

# **CITY OF SOLVANG**

# **2022 Consumer Confidence Report**





1644 Oak Street Solvang CA 93463

Every drop counts, please conserve water!

Water System Name:

# Report Date: JUNE 1, 2023

We test the drinking water quality for many constituents as required by state and federal regulations. This report shows the results of our monitoring/or the period of January 1 - December 31, 2022, and may include earlier monitoring data.

# Este informe contiene informacion muy importante sobre su agua potable. Traduzcalo o hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

Type of water source(s) in use: <u>Ground Water (Solvang Wells & ID#! Wells) & Surface Water (CCWA)</u> Name & general location of source(s): Well 3 & 7A River Wells; Well 4, 21, 22 & HCA South Upland Wells; Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, Improvement District No. 1 (ID#l) & Central Coast Water Authority (CCWA) Drinking Water Source Assessment information: <u>Source Assessments for the City's wells were completed September 2002</u>

Time and place of regularly scheduled board meetings for public participation:

**CITY OF SOLVANG** 

Second & Fourth Monday of each Month at 1644 Oak Street, Solvang, CA @ 6:30 P.M.

For more information, contact: \_Mike Mathews\_\_\_\_\_

#### Phone: ( 805 ) 688-5575 Ext. 229

#### **TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT**

**Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL):** The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. Primary MCLs are set as close to the PHGs (or MCLGs) as is economically and technologically feasible. Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs are set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA).

**Public Health Goal (PHG):** The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL): The highest level of a disinfectant allowed .in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG): The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

**Primary Drinking Water Standards (PDWS):** MC Ls and MRDLs for contaminants that affect health along with their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment requirements. **Secondary Drinking Water Standards (SOWS):** MCLs for contaminants that affect taste, odor, or appearance of the drinking water. Contaminants with SDWSs do not affect the health at the MCL levels.

**Treatment Technique (TT):** A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

**Regulatory Action Level (AL):** The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

**Variances and Exemptions:** State Board permission to exceed an MCL or not comply with a treatment technique under certain conditions.

**Level 1** Assessment: A Level **1** assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

**Level 2 Assessment:** A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an *E. coli* MCL violation has occutTed and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

**ND:** not detectable at testing limit

**ppm:** parts per million or milligrams per liter

(mg/L)  $\ensuremath{\text{ppb:}}\xspace$  parts per billion or micrograms per

liter ( $\mu g/L$ ) **ppt:** parts per trillion or nanograms

per liter (ng/L)  $\boldsymbol{ppq:}$  parts per quadrillion or

picogram per liter (pg/L) **pCi/L:** picocuries per liter (a measure of radiation)

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**The sources of drinking water** (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

#### Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- *Microbial contaminants,* such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- *Inorganic contaminants*, such as salts and metals, that can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- *Pesticides and herbicides,* that may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, that are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, agricultural application, and septic systems.
- *Radioactive contaminants,* that can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

**In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink**, the U.S. EPA and the State Water Resources Control Board (State Board) prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. State Board regulations also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that provide the same protection for public health.

Tables 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 list all the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the most recent sampling for the constituent. The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. The State Board allows us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, are more than one year old. Any violation of an AL, MCL, MRDL, or TT is asterisked. Additional information regarding the violation is provided later in this report.

| TABLE 1 - SA                      | TABLE 1 - SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING THE DETECTION OF COLIFORM BACTERIA |                               |  |      |                                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Microbiological<br>Contaminants   | Highest No.<br>of<br>Detections                                       | No. of Months in<br>Violation | MCL  | MCLG | Typical Source of Bacteria           |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Coliform Bacteria           | 0   | 0                             | More than I sample in a month with a detection   | 0    | Naturally present in the environment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fecal Coliform and <i>E. coli</i> | 0   | 0                             | A routine sample and a repeat<br>sample detect total coliform<br>and either sample also detects<br>fecal coliform or£. <i>coli</i> | 0    | Human and animal fecal waste         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| E.coli                            | 0   | 0                             | A routine sample and a repeat<br>sample detect total coliform<br>and either sample also detects<br><i>E.coli</i>                   | 0    | Human and animal fecal waste         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| TABLE 2 - SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING THE DETECTION OF LEAD AND COPPER |                |                                |  |                              |      |         |   |  |  |  |  |
|---|----------------|--------------------------------|--|------------------------------|------|---------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Lead and Copper   | Sample<br>Date | No. of<br>Samples<br>Collected | 90 <sup>1h</sup><br>Percenti<br>le Level<br>Detected | No. Sites<br>Exceeding<br>AL | AL   | PH<br>G | Typical Source of Contaminant   |  |  |  |  |
| Lead (ppb)  | 8/10/20        | 20                             | 0  | 0                            | 15   | 0.2     | Internal corrosion of household water plumbing<br>systems; discharges from industrial<br>manufacturers; erosion of natural deposits |  |  |  |  |
| Copper (ppb)  | 8/10/20        | 20                             | 78   | 0                            | 1300 | 0.3     | Internal corrosion of household plumbing<br>systems: erosion of natural deposits; leaching<br>from wood preservatives               |  |  |  |  |

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|  | TABLE 3 - SAMPLING RESULTS FOR SODIUM AND HARDNESS |                   |                        |      |               |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|-------------------|------------------------|------|---------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Chemical or Constituent<br>(and recortin2 units) | Sample<br>Date                                     | Level<br>Detected | Range of<br>Detections | MCL  | PHG<br>(MCLG) | Typical Source of Contaminant   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sodium (ppm)                                     | 2020-2022  | 63                | 56-72                  | none | none          | Salt present in the water and is 2eneralIv naturally occurring  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hardness (ppm)                                   | 2020-2022  | 593               | 433-718                | none | none          | Sum of polyvalent cations present<br>in the water, generally magnesium<br>and calcium, and are usually<br>naturally occurrin2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| TABLE4-DETEC                                     | CTION OF C     | ONTAMINAN         | TS WITH A PR           | IMARY DI      | RINKING W                | ATER STANDARD  |
|--|----------------|-------------------|------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--|
| Chemical or Constituent<br>(and reporting units) | Sample<br>Date | Level<br>Detected | Range of<br>Detections | MCL<br>(MRDL) | PHG<br>(MCLG)<br>(MRDLG) | Typical Source of Contaminant  |
| Fluoride (ppm)                                   | 2020-<br>2022  | 0.22              | <0.1-0.3               | 2             | .1                       | Erosion of Natural deposits; water<br>additive which promotes strong<br>teeth                              |
| Arsenic (ppb)                                    | 2020-<br>2022  | 3.6               | 2-5                    | 10            | 0.004                    | Erosion of natural deposits; orchard<br>runoff, from glass/electronics<br>production wastes                |
| Nitrate (as N) (ppm)                             | 2022-          | 1.97              | <0.4-4.4               | 10            | 10                       | Runoff & leaching from fertilizer<br>use; sewage: erosion of natural<br>deposits                           |
| Chlorine (ppm)                                   | 2022           | 1.99              | 1.42-2.48              | 4.0           | 4.0                      | Drinking water disinfectant added for treatment  |
| Tetrachloroethylene<br>(PCE) (ppb)               | 2016-<br>2022  | .4                | ND-0.9                 | 5             | N/A                      | Leaching from PVC pipes:<br>discharge from factories, dry<br>cleaners and auto shops (metal<br>de2reasers) |
| Gross Alpha Activity<br>(pCi/L)                  | 2018-<br>2021  | 7.05              | 1.3-12.9               | 15            | N/A                      | Erosion of natural deposits  |
| Uranium (pCi/L)                                  | 2016-<br>2021  | 7.72              | 3.11-11.1              | 20            | .5                       | Erosion of natural deposits  |
| Total Trihalomethane<br>(TTHM) (ppb)             | 2022           | 41.6              | 16-76                  | 80            | N/A                      | Byproduct of drinking water chlorination   |
| Haloacetic Acid<br>(HA AS)(ppb)                  | 2022           | 18.3              | 2-38                   | 60            | N/A                      | Byproduct of drinking water chlorination   |
| Selenium (ppb)                                   | 2020-<br>2022  | 12.75             | 10-15                  | 50            | N/A                      | Erosion of natural deposits;<br>discharge chemical manufacturers<br>and runoff from livestock lot.         |

| TABLE 5 - DETEC                                  | TABLE 5 - DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A SECONDARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD |                   |                        |     |               |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|-------------------|------------------------|-----|---------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Chemical or Constituent<br>(and reporting units) | Sample<br>Date   | Level<br>Detected | Range of<br>Detections | MCL | PHG<br>(MCLG) | Typical Source of Contaminant                             |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Color (ACU)                                      | 2020-<br>2022  | 7.5               | 5-10                   | 15  | N/A           | Natural-occuring organic materials                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chloride (ppm)                                   | 2020-<br>2022  | 86.2              | 51-111                 | 250 | N/A           | Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater influence |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Iron (ppm)                                       | 2020-<br>2022  | 155               | 140-170                | 300 | N/A           | Leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manganese (ppm)                                  | 2019-<br>2022  | 20                | ND-20                  | 50  | N/A           | Leaching from natural deposits                            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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| Odor (units)                       | 2020-<br>2022 | 2    | 0-2      | 3    | N/A | Natural occurring materials                                 |
|------------------------------------|---------------|------|----------|------|-----|---|
| Specific conductance<br>(Umhos/cm) | 2020-<br>2022 | 1272 | 792-1600 | 1600 | N/A | Substance that forms ions when in water; seawater influence |
| Sulfate (ppm)                      | 2020-<br>2022 | 244  | 145-331  | 500  | N/A | Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; industrial wastes    |
| Total Dissolved Solids<br>(ppm)    | 2020-<br>2022 | 907  | 710-1050 | 1000 | N/A | Runoff/leaching from natural deposits                       |
| Turbidity (NTU)                    | 2020-<br>2022 | 2.3  | .4-5.8   | 5    | N/A | Soil erosion/runoff   |
| Zinc (ppm)                         | 2020-<br>2022 | 100  | ND-120   | N/A  | N/A | Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; industrial wastes    |

|  | TABLE 6-DETECTJON OF UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS |                   |                     |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|---|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Chemical or Constituent<br>(and reporting units) | Sample<br>Date                                | Level<br>Detected | Range of Detections | Notification Level | Health Effects Language  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boron (ppb)                                      | 2020-<br>2022                                 | 250               | 200-300             | 1000 ppb           | Some men who drink water<br>containing boron in excess of the<br>action level over many years may<br>experience reproductive effects<br>based on studies in dogs.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Vanadium (ppb)                                   | 2020-<br>2022                                 | 7.25              | 5-9                 | 50 ppb             | The babies of some pregnant<br>women who drink water containing<br>vanadium in excess of the action<br>level may have an increased risk of<br>developmental effects. based on<br>studies in laboratory animals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

#### **Additional General Information on Drinking Water**

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the U.S. EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. U.S. EPNCenters for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Lead-Specific Language for Community Water Systems: If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The City of Solvang is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. [Optional: If you do so, you may wish to collect the flushed water and reuse it for another beneficial purpose, such as watering plants.] If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791) or at <a href="https://www.epa.gov/lead">https://www.epa.gov/lead</a>



#### CENTRAL COAST WATER AUTHORITY POLONIO PASS WATER TREATMENT PLANT WATER QUALITY TABLE COVERING THE REPORTING PERIOD OF JANUARY-DECEMBER 2022

Please see last page for key to abbreviations.

|           |       |       |        |       |         | TREATED | SOURCE |                                 |
|-----------|-------|-------|--------|-------|---------|---------|--------|---------------------------------|
|           |       | State | PHG    | State | Range   |         | STATE  |                                 |
| Parameter | Units | MCL   | (MCLG) | DLR   | Average | CCWA    | WATER  | Major Sources in Drinking Water |

#### PRIMARY STANDARDS--Mandatory Health-Related Standards

#### CLARITY (a)

| Combined Filter Effluent | ΝΤΠ | TT=<1 NTU every 4 hours    | Range | 0.05 - 0.15 | NA | Soil rupoff |
|--------------------------|-----|----------------------------|-------|-------------|----|-------------|
| Turbidity (a)            | NIU | TT=95% of samples <0.3 NTU | %     | 100%        | NA |             |

#### INORGANIC CHEMICALS

| Aluminum mg/L       | ma/l | g/L 1 (b) | 0.6   | 0.05  | Range   | ND - 0.11 | ND - 0.054   | Erosion of natural deposits; residual from some  |
|---------------------|------|-----------|-------|-------|---------|-----------|--|--|
|                     | mg/∟ |           |       |       | Average | 0.054     | 0.040  | surface water treatment processes                |
| Arsenic, Total ug/L | 10   | 0.004     | 2     | Range | ND      | 2.6       | Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; |  |
|                     | ug/L | 10        | 0.004 | 2     | Average | ND        | 2.6  | lass and electronics production wastes           |
| Fluoride            | mg/L | 2         | 1     | 0.1   | Range   | ND        | 0.11   | Erosion of natural deposits; water additive that |
|                     |      |           |       |       | Average | ND        | 0.11   | and aluminum factories                           |

#### RADIONUCLIDES

| Gross Alpha Particle p0 | nCi/l | 15 | (0)  | 3 | Range   | 4.9 | ND - 22 | Fresion of natural denosits |
|-------------------------|-------|----|------|---|---------|-----|---------|-----------------------------|
|                         | poi/L | 15 |      |   | Average | 4.9 | 12.5    |                             |
| Uranium                 | nCi/l | 20 | 0.43 | 1 | Range   | ND  | 1.9     | Fresion of natural deposits |
|                         | poi/L | 20 |      |   | Average | ND  | 1.9     |                             |

#### DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM MONITORING

| Total Chlorine Residual  | ma/l   |     | MRDLG = | ΝΔ      | Range        | 0.21 - 3.7 | NA | Drinking water disinfectant added for treatment |
|--------------------------|--------|-----|---------|---------|--------------|------------|----|---|
| Total Chionne Residual   | IIIg/L |     | 4.0     |         | Average      | 2.80       | NA |   |
| Tatal Oalifama           |        |     |         |         | Range        | 0          | NA |   |
| Racteria                 |        | (c) | (0)     |         | Average      | 0          | NA | Naturally present in the environment            |
| Daciena                  |        |     |         |         | Highest      | 0%         | NA |   |
|                          |        |     |         |         | Range        | 0          | NA |   |
| E.coli (c)               |        | 0   | (0)     |         | Average      | 0          | NA | Human and animal fecal waste                    |
|                          |        |     |         |         | Highest      | 0%         | NA |   |
| Total Tribalans athon as |        |     |         | (0.5)   | Range        | 43 - 69    | NA |   |
| (d)                      | ug/L   | 80  | NA      |         | Average      | 52         | NA | By-product of drinking water chlorination       |
| (u)                      |        |     |         |         | Highest LRAA | 54.3       | NA |   |
| Haloacetic Acids (d)     |        | 60  |         | (1) (e) | Range        | 8.6 - 19.7 | NA |   |
|                          | ug/L   |     | NA      |         | Average      | 14         | NA | By-product of drinking water chlorination       |
|                          |        |     |         |         | Highest LRAA | 15.2       | NA |   |

#### SECONDARY STANDARDS--Aesthetic Standards

| Chloride                | ma/l  | 500 (i)   | ΝΔ  | (1)    | Range   | 74 - 145  | 68 - 133  | Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater   |
|-------------------------|-------|-----------|-----|--------|---------|-----------|-----------|---|
| onionae                 | mg/∟  | 500 (j)   |     | (1)    | Average | 104       | 100       | influence   |
| Color                   |       | 15 (j)    | NIA | (3)    | Range   | ND        | 15        | Naturally accuring organic materials              |
|                         | ACU   |           | NA  |        | Average | ND        | 15        |   |
| Corrosivity             | 811   | non-      | NIA | (0.1)  | Range   | 12.2      | 12.6      |   |
| (Aggresivity Index) (i) | 30    | corrosive | INA | (0.1)  | Average | 12.2      | 12.6      |   |
| Iron, Total             | ma/l  | 0.3 (j)   | NΛ  | (0.01) | Range   | ND        | 0.078     | Leaching from natural deposits; industrial wastes |
|                         | mg/∟  |           |     |        | Average | ND        | 0.078     |   |
| Magnasium, Tatal        | ma/l  | NA        | NA  | (0.1)  | Range   | 17        | 18        | Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater   |
| Magnesium, rotai        | mg/∟  |           |     |        | Average | 17        | 18        | influence   |
| Manganaga Tatal         | ug/l  | 50 (i)    | NIA | (0)    | Range   | ND        | 26        |   |
| Manganese, Total        | ug/L  | 50 (J)    | INA | (2)    | Average | ND        | 26        |   |
| Odor Throshold          | TON   | 3 (j)     | NIA | (1)    | Range   | ND        | 2         | Naturally occuring organic materials              |
|                         | TON   |           | NA  |        | Average | ND        | 2         |   |
| Specific Conductance    | uS/cm | 1600 (j)  | NA  | NA     | Range   | 585 - 937 | 481 - 835 | Substances that form ions when in water;          |
|                         | u3/cm |           |     |        | Average | 701       | 623       | seawater influence                                |
| Sulfate                 | ma/l  | 500 (i)   | NΔ  | (0.5)  | Range   | 96        | 64        | Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; industrial |
| ounate                  | mg/L  | 500 (J)   |     | (0.3)  | Average | 96        | 64        | wastes  |

| Total Dissolved           | ma/l | 1000 (i) | NΙΔ | (10)  | Range   | 380       | 340      | Runoff/leaching from natural denosits  |
|---------------------------|------|----------|-----|-------|---------|-----------|----------|--|
| Solids (TDS)              | mg/∟ | 1000 (j) |     | (10)  | Average | 380       | 340      | I tanon neaching norm natural deposits |
| Turbidity (Monthly) (a)   | NTU  | 5 (i)    | ΝΔ  | (0.1) | Range   | ND - 0.25 | ND - 4.8 | Soil rupoff                            |
| Turbidity (Montility) (a) | NIU  | 5()      |     | (0.1) | Average | 0.06      | 1.24     |  |

## ADDITIONAL PARAMETERS (Unregulated)

| 2 Mothuliaghornool      | ng/      | NIA  | NIA   | (1)     | Range   | ND - 32   | ND - 56    | An organic compound mainly produced by blue-   |
|-------------------------|----------|------|-------|---------|---------|-----------|------------|--|
| 2-ivietnyiisoporneoi    | ng/∟     | NA   | NA    | (1)     | Average | 7.7       | 12.4       | green algae (cyanobacteria)  |
| Alkalinity (Total) as   |          | NIA  | NIA   | (2)     | Range   | 68 - 102  | 78 - 108   | Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater  |
| CaCO3 equivalents       | mg/∟     | NA   | NA NA | (2)     | Average | 80        | 91         | influence  |
| Anion Sum - Calculated  |          | NA   | NA    | (0.004) | Range   | 6.4       | 5.9        |  |
|                         | meq/L    |      |       | (0.001) | Average | 6.4       | 5.9        | -  |
| Bicarbonate Alkalinity  | ma/l     | NΔ   | NA    | (2)     | Range   | 110       | 120        |  |
| as HCO3                 | iiig/L   | 11/5 |       | (2)     | Average | 110       | 120        |  |
| Calaium                 | ma/l     | NIA  | NIA   |         | Range   | 29        | 30         | Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater  |
| Calcium                 | mg/∟     | NA   | NA    | (1)     | Average | 29        | 30         | influence  |
| Carbonate as CO3        | ma/l     | NA   | NA    | (2)     | Range   | ND        | 3.1        |  |
|                         | mg/L     |      |       | (-)     | Average | ND        | 3.1        |  |
| Cation Sum - Calculated | meg/l    | NA   | NA    | (0.001) | Range   | 6.2       | 6          | _  |
| outon outoutatou        |          |      |       | (0.001) | Average | 6.2       | 6.0        |  |
| Chromium, Hexavalent uç | ua/l     | NA   | 0.02  | NA      | Range   | 0.067     | 0.049      | Discharge from electroplating factories, leather<br>tanneries, wood preservation, chemical synthesis,<br>refractory production, and textile manufacturing<br>facilities; erosion of natural deposits |
|                         | ug/L     | NA   |       |         | Average | 0.067     | 0.049      |  |
| O                       |          | NΙΔ  | NA    | (1)     | Range   | ND - 2    | ND - 7     | An organic compound mainly produced by   |
| Geosmin                 | ng/L     | NA   |       |         | Average | 0.3       | 2.4        | bacterial growth in surface water  |
| Hardness (Total) as     | ma/l     | ΝΔ   | NIA   | (2)     | Range   | 104 - 158 | 104 - 166  | l eaching from natural deposits  |
| CaCO3                   | mg/∟     | NA.  | IN/A  | (3)     | Average | 127       | 127        | Leaching from hatural deposits   |
| Heterotrophic Plate     | CELI/ml  | тт   | NΔ    | NΔ      | Range   | 0 - 98    | NA         | HPC measures a range of bacteria that are natura   |
| Count (f)               | OF O/ITE |      | 10/1  | 147.1   | Average | 2         | NA         | The official and the second that are nature  |
| Langelier Index @ 25 °C | NONE     | NA   | NA    | (-14)   | Range   | 0.27      | 0.75       | _  |
|                         |          |      |       | ( )     | Average | 0.27      | 0.75       |  |
| Langelier Index @ 60 °C | NONE     | NA   | NA    | (-14)   | Range   | 0.72      | 1.2        | -  |
|                         |          |      |       |         | Range   | 17        | 1.2        | Runoff/leaching from natural deposits: seawater  |
| Magnesium, Total        | mg/L     | NA   | NA    | (0.1)   | Average | 17        | 18         | influence  |
| nН                      | 511      | NΔ   | ΝΔ    | (0.1)   | Range   | 7.2 - 8.9 | 7.5 - 9.25 | Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater  |
| рп                      | 30       | INA  | 117   | (0.1)   | Average | 8.4       | 8.6        | influence  |
| Potassium               | mg/L     | NA   | NA    | (1)     | Range   | 3.6       | 3.8        | Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater  |
|                         | Ű        |      |       | . ,     | Average | 3.6       | 3.8        | Influence<br>Runoff/leaching from natural deposite: seawater   |
| Sodium                  | mg/L     | NA   | NA    | (1)     | Average | 76        | 67         | influence  |
| Total Organic Carbon    |          |      |       |         | Range   | 1.9 - 4.5 | 3.9 - 6    |  |
| (TOC) (g)               | mg/L     | TT   | NA    | (0.3)   | Average | 2.9       | 4.7        | Various natural and man made sources   |

#### ABBREVIATIONS AND NOTES

#### Footnotes:

- (a) Turbidity (NTU) is a measure of the cloudiness of the water and it is a good indicator of the effectiveness of our filtration system. Monthly turbidity values are listed in the Secondary Standards section.
- (b) Aluminum has a Secondary MCL of 0.2 ppm.
- (c) Level 1 treatment technique triggers: Systems that collect ≥40 samples/month, no more than 5.0% of the monthly samples may be Total Coliform positive. Systems that collect <40 samples per month, no more than one positive sample per month may be Total Coliform positive

Level 2 treatment technique triggers: System has an E. coli MCL violation, has a second Level 1 treatment technique trigger within a rolling 12-month period, or the system with reduced annual monitoring has a Level 1 treatment technique trigger in two consecutive vears

E. coli MCLs: The occurrence of 2 consecutive Total Coliform positive samples, one of which contains E. coli, constitutes an acute MCL violation.

- (d) Compliance based on the running quarterly annual average of distribution system samples. (e) Monochloroacetic Acid (MCAA) has a DLR of 2.0 ug/L while the other four Haloacetic Acids have DLR's of 1.0 ug/L.
- (f) Pour plate technique
- (g) TOCs are taken at the treatment plant's combined filter effluent.
- (h) State MCL is 45 mg/L as NO3, which equals 10 mg/L as N.
- (i) Al <sup>3</sup> 12.0 = Non-aggressive water AI (10.0 - 11.9) = Moderately aggressive water AI £ 10.0 = Highly aggressive water Reference: ANSI/AWWA Standard C400-93 (R98)
- (i) Secondary MCL

#### Abbreviations

ACU = Apparent Color Units CCWA = Central Coast Water Authority CFU/ml = Colony Forming Units per milliliter DLR = Detection Level for purposes of Reporting MCL = Maximum Contaminant Level MCLG = Maximum Contaminant Level Goal MRDL = Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level MRDLG = Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal NA = Not Applicable ND = Non-detected above detection limit (DLR) NTU = Nephelometric Turbidity Units pCi/L = PicoCuries per liter

PHG = Public Health Goal

ppb = parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (µg/L)

- ppm = parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)
- TON = Threshold Odor Number
- TT = Treatment Technique
- LRAA = Locational Running Annual Average

#### 2022 Annual Water Quality Report - Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, ID No.1

| Drinking W   |   |   |  |  |   |   | g Water Source  |   |  |
|--|---|---|--|--|---|---|---|---|--|
|  | 1   | State   | PHG  | State  | Range   | State   | Ground  |   |  |
| Parameter  | Units   | MCL   | (MCLG)   | DLR  | Average   | Water   | Water   | Major Sources in Drinking Water   |  |
| PRIMARY STANDAR  | DSMa  | ndatory He  | alth-Relat   | ted Star   | ndards  |   |   |   |  |
|  |   |   |  |  |   |   |   |   |  |
|  | 1   | TT  |  |  |   |   |   |   |  |
| Combined Filter  | NTU   | =<1 N   | IIU every 4  | hours  | Range   | 0.05 - 0.15   | NA  | Soil runoff   |  |
| Effluent Turbidity <sup>a</sup>  |   | 11=95% o  | t samples <0   | ).3 NTU  | %   | 100%  | NA  |   |  |
| INORGANIC CHEMICALS  |   |   |  |  |   |   |   |   |  |
| Aluminum   | nnh   | 1000  | 600  | 50   | Range   | ND - 110  | ND  | Residue from water treatment process;   |  |
| Aluminum   | ppp   | 1000  | 000  | 50   | Average   | 54  | ND  | erosion of natural deposits   |  |
| Arsenic  | ppb   | 10  | 0.004  | 2  | Range   | ND  | ND - 2.6  | Erosion of natural deposits; orchard runoff; from   |  |
|  |   |   |  |  | Average   |   | 0.4   | glass/electronics production wastes   |  |
| Barium   | ppm   | 1   | 2  | 0.1  | Average   | ND  | ND  | metal refineries: erosion of natural deposits   |  |
| Chromium (Total)   | nnh   | 50  | (100)  | 10   | Range   | ND  | ND - 20   | Erosion of natural deposits; steel,   |  |
| Chioman (Total)  | ppp   | 50  | (100)  | 10   | Average   | ND  | 3.2   | pulp mills, and chrome plating wastes   |  |
| Fluoride   | ppm   | 2   | 1  | 0.1  | Range   | ND  | ND - 0.33   | Erosion of natural deposits;  |  |
|  |   |   |  |  | Average   |   | 0.2   | Water additive for tooth health   |  |
| Nickel   | ppb   | 100   | 12   | 10   | Average   | ND  | 1.2   | metal factories   |  |
| Nitrata (ao Nitragon)  | nnm   | 10  | 10   | 0.4  | Range   | ND  | ND - 6.0  | Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from  |  |
| Nillale (as Nillogen)  | ppm   | 10  | 10   | 0.4  | Average   | ND  | 0.9   | septic tanks and sewage; erosion of natural deposits  |  |
| Selenium   | ppb   | 50  | 30   | 5  | Range   | ND  | ND - 7.1  | Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from  |  |
|  |   |   |  |  | Average   | ND  | 1.0   | septic tarks and sewage, crosion of natural deposits  |  |
| RADIONUCLIDES  |   |   |  |  |   |   |   |   |  |
| Gross Alpha <sup>b</sup>   | pCi/L   | 15  | NA   | 3  | Range   | 4.9   | ND - 7.2  | Erosion of natural deposits   |  |
|  |   | -   |  | _  | Average   | 4.9   | 2.7   | '   |  |
| Uranium <sup>c</sup>   | pCi/L   | 20  | 0.5  | 1  | Range   | ND  | 2.1 - 5.6   | Erosion of natural deposits   |  |
| -  |   |   |  |  | Average   | ND  | 3.8   |   |  |
| SECONDARY STAN   | DARDS-  | -Aesthetic  | Standard   | S  |   |   |   |   |  |
| Aluminum   | nnh   | 200   | NIA  | 50   | Range   | ND - 110  | ND  | Residue from water treatment process;   |  |
| Aluminum   | php   | 200   | IN/A   | 50   | Average   | 54  | ND  | Erosion of natural deposits   |  |
| Chloride   | ppm   | 500   | NA   |  | Range   | 74 - 145  | 26 - 61   | Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;  |  |
|  |   |   |  |  | Average   | 104<br>ND   | 36<br>ND - 3  | seawater Influence  |  |
| Color  | ACU   | 15  | NA   |  | Average   | ND  | 0.5   | Naturally-occurring organic materials   |  |
| Corrosivity  |   |   |  |  |   |   |   |   |  |
| (Aggresive Index) <sup>d</sup>   |   | non-  | NIA  |  | Range   | 12.2  | 11.8 - 12.7   | Balance of hydrogen, carbon, & oxygen in  |  |
| · · · · ·  | none  | non-<br>corrosive   | NA   |  | Range<br>Average  | 12.2<br>12.2  | 11.8 - 12.7<br>12.2   | Balance of hydrogen, carbon, & oxygen in<br>water, affected by temperature & other factors  |  |
| Iron   | none  | non-<br>corrosive<br>300  | NA   |  | Range<br>Average<br>Range   | 12.2<br>12.2<br>ND  | 11.8 - 12.7<br>12.2<br>ND - 190   | Balance of hydrogen, carbon, & oxygen in<br>water, affected by temperature & other factors<br>Leaching from natural deposits;   |  |
| Iron   | none<br>ppb   | non-<br>corrosive<br>300  | NA<br>NA   | <br>100  | Range<br>Average<br>Range<br>Average  | 12.2<br>12.2<br>ND<br>ND  | 11.8 - 12.7<br>12.2<br>ND - 190<br>14.0   | Balance of hydrogen, carbon, & oxygen in<br>water, affected by temperature & other factors<br>Leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes  |  |
| Iron<br>Odor Threshold   | none<br>ppb<br>TON  | non-<br>corrosive<br>300<br>3   | NA<br>NA<br>NA   | <br>100<br>1                                     | Range<br>Average<br>Range<br>Average  | 12.2<br>12.2<br>ND<br>ND<br>ND  | 11.8 - 12.7<br>12.2<br>ND - 190<br>14.0<br>1 - 2  | Balance of hydrogen, carbon, & oxygen in<br>water, affected by temperature & other factors<br>Leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes<br>Naturally-occurring organic materials   |  |
| Iron<br>Odor Threshold   | none<br>ppb<br>TON  | non-<br>corrosive<br>300<br>3   | NA<br>NA<br>NA   | <br>100<br>1                                     | Range<br>Average<br>Range<br>Average<br>Average<br>Range  | 12.2<br>12.2<br>ND<br>ND<br>ND<br>ND<br>585 - 937   | 11.8 - 12.7<br>12.2<br>ND - 190<br>14.0<br>1 - 2<br>1<br>790 - 1100   | Balance of hydrogen, carbon, & oxygen in<br>water, affected by temperature & other factors<br>Leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes<br>Naturally-occurring organic materials<br>Substances that form ions  |  |
| Iron<br>Odor Threshold<br>Specific<br>Conductance  | none<br>ppb<br>TON<br>µmho/<br>cm   | non-<br>corrosive<br>300<br>3<br>1600   | NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA   | <br>100<br>1<br>                                 | Range<br>Average<br>Average<br>Range<br>Average<br>Range<br>Average   | 12.2<br>12.2<br>ND<br>ND<br>ND<br>585 - 937<br>701  | 11.8 - 12.7<br>12.2<br>ND - 190<br>14.0<br>1 - 2<br>1<br>790 - 1100<br>926  | Balance of hydrogen, carbon, & oxygen in<br>water, affected by temperature & other factors<br>Leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes<br>Naturally-occurring organic materials<br>Substances that form ions<br>when in water; seawater influence   |  |
| Iron<br>Odor Threshold<br>Specific<br>Conductance  | none<br>ppb<br>TON<br>µmho/<br>cm   | non-<br>corrosive<br>300<br>3<br>1600<br>500  | NA<br>NA<br>NA   | <br>100<br>1<br>                                 | RangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRange  | 12.2<br>12.2<br>ND<br>ND<br>S85 - 937<br>701<br>96  | 11.8 - 12.7<br>12.2<br>ND - 190<br>14.0<br>1 - 2<br>1<br>790 - 1100<br>926<br>69 - 270  | Balance of hydrogen, carbon, & oxygen in<br>water, affected by temperature & other factors<br>Leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes<br>Naturally-occurring organic materials<br>Substances that form ions<br>when in water; seawater influence<br>Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;   |  |
| Iron<br>Odor Threshold<br>Specific<br>Conductance<br>Sulfate   | none<br>ppb<br>TON<br>µmho/<br>cm<br>ppm  | non-<br>corrosive<br>300<br>3<br>1600<br>500  | NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA   | <br>100<br>1<br><br>0.5                          | RangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverage  | 12.2<br>12.2<br>ND<br>ND<br>S85 - 937<br>701<br>96<br>96  | 11.8 - 12.7<br>12.2<br>ND - 190<br>14.0<br>1 - 2<br>1<br>790 - 1100<br>926<br>69 - 270<br>169   | Balance of hydrogen, carbon, & oxygen in<br>water, affected by temperature & other factors<br>Leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes<br>Naturally-occurring organic materials<br>Substances that form ions<br>when in water; seawater influence<br>Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes  |  |
| Iron<br>Odor Threshold<br>Specific<br>Conductance<br>Sulfate<br>Total Dissolved  | none<br>ppb<br>TON<br>µmho/<br>cm<br>ppm<br>ppm   | non-<br>corrosive<br>300<br>3<br>1600<br>500<br>1000  | NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA   | <br>100<br>1<br><br>0.5                          | Range<br>Average<br>Average<br>Range<br>Average<br>Average<br>Range<br>Average<br>Range   | 12.2<br>12.2<br>ND<br>ND<br>ND<br>585 - 937<br>701<br>96<br>96<br>380<br>200  | 11.8 - 12.7<br>12.2<br>ND - 190<br>14.0<br>1 - 2<br>1<br>790 - 1100<br>926<br>69 - 270<br>169<br>450 - 730  | Balance of hydrogen, carbon, & oxygen in<br>water, affected by temperature & other factors<br>Leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes<br>Naturally-occurring organic materials<br>Substances that form ions<br>when in water; seawater influence<br>Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes<br>Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;  |  |
| Iron<br>Odor Threshold<br>Specific<br>Conductance<br>Sulfate<br>Total Dissolved<br>Solids (TDS)  | none<br>ppb<br>TON<br>µmho/<br>cm<br>ppm<br>ppm   | non-<br>corrosive<br>300<br>3<br>1600<br>500<br>1000  | NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA   | <br>100<br>1<br><br>0.5<br>                      | RangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverage  | 12.2<br>12.2<br>ND<br>ND<br>585 - 937<br>701<br>96<br>96<br>380<br>380<br>380   | 11.8 - 12.7<br>12.2<br>ND - 190<br>14.0<br>1 - 2<br>1<br>790 - 1100<br>926<br>69 - 270<br>169<br>450 - 730<br>581<br>0 20 - 160   | Balance of hydrogen, carbon, & oxygen in<br>water, affected by temperature & other factors<br>Leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes<br>Naturally-occurring organic materials<br>Substances that form ions<br>when in water; seawater influence<br>Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes<br>Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;  |  |
| Iron<br>Odor Threshold<br>Specific<br>Conductance<br>Sulfate<br>Total Dissolved<br>Solids (TDS)<br>Lab Turbidity (ID No.1)<br>Turbidity (State Water)  | none<br>ppb<br>TON<br>µmho/<br>cm<br>ppm<br>ppm<br>ppm<br>NTU                               | non-<br>corrosive<br>300<br>3<br>1600<br>500<br>1000<br>5   | NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA   | <br>100<br>1<br><br>0.5<br>                      | RangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageAverage   | 12.2<br>12.2<br>ND<br>ND<br>585 - 937<br>701<br>96<br>96<br>380<br>380<br>ND - 0.25<br>0.06   | 11.8 - 12.7<br>12.2<br>ND - 190<br>14.0<br>1 - 2<br>1<br>790 - 1100<br>926<br>69 - 270<br>169<br>450 - 730<br>581<br>0.20 - 1.60<br>0.38  | Balance of hydrogen, carbon, & oxygen in<br>water, affected by temperature & other factors<br>Leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes<br>Naturally-occurring organic materials<br>Substances that form ions<br>when in water; seawater influence<br>Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes<br>Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;<br>Soil erosion/runoff   |  |
| Iron<br>Odor Threshold<br>Specific<br>Conductance<br>Sulfate<br>Total Dissolved<br>Solids (TDS)<br>Lab Turbidity (ID No.1)<br>Turbidity (State Water)  | none<br>ppb<br>TON<br>µmho/<br>cm<br>ppm<br>ppm<br>ppm<br>NTU                               | non-<br>corrosive<br>300<br>3<br>1600<br>500<br>1000<br>5   | NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA   | <br>100<br>1<br><br>0.5<br><br>                  | RangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRange   | 12.2<br>ND<br>ND<br>ND<br>585 - 937<br>701<br>96<br>96<br>380<br>380<br>380<br>ND - 0.25<br>0.06<br>ND  | 11.8 - 12.7<br>12.2<br>ND - 190<br>14.0<br>1 - 2<br>1<br>790 - 1100<br>926<br>69 - 270<br>169<br>450 - 730<br>581<br>0.20 - 1.60<br>0.38<br>ND - 100  | Balance of hydrogen, carbon, & oxygen in<br>water, affected by temperature & other factors<br>Leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes<br>Naturally-occurring organic materials<br>Substances that form ions<br>when in water; seawater influence<br>Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes<br>Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;<br>Soil erosion/runoff<br>Leaching from natural deposits;  |  |
| Iron<br>Odor Threshold<br>Specific<br>Conductance<br>Sulfate<br>Total Dissolved<br>Solids (TDS)<br>Lab Turbidity (ID No.1)<br>Turbidity (State Water)<br>Zinc  | none<br>ppb<br>TON<br>µmho/<br>cm<br>ppm<br>ppm<br>NTU<br>ppb                               | non-<br>corrosive<br>300<br>3<br>1600<br>500<br>1000<br>5<br>5000                                 | NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA   | <br>100<br>1<br><br>0.5<br><br>50                | RangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageAverageAverageAverageAverageAverageAverage  | 12.2<br>12.2<br>ND<br>ND<br>585 - 937<br>701<br>96<br>96<br>380<br>380<br>380<br>ND - 0.25<br>0.06<br>ND<br>ND  | 11.8 - 12.7<br>12.2<br>ND - 190<br>14.0<br>1 - 2<br>1<br>790 - 1100<br>926<br>69 - 270<br>169<br>450 - 730<br>581<br>0.20 - 1.60<br>0.38<br>ND - 100<br>9   | Balance of hydrogen, carbon, & oxygen in<br>water, affected by temperature & other factors<br>Leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes<br>Naturally-occurring organic materials<br>Substances that form ions<br>when in water; seawater influence<br>Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes<br>Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;<br>Soil erosion/runoff<br>Leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes   |  |
| Iron<br>Odor Threshold<br>Specific<br>Conductance<br>Sulfate<br>Total Dissolved<br>Solids (TDS)<br>Lab Turbidity (ID No.1)<br>Turbidity (State Water)<br>Zinc  | none<br>ppb<br>TON<br>µmho/<br>cm<br>ppm<br>ppm<br>NTU<br>ppb                               | non-<br>corrosive<br>300<br>3<br>1600<br>500<br>1000<br>5<br>5<br>5000                            | NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA   | <br>100<br>1<br><br>0.5<br><br>50                | RangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverage  | 12.2<br>12.2<br>ND<br>ND<br>ND<br>585 - 937<br>701<br>96<br>96<br>380<br>380<br>380<br>ND - 0.25<br>0.06<br>ND<br>ND  | 11.8 - 12.7<br>12.2<br>ND - 190<br>14.0<br>1 - 2<br>1<br>790 - 1100<br>926<br>69 - 270<br>169<br>450 - 730<br>581<br>0.20 - 1.60<br>0.38<br>ND - 100<br>9   | Balance of hydrogen, carbon, & oxygen in<br>water, affected by temperature & other factors<br>Leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes<br>Naturally-occurring organic materials<br>Substances that form ions<br>when in water; seawater influence<br>Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes<br>Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;<br>Soil erosion/runoff<br>Leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes   |  |
| Iron<br>Odor Threshold<br>Specific<br>Conductance<br>Sulfate<br>Total Dissolved<br>Solids (TDS)<br>Lab Turbidity (ID No.1)<br>Turbidity (State Water)<br>Zinc<br>ADDITIONAL PARAM  | none<br>ppb<br>TON<br>µmho/<br>cm<br>ppm<br>ppm<br>NTU<br>ppb                               | non-<br>corrosive<br>300<br>3<br>1600<br>500<br>1000<br>5<br>5<br>5000<br>(Unregulat              | NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA   | <br>100<br>1<br><br>0.5<br><br><br>50            | RangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverage  | 12.2<br>12.2<br>ND<br>ND<br>ND<br>585 - 937<br>701<br>96<br>96<br>96<br>380<br>380<br>ND - 0.25<br>0.06<br>ND<br>ND<br>ND   | 11.8 - 12.7<br>12.2<br>ND - 190<br>14.0<br>1 - 2<br>1<br>790 - 1100<br>926<br>69 - 270<br>169<br>450 - 730<br>581<br>0.20 - 1.60<br>0.38<br>ND - 100<br>9   | Balance of hydrogen, carbon, & oxygen in<br>water, affected by temperature & other factors<br>Leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes<br>Naturally-occurring organic materials<br>Substances that form ions<br>when in water; seawater influence<br>Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes<br>Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;<br>Soil erosion/runoff<br>Leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes   |  |
| Iron<br>Odor Threshold<br>Specific<br>Conductance<br>Sulfate<br>Total Dissolved<br>Solids (TDS)<br>Lab Turbidity (ID No.1)<br>Turbidity (State Water)<br>Zinc<br>ADDITIONAL PARAM<br>Alkalinity (Total) as   | none<br>ppb<br>TON<br>µmho/<br>cm<br>ppm<br>ppm<br>NTU<br>ppb<br>ETERS                      | non-<br>corrosive<br>300<br>3<br>1600<br>500<br>1000<br>5<br>5<br>5000<br>(Unregulat              | NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>ed)  | <br>100<br>1<br><br>0.5<br><br>50                | RangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeRangeRangeRangeRangeRangeRangeRangeRangeRange  | 12.2<br>12.2<br>ND<br>ND<br>585 - 937<br>701<br>96<br>96<br>380<br>380<br>ND - 0.25<br>0.06<br>ND<br>ND<br>ND<br>ND<br>88<br>96<br>380<br>380<br>380<br>380<br>380<br>380<br>380<br>380   | 11.8 - 12.7<br>12.2<br>ND - 190<br>14.0<br>1 - 2<br>1<br>790 - 1100<br>926<br>69 - 270<br>169<br>450 - 730<br>581<br>0.20 - 1.60<br>0.38<br>ND - 100<br>9   | Balance of hydrogen, carbon, & oxygen in<br>water, affected by temperature & other factors<br>Leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes<br>Naturally-occurring organic materials<br>Substances that form ions<br>when in water; seawater influence<br>Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes<br>Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;<br>Soil erosion/runoff<br>Leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes<br>Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes  |  |
| Iron<br>Odor Threshold<br>Specific<br>Conductance<br>Sulfate<br>Total Dissolved<br>Solids (TDS)<br>Lab Turbidity (ID No.1)<br>Turbidity (State Water)<br>Zinc<br>ADDITIONAL PARAM<br>Alkalinity (Total) as<br>CaCO <sub>3</sub> equivalents          | none<br>ppb<br>TON<br>µmho/<br>cm<br>ppm<br>ppm<br>NTU<br>ppb<br>ETERS                      | non-<br>corrosive<br>300<br>3<br>1600<br>500<br>1000<br>5<br>5<br>5000<br>(Unregulat<br>NA        | NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>Ced)   | <br>100<br>1<br><br>0.5<br><br>50                | Range         Average   | 12.2<br>12.2<br>ND<br>ND<br>585 - 937<br>701<br>96<br>96<br>380<br>380<br>ND - 0.25<br>0.06<br>ND<br>ND<br>ND<br>68 - 102<br>80<br>NO   | 11.8 - 12.7<br>12.2<br>ND - 190<br>14.0<br>1 - 2<br>1<br>790 - 1100<br>926<br>69 - 270<br>169<br>450 - 730<br>581<br>0.20 - 1.60<br>0.38<br>ND - 100<br>9<br>260 - 360<br>295   | Balance of hydrogen, carbon, & oxygen in<br>water, affected by temperature & other factors<br>Leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes<br>Naturally-occurring organic materials<br>Substances that form ions<br>when in water; seawater influence<br>Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes<br>Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;<br>Soil erosion/runoff<br>Leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes<br>Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes  |  |
| Iron<br>Odor Threshold<br>Specific<br>Conductance<br>Sulfate<br>Total Dissolved<br>Solids (TDS)<br>Lab Turbidity (ID No.1)<br>Turbidity (State Water)<br>Zinc<br>ADDITIONAL PARAM<br>Alkalinity (Total) as<br>CaCO <sub>3</sub> equivalents<br>Boron | none<br>ppb<br>TON<br>µmho/<br>cm<br>ppm<br>ppm<br>NTU<br>ppb<br>FTERS                      | non-<br>corrosive<br>300<br>3<br>1600<br>500<br>1000<br>5<br>5000<br>(Unregulat<br>NA<br>NA       | NA                           | <br>100<br>1<br><br>50<br><br>50                 | Range         Average         Range         Average | 12.2<br>12.2<br>ND<br>ND<br>585 - 937<br>701<br>96<br>96<br>380<br>380<br>ND - 0.25<br>0.06<br>ND<br>ND<br>ND<br>68 - 102<br>80<br>NC<br>NC   | 11.8 - 12.7<br>12.2<br>ND - 190<br>14.0<br>1 - 2<br>1<br>790 - 1100<br>926<br>69 - 270<br>169<br>450 - 730<br>581<br>0.20 - 1.60<br>0.38<br>ND - 100<br>9<br>260 - 360<br>295<br>ND - 360                                     | Balance of hydrogen, carbon, & oxygen in         water, affected by temperature & other factors         Leaching from natural deposits;         industrial wastes         Naturally-occurring organic materials         Substances that form ions         when in water; seawater influence         Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;         industrial wastes         Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;         Soil erosion/runoff         Leaching from natural deposits;         industrial wastes         Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;         industrial wastes         Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;         industrial wastes         Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;         waster influence         Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;         waster influence         Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;  |  |
| Iron<br>Odor Threshold<br>Specific<br>Conductance<br>Sulfate<br>Total Dissolved<br>Solids (TDS)<br>Lab Turbidity (ID No.1)<br>Turbidity (State Water)<br>Zinc<br>ADDITIONAL PARAM<br>Alkalinity (Total) as<br>CaCO <sub>3</sub> equivalents<br>Boron | none<br>ppb<br>TON<br>µmho/<br>cm<br>ppm<br>ppm<br>NTU<br>ppb<br>ETERS                      | non-<br>corrosive<br>300<br>3<br>1600<br>500<br>1000<br>5<br>5000<br>(Unregulat<br>NA<br>NA       | NA                           | <br>100<br>1<br><br>50<br><br>100                | Range         Average         Range         Average | 12.2<br>12.2<br>ND<br>ND<br>ND<br>585 - 937<br>701<br>96<br>96<br>380<br>380<br>ND - 0.25<br>0.06<br>ND<br>ND<br>ND<br>80<br>NC<br>29   | 11.8 - 12.7<br>12.2<br>ND - 190<br>14.0<br>1 - 2<br>1<br>790 - 1100<br>926<br>69 - 270<br>169<br>450 - 730<br>581<br>0.20 - 1.60<br>0.38<br>ND - 100<br>9<br>260 - 360<br>295<br>ND - 360<br>192<br>32 - 110                  | Balance of hydrogen, carbon, & oxygen in         water, affected by temperature & other factors         Leaching from natural deposits;         industrial wastes         Naturally-occurring organic materials         Substances that form ions         when in water; seawater influence         Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;         industrial wastes         Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;         Soil erosion/runoff         Leaching from natural deposits;         industrial wastes         Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;         industrial wastes         Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;         waster influence         Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;         seawater influence         Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;         wastewater, and fertilizers/pesticides.         Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;  |  |
| Iron Odor Threshold Specific Conductance Sulfate Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) Lab Turbidity (ID No.1) Turbidity (State Water) Zinc ADDITIONAL PARAM Alkalinity (Total) as CaCO <sub>3</sub> equivalents Boron Calcium                                | none<br>ppb<br>TON<br>µmho/<br>cm<br>ppm<br>ppm<br>NTU<br>ppb<br>FTERS<br>ppm<br>ppb<br>ppb | non-<br>corrosive<br>300<br>3<br>1600<br>500<br>1000<br>5<br>5000<br>(Unregulat<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA | NA           NA | <br>100<br>1<br><br>0.5<br><br>50<br><br>100<br> | RangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverage  | 12.2<br>12.2<br>ND<br>ND<br>ND<br>585 - 937<br>701<br>96<br>96<br>380<br>380<br>ND - 0.25<br>0.06<br>ND<br>ND<br>ND<br>ND<br>ND<br>ND<br>29<br>29   | 11.8 - 12.7<br>12.2<br>ND - 190<br>14.0<br>1 - 2<br>1<br>790 - 1100<br>926<br>69 - 270<br>169<br>450 - 730<br>581<br>0.20 - 1.60<br>0.38<br>ND - 100<br>9<br>260 - 360<br>295<br>ND - 360<br>192<br>32 - 110<br>73            | Balance of hydrogen, carbon, & oxygen in         water, affected by temperature & other factors         Leaching from natural deposits;         industrial wastes         Naturally-occurring organic materials         Substances that form ions         when in water; seawater influence         Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;         industrial wastes         Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;         Soil erosion/runoff         Leaching from natural deposits;         industrial wastes         Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;         industrial wastes         Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;         industrial wastes         Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;         wastewater         Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;         seawater influence         Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;         wastewater, and fertilizers/pesticides.         Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;         wastewater, and fertilizers/pesticides.         Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;         wastewater, and fertilizers/pesticides.         Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; |  |
| Iron Odor Threshold Specific Conductance Sulfate Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) Lab Turbidity (ID No.1) Turbidity (State Water) Zinc Alkalinity (Total) as CaCO <sub>3</sub> equivalents Boron Calcium   | none<br>ppb<br>TON<br>µmho/<br>cm<br>ppm<br>ppm<br>NTU<br>ppb<br>FTERS<br>ppm<br>ppb<br>ppm | non-<br>corrosive<br>300<br>3<br>1600<br>500<br>1000<br>5<br>5000<br>(Unregulat<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA | NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NA<br>NL=1,000<br>NA   | 100 1 0.5 50 100 100                             | RangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRangeAverageRange   | 12.2<br>12.2<br>ND<br>ND<br>ND<br>585 - 937<br>701<br>96<br>96<br>96<br>96<br>380<br>380<br>ND - 0.25<br>0.06<br>ND<br>ND<br>ND<br>0.06<br>ND<br>ND<br>0.25<br>0.06<br>ND<br>ND<br>0.25<br>0.06<br>ND<br>ND<br>0.25<br>0.06<br>ND<br>ND<br>0.25<br>0.06<br>ND<br>ND<br>0.25<br>0.06<br>ND<br>0.06<br>ND<br>0.25<br>0.06<br>ND<br>0.06<br>ND<br>0.05<br>0.06<br>ND<br>0.05<br>0.06<br>ND<br>0.05<br>0.06<br>ND<br>0.05<br>0.06<br>ND<br>0.05<br>0.06<br>ND<br>0.06<br>ND<br>0.05<br>0.06<br>ND<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>ND<br>0.06<br>ND<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.06<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07<br>0.07 | 11.8 - 12.7<br>12.2<br>ND - 190<br>14.0<br>1 - 2<br>1<br>790 - 1100<br>926<br>69 - 270<br>169<br>450 - 730<br>581<br>0.20 - 1.60<br>0.38<br>ND - 100<br>9<br>260 - 360<br>295<br>ND - 360<br>192<br>32 - 110<br>73<br>ND - 25 | Balance of hydrogen, carbon, & oxygen in<br>water, affected by temperature & other factors<br>Leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes<br>Naturally-occurring organic materials<br>Substances that form ions<br>when in water; seawater influence<br>Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes<br>Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;<br>Soil erosion/runoff<br>Leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes<br>Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes<br>Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;<br>industrial wastes<br>Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;<br>seawater influence<br>Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;<br>seawater, and fertilizers/pesticides.<br>Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;<br>wastewater, and fertilizers/pesticides.<br>Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;<br>seawater influence<br>Discharges from industrial manufacturers; erosion  |  |

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|                          |         |           |        |       |         | Drinking Wa | ater Source |  |
|--------------------------|---------|-----------|--------|-------|---------|-------------|-------------|--|
| -                        |         | State     | PHG    | State | Range   | State       | Ground      |  |
| Parameter                | Units   | MCL       | (MCLG) | DLR   | Average | Water       | Water       | Major Sources in Drinking Water        |
| ADDITIONAL PARAM         | IETERS  | (Unregula | ted)   |       |         |             |             |  |
|                          |         | (enegate  |        |       |         |             |             |  |
| Geosmin                  | na/l    | NA        | NA     | (1)   | Range   | ND - 2      | NC          | An organic compound mainly produced by |
|                          | ng/E    |           |        | (.)   | Average | 0.3         | NC          | blue-green algae (cyanobacteria)       |
| Hardness (Total) as      | ppm     | NA        | NA     |       | Range   | 104 - 158   | 290 - 480   | I eaching from natural deposits        |
| CaCO <sub>3</sub>        | PP      |           |        |       | Average | 127         | 408         |  |
| Heterotrophic Plate      | CELI/ml | тт        | NIA    |       | Range   | 0 - 98      | NA          | Naturally present in the environment   |
| Count                    |         |           | IN/A   |       | Average | 2           | NA          | Naturally present in the environment   |
| Magnesium                | nnm     | NA        | NA     |       | Range   | 17          | 42 - 90     | Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; |
|                          | ppm     |           |        |       | Average | 17          | 54          | seawater influence                     |
| 2 Methylisoborneol (MIB) | ng/l    | NA        | NA     | ΝΑ    | Range   | ND - 32     | NC          | An organic compound mainly produced by |
|                          | lig/∟   |           | NA .   |       | Average | 7.7         | NC          | blue-green algae (cyanobacteria)       |
| рН                       | pН      | ΝΔ        | ΝΑ     |       | Range   | 7.2 - 8.9   | 7.0 - 8.1   | Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; |
| pri                      | Units   | IN/A      | 11/2   |       | Average | 8.4         | 7.5         | seawater influence                     |
| Potossium                | nnm     | ΝΑ        | NA     |       | Range   | 3.6         | 1.9 - 2.7   | Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; |
| Fotassium                | ppm     | NA        | IN/A   |       | Average | 3.6         | 2.3         | seawater influence                     |
| Sodium                   | nnm     | ΝΔ        | NIA    |       | Range   | 76          | 38 - 60     | Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; |
| Soulum                   | ppm     | NA        | IN/A   |       | Average | 76          | 47          | seawater influence                     |
| Total Organic Carbon     |         | тт        | NIA    | 0.00  | Range   | 1.9 - 4.5   | NA          |  |
| (TOC) <sup>g</sup>       | ppm     | 11        | NA     | 0.30  | Average | 2.9         | NA          | various natural and manmade sources.   |
| Vanadium                 | nnh     | NΔ        | NI =50 | з     | Range   | NC          | ND - 23     | Leaching from natural deposits;        |
|                          | hhn     |           | NL-30  | 5     | Average | NC          | 10          | industrial wastes                      |
| Distribution System      | Water Q |           |        |       |         |             |             |  |
| Biotribution Oystein     |         |           |        |       |         |             |             |  |

#### ORGANIC CHEMICALS

|                              |     |        |         |                  | Range           | 43 - 58     | 5.7 - 53.5  |   |
|------------------------------|-----|--------|---------|------------------|-----------------|-------------|-------------|---|
| h<br>Total Trihalomethanes   | ppb | 80     | NA      | NA               | Highest<br>LRAA | 53          | 36.2        | By-product of drinking water chlorination |
|                              |     |        |         |                  | Range           | 6.3 - 11    | 2.7 - 15.4  |   |
| Haloacetic Acids             | ppb | 60     | NA      | 1,2 <sup>i</sup> | Highest<br>LRAA | 13.0        | 11.3        | By-product of drinking water chlorination |
| DISINFECTION                 |     |        |         |                  |                 |             |             |   |
| Total chlorine residual      |     | MRDL = | MRDLG = |                  | Range           | 1.37 - 3.58 |             | Measurement of the disinfectant           |
| CCWA Distribution            | ppm | 4.0    | 4.0     |                  | Average         | 2.79        |             | used in the production of drinking water  |
| Free/total chlorine residual |     | MRDL = | MRDLG = |                  | Range           |             | 0.48 - 3.72 | Measurement of the disinfectant           |
| ID No.1 Distribution         | ppm | 4.0    | 4.0     |                  | Average         |             | 1.82        | used in the production of drinking water  |
|                              |     |        |         |                  |                 |             |             |   |

#### Abbrevations and Notes

#### Footnotes:

- (a) Turbidity (NTU) is a good indicator of the effectiveness of a filtration system. Monthly turbidity values for State Water are listed in the Secondary Standards section.
- (b) Gross alpha particle activity monitoring required every nine years for State Water; more frequent monitoring is required for some groundwater based on detected levels. Reported average and range are from most recent sampling of all supply wells.
- (c) Uranium monitoring is dependent on measured gross alpha particle activity.
- (d) The District's Water Supply Permit, issued by DDW (formerly DPH), requires monitoring of the asbestos levels in the distribution system in the areas that contain asbestos cement pipes whenever the aggressive index (AI) of the water served to the public is below 11.5.
- (e) There is currently no MCL for Hexavalent Chromium. The previous MCL of 10.0 ppb was withdrawn on September 11, 2017.
- (f) Pour plate technique -- monthly averages.
- (g) TOCs are taken at the State Water treatment plant's combined filter effluent.
- (h) Compliance based on the LRAA of distribution system samples. Values reported are the range of all 2022 sample results and highest locational running annual average.
- Monochloroacetic Acid has a DLR of 2.0 ug/L while the other four Haloacetic Acids have DLR's of 1.0 ug/L.

#### Abbreviations

ACU = Apparent Color Units

CCWA = Central Coast Water Authority

CFU/ml = Colony Forming Units per milliliter

DLR = Detection Limit for the Purpose of Reporting

ID No.1 = Santa Ynez River Water Conservation District, Improvement District No.1

LRAA - Locational Running Annual Average

- NA = Not Applicable
- NC = Not Collected
- ND = Non-detect
- ng/L = nanograms per liter
- NL = Notification Level
- NTU = Nephelometric Turbidity Units
- pCi/L = PicoCuries per liter
- ppb = parts per billion, or micrograms per liter ( $\mu$ g/L)
- ppm = parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)
- SI = saturation index
- TON = Threshold Odor Number
- µmho/cm = micromhos per centimeter