levels that exceed the secondary MCL. The Sulfate MCL was set to protect you against unpleasant aesthetic effects such as color, taste or odor. Violating this MCL does not pose a risk to public health.
Total Dissolved Solids				The TDS or Total Dissolved Solids in your water was found at levels that exceed the secondary MCL. The TDS MCLs was set to protect you against unpleasant aesthetic affects such as color, taste or hardness. Violating this MCL does not pose a risk to public health.

## 2023 Consumer Confidence Report

### Drinking Water Assessment Information

#### Assessment Information

A Drinking Water Source Assessment (DWSAPP) has not been completed for the WELL 04 of the STATE READY MIX, INC. water system.

#### Discussion of Vulnerability

Assessment summaries may not be available for some sources. This is because:

- The assessment has not been completed.
- The source is not active. It may be out of service, or new and not yet in service.
- The assessment was not submitted electronically (under development).

#### Acquiring Information

For more info you may visit [https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/drinking\\_water/certlic/drinkingwater/DWSAP.html](https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/drinking_water/certlic/drinkingwater/DWSAP.html) or contact the health department in the county to which the water system belongs as indicated on this following link: [https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/drinking\\_water/programs/documents/ddwem/DDWdistrictofficesmap.pdf](https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/drinking_water/programs/documents/ddwem/DDWdistrictofficesmap.pdf)

# State Ready Mix

## Analytical Results By FGL - 2023

### LEAD AND COPPER RULE

		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	90th Percentile	# Samples
<b>Copper</b>		mg/L		1.3	.3			0.33	5
Lead and Copper Monitoring/Adm	SP 2314689-5	mg/L				2023-08-26	ND		
Lead and Copper Monitoring/Adm	SP 2314689-2	mg/L				2023-08-26	ND		
Lead and Copper Monitoring/Gue	SP 2314689-1	mg/L				2023-08-26	ND		
Lead and Copper Monitoring/Tre	SP 2314689-3	mg/L				2023-08-26	0.05		
Lead and Copper Monitoring/Vis	SP 2314689-4	mg/L				2023-08-26	0.61		

### SAMPLING RESULTS FOR SODIUM AND HARDNESS

		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)
<b>Sodium</b>		mg/L		none	none			133	133 - 133
WELL 04	SP 2207036-1	mg/L				2022-04-28	133		
<b>Hardness</b>		mg/L		none	none			803	803 - 803
WELL 04	SP 2207036-1	mg/L				2022-04-28	803		

### PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARDS (PDWS)

		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)
<b>Chromium</b>		ug/L	100	50.0	n/a			22	22 - 22
WELL 04	SP 2207036-1	ug/L				2022-04-28	22		
<b>Fluoride</b>		mg/L		2	1			0.4	0.4 - 0.4
WELL 04	SP 2207036-1	mg/L				2022-04-28	0.4		
<b>Nitrate as N</b>		mg/L		10	10			1.0	1.0 - 1.0
WELL 04	SP 2306521-1	mg/L				2023-04-27	1.0		
<b>Gross Alpha</b>		pCi/L		15	(0)			5.30	5.30 - 5.30
WELL 04	SP 2207036-1	pCi/L				2022-04-28	5.30		

### SECONDARY DRINKING WATER STANDARDS (SDWS)

		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)
<b>Chloride</b>		mg/L		500	n/a			98	98 - 98
WELL 04	SP 2207036-1	mg/L				2022-04-28	98		
<b>Color</b>		Units		15	n/a			10	10 - 10
WELL 04	SP 2207036-1	Units				2022-04-28	10		
<b>Iron</b>		ug/L		300	n/a			330	330 - 330
WELL 04	SP 2207036-1	ug/L				2022-04-28	330		
<b>Manganese</b>		ug/L		50	n/a			90	90 - 90
WELL 04	SP 2207036-1	ug/L				2022-04-28	90		
<b>Odor Threshold at 60 °C</b>		TON		3	n/a			8	8 - 8
WELL 04	SP 2207036-1	TON				2022-04-28	8		
<b>Specific Conductance</b>		umhos/cm		1600	n/a			2220	2220 - 2220
WELL 04	SP 2207036-1	umhos/cm				2022-04-28	2220		
<b>Sulfate</b>		mg/L		500	n/a			674	674 - 674
WELL 04	SP 2207036-1	mg/L				2022-04-28	674		
<b>Total Dissolved Solids</b>		mg/L		1000	n/a			1700	1700 - 1700
WELL 04	SP 2207036-1	mg/L				2022-04-28	1700		
<b>Turbidity</b>		NTU		5	n/a			2.6	2.6 - 2.6
WELL 04	SP 2207036-1	NTU				2022-04-28	2.6		

### UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS

		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)
<b>Boron</b>		mg/L		NS	n/a			0.7	0.7 - 0.7



## State Ready Mix CCR Login Linkage - 2023

FGL Code	Lab ID	Date Sampled	Method	Description	Property
ADMIN BATH	SP 2000662-1	2020-01-15	Coliform	Admin Bathroom	Routine Water Monitoring-Odd
	SP 2000662-1	2020-01-15	Field Test	Admin Bathroom	Routine Water Monitoring-Odd
	SP 2003509-1	2020-03-12	Field Test	Admin Bathroom	Routine Water Monitoring-Odd
	SP 2006853-1	2020-05-26	Coliform	Admin Bathroom	Routine Water Monitoring-Odd
	SP 2006853-1	2020-05-26	Field Test	Admin Bathroom	Routine Water Monitoring-Odd
	SP 2301247-1	2023-01-26	Coliform	Admin Bathroom	Routine Water Monitoring-Odd
	SP 2304279-1	2023-03-23	Coliform	Admin Bathroom	Routine Water Monitoring-Odd
	SP 2308693-1	2023-05-25	Coliform	Admin Bathroom	Routine Water Monitoring-Odd
	SP 2312448-1	2023-07-20	Coliform	Admin Bathroom	Routine Water Monitoring-Odd
	SP 2316107-1	2023-09-21	Coliform	Admin Bathroom	Routine Water Monitoring-Odd
DBP 2 ADMIN RR	SP 2319582-1	2023-11-27	Coliform	Admin Bathroom	Routine Water Monitoring-Odd
	SP 2302730-1	2023-02-23	EPA 551.1	ADMIN RESTROOM - STG 2 DBP	DBP Monitoring
	SP 2302730-1	2023-02-23	EPA 552.2	ADMIN RESTROOM - STG 2 DBP	DBP Monitoring
	SP 2308692-1	2023-05-25	EPA 551.1	ADMIN RESTROOM - STG 2 DBP	DBP Monitoring
	SP 2308692-1	2023-05-25	EPA 552.2	ADMIN RESTROOM - STG 2 DBP	DBP Monitoring
	SP 2314686-1	2023-08-28	EPA 552.2	ADMIN RESTROOM - STG 2 DBP	DBP Monitoring
	SP 2314686-1	2023-08-28	EPA 551.1	ADMIN RESTROOM - STG 2 DBP	DBP Monitoring
	SP 2319584-1	2023-11-27	EPA 551.1	ADMIN RESTROOM - STG 2 DBP	DBP Monitoring
	SP 2319584-1	2023-11-27	EPA 552.2	ADMIN RESTROOM - STG 2 DBP	DBP Monitoring
	GUEST BATH	SP 2002599-1	2020-02-24	Field Test	Guest Bathroom
SP 2005625-1		2020-04-29	Coliform	Guest Bathroom	Routine Water Monitoring-Even
SP 2008168-1		2020-06-22	Field Test	Guest Bathroom	Routine Water Monitoring-Even
SP 2008167-1		2020-06-22	Metals, Total	Guest Bathroom	Lead & Copper Monitoring
SP 2302732-1		2023-02-23	Coliform	Guest Bathroom	Routine Water Monitoring-Even
SP 2306523-1		2023-04-27	Coliform	Guest Bathroom	Routine Water Monitoring-Even
SP 2310946-1		2023-06-27	Coliform	Guest Bathroom	Routine Water Monitoring-Even
SP 2314685-1		2023-08-28	Coliform	Guest Bathroom	Routine Water Monitoring-Even
SP 2318063-1		2023-10-25	Coliform	Guest Bathroom	Routine Water Monitoring-Even
SP 2321204-1		2023-12-29	Coliform	Guest Bathroom	Routine Water Monitoring-Even
CA5603122_LCR	SP 2314689-2	2023-08-26	Metals, Total	Lead and Copper Monitoring/Adm	STATE READY MIX, INC.
	SP 2314689-5	2023-08-26	Metals, Total	Lead and Copper Monitoring/Adm	STATE READY MIX, INC.
	SP 2314689-1	2023-08-26	Metals, Total	Lead and Copper Monitoring/Gue	STATE READY MIX, INC.
	SP 2314689-3	2023-08-26	Metals, Total	Lead and Copper Monitoring/Tre	STATE READY MIX, INC.
	SP 2314689-4	2023-08-26	Metals, Total	Lead and Copper Monitoring/Vis	STATE READY MIX, INC.
Treatment Plant	SP 2008167-3	2020-06-22	Metals, Total	Treatment Plant	Lead & Copper Monitoring
WELL #4	SP 2000661-1	2020-01-15	Coliform	WELL 04	Well 4 - Raw Water Bacti
	SP 2002532-1	2020-02-21	Coliform	WELL 04	Well 4 - Raw Water Bacti
	SP 2003507-1	2020-03-12	Coliform	WELL 04	Well 4 - Raw Water Bacti
	SP 2005624-1	2020-04-29	Coliform	WELL 04	Well 4 - Raw Water Bacti
	SP 2005626-1	2020-04-29	Wet Chemistry	WELL 04	Well 4 - Water Qualtiy
	SP 2006851-1	2020-05-26	Coliform	WELL 04	Well 4 - Raw Water Bacti
	SP 2207036-1	2022-04-28	Radio Chemistry	WELL 04	Well 4 - Water Qualtiy
	SP 2207036-1	2022-04-28	General Mineral	WELL 04	Well 4 - Water Qualtiy
	SP 2207036-1	2022-04-28	Metals, Total	WELL 04	Well 4 - Water Qualtiy
	SP 2207036-1	2022-04-28	Wet Chemistry	WELL 04	Well 4 - Water Qualtiy
	SP 2306521-1	2023-04-27	Wet Chemistry	WELL 04	Well 4 - Water Qualtiy