

# Consumer Confidence Report Certification Form

(to be submitted with a copy of the CCR)

(to certify electronic delivery of the CCR, use the certification form on the State Water Board's website at  
[http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/drinking\\_water/certlic/drinkingwater/CCR.shtml](http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/drinking_water/certlic/drinkingwater/CCR.shtml))

Water System Name:	<b>ELKINS RANCH</b>
Water System Number:	<b>CA5601134</b>

The water system named above hereby certifies that its Consumer Confidence Report was distributed on \_\_\_\_\_ (date) to customers (and appropriate notices of availability have been given). Further, the system certifies that the information contained in the report is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the State Water Resources Control Board, Division of Drinking Water.

Certified By:	Name:	Greg Myers	
	Signature:	<i>Greg Myers</i>	
	Title:	Water Operator	
	Phone Number:	( 805 ) 258-8697	Date: 6/5/2022

To summarize report delivery used and good-faith efforts taken, please complete the form below by checking all items that apply and fill-in where appropriate:

CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery methods. Specify other direct delivery methods used:

---



---

"Good faith" efforts were used to reach non-bill paying customers. Those efforts included the following methods:

- Posted the CCR on the internet at <http://> \_\_\_\_\_
- Mailed the CCR to postal patrons within the service area (attach zip codes used)
- Advertised the availability of the CCR in news media (attach a copy of press release)
- Publication of the CCR in a local newspaper of general circulation (attach a copy of the published notice, including name of the newspaper and date published)
- Posted the CCR in public places (attach a list of locations)
- Delivery of multiple copies of CCR to single bill addresses serving several persons, such as apartments, businesses, and schools
- Delivery to community organizations (attach a list of organizations)
- Other (attach a list of other methods used)

For systems serving at least 100,000 persons: Posted CCR on a publicly-accessible internet site at the following address: <http://> \_\_\_\_\_

For investor-owned utilities: Delivered the CCR to the California Public Utilities Commission

# 2021 Consumer Confidence Report

Water System Name: ELKINS RANCH

Report Date: April 2022

*We test the drinking water quality for many constituents as required by state and federal regulations. This report shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1 - December 31, 2021.*

**Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.**

**Type of water source(s) in use:** According to SWRCB records, this Source is Natural Springs. This Assessment was done using the Default Surface Water Rule System Method.

**Your water comes from 1 source(s):** Spring - Surface Influence

**Opportunities for public participation in decisions that affect drinking water quality:** Regularly-scheduled water board or city/county council meetings currently are not held. The nature of the source water from Grimes Canyon Springs is very consistent, and the overall quality is very good.

For more information about this report, or any questions relating to your drinking water, please call (805) 258-8697 and ask for Greg Myers.

## TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT

**Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL):** The highest level of contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. Primary MCLs are set as close to the PHGs (or MCLGs) as is economically feasible. Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.

**Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG):** The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs are set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA).

**Public Health Goal (PHG):** The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL):** The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG):** The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

**Primary Drinking Water Standards (PDWS):** MCLs and MRDLs for the contaminants that affect health along with their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment requirements.

**Treatment Technique (TT):** A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

**Regulatory Action Level (AL):** The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

**Level 1 Assessment:** A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

**Level 2 Assessment:** A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

**ND:** not detectable at testing limit

**mg/L:** milligrams per liter or parts per million (ppm)

**ug/L:** micrograms per liter or parts per billion (ppb)

**pCi/L:** picocuries per liter (a measure of radiation)

**The sources of drinking water:** (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

**Contaminants that may be present in source water include:**

- *Microbial contaminants*, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- *Inorganic contaminants*, such as salts and metals, that can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- *Pesticides and herbicides*, that may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- *Organic chemical contaminants*, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, that are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, agricultural application, and septic systems.
- *Radioactive contaminants*, that can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

**In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink**, the USEPA and the State Water Resource Control Board (State Water Board) prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. State Water Board regulations also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that provide the same protection for public health.

**Tables 1, 2 and 3 list all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the most recent sampling for the constituent.** The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. The State Water Board allows us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, are more than one year old.

Any violation of MCL, AL or MRDL is highlighted. Additional information regarding the violation is provided later in this report.

<b>Table 1 - SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING THE DETECTION OF LEAD AND COPPER</b>							
<b>Lead and Copper</b> (complete if lead or copper detected in last sample set)	<b>Sample Date</b>	<b>No. of Samples</b>	<b>90th percentile level detected</b>	<b>No. Sites Exceeding AL</b>	<b>AL</b>	<b>PHG</b>	<b>Typical Sources of Contaminant</b>
Copper (mg/L)	(2021)	5	0.05	0	1.3	.3	Internal corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives

<b>Table 2 - DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD</b>						
<b>Chemical or Constituent</b> (and reporting units)	<b>Sample Date</b>	<b>Average Level Detected</b>	<b>Range of Detections</b>	<b>MCL [MRDL]</b>	<b>PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG]</b>	<b>Typical Sources of Contaminant</b>
Nitrate as N (mg/L)	(2021)	2.1	n/a	10	10	Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks and sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Gross Alpha (pCi/L)	(2021)	1.84	1.30 - 2.17	15	(0)	Erosion of natural deposits.

<b>Table 3 - DETECTION OF DISINFECTANT/DISINFECTANT BYPRODUCT RULE</b>							
<b>Chemical or Constituent</b> (and reporting units)	<b>Sample Date</b>	<b>Average Level Detected</b>	<b>Range of Detections</b>	<b>MCL (MRDL)</b>	<b>PHG (MCLG)</b>	<b>Violation</b>	<b>Typical Sources of Contaminant</b>
Total Trihalomethanes (TTHMs) (ug/L)	(2021)	3	n/a	80	n/a	No	By-product of drinking water disinfection
Haloacetic Acids (five) (ug/L)	(2021)	4	ND - 4	60	n/a	No	By-product of drinking water disinfection

## **Additional General Information on Drinking Water**

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the USEPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. USEPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Lead Specific Language for Community Water Systems: If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with the service lines and home plumbing. *Elkins Ranch Company* is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/lead>.

## **2021 Consumer Confidence Report Drinking Water Assessment Information**

### **Assessment Information**

A source water assessment was conducted for the SPRING of the ELKINS RANCH water system in April, 2001.

Spring - Surface Influence - is considered most vulnerable to the following activities not associated with any detected contaminants:  
Grazing [> 5 large animals or equivalent per acre]

### **Acquiring Information**

A copy of the complete assessment may be viewed at:

SWRCB Division of Drinking Water  
1180 Eugenia Place  
Suite 200  
Carpinteria, CA 93013

You may request a summary of the assessment be sent to you by contacting:

Jeff Densmore  
District Engineer  
805 566 1326



# Elkins Ranch Company

## CCR Login Linkage - 2021

FGL Code	Lab ID	Date Sampled	Method	Description	Property
CuPb Site 1	SP 2113661-1	2021-09-29	Metals, Total	1150 Chambersburg, Fillmore	Copper & Lead Monitoring
CuPb Site 3	SP 2113661-3	2021-09-29	Metals, Total	130 W. Guiberson, Fillmore	Copper & Lead Monitoring
CuPb Site 2	SP 2113661-2	2021-09-29	Metals, Total	136 W. Guiberson, Fillmore	Copper & Lead Monitoring
CuPb Site 4	SP 2113661-4	2021-09-29	Metals, Total	140 W. Guiberson, Fillmore	Copper & Lead Monitoring
CuPb Site 5	SP 2113661-5	2021-09-29	Metals, Total	1420 Chambersburg, Fillmore	Copper & Lead Monitoring
Bacti Site 1	SP 2100030-1	2021-01-04	Coliform	Main Supply Line	Monthly Sampling
	SP 2101279-1	2021-02-01	Coliform	Main Supply Line	Monthly Sampling
	SP 2103066-1	2021-03-04	Coliform	Main Supply Line	Monthly Sampling
	SP 2104381-1	2021-04-01	Coliform	Main Supply Line	Monthly Sampling
	SP 2105822-1	2021-05-03	Coliform	Main Supply Line	Monthly Sampling
	SP 2107375-1	2021-06-03	Coliform	Main Supply Line	Monthly Sampling
	SP 2109035-1	2021-07-07	Coliform	Main Supply Line	Monthly Sampling
	SP 2110375-1	2021-08-02	Coliform	Main Supply Line	Monthly Sampling
	SP 2112220-1	2021-09-02	Coliform	Main Supply Line	Monthly Sampling
	SP 2113883-1	2021-10-04	Coliform	Main Supply Line	Monthly Sampling
	SP 2115512-1	2021-11-01	Coliform	Main Supply Line	Monthly Sampling
	SP 2117087-1	2021-12-01	Coliform	Main Supply Line	Monthly Sampling
New Bardsdale	SP 2112221-1	2021-09-02	Coliform	New Bardsdale	Drinking Water Monitoring
New Chambersber	SP 2112221-2	2021-09-02	Coliform	New Chambersberg	Drinking Water Monitoring
SPRING01-Surfac	SP 2101280-1	2021-02-01	Radio Chemistry	Spring - Surface Influence	Radio Monitoring
	SP 2105887-1	2021-05-04	Radio Chemistry	Spring - Surface Influence	Radio Monitoring
	SP 2110374-1	2021-08-02	Radio Chemistry	Spring - Surface Influence	Radio Monitoring
	SP 2115523-1	2021-11-01	Wet Chemistry	Spring - Surface Influence	Water Quality Monitoring
	SP 2115520-1	2021-11-01	Radio Chemistry	Spring - Surface Influence	Radio Monitoring
DBPR Site2	SP 2111161-2	2021-08-13	EPA 551.1	STG 2 - 1386 Chambersburg Rd	DPR - THMs/HAA5 West Sample Station - DBPR Site 02
	SP 2111161-2	2021-08-13	EPA 552.2	STG 2 - 1386 Chambersburg Rd	DPR - THMs/HAA5 West Sample Station - DBPR Site 02
DBPR Site1	SP 2111161-1	2021-08-13	EPA 551.1	STG2- 136 W. Guiberson Rd	DPR - THMs/HAA5 East Sample Station - DBPR Site 01
	SP 2111161-1	2021-08-13	EPA 552.2	STG2- 136 W. Guiberson Rd	DPR - THMs/HAA5 East Sample Station - DBPR Site 01