

CENTRAL COAST WATER AUTHORITY POLONIO PASS WATER TREATMENT PLANT WATER QUALITY TABLE

COVERING THE REPORTING PERIOD OF JANUARY-DECEMBER 2021

Please see last page for key to abbreviations.

						TREATED	SOURCE	
		State	PHG	State	Range		STATE	
Parameter	Units	MCL	(MCLG)	DLR	Average	CCWA	WATER	Major Sources in Drinking Water

PRIMARY STANDARDS--Mandatory Health-Related Standards

CLARITY (a)

Combined Filter Effluent	NTU	TT=<1 NTU every 4 hours	Range	0.04 - 0.14	NA	Soil rupoff
Turbidity (a)	NIU	TT=95% of samples <0.3 NTU	%	100%	NA	

INORGANIC CHEMICALS

Aluminum r	ma/l	1 (b)	0.6	0.05	Range	ND - 0.086	ND - 0.055	Erosion of natural deposits; residual from some
	iiig/∟				Average	0.061	0.030	surface water treatment processes
Arsenic, Total	ug/L	10	0.004	2	Range	ND	2.4	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards;
		10	0.004		Average	ND	2.4	glass and electronics production wastes
Eluoride	ma/l	2	1	0.1	Range	ND	0.1	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive that
i luonae	iiig/L	2		0.1	Average	ND	0.1	and aluminum factories

RADIONUCLIDES

Gross Beta Particle	nCi/l	50 (a)	(0)	4	Range	ND	7.2	Decay of natural and man made deposits
Gloss Deta Falticle	poi/L	50 (g)	(0)	4	Average	ND	7.2	Decay of hatural and man-made deposits

DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM MONITORING

Total Chlorine Residual	ma/l		MRDLG =	NA	Range	1.37 - 3.58	NA		Drinking water disinfectant added for treatment
	mg/∟	WINDE - 4.0	4.0		Average	2.79	NA		Drinking water disinfectant added for treatment
Total Caliform					Range	0	NA		
Bacteria		(c)	(0)		Average	0	NA		Naturally present in the environment
Baoteria					Highest	0%	NA		
Feed California and					Range	0	NA		
		0	(0)		Average	0	NA		Human and animal fecal waste
					Highest	0%	NA		
Total Tribalamathanaa		80		(0.5)	Range	43 - 58	NA		
(d)	ug/L		NA		Average	51	NA		By-product of drinking water chlorination
(0)					Highest LRAA	52.8	NA		
Haloacetic Acids <i>(d)</i>	ug/L	60	NA	(1) (e)	Range	6.3 - 11	NA		
					Average	9	NA		By-product of drinking water chlorination
					Highest LRAA	13.0	NA		

SECONDARY STANDARDS--Aesthetic Standards

			1	1			1	
Chloride	ma/l	500 (i)	NA	(1)	Range	94 - 147	90 - 137	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater
Ginorido	ing/L	000 ())	10.1	(')	Average	116	112	influence
Color		15 (i)	NΔ	(3)	Range	ND	10	Naturally occuring organic materials
00101	700	10 (j)	IN/A	(3)	Average	ND	10	Naturally occurring organic matchais
Corrosivity	911	non-	NΙΔ	(0.1)	Range	12	12.6	
(Aggresivity Index) (i)	30	corrosive		(0.1)	Average	12	12.6	
luon Total		0.2 (i)	NIA	(0.01)	Range	ND	0.010	Leasting from not welden site, industrial wester
Iron, Total	mg/∟	0.3 (J)	INA	(0.01)	Average	ND	0.010	Leaching from natural deposits; industrial wastes
Magnasium Total	ma/l	NIA	NIA	(0.1)	Range	16	16	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater
magnesium, rotai	mg/∟	NA		(0.1)	Average	16	16	influence
Managana Tatal	ua/l	50 (i)	NΙΔ	(2)	Range	ND	8.3	
Manyanese, Totai	ug/L	50 (J)	INA	(2)	Average	ND	8.3	
Odor Threshold	TON	3 (i)	NΙΔ	(1)	Range	ND - 2	1 - 4	Naturally occuring organic materials
	TON	3())	INA	(1)	Average	1	2	- Naturally occurring organic materials
On a sife. O an dastance		1000 (i)	NIA	NLA	Range	580 - 802	538 - 741	Substances that form ions when in water;
Specific Conductance	uS/cm	1600 (J)	INA	INA	Average	644	591	seawater influence
Sulfate	ma/l	500 (i)	NIA	(0.5)	Range	84	45	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; industrial
Sullate	mg/∟	500 (j)	11/1	(0.5)	Average	84	45	wastes
Total Dissolved Solids	ma/l	1000 (i)	NIA	(10)	Range	360	310	Runoff/leaching from natural densaits
(TDS)	mg/∟	1000 (J)	INA	(10)	Average	360	310	

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Turbidity (Monthly) (a)	NTU	5 (i)	NΙΔ	(0.1)	Range	ND - 0.25	ND - 4.8	Soil rupoff
r di bidity (Montiny) (a)	NIO	5()		(0.1)	Average	0.06	1.24	

ADDITIONAL PARAMETERS (Unregulated)

2-Methylisoborneol	ng/L	NA	NA	(1)	Range	ND - 18	ND - 48	An organic compound mainly produced by blue-
	J.			()	Average	5.9	12.2	green algae (cyanobacteria)
Alkalinity (Total) as	mg/L	NA	NA	(2)	Range	62 - 92 78	70 - 104 00	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater
04003044.14.01.0					Range	61	54	
Anion Sum - Calculated	meq/L	NA	NA	(0.001)	Trange	0.1	5.4	-
					Average	6.1	5.4	
Bicarbonate Alkalinity	ma/l	NA	NA	(2)	Range	96	110	_
as HCO ₃			1.073	(-)	Average	96	110	
Calcium	ma/l	NΛ	NΔ	(1)	Range	24	24	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater
Calcium	ing/∟	NA.		(1)	Average	24	24	influence
Carbanata ao CO		NIA	NIA	(2)	Range	ND	3.6	
Carbonale as CO_3	mg/L	NA	NA	(2)	Average	ND	3.6	
Ostisus Osuma - Oslavdatad		NIA		(0.004)	Range	6.2	5.6	
Cation Sum - Calculated	meq/L	NA	NA	(0.001)	Average	6.2	5.6	
					Range	0.13	0.062	Discharge from electroplating factories, leather
Chromium, Hexavalent u	ua/L	NA	0.02	NA				tanneries, wood preservation, chemical synthesis,
	0				Average	0.13	0.062	refractory production, and textile manufacturing facilities; erosion of natural deposits
Geosmin	ng/l	ΝΔ	NΔ	(1)	Range	ND - 17	ND - 51	An organic compound mainly produced by
Geosiniin	ng/∟	NA.		(1)	Average	3.8	19.0	bacterial growth in surface water
Hardness (Total) as	mg/L	NA	NA	(3)	Range	98 - 162	100 - 166	Leaching from natural deposits
Lacos Hotorotrophia Plata					Average	123	124	
Count (f)	CFU/mL	TT	NA	NA	Average	3	NA	Naturally present in the environment
					Range	0.075	0.69	
Langelier Index @ 25 °C	NONE	NA	NA	(-14)	Average	0.075	0.00	-
					Average	0.075	0.69	
Langelier Index @ 60 °C	NONE	NA	NA	(-14)	Range	0.51	1.1	_
				(,	Average	0.51	1.1	
Magnesium. Total	ma/L	NA	NA	(0.1)	Range	16	16	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater
3 ,	у. Г			(-)	Average	16	16	
рН	SU	NA	NA	(0.1)	Range Average	7.4 - 8.8 8.3	<u> </u>	Runott/leaching from natural deposits; seawater
Potassium	ma/L	NA	NA	(1)	Range	3.6	3.6	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater
				(.)	Average	3.6	3.6	influence
Sodium	mg/L	NA	NA	(1)	Average	83	68	influence
Total Organic Carbon	ma/l	TT	NA	(0.3)	Range	1.1 - 4.1	1.9 - 5.6	Various natural and man made sources
(TOC) <i>(g)</i>		••		(0.0)	Average	2.2	3.7	

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Footnotes:

- (a) Turbidity (NTU) is a measure of the cloudiness of the water and it is a good indicator of the effectiveness of our filtration system. Monthly turbidity values are listed in the Secondary Standards section.
- (b) Aluminum has a Secondary MCL of 0.2 ppm.
- (c) Total coliform MCLs: Systems that collect ≥40 samples/month no more than 5.0% of the monthly samples may be Total Coliform positive. Systems that collect <40 samples per month no more than 1 positive sample per month may be Total Coliform positive. Fecal coliform/E. coli MCLs: The occurrence of 2 consecutive Total Coliform positive samples, one of which contains fecal coliform/E. coli, constitutes an acute MCL violation.

This Water Quality Report reflects changes in drinking water regulatory requirements during 2021. These revisions add the requirements of the federal Revised Total Coliform Rule. The revised rule maintains the purpose to protect public health by ensuring the integrity of the drinking water distribution system and monitoring for the presence of microbials (i.e., total coliform and E. coli bacteria). The U.S. EPA anticipates greater public health protection as the rule requires water systems that are vulnerable to microbial contamination to identify and fix problems. Water systems that exceed a specified frequency of total coliform occurrences are required to conduct an assessment to determine if any sanitary defects exist. If found, these must be corrected by the water system. The state Revised Total Coliform Rule became effective July 1, 2021.

(d) Compliance based on the running quarterly annual average of distribution system samples.(e) Monochloroacetic Acid (MCAA) has a DLR of 2.0 ug/L while the other four Haloacetic Acids

- have DLR's of 1.0 ug/L.
- (f) Pour plate technique
- (g) TOCs are taken at the treatment plant's combined filter effluent.
- (h) State MCL is 45 mg/L as NO₃, which equals 10 mg/L as N.
- (i) Al \geq 12.0 = Non-aggressive water Al (10.0 - 11.9) = Moderately aggressive water Al \leq 10.0 = Highly aggressive water Reference: ANSI/AWWA Standard C400-93 (R98)
- (j) Secondary MCL

Abbreviations

- ACU = Apparent Color Units CCWA = Central Coast Water Authority CFU/ml = Colony Forming Units per milliliter DLR = Detection Level for purposes of Reporting MCL = Maximum Contaminant Level MCLG = Maximum Contaminant Level Goal MRDL = Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level MRDLG = Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal NA = Not Applicable ND = Non-detected above detection limit (DLR) NTU = Nephelometric Turbidity Units pCi/L = PicoCuries per liter PHG = Public Health Goal ppb = parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (μ g/L) ppm = parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L) TON = Threshold Odor Number
- TT = Treatment Technique
- LRAA = Locational Running Annual Average