Consumer Confidence Report Certification Form

(to be submitted with a copy of the CCR)

(to certify electronic delivery of the CCR, use the certification form on the State Water Board's website at $\underline{ http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/drinking_water/certlic/drinkingwater/CCR.shtml)}$

Water	System	Name:	FILLMORE V	VEST M	10BII	ILE HOME PARK	
Water	System	Number:	5601106				
certifi	es that t	(da he informa	te) to custome	rs (and l in the	appro report	at its Consumer Confidence Report was distributed on ropriate notices of availability have been given). Further, the systert is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data Control Board, Division of Drinking Water.	m
Certi	fied By:	Nam	e:				
		Signa	ature:				
		Title:					
		Phon	e Number:	()	Date:	
							_
	CCR wa	as distribu	ted by mail or	other di	irect d	delivery methods. Specify other direct delivery methods used:	
	method	ls:	ts were used t			-bill paying customers. Those efforts included the following tp://	
		Mailed the	CCR to posta	l patron	s with	thin the service area (attach zip codes used)	
		Advertised	the availabili	y of the	e CCR	R in news media (attach a copy of press release)	
	_					vspaper of general circulation (attach a copy of the the newspaper and date published)	
		Posted the	CCR in public	places	(attac	ach a list of locations)	
			f multiple copi artments, bus			single bill addresses serving several persons, schools	
		Delivery to	community o	rganizat	tions ((attach a list of organizations)	
		Other (att	ach a list of otl	ner metl	hods u	used)	
	For sys	tems servi	ng at least 100),000 pe	ersons	as: Posted CCR on a publicly-accessible internet site	
	at the f	following a	ddress: http://				
	For inv	estor-own	ed utilities: De	livered t	the CO	CCR to the California Public Utilities Commission	

2020 Consumer Confidence Report

Water System Name: FILLMORE WEST MOBILE HOME PARK Report Date: May 2021

We test the drinking water quality for many constituents as required by state and federal regulations. This report shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1 - December 31, 2020.

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alquien que lo entienda bien.

Type of water source(s) in use: According to SWRCB records, this Source is Groundwater. This Assessment was done using the Default Groundwater System Method.

Your water comes from 1 source(s): Well 02

Opportunities for public participation in decisions that affect drinking water quality: Regularly-scheduled water board or city/county council meetings currently are not held.

For more information about this report, or any questions relating to your drinking water, please call (805) 524 - 2174 and ask for Luis Lomelli.

TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The highest level of contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. Primary MCLs are set as close to the PHGs (or MCLGs) as is economically feasible. Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs are set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA).

Public Health Goal (PHG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL): The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG): The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Primary Drinking Water Standards (PDWS): MCLs and MRDLs for the contaminants that affect health along with their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment requirements.

Secondary Drinking Water Standards (SDWS): MCLs for the contaminants that affect taste, odor, or appearance of the drinking water. Contaminants with SDWSs do not affect the health at the MCL levels

Treatment Technique (TT): A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Regulatory Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Level 1 Assessment: A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

Level 2 Assessment: A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

mg/L: milligrams per liter or parts per million (ppm)

ug/L: micrograms per liter or parts per billion (ppb)

pCi/L: picocuries per liter (a measure of radiation)

NTU: Nephelometric Turbidity Units

umhos/cm: micro mhos per centimeter

The sources of drinking water: (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- *Microbial contaminants*, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- *Inorganic contaminants*, such as salts and metals, that can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- *Pesticides and herbicides,* that may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- *Organic chemical contaminants*, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, that are by-products if industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, agricultural application, and septic systems.
- Radioactive contaminants, that can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the USEPA and the State Water Resource Control Board (State Water Board) prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. State Water Board regulations also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that provide the same protection for public health.

Tables 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 list all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the most recent sampling for the constituent. The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. The State Water Board allows us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, are more than one year old.

Any violation of MCL, AL or MRDL is highlighted. Additional information regarding the violation is provided later in this report.

	Table 1	- SAMPLING	RESULTS FO	R SO	DIUM AND	HARDNESS
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL	PHG (MCLG)	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Sodium (mg/L)	(2018)	72	n/a	none	none	Salt present in the water and is generally naturally occurring
Hardness (mg/L)	(2018)	455	n/a	none	none	Sum of polyvalent cations present in the water, generally magnesium and calcium, and are usually naturally occurring

Table 2 - 1	Table 2 - DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD											
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL [MRDL]	PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG]	Typical Sources of Contaminant						
Fluoride (mg/L)	(2018)	0.7	n/a	2	1	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive that promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.						
Nitrate as N (mg/L)	(2020)	2.2	n/a	10	10	Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks and sewage; erosion of natural deposits						
Nitrate + Nitrite as N (mg/L)	(2018)	2.2	n/a	10	10	Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks and sewage; erosion of natural deposits						
Selenium (ug/L)	(2018)	5	n/a	50	30	Discharge from petroleum, glass, and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines and chemical manufacturers; runoff from livestock lots(feed additive)						
Gross Alpha (pCi/L)	(2015)	2.82	n/a	15	(0)	Erosion of natural deposits.						
Uranium (pCi/L)	(2012)	3.15	n/a	20	0.43	Erosion of natural deposits						

Table 3 - DETEC	Table 3 - DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A SECONDARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD												
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL	PHG (MCLG)	Typical Sources of Contaminant							
Chloride (mg/L)	(2018)	47	n/a	500	n/a	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater influence							
Specific Conductance (umhos/cm)	(2018)	1120	n/a	1600	n/a	Substances that form ions when in water; seawater influence							
Sulfate (mg/L)	(2018)	319	n/a	500	n/a	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; industrial wastes							
Total Dissolved Solids (mg/L)	(2018)	780	n/a	1000	n/a	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits							
Turbidity (NTU)	(2018)	0.3	n/a	5	n/a	Soil runoff							

	Table	4 - DETECTIO	N OF UNREGUL	ATED CONTAM	INANTS
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	Notification Level	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Boron (mg/L)	(2018)	1.1	n/a	1	Boron exposures resulted in decreased fetal weight (developmental effects) in newborn rats.

			FIONAL DETECTION	ONS	
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	Notification Level	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Calcium (mg/L)	(2018)	128	n/a	n/a	n/a
Magnesium (mg/L)	(2018)	33	n/a	n/a	n/a
pH (units)	(2018)	7.2	n/a	n/a	n/a
Alkalinity (mg/L)	(2018)	210	n/a	n/a	n/a
Aggressiveness Index	(2018)	12	n/a	n/a	n/a
Langelier Index	(2018)	0.1	n/a	n/a	n/a

Additional General Information on Drinking Water

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts if some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the USEPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. USEPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Lead Specific Language for Community Water Systems: If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with the service lines and home plumbing. *Fillmore West Mobile Park* is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/lead.

2020 Consumer Confidence Report

Drinking Water Assessment Information

Assessment Information

A source water assessment was conducted for the WELL 02 of the FILLMORE WEST MOBILE HOME PARK water system in March, 2001.

Well 02 - is considered most vulnerable to the following activities not associated with any detected contaminants: Septic systems - low density [<1/acre]

Acquiring Information

A copy of the complete assessment may be viewed at: SWRCB Division of Drinking Water 1180 Eugenia Place Suite 200 Carpinteria, CA 93013

You may request a summary of the assessment be sent to you by contacting: Jeff Densmore
District Engineer
805 566 1326

Fillmore West Mobile Park

Analytical Results By FGL - 2020

	SAMPLI	NG RESU	U LTS FOR	SODIUM A	ND HAI	RDNESS			
		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)
Sodium		mg/L		none	none			72	72 - 72
Well 02	SP 1807042-2	mg/L				2018-05-30	72		
Hardness		mg/L		none	none			455	455 - 455
Well 02	SP 1807042-2	mg/L				2018-05-30	455		

	PRIMA	RY DRIN	KING WA	TER STANI	OARDS ((PDWS)			
		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)
Fluoride		mg/L		2	1			0.7	0.7 - 0.7
Well 02	SP 1807042-2	mg/L				2018-05-30	0.7		
Nitrate as N	•	mg/L		10	10			2.2	2.2 - 2.2
Well 02	SP 2008115-2	mg/L				2020-06-19	2.2		
Nitrate + Nitrite as N		mg/L		10	10			2.2	2.2 - 2.2
Well 02	SP 1807042-2	mg/L				2018-05-30	2.2		
Selenium		ug/L	50	50	30			5	5 - 5
Well 02	SP 1807042-2	ug/L				2018-05-30	5		
Gross Alpha		pCi/L		15	(0)			2.82	2.82 - 2.82
Well 02	SP 1513798-1	pCi/L				2015-12-10	2.82		
Uranium		pCi/L		20	0.43			3.15	3.15 - 3.15
Well 02	SP 1207274-1	pCi/L				2012-07-20	3.15		

	SECONI	OARY DRINK	ING WA	TER STANI	DARDS	(SDWS)			
		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)
Chloride		mg/L		500	n/a			47	47 - 47
Well 02	SP 1807042-2	mg/L				2018-05-30	47		
Specific Conductance		umhos/cm		1600	n/a			1120	1120 - 1120
Well 02	SP 1807042-2	umhos/cm				2018-05-30	1120		
Sulfate		mg/L		500	n/a			319	319 - 319
Well 02	SP 1807042-2	mg/L				2018-05-30	319		
Total Dissolved Solids		mg/L		1000	n/a			780	780 - 780
Well 02	SP 1807042-2	mg/L				2018-05-30	780		
Turbidity		NTU		5	n/a		·	0.3	0.3 - 0.3
Well 02	SP 1807042-2	NTU				2018-05-30	0.3		

	UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS										
		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)		
Boron		mg/L		NS	n/a			1.1	1.1 - 1.1		
Well 02	SP 1807042-2	mg/L				2018-05-30	1.1				

		ADI	DITIONAL	DETECTIO	NS				
		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)
Calcium		mg/L			n/a			128	128 - 128
Well 02	SP 1807042-2	mg/L				2018-05-30	128		
Magnesium		mg/L			n/a			33	33 - 33
Well 02	SP 1807042-2	mg/L				2018-05-30	33		
рН		units			n/a			7.2	7.2 - 7.2
Well 02	SP 1807042-2	units				2018-05-30	7.2		
Alkalinity	-	mg/L			n/a			210	210 - 210
Well 02	SP 1807042-2	mg/L				2018-05-30	210		
Aggressiveness Index	•				n/a			12.0	12.0 - 12.0

Well 02	SP 1807042-2			2018-05-30	12.0		
Langelier Index			n/a			0.1	0.1 - 0.1
Well 02	SP 1807042-2			2018-05-30	0.1		

Fillmore West Mobile Park

CCR Login Linkage - 2020

FGL Code	Lab ID	Date_Sampled	Method	Description	Property
Space #21	SP 2008113-4	2020-06-19	Metals, Total	Space #21	Copper & Lead Monitoring
Space #30	SP 2008113-3	2020-06-19	Metals, Total	Space #30	Copper & Lead Monitoring
Space #32	SP 2008113-1	2020-06-19	Metals, Total	Space #32	Copper & Lead Monitoring
Space #31	SP 2008113-2	2020-06-19	Metals, Total	Space #33	Copper & Lead Monitoring
Space #6	SP 2008113-5	2020-06-19	Metals, Total	Space #6	Copper & Lead Monitoring
Space 23 - Dis	SP 2001892-1	2020-02-10	Coliform	Space 23 - Distribution Syste	State Assessment Monitoring
	SP 2006487-1	2020-05-19	Coliform	Space 23 - Distribution Syste	State Assessment Monitoring
	SP 2011278-1	2020-08-20	Coliform	Space 23 - Distribution Syste	State Assessment Monitoring
	SP 2015974-1	2020-11-18	Coliform	Space 23 - Distribution Syste	State Assessment Monitoring
Space 28 - Dist	SP 2004014-1	2020-03-23	Coliform	Space 28 - Distribution System	State Assessment Monitoring
	SP 2008115-1	2020-06-19	Coliform	Space 28 - Distribution System	State Assessment Monitoring
	SP 2012555-1	2020-09-15	Coliform	Space 28 - Distribution System	State Assessment Monitoring
	SP 2017475-1	2020-12-17	Coliform	Space 28 - Distribution System	State Assessment Monitoring
Sp.6-Dist.Syst	SP 2000700-1	2020-01-16	Coliform	Space 6 - Distribution System	State Assessment Monitoring
	SP 2004919-1	2020-04-14	Coliform	Space 6 - Distribution System	Drinking water monitoring
	SP 2009795-1	2020-07-23	Coliform	Space 6 - Distribution System	State Assessment Monitoring
	SP 2014800-1	2020-10-27	Coliform	Space 6 - Distribution System	State Assessment Monitoring
	SP 1207274-1	2012-07-20	Radio Chemistry	Well 02	
Well 2	SP 1513798-1	2015-12-10	Radio Chemistry	Well 02	Well #2
	SP 1807042-2	2018-05-30	Metals, Total	Well 02	State Assessment Monitoring
	SP 1807042-2	2018-05-30	Wet Chemistry	Well 02	State Assessment Monitoring
	SP 1807042-2	2018-05-30	General Mineral	Well 02	State Assessment Monitoring
	SP 2008115-2	2020-06-19	Wet Chemistry	Well 02	State Assessment Monitoring