2023 Consumer Confidence Report Certification Form (to be submitted with a copy of the CCR)

		(10	o be s	ubmilited with a copy of the CC	K)					
Water System Name:			LIVE OAK CHILD CARE CENTER							
Water System Number:				CA5103335						
was have is co	distribu e been g orrect a	uted on January given). Further, nd consistent wi	<u>27,2</u> the sy th the	hereby certifies that its Co 2025 to customers (and appro- rstem certifies that the informa- compliance monitoring data Board, Division of Drinking W	opriate notices of availability ation contained in the report previously submitted to the					
Се	rtified b	y: Name:		Jennifer Duren						
		Signature:								
		Title:		Executive Director						
		Phone Num	ber:	(530) 695-2372	Date: January27, 2025					
	cking all <u>CCR v</u>	items that apply a	and fill oy ma	and good-faith efforts taken, pla- in where appropriate:						
		•		elivery methods used:						
	<u>Sign-i</u>	n Binders for a	ll enr	olled children						
	CCR was distributed using electronic delivery methods (water systems utilizin electronic delivery methods must complete a two-page eCCR certification form).									
V	includ	ded the following Posting the CCF	meth on the board							
	\square	Mailing the CCR to postal patrons within the service area - zip code 959 5								
	edia (attach copy of press									
	neral circulation (attach a ewspaper and date									
	V	Posted the CCR in public places - LOCOB Parent Information Board								
	***************************************	•		opies of CCR to single-billed rtments, businesses, and sc	——————————————————————————————————————					
		Publication of the CCR in the electronic city newsletter or electronic community newsletter or listserv (attach a copy of the article or notice)								

Delivery to community organizations (attach a list of organizations)

Other (attach a list of other methods used)

2023 Consumer Confidence Report

Water System Name: LIVE OAK CHILD CARE CENTER CA5103335 Report Date: January 27, 2025 ABOUT THIS REPORT: We test the drinking water quality for many constituents as required by state and federal regulations. This report shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1 to December 31, 2023 and may include earlier monitoring data. Language in Spanish: Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua para beber. Favor de comunicarse <u>LIVE OAK CHILD CARE CENTER</u> a (530) 695-2372 para asistirlo en español. Type of water source(s) in use: Groundwater 1990 Archer Avenue, Live Oak CA 95953 Name & general location of source(s): Well 01 New Treated Kitchen and from one treated location: Drinking Water Source Assessment information: for WELL 01. A summary might be available upon request from the State Water Resources Control Board's Redding Field Operations Office **Acquiring Information:** State Water Resources Control Board Redding Field Operations Office, 364 Knollcrest Dr., Suite 101 Redding, CA 96002 Daniel L. Cikuth, P.E., Associate Sanitary Engineer (530) 224-3271 (phone); 530-224-4844 (fax) Email: dan.cikuth@waterboards.ca.gov Time and place of regularly scheduled board meetings for public participation: Regularly scheduled California State Water Resources Control Board are held. Board Calendar: https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/board_info/calendar/ Jenny Duren, Executive Director, Phone: (530) 695-2372 For more information about Live Oak Child Care Center the content of this report executivedirector@liveoakchildcarecenter.com contact:

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TABLE 1 – SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING THE DETECTION OF COLIFORM BACTERIA									
Microbiological Contaminants	Highest Number of Detections	No. of months in violation	MCL	MCLG	Typical Source of Bacteria				
E. Coli	0 (in the year)	0	(a)	0	Human and animal fecal waste				

(a) Routine and repeat samples are total coliform-positive and either is E. coli-positive or system fails to take repeat samples following E. coli-positive routine sample or system fails to analyze total coliform-positive repeat sample for E. coli.

TABLE 2 – SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING THE DETECTION OF LEAD AND COPPER										
Lead and Copper	Sample Date	No. of Samples Collected	90 th Percentile Level Detected	No. Sites Exceeding AL	AL	PHG	No. of Schools Requesting Lead Sampling	Typical Source of Contaminant		
Lead (ppb)	(2023)	5	ND	0	15	0.2	Not applicable	Internal corrosion of household water plumbing systems; discharges from industrial manufacturers; erosion of natural deposits		
Copper (ppm)	(2023)	5	0.285	0	1.3	0.3	Not applicable	Internal corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives		

Chemical or Constituent	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL [MRDL]	PHG (MCLG)	Typical Source of Contaminant
(and reporting units)	Date	Detecteu	Detections	[MKDL]	[MRDLG]	
Arsenic (μg/L)	(2021)	5.0	n/a	10	0.004	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; glass and electronics production wastes
Barium (mg/L)	(2015)	0.103	n/a	1	2	Discharges of oil drilling wastes and from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Fluoride (mg/L)	(2020)	0.1	n/a	2	1	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive that promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.
Gross Alpha (pCi/L)	(2017)	1.77	n/a	15	(0)	Erosion of natural deposits.
Hexavalent Chromium (μg/L)	(2017)	6.4 (See note at bottom of this table)	n/a	None in 2023 (See note below)		Discharge from electroplating factories, leather tanneries, wood preservation, chemical synthesis, refractory production, and textile manufacturing facilities; erosion of natural deposits.
Nitrate as N (mg/L)	(2023)	13.5*	12.8 - 14.0	10	10	Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks and sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Nitrate + Nitrite as N (mg/L)	(2023)	14*	n/a	10		Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks and sewage; erosion of natural deposits

Note: In 2023 There was no MCL for Hexavalent Chromium. The previous MCL of 10ug/L was withdrawn on 9/11/17. On October 1, 2024 Hexavalent Chromium monitoring was reinstated, after substantial additional review, with an MCL of 10.0 in the Primary Drinking Water Standard

TABLE 4 – TREATED DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD									
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL [MRDL]	PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG]	Typical Source of Contaminant			
Nitrate as N (mg/L)	(2023)	1.7	1.1 – 2.5	10	10	Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks and sewage; erosion of natural deposits			

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About our Nitrate: For systems that detect nitrate above 5 mg/L as nitrogen, but below 10 mg/L as nitrogen:

Nitrate in drinking water at levels above 10 mg/L is a health risk for infants of less than six months of age. Such nitrate levels in drinking water can interfere with the capacity of the infant's blood to carry oxygen, resulting in serious illness; symptoms include shortness of breath and blueness of the skin. Nitrate levels above 10 mg/L may also affect the ability of the blood to carry oxygen in other individuals, such as pregnant women and those with specific enzyme deficiencies. Nitrate levels may rise quickly for short periods of time because of rainfall or agricultural activity. If you are caring for an infant, or you are pregnant, you should ask advice from your health care provider.

Source Water Protection Tips for Consumers (Please see next page.)

Protection of drinking water is everyone's responsibility. You can help protect your community's drinking water source in several ways:

- Eliminate excess use of lawn and garden fertilizers and pesticides they contain hazardous chemicals that can reach your drinking water source.
- Pick up after your pets.
- Dispose of chemicals properly; take used motor oil to a recycling center.
- Volunteer in your community. Find a watershed or wellhead protection organization in your community and volunteer to help. If there are no active groups, consider starting one. Use U.S. EPA's Adopt Your Watershed https://nepis.epa.gov/Exe/ZyPDF.cgi/20004I2M.PDF?Dockey=20004I2M.PDF or for Tools and Resources to protect watersheds visit https://www.epa.gov/hwp/tools-and-resources-protect-watersheds.

Water Conservation Tips for Consumers

Did you know that the average U.S. household uses approximately 400 gallons of water per day or 100 gallons per person per day? Luckily, there are many low-cost and no-cost ways to conserve water. Small changes can make a big difference – try one today and soon it will become second nature.

- Take short showers a 5 minutes shower uses 4 to 5 gallons of water compared to up to 50 gallons for a bath.
- Shut off water while brushing your teeth, washing your hair, and shaving and save up to 500 gallons a month.
- Use a water-efficient showerhead. They are inexpensive, easy to install, and can save you up to 750 gallons a month.
- Run your clothes washer and dishwasher only when they are full. You can save up to 1,000 gallons a month.
- Water plants only when necessary.
- Fix leaking toilets and faucets. Faucet washers are inexpensive and take only a few minutes to replace. To check your toilet for a leak, place a few drops of food coloring in the tank and wait. If it seeps into the toilet bowl without flushing, you have a leak. Fixing it or replacing it with a new, more efficient model can save up to 1,000 gallons a month.
- Adjust sprinklers so only your lawn is watered. Apply water only as fast as the soil can absorb it and during the
 cooler parts of the day to reduce evaporation.
- Teach your kids about water conservation to ensure a future generation that uses water wisely. Make it a family
 effort to reduce next month's water bill!
- Visit https://www.epa.gov/watersense for more information.

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