

APPENDIX B: eCCR Certification Form (Suggested Format)

Consumer Confidence Report Certification Form

(To be submitted with a copy of the CCR)

Water System Name:	Town of Windsor
Water System Number:	CA4910017

The water system named above hereby certifies that its Consumer Confidence Report was distributed on __6/10/25 and 6/26/25____ (date) to customers (and appropriate notices of availability have been given). Further, the system certifies that the information contained in the report is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the State Water Resources Control Board, Division of Drinking Water (DDW).

Certified by:

Name: Adrienne Cibor	Title: Environmental Program Manager
Signature: <i>Adrienne Cibor</i>	Date: 10/2/2025
Phone number: (707) 838-1219	blank

To summarize report delivery used and good-faith efforts taken, please complete this page by checking all items that apply and fill-in where appropriate:

- x CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery methods (attach description of other direct delivery methods used).
- x CCR was distributed using electronic delivery methods described in the Guidance for Electronic Delivery of the Consumer Confidence Report (water systems utilizing electronic delivery methods must complete the second page).
- x "Good faith" efforts were used to reach non-bill paying consumers. Those efforts included the following methods:
 - x Posting the CCR at the following URL: www.townofwindsor.com_____
 - ☐ Mailing the CCR to postal patrons within the service area (attach zip codes used)
 - ☐ Advertising the availability of the CCR in news media (attach copy of press release)
 - ☐ Publication of the CCR in a local newspaper of general circulation (attach a copy of the published notice, including name of newspaper and date published)
 - x Posted the CCR in public places (attach a list of locations)

- x Delivery of multiple copies of CCR to single-billed addresses serving several persons, such as apartments, businesses, and schools
- x Delivery to community organizations (attach a list of organizations)
- x Publication of the CCR in the electronic city newsletter or electronic community newsletter or listserv (attach a copy of the article or notice)
- x Electronic announcement of CCR availability via social media outlets (attach list of social media outlets utilized)
- ☐ Other (attach a list of other methods used)
- ☐ *For systems serving at least 100,000 persons:* Posted CCR on a publicly-accessible internet site at the following URL: www.
- ☐ *For privately-owned utilities:* Delivered the CCR to the California Public Utilities Commission

Consumer Confidence Report Electronic Delivery Certification

Water systems utilizing electronic distribution methods for CCR delivery must complete this page by checking all items that apply and fill-in where appropriate.

- x Water system mailed a notification that the CCR is available and provides a direct URL to the CCR on a publicly available website where it can be viewed (attach a copy of the mailed CCR notification). URL: www.townofwindsor.com
- ☐ Water system emailed a notification that the CCR is available and provides a direct URL to the CCR on a publicly available site on the Internet where it can be viewed (attach a copy of the emailed CCR notification). URL: www.
- ☐ Water system emailed the CCR as an electronic file email attachment.
- ☐ Water system emailed the CCR text and tables inserted or embedded into the body of an email, not as an attachment (attach a copy of the emailed CCR).
- ☐ *Requires prior DDW review and approval.* Water system utilized other electronic delivery method that meets the direct delivery requirement.

Provide a brief description of the water system's electronic delivery procedures and include how the water system ensures delivery to customers unable to receive electronic delivery.

All residents with water utility service were mailed an insert with their June 10, 2024 water bill that had a link and QR code to access the report online. The insert also has a phone number for anyone wanting to call and request a hard copy. The insert was

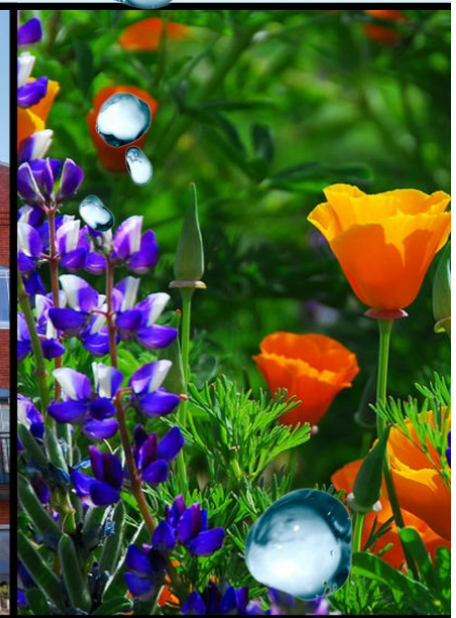
printed in English on one side and Spanish on the other side.
Notifications were also made through social media: Facebook (6/27/25), on the Town's web page (6/26/25), and in the bi-weekly Insider newsletter (Edition 93, 6/26/25). The entire report was available in both English and Spanish.
Hard copies and sheets with the QR codes (English and Spanish) were also distributed to apartment complexes and mobile home parks around town, and in the Public Works and Town Hall Offices, and the Public Library.
Addresses where hard copies were dropped off: 228 Windsor River Rd. Pack n Ship Apartments: Windsor Redwoods 100 Kendall Way Windsor Veteran's Village 9500 Oak Park Winter Creek Village 9711 Windsor Rd Bell Manor 8780 Bell Rd Vinecrest Senior Apts 8400 Hembree Ln Windsor Mobile Country Club 8109 Conde Ln Forest Wind Apts 6697 Old Redwood Hwy Royal Mobile Manor 6555 Old Redwood Hwy AWI 390 Duncan
Attachments: CCR (English and Spanish) Bill Insert Insider Newsletter Edition 93 June 26, 2025

This form is provided as a convenience and may be used to meet the certification requirement of section 64483(c) of the California Code of Regulations.

Town of Windsor 2024 CCR - English Version

JUNE 2025

2024 DRINKING WATER QUALITY CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT



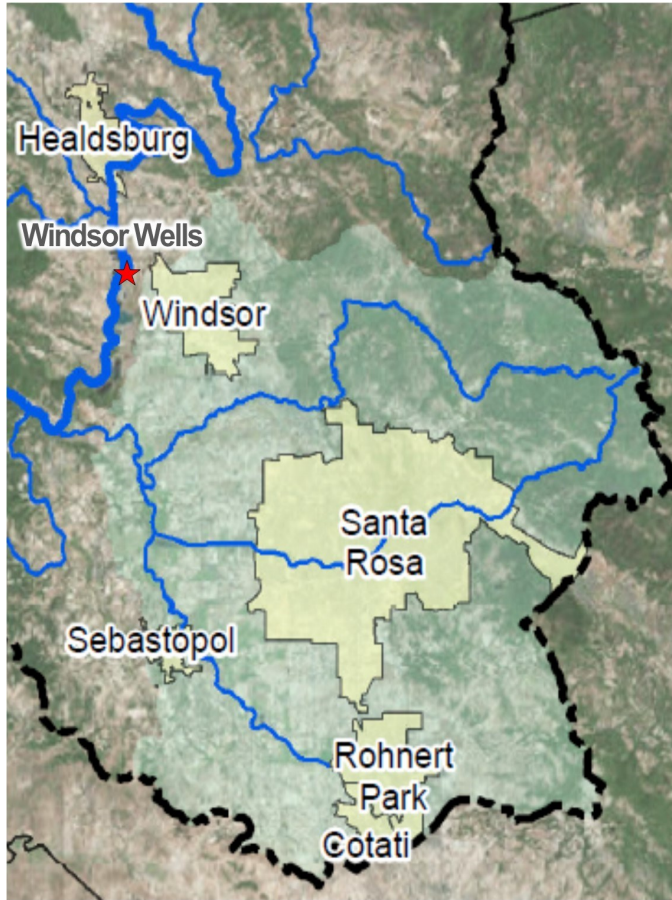
Find information on:

- Where your water comes from
- Drinking water analysis results
- Storm water quality
- How you can protect our creeks
- Water conservation
- Frequently asked questions about Windsor's water

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua para beber. Para la versión en español de este información, llama a (707) 838-1000 o visite:

<https://www.townofwindsor.com/informedelcalidaddelagua>

Where does my water come from?



Windsor's well field is located west of town along the Russian River.

The Town of Windsor takes great pride in providing high-quality drinking water to the residents and businesses in our community. As in previous years, and as shown in this report, laboratory testing demonstrates that Windsor supplies drinking water that exceeds the Federal Environmental Protection Agency's (USEPA) and State Water Resources Control Board Division of Drinking Water (DDW) standards.

The Town consistently tests drinking water quality for all regulated constituents to comply with all State and Federal regulations. The tables in this report provide the results of this testing. Windsor's drinking water meets or exceeds all water quality standards set by the USEPA and DDW.

The Town's water supply is derived from two sources.

The majority of Windsor's drinking water is pumped from wells near the Russian River into the water distribution system. Some water is also purchased from the Sonoma County Water Agency's Santa Rosa Aqueduct and combined with the Russian River Well Field water for delivery to residents and businesses through over 140 miles of the water distribution

system. The system also includes elevated water storage tanks and large diameter mains. This method, which leverages gravity, reduces energy use and contributes to the reliability of our water supply.

Windsor's water supply is naturally high quality. As a result, only chlorine disinfection is required to meet drinking water standards. The pH of the water is adjusted to protect the Town distribution and home plumbing systems from the natural effects of corrosion. Fluoride is not added to the Town's drinking water.

Did you know the Town of Windsor has a Recycled Water Program?

Recycled water is wastewater that has been cleaned and treated in order to remove contaminants and pollutants for safe usage in a variety of ways. Recycled water is used for irrigation of parks, the golf course, some landscapes, and agricultural crops and even for recharging wells at the Geysers power plant. Look for the purple pipe around town to see where we are using our recycled water. Recycled water is an important way to offset the use of potable water, every drop of recycled water used is a drop of potable water saved! To learn more about Windsor's Recycled Water Program, please visit <https://townofwindsor.com/recycledwater>.

Message from the Public Works Department >>>

I am pleased to share the Town of Windsor's 2024 Water Quality Report with you. Ensuring the quality and safety of our community's water is a top priority in Windsor, and I'm proud to report that our system consistently meets all U.S. EPA and State drinking water health standards.

Our public works team works diligently to provide you with the highest quality water. We conduct regular testing and monitoring to ensure that our water remains safe and clean. To enhance our water supply, we are in the process of installing two new drinking water wells, which will help us maintain a reliable water source for our community while enhancing drought resiliency and emergency preparedness. Additionally, we are focused on implementing practices that reduce our environmental impact. From improving our infrastructure to adopting innovative water conservation strategies, we are making significant strides towards sustainability.

I invite you to review the report to learn more about the excellent quality of our water, our initiatives in water conservation, and stormwater management. Together, we can ensure a sustainable and clean water supply for the Town of Windsor.

Sincerely,

[Shannon Cotulla](#), Public Works Director, Town of Windsor



Stormwater runoff carries pollutants with it as it flows off our rooftops, lawns, driveways, and sidewalks. Litter, car fluid leaks, pet waste, and other pollutants are carried with rainwater into our creeks ***untreated*** - storm drain systems are designed for flood control, not water treatment.

Pollutants that enter our storm drains not only travel directly to our creeks, but also to the Russian River and the ocean. These pollutants ***harm wildlife and us!***

Please, ***do your part*** to keep Windsor's streets and creeks clean and healthy!

Please, report spills and illegal dumping immediately!

Windsor Public Works—Water, Environment, and Sustainability Division

(707) 838-1006 – 8 a.m.-5 p.m. Mon.-Fri.

(707) 838-1000 - 24 hours per day

Email: stormwater@townofwindsor.ca.gov

TABLE OF DETECTED SUBSTANCES FOR 2024

Sampling Results for Lead and Copper: Tap Water Samples Collected Throughout the Community								
Substance	Year Sampled	90 th Percentile Level Detected	Number of sites exceeding AL	Range of Detections	AL	MCLG	Typical Source of Contaminant	Violation?
Lead (ppb)	2022 (33 samples)	ND	0	<5.0 - 9.1	15	0.2	Internal corrosion of household water plumbing systems; discharges from industrial manufacturers; erosion of natural deposits	No
Copper (ppm)	2022 (33 samples)	0.798	1	<0.05 - 1.6	1.3	0.3	Internal corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives	No

Primary Standards (PDWS) and Regulated Substances							
Substance	Year Sampled	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL	PHG	Typical Source of Contaminant	Violation?
Barium (ppm)	2024	0.03	<0.10 – 0.13	1	2	Discharges of oil drilling wastes or from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits	No
Hexavalent Chromium (ppb)	2024	0.41	0.29 - 0.47	10	0.02	Erosion of natural deposits; transformation of naturally occurring trivalent chromium to hexavalent chromium by natural processes and human activities such as discharges from electroplating factories, leather tanneries, wood preservation, chemical synthesis, refractory production, and textile manufacturing facilities	No
Total Trihalomethanes (ppb)	2024	17.0	8.83-25.2	80	N/A	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection	No

List of Acronyms and Definitions	
Public Health Goal (PHG)	The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency.
Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)	The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. Primary MCLs are set as close to the PHG (or MCLGs) as is economically and technologically feasible. Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.
Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)	The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs are set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.
Primary Drinking Water Standards (PDWS)	MCLs, MRDLs and treatment techniques (TTs) for contaminants that affect health, along with their monitoring and reporting requirements.
Secondary Drinking Water Standards (SDWS)	MCLs for contaminants that affect taste, odor or appearance of drinking water. Contaminants with SDWS’s do not affect health at the MCL levels.
Regulatory Action Level (AL)	The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.
Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL)	The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.
Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG)	The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

TABLE OF DETECTED SUBSTANCES FOR 2024

Secondary Standards (SDWS) and other Unregulated Substances*

Substance	Year Sampled	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL	Typical Source of Contaminant	Violation?
Turbidity (NTU)	2023, 2024	0.32	0.03 – 0.80	5	Soil Runoff	No
Hardness (mg/L)	2023, 2024	126	104 - 154	N/A	Naturally occurring cations present in water, generally magnesium and calcium	No
Sodium (mg/L)	2024	9.4	7.7 - 12	N/A	Refers to the salt present in the water and is generally naturally occurring	No
Total Dissolved Solids (ppm)	2024	157	140 – 220	1,000	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits	No
Specific Conductance (µS/cm)	2023, 2024	257	230 - 290	1,600	Substances that form ions when in water; seawater influence	No
Chloride (ppm)	2023, 2024	6.9	4.6 - 9.3	500	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; sea-water influence	No
Sulfate (ppm)	2024	15	13 - 20	500	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; industrial wastes	No

*There are no PHGs, MCLGs, or mandatory standard health effects language for these constituents because secondary MCLs are set on the basis of aesthetic concerns.

Section 64450 of the California Code of Regulations requires certain water systems to monitor for unregulated contaminants. The Federal Unregulated Contaminant Monitoring Rule (UCMR4) required Windsor to monitor these unregulated contaminants in 2019. Samples were collected as untreated source water (Raw Water), Treated Water, and Distribution System Water. The results below are for substances that were detected. UCMR5 testing for Windsor is currently underway and will be reported in the 2025 CCR.

UCMR4 Unregulated Substance Monitoring (2019)

Substance Detected	Average Result (ppb)	Result Range (ppb)
Bromide	42.3	42.3
Bromochloroacetic acid (BCAA)	0.823	0.733 – 0.913
Bromodichloroacetic acid (BDCAA)	0.785	<0.500 – 1.07
Chlorodibromoacetic acid (CDBAA)	0.635	0.465 – 0.805
Dibromoacetic acid (DBAA)	0.854	0.608 – 1.10
Dichloroacetic acid (DCAA)	0.587	0.449 – 0.725
Trichloroacetic Acid (TCAA)	0.746	<0.500 – 0.991

List of Acronyms and Abbreviations

State Water Board	State Water Resources Control Board
N/A	Not applicable
NTU	Nephelometric turbidity units
ppm	Parts per million or milligrams per liter (mg/L) Example: 1 second in 11.5 days.
ppb	Parts per billion or micrograms per liter (mg/L) Example: 1 second in nearly 32 years.
µS/cm	micromhos per centimeter

The above tables list all the drinking water contaminants detected during the most recent sampling for the constituent. The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. The State allows us to monitor for some contaminants less than once a year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of our data, though representative, are more than a year old.

Source Water Information

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

- ◆ Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations and wildlife.
- ◆ Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, that can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas productions, mining or farming.
- ◆ Pesticides and herbicides, that may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff and residential uses.
- ◆ Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, that are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm runoff, agricultural application and septic systems.
- ◆ Radioactive contaminants, that can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the US Environmental Protection Agency and the State Water Resources Control Board prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The U.S. Food and Drug Administration regulations and California law also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that provide the same protection for public health.

- ◆ Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of contaminants.
- ◆ The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information can be obtained by calling the USEPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immune-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. USEPA/Centers for Disease Control guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Information on Lead >>>

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The Town of Windsor is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in home plumbing components. The Town completed an inventory of water service lines in 2024 and found no lead in the system. For additional information about the publicly accessible service line inventory, please contact the Public Works Department at 707-838-1006.

You share the responsibility for protecting yourself and your family from the lead in your home plumbing. You can take responsibility by identifying and removing lead materials within your home plumbing and taking steps to reduce your family's risk. Before drinking tap water, flush your pipes for several minutes by running your tap, doing laundry or a load of dishes. You can also use a filter certified by an American National Standards Institute accredited certifier to reduce lead in drinking water. If you are concerned about lead in your water and wish to have your water tested, contact Public Works at 707-838-1006 for information on labs that can provide this testing. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

Water Conservation

The Russian River Watershed has again received above average rainfall in the last rainy season and Lake Sonoma, our primary source of water storage, is full. **Although we don't need to cut back our water use this summer because of drought, the Town continues to support water efficiency and Eco-Friendly landscaping.**

Lawns are excellent for recreation, family time, and ambient cooling. However, lawns that are used solely for decorative purposes can be replaced with native landscaping which provides habitat for our native birds, bees, and butterflies. Besides providing habitat, pollinator gardens use less water than lawns or exotic landscaping.

For information about installing a **Monarch Butterfly Waystation** please visit our website here: <https://www.townofwindsor.com/1420/Butterfly-Waystations>

For information about our **Artificial Turf and Lawn Removal Rebate**, please visit our website here: <https://www.townofwindsor.com/1417/Water-Efficient-Landscape-Rebate>

To learn about other **Water Conservation Programs and Rebates** available in Windsor, please visit: <https://www.townofwindsor.com/100/Water-Conservation>

To find out how Windsor's Automated Metering Infrastructure (AMI) can help you detect leaks and much more, visit <https://www.townofwindsor.ca.gov/1183/WaterSmart>, or call (707)-838-1004.



Photo provided by Sonoma Water

Seasonal Irrigation Reminder >>>

Summer is here, and so is warmer weather. Before you switch on your automated irrigation system, make sure it's working properly and regularly maintained:

- ◆ Replace the back-up battery in your timer to ensure your schedule is not erased during a power interruption.
- ◆ Make sure the sprinklers are only spraying your plants and not the sidewalk, driveway, or street.
- ◆ Adjust the watering schedule to reflect changes in weather; less water is needed in spring and fall.
- ◆ Look for a QWEL certified professional (<https://www.qwel.net/>) to keep your landscape thriving while minimizing water use.

Remember, water conservation is a California way of life!

Water Operations

A staff of trained and certified water operators work hard to ensure Town of Windsor residents are provided with safe and reliable drinking water. Water operators are responsible for the operation and maintenance of the Town's water distribution system including weekly sampling, small and large leak repair, backflow testing and preventative maintenance to the Town's infrastructure. Other tasks include:

- ◆ Annual well maintenance
- ◆ Cross-connection control testing
- ◆ Flushing & hydrant flow testing
- ◆ Responding to water emergencies including broken water lines or damaged fire hydrants.

Windsor is very fortunate and grateful to have such an amazing team of water operators!



Frequently Asked Questions >>>

Q: What is PFAS? Should I be concerned?

A: PFAS is a chemical found in many products like food wrappers, flame retardant clothing, non-stick cookware, and cosmetics. It has been called a “forever chemical” due to strong bonds that do not break down with conventional treatment and some are found to have adverse health effects at low levels. The EPA will soon be requiring drinking water suppliers to test for PFAS. The Town of Windsor tests for PFAS quarterly. For more information, visit our website: <https://www.townofwindsor.com/PFAS>

Q: What do I do if I notice a water leak?

A: Town staff are on call 24/7 to respond to emergencies. Call 707-838-1004 to report a leak. Town staff will receive your call during business hours. After business hours, your call will be directed to an answering service that will notify on-call Town staff to respond to the concern.

Contact Information >>>

Public Works Department:

Monday-Thursday, 7:00 a.m. – 6:00 p.m.

Closed Fridays and Major Holidays

707-838-1006

Mike Cave, Deputy Director of Operations:

mcave@townofwindsor.ca.gov

Adrienne Cibor, Environmental Program Manager:

acibor@townofwindsor.ca.gov

Windsor Town Council Meetings:

6:00 p.m. 1st & 3rd Wednesdays

Council Chambers

9291 Old Redwood Highway, Bldg. 300
Windsor CA 95492

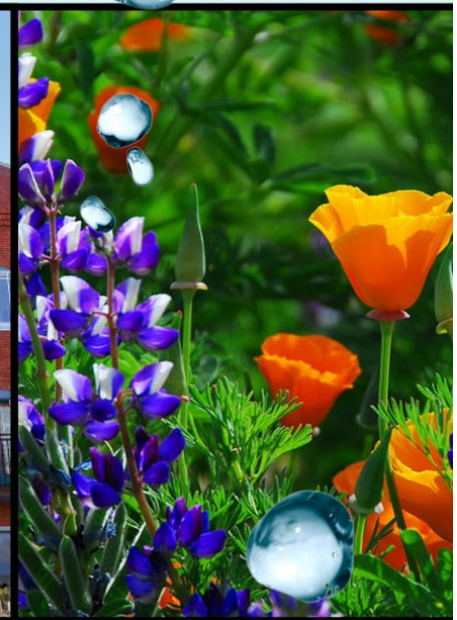


Town of Windsor 2024 CCR – Spanish Version

JUNIO DE 2025

CALIDAD DEL AGUA POTABLE 2024

INFORME DE CONFIANZA DEL CONSUMIDOR



Encuentre información sobre:

- De dónde viene tu agua
- Resultados del análisis de agua potable
- Calidad de las aguas pluviales
- Cómo puedes proteger nuestros arroyos
- Conservación del agua
- Preguntas frecuentes sobre el agua de Windsor

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua para beber. Para la versión en español de este información, llama a (707) 838-1000 o visite:

<https://www.townofwindsor.com/informedecalidaddelagua>

¿De donde viene mi agua?



El campo de pozos de Windsor se encuentra al oeste del pueblo, cerca del Russian River.

de pozos del Russian River para entregarse a los residentes y negocios a través de las más de 140 millas del sistema de distribución de agua. El sistema también incluye tanques elevados de almacenamiento y tomas de diámetro grande. Este método, que aprovecha la gravedad, reduce el uso de energía y contribuye a la confiabilidad del sistema de agua.

El agua de Windsor es de alta calidad natural. Como resultado, solo se necesita cloro para cumplir los estándares de agua potable. El pH del agua se ajusta para proteger las tuberías de distribución y de las casas de la corrosión. No se añade fluoruro al agua potable.

El Pueblo de Windsor se enorgullece de abastecer agua potable de alta calidad a los residentes y negocios en nuestra comunidad. Como en años previos, y como se muestra en el reporte, las pruebas de laboratorio demuestran que Windsor entrega agua potable que excede los estándares de la Agencia Federal de Protección Ambiental (USEPA) y de la División de Agua Potable de la Junta de Control de los Recursos de Agua Estatal (DDW).

El Pueblo prueba consistentemente la calidad del agua potable para todos los elementos regulados y así cumple todos los reglamentos estatales y federales. Las tablas en este reporte proporcionan los resultados de estas pruebas. El agua potable de Windsor cumple o excede todos los estándares del agua establecidos por la USEPA y la DDW.

El agua del Pueblo proviene de dos fuentes. La mayoría del agua potable de Windsor se bombea de pozos cercanos al Russian River hacia el sistema de distribución de agua. Algún agua también se compra del acueducto de Santa Rosa de la Agencia de Agua del Condado de Sonoma y se combina con el agua de la red

¿Sabía que el Pueblo de Windsor tiene un Programa de Agua Reciclada?

El agua reciclada es agua de desecho que se limpia y trata para remover contaminantes, para su uso seguro en muchas formas. En el riego de parques, campos de golf, algunos prados y cultivos y para recargar los pozos en la planta de energía Geysers. Busque la tubería morada en el pueblo y vea donde usamos agua reciclada. El agua reciclada es una forma importante de reducir el uso de agua potable. ¡Cada gota de agua reciclada que se usa, es una gota de agua potable que se ahorra! Para conocer más acerca del Programa de Agua Reciclada de Windsor, por favor visite: <https://townofwindsor.com/recycledwater>.

Mensaje del Departamento de Obras Públicas>>>

Me complace compartir con ustedes el Informe de Calidad del Agua 2024 del Municipio de Windsor. Asegurar la calidad y seguridad del agua de nuestra comunidad es una de las principales prioridades en Windsor, y me enorgullece informar que nuestro sistema cumple consistentemente con todos los estándares de salud del agua potable de la EPA y del Estado. Nuestro equipo de obras públicas trabaja diligentemente para proporcionarles agua de la más alta calidad. Realizamos pruebas y monitoreo regularmente para asegurar que nuestro agua se mantenga segura y limpia. Para mejorar nuestro suministro de agua, estamos en el proceso de instalar dos nuevos pozos de agua potable, lo que nos ayudará a mantener una fuente de agua confiable para nuestra comunidad al tiempo que mejoramos nuestra resiliencia a la sequía y la preparación para emergencias. Además, estamos enfocados en implementar prácticas que reduzcan nuestro impacto ambiental. Desde la mejora de nuestra infraestructura hasta la adopción de estrategias innovadoras de conservación del agua, estamos avanzando de manera significativa hacia la sostenibilidad.

Te invito a revisar el informe para conocer más sobre la excelente calidad de nuestra agua, nuestras iniciativas en conservación del agua y la gestión de aguas pluviales. Juntos, podemos asegurar un suministro de agua sostenible y limpia para la ciudad de Windsor.

Sinceramente, [Shannon Cotulla](#), Director de Obras Públicas, Pueblo de Windsor



El agua de lluvia que escurre lleva contaminantes en ella conforme fluye de los techos, los jardines, los estacionamientos y las banquetas. Basura, fluidos de autos, desechos de mascotas y otros contaminantes los arrastra el agua de lluvia ***sin tratar*** a nuestros arroyos - los sistemas de drenaje están diseñados para controlar inundaciones, no tratar el agua.

Los contaminantes que entran al drenaje no solo se van directamente a los arroyos, sino también al Russian River y al océano. ¡Estos contaminantes ***dañan a la vida silvestre y a nosotros!***

¡Por favor, ***haga su parte*** para mantener las calles y arroyos de Windsor limpios y saludables!

¡Por favor, reporte los derrames y la tira ilegal de basura de inmediato!

Obras Públicas de Windsor—División de Agua, Ambiente y Sustentabilidad

(707) 838-1006 – 8 a.m. a 5 p.m. Lun. a Vie.

(707) 838-1000 - 24 horas del día

Email: stormwater@townofwindsor.ca.gov

TABLA DE SUBSTANCIAS DETECTADAS PARA 2024

Resultado de las Muestras para Plomo y Cobre: Muestras de Agua de la Llave Colectadas en Toda la Comunidad								
Substan- cia	Año Muestreado	Nivel Detectado Percentil 90°	No. de lugares que exceden AL	Rango de Detecciones	AL	MCLG	Fuente Típica del Contami- nante	¿Violación?
Plomo (ppb)	2022 (33 muestras)	ND	0	<5.0—9.1	15	0.2	Corrosión interna de la tube- ría casera; descargas de in- dustrias ; erosión de depósi- tos naturales	No
Cobre (ppm)	2022 (33 muestras)	0.798	1	<0.05—1.6	1.3	0.3	Corrosión interna de la tube- ría casera; erosión de depó- sitos naturales; goteo de conservadores de madera	No

Regla Primarias (PDWS) y Substancias Reguladas							
Substancia	Año Muestreado	Nivel Promedio Detectado	Rango de Detecciones	MCL	PHG	Fuente Típica del Contaminante	¿Violación?
Bario (ppm)	2024	0.03	<0.10 – 0.13	1	2	Descarga de aceites para perforar y de refinadoras de metales; erosión de depósitos naturales	No
Cromo hexavalente (ppb)	2024	0.41	0.29—0.47	10	0.02	Erosión de depósitos naturales; transformación del cromo trivalente que ocurre de forma natural en cromo hexavalente a través de procesos naturales y actividades humanas, como desechos de fábricas de galvanizado, curtidurías, conservación de madera, síntesis química, producción de refractarios y fábricas de fabricación textil.	No
Total de Trihalometanos (ppb)	2024	17.0	8.83 – 25.2	80	N/A	Desecho del desinfectado del agua potable	No

Lista de Acrónimos y Definiciones	
Metas de Salud Pública (PHG)	Nivel de contaminantes en el agua potable por debajo del cual no hay riesgos conocidos o esperados para la salud. Las PHGs son fijadas por la Agencia de Protección Ambiental de California.
Nivel Máximo del Contaminante (MCL)	Nivel más alto de un contaminante que está permitido en el agua potable. Los MCLs primarios se establecen lo más cercanos a las PHGs (o MCLGs) como sea económica y tecnológicamente posible. Los MCLs secundarios se establecen para proteger el olor, el sabor y la apariencia del agua potable.
Meta del Nivel Máximo del Contaminante (MCLG)	Nivel de un contaminante en el agua potable por debajo del cual no hay riesgos conocidos o esperados para la salud. Los MCLGs son fijados por la Agencia de Protección Ambiental de los EE. UU.
Estándares Primarios para el Agua Potable (PDWS)	MCLs, MRDLs y técnicas de tratamiento (TTs) para contaminantes que afectan la salud, junto con sus requerimientos de monitoreo y reporte.
Estándares Secundarios para el Agua Potable (SDWS)	MCLs para los contaminantes que afectan el sabor, el olor o la apariencia del agua potable. Los contaminantes con SDWS no afectan la salud a los niveles del MCL.
Nivel de Acción Regulatoria (AL)	Concentración de contaminantes a la cual, si se excede, se desencadena el tratamiento u otros requerimientos que un sistema de agua debe de seguir.
Nivel Residual Máximo de Desinfectante (MRDL)	Nivel más alto de desinfectante que se permite en el agua potable. Hay evidencia convincente de que el añadir un desinfectante es necesario para controlar los contaminantes microbianos.
Meta del Nivel Residual Máximo de Desinfectante (MRDLG)	Nivel de desinfectante en el agua potable por debajo del cual no hay riesgos conocidos o esperados para la salud. Las MRDLGs no reflejan los beneficios por el uso de desinfectantes para controlar los contaminantes microbianos.

TABLA DE SUBSTANCIAS DETECTADAS PARA 2024

Regla Secundarias (SDWS) y otras Substancias no Reguladas*						
Substancia	Año Muestreado	Nivel Promedio Detectado	Rango de Detecciones	MCL	Fuente Típica del Contaminante	¿Violación?
Turbiedad (NTU)	2023, 2024	0.32	0.03 – 0.80	5	Escurrimientos del Suelo	No
Dureza (mg/L)	2023, 2024	126	104 – 154	N/A	Cationes naturales presentes en el agua, generalmente magnesio y calcio	No
Sodio (mg/L)	2024	9.4	7.7 - 12	N/A	Se refiere a la sal presente en el agua y generalmente ocurre de manera natural	No
Total de Sólidos Disueltos (ppm)	2024	157	140 – 220	1,000	Escurrimiento/goteo de depósitos naturales	No
Conductividad Específica (µS/cm)	2023, 2024	257	230 - 290	1,600	Substancias que forman iones en el agua, influencia de agua salada	No
Cloruro (ppm)	2023, 2024	6.9	4.6 – 9.3	500	Escurrimiento/goteo de depósitos naturales, influencia agua salada	No
Sulfato (ppm)	2024	15	13 - 20	500	Escurrimiento/goteo de depósitos naturales, desechos industriales	No

*No hay PHGs, MCLGs o términos mandatorios para los efectos en la salud de estos elementos porque los MCLs secundarios se establecen en base a criterios estéticos.

La sección 64450 del Código de Regulaciones de California exige que ciertos sistemas de agua monitoreen contaminantes no regulados. La Regla Federal de Monitoreo No Regulado de Contaminantes (UCMR4) le exigió al Pueblo de Windsor que monitoree estos contaminantes no regulados en 2019. Las muestras fueron recogidas como agua no tratada de la fuente (Agua Pura), Agua Tratada y Agua del Sistema de Distribución. Los resultados de abajo solo son para las substancias que fueron detectadas. Las pruebas de UCMR5 para Windsor están actualmente en curso y se reportarán en el CCR de 2025.

Monitoreo No Regulado de Substancias UCMR4 (2019)		
Substancia Detectada	Resultado Promedio (ppb)	Rango de Resultado (ppb)
Bromuro	42.3	42.3
Acido Bromocloroacético (BCAA)	0.823	0.733 – 0.913
Acido Bromodicloroacético (BDCAA)	0.785	<0.500 – 1.07
Acido Clorodibromoacético (CDBAA)	0.635	0.465 – 0.805
Acido Dibromoacético (DBAA)	0.854	0.608 – 1.10
Acido Dicloroacético (DCAA)	0.587	0.449 – 0.725
Acido Tricloroacético (TCAA)	0.746	<0.500 – 0.991

Lista de Acrónimos y Abreviaciones	
Junta Estatal del Agua	Junta Estatal de Control de los Recursos de Agua
N/A	No aplica
NTU	Unidades Nefelométricas de Turbiedad
ppm	Partes por millón o miligramos por litro (mg/L) Ejemplo: 1 segundo en 11.5 días.
ppb	Partes por mil millones o microgramos por litro (mg/L) Ejemplo: 1 segundo en cerca de 32 años.
µS/cm	Micro ohmios por centímetro

Las tablas anteriores listan todos los contaminantes del agua detectados durante el muestreo más reciente para esos elementos. La presencia de estos contaminantes en el agua no necesariamente indica que el agua constituye un riesgo para la salud. El estado nos permite monitorear algunos contaminantes menos de una vez al año, porque las concentraciones de estos contaminantes no cambian frecuentemente. Algunos de nuestros datos, aunque representativos, tienen más de un año de edad.

Información sobre las Fuentes del Agua

Las fuentes del agua potable (tanto agua de la llave como embotellada) incluyen ríos, lagos, arroyos, presas, manantiales y pozos. Dado que el agua viaja sobre la superficie de la tierra o través del suelo, disuelve minerales que se presentan de manera natural y, en algunos casos, materiales radioactivos y puede recoger sustancias que resultan de la presencia de animales o de la actividad humana.

- ◆ Contaminantes microbianos, como virus y bacterias, que pueden venir de las plantas de tratamiento del agua del drenaje, sistemas sépticos, operaciones agrícolas de ganado y de la vida silvestre.
 - ◆ Contaminantes inorgánicos, como sales y metales, que pueden ser naturales o resultado del agua de lluvia urbana, aguas residuales industriales o domésticas, producción de aceite o gas, minería o granjas.
 - ◆ Pesticidas y herbicidas, que pueden venir de varias fuentes como agricultura, aguas residuales urbanas y usos residenciales.
 - ◆ Contaminantes químicos orgánicos, incluyendo químicos orgánicos sintéticos y volátiles, que son residuos de procesos industriales y producción de petróleo y también pueden venir de gasolineras, aguas de desecho urbanas, aplicaciones agrícolas y sistemas sépticos.
 - ◆ Contaminantes radioactivos, que pueden ser naturales o resultar de la producción de aceite y gas y minería.
- Para asegurar que el agua de la llave es potable, la Agencia de Protección Ambiental de los EE. UU. (USEPA) y la Junta Estatal de Control de los Recursos de Agua (Junta Estatal del Agua) establecen reglamentos que limitan la cantidad de ciertos contaminantes en el agua que proporcionan los sistemas públicos de agua. Los reglamentos de la Administración de Alimentos y Medicamentos de los EE. UU. y las leyes de California también establecen límites para los contaminantes en el agua embotellada, lo que proporciona la misma protección para la salud.
- ◆ El agua potable, incluyendo el agua embotellada, se puede esperar de manera razonable que contenga por lo menos pequeñas cantidades de contaminantes.
 - ◆ La presencia de contaminantes no necesariamente indica que el agua constituye un riesgo para la salud. Se puede obtener mayor información llamando a la Línea de Información del Agua Potable Segura de la USEPA al (1-800-426-4791).

Algunas personas pueden ser más vulnerables a los contaminantes en el agua potable, que la población en general. Las personas con sistemas inmunes comprometidos como aquellas con cáncer y que reciben quimioterapia, las personas que han recibido un transplante de órganos, las personas con VIH/SIDA u otros desordenes del sistema inmunitario y algunos ancianos y niños pueden estar en riesgo de infecciones. Estas personas deben de informarse sobre su agua potable consultando a sus proveedores de cuidados de salud. Los lineamientos de la USEPA/CDCs son adecuados para reducir el riesgo de infección por *Cryptosporidium* y otros microbios y están disponibles en la Línea de Información sobre el Agua Segura en el 1-800-426-4791.

información sobre el plomo >>>

Si hay niveles elevados de plomo, puede causar problemas graves de salud, especialmente para las mujeres embarazadas y los niños pequeños. El plomo en el agua potable proviene principalmente de materiales y componentes asociados con las líneas de servicio y la plomería de las casas. El Municipio de Windsor es responsable de proporcionar agua potable de alta calidad, pero no puede controlar la variedad de materiales utilizados en los componentes de la plomería del hogar. El Municipio completó un inventario de las líneas de servicio de agua en 2024 y no encontró plomo en el sistema. Para obtener más información sobre el inventario de líneas de servicio accesible al público, comuníquese con el Departamento de Obras Públicas al 707-838-1006.

Compartes la responsabilidad de protegerte a ti mismo y a tu familia del plomo en la plomería de tu hogar. Puedes asumir la responsabilidad identificando y eliminando materiales con plomo en la plomería de tu hogar y tomando medidas para reducir el riesgo para tu familia. Antes de beber agua del grifo, enjuaga tus tuberías durante varios minutos abriendo el grifo, lavando ropa o haciendo un lavado de platos. También puede utilizar un filtro certificado por un certificador acreditado por el Instituto Nacional Americano de Estándares para reducir el plomo en el agua potable. Si le preocupa el plomo en su agua y desea hacer que su agua sea analizada, comuníquese con Obras Públicas al 707-838-1006 para obtener información sobre laboratorios que pueden proporcionar esta prueba. La información sobre el plomo en el agua potable, métodos de prueba y pasos que puede tomar para minimizar la exposición está disponible en [Plomo | US EPA](#).

Ahorro de Agua

La Cuenca del Río Ruso ha recibido nuevamente precipitaciones superiores a la media en la última temporada de lluvias y el Lago Sonoma, nuestra principal fuente de almacenamiento de agua, está lleno. **Aunque no necesitamos reducir nuestro uso de agua este verano debido a la sequía, el pueblo sigue apoyando la eficiencia del agua y el paisajismo ecológico.**

Los céspedes son excelentes para el recreo, el tiempo en familia y la refrigeración ambiental. Sin embargo, los céspedes que se utilizan únicamente con fines decorativos pueden ser reemplazados por paisajismo nativo, que proporciona hábitat para nuestras aves, abejas y mariposas nativas. Además de proporcionar hábitat, los jardines de polinizadores usan menos agua que los céspedes o el paisajismo exótico.

Para información acerca de instalar una **Estación de Ruta para la Mariposa Monarca** por favor visite nuestra página aquí: <https://www.townofwindsor.com/1420/Butterfly-Waystations>

Para información acerca de nuestras **Rebajas para el Pasto Artificial y la Remoción del Pasto**, por favor visite nuestra página aquí: <https://www.townofwindsor.com/1417/Water-Efficient-Landscape-Rebate>

Para conocer otros **Programas y Rebajas para el Ahorro de Agua** disponibles en Windsor, por favor visite: <https://www.townofwindsor.com/100/Water-Conservation>

Para descubrir cómo la Infraestructura de Medición Automatizada (AMI) de Windsor puede ayudarte a detectar fugas y mucho más, visita <https://www.townofwindsor.ca.gov/WaterSmart>, o llama al (707)-838-1004.



Foto proporcionada por Sonoma Water

recordatorio sobre el riego de temporada >>>

El verano está aquí y también el clima cálido. Antes de prender su sistema automático de riego, asegúrese de que funciona correctamente y dele mantenimiento regularmente:

- ◆ Reemplace la batería de respaldo en el temporizador y evite que el programa se borre si se va la luz.
- ◆ Asegúrese de que los aspersores solo riegan sus plantas y no la banqueta, accesos o la calle.
- ◆ Ajuste el programa de riego para que refleje los cambios en el clima; se necesita menos agua en la primavera y en el otoño.
- ◆ Busque un profesional certificado QWEL (<https://www.qwel.net/>) para mantener su jardín en buenas condiciones mientras que minimiza el uso de agua.

Recuerde, ¡el ahorro de agua es el estilo de vida en California!

Operaciones de Agua

Un personal de operadores de agua, entrenados y certificados, trabaja duro para asegurar que a los residentes del Pueblo de Windsor se les entregue agua potable segura y confiable. Los operadores de agua son responsables de la operación y el mantenimiento del sistema de distribución de agua del Pueblo incluyendo muestreo semanal, reparación de fugas grandes y pequeñas, pruebas de reflujo y del mantenimiento preventivo a la infraestructura del Pueblo. Otras tareas incluyen:

- ◆ Mantenimiento anual de pozos
- ◆ Pruebas de control de conexiones cruzadas
- ◆ Pruebas de descarga y flujo en los hidrantes (foto de abajo)
- ◆ Respuesta a las emergencias de agua incluyendo tuberías rotas o hidrantes para incendios dañados.



¡Windsor tiene mucha suerte y está agradecido de tener un equipo tan increíble de operadores de agua!

preguntas frecuentes >>>

P: ¿Que son los PFAS?, ¿Me deben preocupar?

R: PFAS es un químico que se encuentra en muchos productos como envoltorios de alimentos, ropa resistente al fuego, utensilios de cocina antiadherentes y cosméticos. Se le ha denominado un "químico permanente" debido a los fuertes enlaces que no se descomponen con tratamientos convencionales y se ha encontrado que algunos tienen efectos adversos para la salud en bajos niveles. La EPA pronto requerirá a los proveedores de agua potable que realicen pruebas de PFAS. La ciudad de Windsor realiza pruebas de PFAS trimestralmente. El Pueblo de Windsor lo hace cada trimestre. Para más información viste: <https://www.townofwindsor.com/PFAS>

P: ¿Que hago si detecto una fuga de agua?

R: El personal del Pueblo trabaja 24/7 para responder a las emergencias. Llame al 707-838-1004 para reportar una fuga. El personal recibirá su llamada durante las horas hábiles. Después de horas hábiles, su llamada se mandará a una contestadora que la notificará al personal de guardia para que atienda el asunto.

información de contacto >>>

Departamento de Obras Públicas:
Lunes a jueves, 7:00 a.m. a 6:00 p.m.

Cerrado viernes y días festivos

707-838-1006

Mike Cave, Director Asistente de Operaciones:
mcave@townofwindsor.ca.gov

Adrienne Cibor, Gerente del Programa Ambiental :
acibor@townofwindsor.ca.gov

Reuniones de Consejo del Pueblo de Windsor:
6:00 p.m. 1er & 3er miércoles
Cámaras del Consejo
9291 Old Redwood Highway, Edif. 300
Windsor CA 95492



Town of Windsor 2024 CCR Mailer – Double Sided English/Spanish



Water Quality Report 2024

To access the 2024 Windsor Water Quality Report
please go to the following website:

<https://www.townofwindsor.ca.gov/2024waterqualityreport>

or scan the QR Code



For a hard copy please contact Adrienne Cibor, Environmental Program Manager at 707-838-1219

Informe de Calidad del Agua 2024

Para leer el 2024 Informe de la calidad del agua de Windsor,
por favor, visite el sitio web:

<https://www.townofwindsor.ca.gov/2024informedecalidaddelagua>

o escanear el código QR



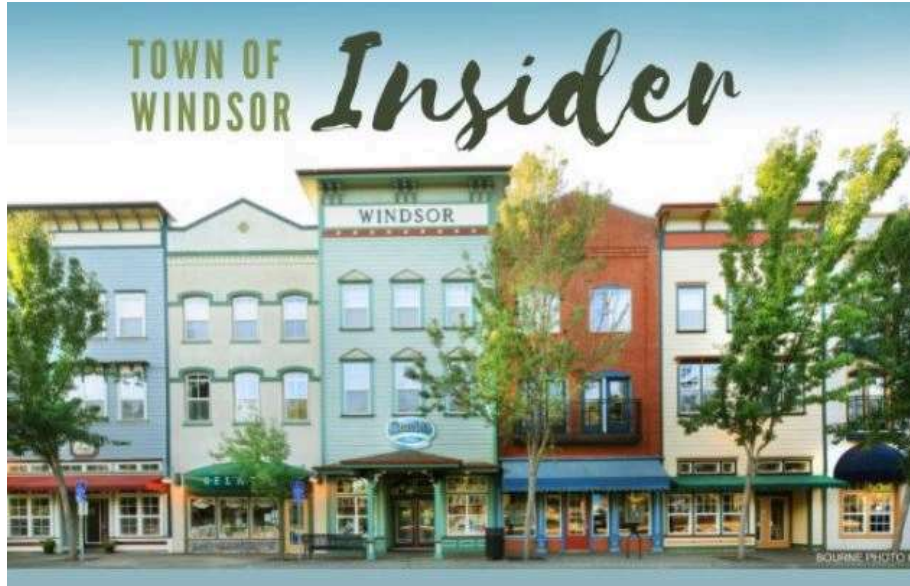
Para obtener una copia impresa, por favor, comuníquese con Adrienne Cibor,
Gerente del Programa Ambiental al 707-838-1219

Town of Windsor Insider Newsletter Edition 93

June 26, 2025

SHARE:

[Join Our Email List](#)



Insider Edition 93 | June 26, 2025

Español



Hello Windsor!

As temperatures rise and vegetation dries out, wildfire risk increases. Here's how to stay safe and ready:

Prepare Your Property

- Clear 30–100 feet of defensible space around your home.
- Trim trees and remove dead vegetation.
- Clean gutters and roofs of debris.
- Store firewood and flammable materials away from structures.

Emergency Kit Checklist

- Water, food (3+ days)
- N95 masks (for smoke), flashlight, batteries
- Medications, first aid kit
- Important documents (in waterproof bag)
- Phone charger, cash, pet supplies

Stay Informed

- Sign up for local alerts (e.g., CodeRED, Nixle).
- Monitor fire conditions via:
 - Cal Fire or SCFD
 - NOAA weather radio
 - Official social media channels

Have a Plan

- Know your evacuation routes.
- Set a meet-up location for family.
- Practice go-bag drills.

In this edition of the Insider:

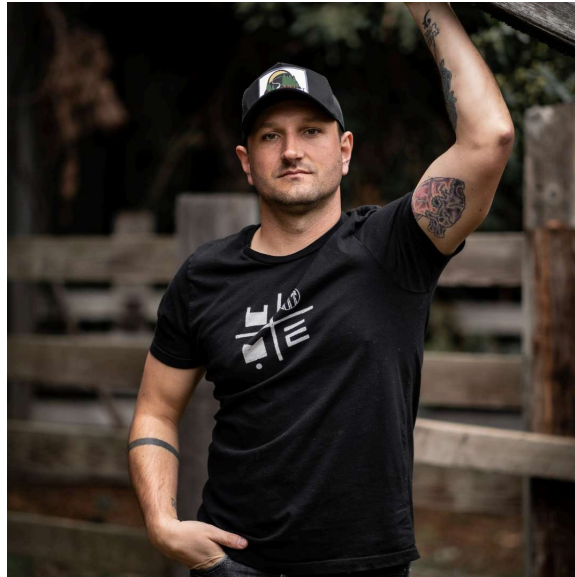
- Summer Nights on the Green – Tonight!
- July 3 - KABOOM Reminders!
- Illegal Fireworks
- 2024 Drinking Water Quality Report
- Downtown Parking - SMART!
- Smart Sprinkler Controller Sale
- Windsor Community Garden Tour & Tool Swap
- Emergency Preparedness & Hazard Mitigation Plan Update
- Town Council Information


JON DAVIS, TOWN MANAGER

SUMMER NIGHTS ON THE GREEN - TONIGHT!

Join us tonight, June 26, for music by Dylan Saylor!

Music starts at 6 PM, with the Farmers Market starting at 5 PM.



Some important items to remember as the concerts go through August 2025.

1. No chairs may be set up before 5 AM on Thursdays
2. No blankets may be set before 4:30 PM.
3. Keep the Concerts GREEN by bringing your own cup and reusable service ware. Pack it in, Pack it out!
4. There are two FREE SHUTTLES to and from the Town Green from Windsor High School and Hiram Lewis Park at Windsor Middle School. Shuttles run 4:30-8:30pm.
5. Free Bicycle Valet at the Town Green. Ride your bike and exchange it for a chair and Bike Bucks to spend in the Farmer's Market!
6. Please remember there is no event parking in the Bell Village Shopping Center.

This is a FREE event. For more information about Summer Nights on the Green, visit <https://www.townofwindsor.ca.gov/.../Summer-Nights-on-the...>

JULY 3 - KABOOM REMINDERS!

Keiser Park will be closed (including the dog park and pump track)

July 2 for event staging and July 3 for Windsor KABOOM!



Important items to consider:

1. There will be NO PARKING on Windsor River Road from Starr to Windsor Road ALL DAY on July 3. Also, that same portion of the road will be closed for the duration of the event (about 4 PM to 11 PM).
2. SMART is running a special late train, leaving at 10:50 PM, to take people home (as far south as Petaluma). www.sonomamarintrain.org/fireworks
3. There will be a free bike valet at the north entrance to the park (bicycles will not be allowed into the park).

For more information about the event and to pre-purchase your tickets, visit www.windsorkaboom.com.

ILLEGAL FIREWORKS



The countdown to the 4th of July is on!

SCFD wants to remind everyone in Windsor to do their part in preventing fires and injuries caused by fireworks. FIREWORKS of ANY KIND, including "Safe & Sane" and sparklers, are ILLEGAL in the Town of Windsor, the Sonoma County Fire District, and all of unincorporated Sonoma County!

Fireworks are dangerous and can trigger stress for Veterans, fire survivors, and pets. We recommend attending one of the spectacular professional shows happening around the county, such as our favorite right here at Keiser Park.

Join us at KABOOM on the 3rd for the SAFE and ENJOYABLE Fourth of July festivities! Leave it to the pros and enjoy the show!

2024 DRINKING WATER QUALITY REPORT

The Town of Windsor takes great pride in providing high-quality drinking water to the residents and businesses in our community. The Town consistently tests drinking water quality to comply with all State and Federal regulations.

For more information and details regarding the report, click on the link [2024 Consumer Confidence Report](#).



WATER QUALITY REPORT 2024

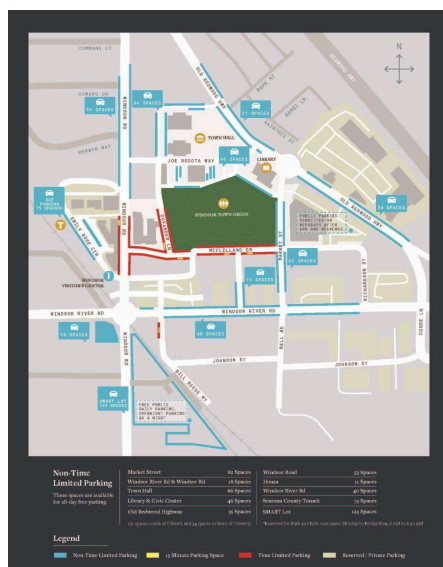
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or scan the QR Code



For a hard copy please contact Adrienne Cibor, Environmental Program Manager at 707-838-1219

DOWNTOWN PARKING - SMART!



Did you know?

More downtown parking is available!

The new
SMART parking lot
is open for
FREE public parking!

Overnight parking is \$5.

For more information, visit the Downtown
Parking Study.

<https://www.townofwindsor.ca.gov/1190/Downtown-Parking-Study>

SMART SPRINKLER CONTROLLER SALE!

July 3-July 10 only!

Windsor water customers can purchase a Rachio smart sprinkler controller for \$62 off, (retail price starts at \$199). Windsor water customers can also receive **an additional \$100 rebate** in the form of a credit on their water bills.



Rachio smart controllers help you:

1. Be more efficient with your outdoor water use
2. Create irrigation schedules tailored to your yard's specific needs
3. Skip watering automatically when rain is in the forecast
4. Monitor and control your irrigation from anywhere

To purchase your discounted Rachio controller click [here](#). To apply for your **additional \$100 rebate**, apply [here](#).

Questions about the sale or the rebate? Contact us at cgoulart@townfowindsor.com or [707-838-5357](tel:707-838-5357).

WINDSOR COMMUNITY GARDEN TOUR & TOOL SWAP



Join us on July 19

Garden tour and tool swap!

10:30 AM to 12 PM

Windsor Community Garden 9291 Old Redwood Highway

At the corner of Joe Rodota Drive and Windsor Road

Bring garden tools and seeds to swap!
Please, no motorized tools.

The tour will start at 11 AM, led by the nonprofit Windsor Garden Club.

For more information visit [HOME | windsorgardenclub](http://HOME.windsorgardenclub)

EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS & HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN UPDATE

**EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS 101 &
WINDSOR'S HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN**

Windsor Senior Recreation Center
Open to All Windsor Residents

**Tuesday
July 1**

1 to 2:30 pm

**Radio Included
while supplies last**



HEAR ABOUT

- Lessons from LA Fires
- Alerts and Evacuation Tips
- Go Bags and Sheltering in Place
- Power Outages
- What you can do
- Hazard Mitigation Plan Update
- And more

Go home with materials to be ready and more confident.

Register at www.bit.ly/PREP-HMP or call Senior Center 707-838-1260. Transistor/NOAA radio to registered participants, one per family, while supplies last.

Free



COPE
— S. SHERMAN COUNTY —
Emergency Response
Preparedness



Town of Windsor

Windsor COPE and Town of Windsor
<https://www.townofwindsor.ca.gov>
Windsor_cope@yahoo.com

Windsor Ready! Talk Series

Windsor Senior Recreation Center

Tuesday, July 1, from 1 to 2:30 PM.

Hear about lessons learned, alerts, evacuation tips, and an update on the Town's Hazard Mitigation Plan, and more!

Register at www.bit.ly/PREP-HMP

or call 707-838-1260.

FREE Transistor/NOAA radio

to registered participants,
one per family, while supplies last.

TOWN COUNCIL INFORMATION



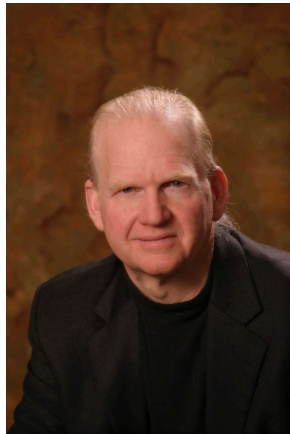
Join us at the Town Council meeting on
Wednesday, June 18, at 6 PM.

The agenda packet is available at
<https://www.townofwindsor.ca.gov/721/Agendas-Minutes-Videos>



For a recap of prior Council meetings

Please visit
<https://www.townofwindsor.ca.gov/1564/Town-Council-Meeting-Recap>



Councilmember Office Hours

Councilmember Sam Salmon,
District 2 will be holding office hours at Town Hall.

Stop by if you have questions, comments, or concerns.

Appointments are preferred.

Please contact Councilmember Salmon at
[707-542-2310](tel:707-542-2310)

or by email at ssalmon@townofwindsor.ca.gov

WINDSOR EVENTS LINKS

Come Join Us!

The Town of Windsor is active with events year-round.
The following Town links will provide you with dates and event details to "mark your calendar".



We look forward to seeing you!
[Major Community Events Calendar](#)
[Special Events](#)
[Windsor Senior Recreation Center](#)
[Windsor Chamber of Commerce Community Calendar](#)

JOIN OUR TEAM



The Town of Windsor is looking for talented people.

For information on open positions, [click here](#) for the full list. If you have questions about working for the Town, please reach out to our Human Resources team at hr@townofwindsor.com.

Join our team! [Go here to apply](#).

UPCOMING TOWN MEETINGS



Here are some public meetings and workshops we would love for you to participate in. For more information on the agenda, view the meeting, or the recording click on the meeting link.

<u>Council Meeting</u> 1st & 3rd Wednesday @ 6PM	<u>Planning Commission</u> 2nd & 4th Tuesday @ 5:30PM	<u>Parks & Recreation</u> <u>Commission</u> 2nd Wednesday @ 6PM
July 16	July 8 & 22	July 9
<u>Public Art Advisory</u> <u>Commission</u> 4th Wednesday @ 5PM	<u>Senior Citizen Advisory</u> <u>Commission</u> 3rd Tuesday (Qtrly) @ 2PM	
July 23	July 15	

As always, if you'd like to get the Insider sent directly to your email inbox, go to our [Notify Me](#) page to sign up. Please [let us know](#) what you think -- we welcome your feedback.

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