Consumer Confidence Report Certification Form

(to be submitted with a copy of the CCR)

(to certify electronic delivery of the CCR, use the certification form on the State Water Board's website at $\underline{ http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/drinking_water/certlic/drinkingwater/CCR.shtml) }$

Water System Name: STERLING INDUSTRIAL

Water System Number: 5000565

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Certified By:	Name			
	Signature			
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2019 Consumer Confidence Report

Water System Name: STERLING INDUSTRIAL Report Date: March 2020

We test the drinking water quality for many constituents as required by state and federal regulations. This report shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1 - December 31, 2019.

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alquien que lo entienda bien.

Type of water source(s) in use: This info is not available, as this water system does not have a completed assessment on file. Please see the Drinking Water Source Assessment Information section located at the end of this report for more details.

Your water comes from 1 source(s): New Well

Opportunities for public participation in decisions that affect drinking water quality: Regularly-scheduled water board or city/county council meetings currently are not held.

For more information about this report, or any questions relating to your drinking water, please call (209) 838 - 7842 and ask for Quality Service, Inc. or visit our website at www.yoderproperties.com.

TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The highest level of contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. Primary MCLs are set as close to the PHGs (or MCLGs) as is economically feasible. Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs are set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA).

Public Health Goal (PHG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL): The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG): The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Primary Drinking Water Standards (PDWS): MCLs and MRDLs for the contaminants that affect health along with their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment requirements.

Treatment Technique (TT): A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Regulatory Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Level 1 Assessment: A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

Level 2 Assessment: A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

ND: not detectable at testing limit

mg/L: milligrams per liter or parts per million (ppm)

ug/L: micrograms per liter or parts per billion (ppb)

pCi/L: picocuries per liter (a measure of radiation)

The sources of drinking water: (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- *Microbial contaminants*, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- *Inorganic contaminants*, such as salts and metals, that can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- *Pesticides and herbicides,* that may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, that are by-products if industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, agricultural application, and septic systems.
- Radioactive contaminants, that can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the USEPA and the State Water Resource Control Board (State Water Board) prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. State Water Board regulations also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that provide the same protection for public health.

Tables 1, 2 and 3 list all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the most recent sampling for the constituent. The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. The State Water Board allows us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, are more than one year old.

Any violation of MCL, AL or MRDL is highlighted. Additional information regarding the violation is provided later in this report.

Table 1 - SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING THE DETECTION OF LEAD AND COPPER											
Lead and Copper (complete if lead or copper detected in last sample set)	Sample Date	90th percentile level detected	No. Sites Exceeding AL	AL	PHG	Typical Sources of Contaminant					
Copper (mg/L)	5 (2017)	0.11	0	1.3	.3	Internal corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives					

Table 2 - DETECT	Table 2 - DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD												
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL [MRDL]	PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG]	Typical Sources of Contaminant							
Arsenic (ug/L)	(2017)	4	n/a	10	0.004	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards, glass and electronics production wastes							
Hexavalent Chromium (ug/L)	(2017)	3.5	n/a		0.02	Discharge from electroplating factories, leather tanneries, wood preservation, chemical synthesis, refractory production, and textile manufacturing facilities; erosion of natural deposits.							
Nitrate as N (mg/L)	(2019)	4.9	n/a	10	10	Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks and sewage; erosion of natural deposits							
Nitrate + Nitrite as N (mg/L)	(2017)	5.1	n/a	10	10	Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks and sewage; erosion of natural deposits							
Gross Alpha (pCi/L)	(2012)	ND	ND - 2.96	15	(0)	Erosion of natural deposits.							

1,2,3-Trichloropropane (1,2,3-TCP) (ug/L)	(2019)	0.061	0.020 - 0.081	0.005	0.0007	
(1,2,3-1CF) (ug/L)						

	Table 3 - DETECTION OF UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS											
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Notification Level	Typical Sources of Contaminant								
Vanadium (mg/L)	(2017)	0.032	n/a	0.05	Vanadium exposures resulted in developmental and reproductive effects in rats.							

Additional General Information on Drinking Water

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts if some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the USEPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. USEPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Lead Specific Language for Community Water Systems: If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with the service lines and home plumbing. *Sterling Industrial Center WS* is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/lead.

Summary Information for Violation of a MCL, MRDL, AL, TT, or Monitoring and Reporting Requirement

VIOLATION O	VIOLATION OF A MCL,MRDL,AL,TT, OR MONITORING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENT										
Violation	Explanation	Duration	Actions Taken To Correct the Violation	Health Effects Language							
1,2,3-Trichloropropane (1,2,3-TCP)				Some people who use water containing 1,2,3-trichloropropane in excess of the action level over many years may have an increased risk of getting cancer, based on studies in laboratory animals.							

2019 Consumer Confidence Report

Drinking Water Assessment Information

Assessment Information

According to the Drinking Water Source Assessment and Protection Program`s Source Water Assessments Public Access web page, the Public Water Source NEW WELL of the STERLING INDUSTRIAL water system does not have a completed Source Water Assessment on file.

New Well - does not have a completed Source Water Assessment on file.

Discussion of Vulnerability

Assessment summaries are not available for some sources. This is because:

- ☐ The Assessment has not been completed. Contact the local Department of Health Services (DHS) Drinking Water field office or the water system to find out when the Assessment is scheduled to be done.
- ☐ The source is not active. It may be out of service, or new and not yet in service.
- ☐ The Assessment was not submitted electronically. The site used to obtain Assessments only provides access to Assessment summaries submitted electronically.

Acquiring Information

For more info you may visit https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/drinking_water/certlic/drinkingwater/DWSAP.html or contact the health department in the county to which the water system belongs as indicated on this following link: https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/drinking_water/programs/documents/ddwem/DDWdistrictofficesmap.pdf

Sterling Industrial Center WS Analytical Results By FGL - 2019

LEAD AND COPPER RULE											
	Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	90th Percentile	# Samples			
Copper		mg/L		1.3	.3			0.105	5		
Space #19	STK1751842-3	mg/L				2017-09-07	0.10				
Space #21	STK1751842-1	mg/L				2017-09-06	0.11				
Space #24	STK1751842-2	mg/L				2017-09-07	0.06				
Space #25	STK1751842-4	mg/L				2017-09-06	0.09				
Space #27	STK1751842-5	mg/L				2017-09-07	ND				

	PRIM	ARY DRI	NKING W	ATER STAN	DARDS (PDWS)			
		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)
Arsenic		ug/L		10	0.004			4	4 - 4
New Well	STK1734238-1	ug/L				2017-04-13	4		
Hexavalent Chromium		ug/L			0.02			3.5	3.5 - 3.5
New Well	STK1734238-1	ug/L				2017-04-13	3.5		
Nitrate as N		mg/L		10	10			4.9	4.9 - 4.9
New Well	STK1934750-1	mg/L				2019-04-09	4.9		
Nitrate + Nitrite as N		mg/L		10	10			5.1	5.1 - 5.1
New Well	STK1734238-1	mg/L				2017-04-13	5.1		
Gross Alpha		pCi/L		15	(0)			ND	ND - 2.96
New Well	STK1236756-1	pCi/L				2012-07-18	ND		
New Well	STK1236756-1	pCi/L				2012-07-18	ND		
New Well	STK1233410-1	pCi/L				2012-04-18	ND		
New Well	STK1233410-1	pCi/L				2012-04-18	ND		
New Well	STK1230378-1	pCi/L				2012-01-11	2.96		
New Well	STK1230378-1	pCi/L				2012-01-11	2.96		
1,2,3-Trichloropropane (1,2,3-TCP)		ug/L		0.005	0.0007			0.061	0.020 - 0.081
New Well	STK1956859-1	ug/L				2019-11-13	0.062		
New Well	STK1951979-1	ug/L				2019-08-13	0.081		
New Well	STK1936892-1	ug/L				2019-05-15	0.020		
New Well	STK1932234-1	ug/L				2019-02-14	0.081		

UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS										
Units MCLG CA-MCL PHG Sampled Result Avg. Result(a) Range (b								Range (b)		
Vanadium		mg/L		NS	n/a			0.032	0.032 - 0.032	
New Well STK1734238-1		mg/L				2017-04-13	0.032			

Sterling Industrial Center WS CCR Login Linkage - 2019

FGL Code	Lab ID	Date_Sampled	Method	Description	Property
Bacti-Rout-ss03	STK1933435-1	2019-03-11	Coliform	N. Side of Bldg. #28-#29	Bacteriological Monitoring-3
STK1939862-1		2019-07-09	Coliform	N. Side of Bldg. #28-#29	Bacteriological Monitoring-3
	STK1956858-1	2019-11-13	Coliform	N. Side of Bldg. #28-#29	Bacteriological Monitoring-3
	STK1230378-1	2012-01-11	Radio Chemistry	New Well	
	STK1233410-1	2012-04-18	Radio Chemistry	New Well	
	STK1236756-1	2012-07-18	Radio Chemistry	New Well	
WELL	STK1734238-1	2017-04-13	Metals, Total	New Well	Water Quality Monitoring
	STK1734238-1	2017-04-13	Wet Chemistry	New Well	Water Quality Monitoring
	STK1932234-1	2019-02-14	SRL 524M-TCP	New Well	TCP Monitoring
	STK1934750-1	2019-04-09	Wet Chemistry	New Well	Water Quality Monitoring
	STK1936892-1	2019-05-15	SRL 524M-TCP	New Well	TCP Monitoring
	STK1951979-1	2019-08-13	SRL 524M-TCP	New Well	TCP Monitoring
	STK1956859-1	2019-11-13	SRL 524M-TCP	New Well	TCP Monitoring
Bacti-Rout-ss04	STK1934751-1	2019-04-09	Coliform	NW Corner HB #17-#18	Bacteriological Monitoring-4
	STK1951978-1	2019-08-13	Coliform	NW Corner HB #17-#18	Bacteriological Monitoring-4
	STK1958076-1	2019-12-10	Coliform	NW Corner HB #17-#18	Bacteriological Monitoring-4
Bacti-Rout-ss02	STK1932235-1	2019-02-14	Coliform	S. Side of Bldg. #5-#6	Bacteriological Monitoring-2
	STK1938535-1	2019-06-12	Coliform	S. Side of Bldg. #5-#6	Bacteriological Monitoring-2
	STK1955563-1	2019-10-16	Coliform	S. Side of Bldg. #5-#6	Bacteriological Monitoring-2
Bacti-Rout-ss01	STK1930701-1	2019-01-15	Coliform	SE Corner HB Space #1	Bacteriological Monitoring-1
	STK1936891-1	2019-05-15	Coliform	SE Corner HB Space #1	Bacteriological Monitoring-1
	STK1953550-1	2019-09-11	Coliform	SE Corner HB Space #1	Bacteriological Monitoring-1
Space #19	STK1751842-3	2017-09-07	Metals, Total	Space #19	Lead & Copper Monitoring
Space #21	STK1751842-1	2017-09-06	Metals, Total	Space #21	Lead & Copper Monitoring
Space #24	STK1751842-2	2017-09-07	Metals, Total	Space #24	Lead & Copper Monitoring
Space #25	STK1751842-4	2017-09-06	Metals, Total	Space #25	Lead & Copper Monitoring
Space #27	STK1751842-5	2017-09-07	Metals, Total	Space #27	Lead & Copper Monitoring