

APPENDIX B: eCCR Certification Form (Suggested Format)

Consumer Confidence Report Certification Form

(To be submitted with a copy of the CCR)

Water System Name:	Santa Maria Water Department
Water System Number:	CA4210011

The water system named above hereby certifies that its Consumer Confidence Report was distributed during May and June 2025 to customers (and appropriate notices of availability have been given). Further, the system certifies that the information contained in the report is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the State Water Resources Control Board, Division of Drinking Water (DDW).

Certified by:

Name: Joshua Reynolds	Title: Water Resources Manager
Signature: 	Date: July 7, 2025
Phone number: 805-925-0951 ext. 7224	blank

To summarize report delivery used and good-faith efforts taken, please complete this page by checking all items that apply and fill-in where appropriate:

- ☒ CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery methods (attach description of other direct delivery methods used).
- ☐ CCR was distributed using electronic delivery methods described in the Guidance for Electronic Delivery of the Consumer Confidence Report (water systems utilizing electronic delivery methods must complete the second page).
- ☒ "Good faith" efforts were used to reach non-bill paying consumers. Those efforts included the following methods:
 - ☒ Posting the CCR at the following URL: www.cityofsantamaria.org/utilities
 - ☒ Mailing the CCR to postal patrons within the service area (attach zip codes used)
 - ☒ Advertising the availability of the CCR in news media (attach copy of press release)
 - ☒ Publication of the CCR in a local newspaper of general circulation (attach a copy of the published notice, including name of newspaper and date published)
 - ☒ Posted the CCR in public places (attach a list of locations)

- ☐ Delivery of multiple copies of CCR to single-billed addresses serving several persons, such as apartments, businesses, and schools
- ☐ Delivery to community organizations (attach a list of organizations)
- ☐ Publication of the CCR in the electronic city newsletter or electronic community newsletter or listserv (attach a copy of the article or notice)
- ☒ Electronic announcement of CCR availability via social media outlets (attach list of social media outlets utilized)
- ☐ Other (attach a list of other methods used)
- ☒ *For systems serving at least 100,000 persons:* Posted CCR on a publicly-accessible internet site at the following URL:
<https://www.cityofsantamaria.org/home/showpublisheddocument/32624/638832570895700000>
- ☐ *For privately-owned utilities:* Delivered the CCR to the California Public Utilities Commission

Consumer Confidence Report Electronic Delivery Certification

Water systems utilizing electronic distribution methods for CCR delivery must complete this page by checking all items that apply and fill-in where appropriate.

- ☐ Water system mailed a notification that the CCR is available and provides a direct URL to the CCR on a publicly available website where it can be viewed (attach a copy of the mailed CCR notification). URL: www._____
- ☐ Water system emailed a notification that the CCR is available and provides a direct URL to the CCR on a publicly available site on the Internet where it can be viewed (attach a copy of the emailed CCR notification). URL: www._____
- ☐ Water system emailed the CCR as an electronic file email attachment.
- ☐ Water system emailed the CCR text and tables inserted or embedded into the body of an email, not as an attachment (attach a copy of the emailed CCR).
- ☐ *Requires prior DDW review and approval.* Water system utilized other electronic delivery method that meets the direct delivery requirement.

Provide a brief description of the water system's electronic delivery procedures and include how the water system ensures delivery to customers unable to receive electronic delivery.

This form is provided as a convenience and may be used to meet the certification requirement of section 64483(c) of the California Code of Regulations.

WATER SUPPLY: The City of Santa Maria ("City") is committed to producing the highest quality drinking water from two sources of supply:

City water wells located in the Santa Maria Airport area, and State Water treated at the Polonio Pass Water Treatment Plant by the Central Coast Water Authority and delivered to the City via the Coastal Branch Aqueduct. In 2024, the City received about 38 percent of its water from the State Water Project.

WATER QUALITY: The City routinely checks water quality from the source to your home. Please see the other side of this brochure, which summarizes test results from 2016-2024 and shows that the City met all State and Federal drinking water standards in 2024.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ("USEPA") Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the USEPA and the State Water Resources Control Board prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The U.S. Food and Drug Administration and California law also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that provide the same protection for public health.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons, such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. USEPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by

Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline.

SOURCE WATER ASSESSMENT: A drinking water source assessment for the City was completed in March 2014. The City's water sources were considered most vulnerable to the following activities: runoff and leaching from fertilizer use, septic tanks, sewage, and erosion of natural deposits. You may request a summary of the assessment at the City Utilities Department, 2065 East Main Street, Santa Maria, CA 93454, or by calling (805) 925-0951 extension 7270.

WATER SYSTEM SECURITY: Multiple levels of safety are implemented to protect the City's drinking water system. These measures are part of ongoing operations and ensure the treatment and reliable delivery of water.

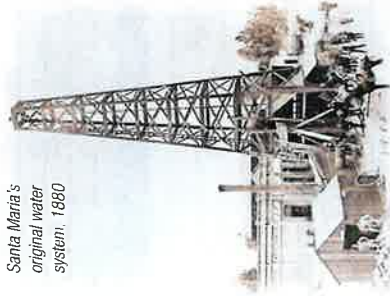
CONTAMINANTS: The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring materials and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife;

Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals that can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming;

Pesticides and herbicides that may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses;

Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals that are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production, which may also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, agricultural applications and septic systems; and



Santa Maria's original water system, 1980

City of Santa Maria 2024

WATER QUALITY REPORT



This report provides information regarding the quality of water for the City of Santa Maria during 2024. Included are details about where your water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to State standards. Through planning and operational efficiency, the City continues to provide reliable drinking water.



(805) 925-0951 ext. 7270 • www.cityofsantamaria.org
2065 East Main Street • Santa Maria, CA 93454
TDD 800-735-2929 (English) • 800-855-3000 (Spanish)

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua para beber. Tradúzcalo o léalo con alguien que lo entienda bien.

2024 Water Quality Information

PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARDS--Mandatory Health-Related Standards									
Parameter	Units	State MCL	PHG (MCLG)	PURCHASED STATE PROJECT WATER (p)		LOCAL GROUNDWATER (l)		MAJOR SOURCES	
				RANGE	AVERAGE	RANGE	AVERAGE		
				Soil runoff					
Turbidity (a)	NTU	1000	TT = 0.3	0.04 - 0.15	100% < 0.3	N/A	N/A	Erosion of natural deposits; residual from some treatment processes	
Aluminum (b)	ppb			< 50 - 71	ND (< 50)	ND (< 50)	ND (< 50)	Discharge from electroplating factories, leather tanneries, wood preservation, chemical synthesis, refractory production, and textile manufacturing facilities; erosion of natural deposits	
Chromium (hexavalent)	ppb	10	0.02	0.099	0.099	< 1 - 1.3	1.1	Decay of natural and man-made deposits	
Gross Alpha Particle Activity	pCi/L	15	(0)	ND (< 3)	ND (< 3)	< 3.0 - 3.4	3.1	Erosion of natural deposits	
Uranium	pCi/L	20	0.43	ND (< 1)	ND (< 1)	< 1.0 - 3.1	1.8		
DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM MONITORING									
Total Chlorine Residual	ppm	MRDL = 4.0	MRDLG = 4.0	Average = 2.0 (Range = 0.12 - 3.3)		Measure of the disinfection of the water			
Total Coliform Bacteria, E. coli (c)	NA	see note (c)	(0)	Average = 0% (Range = NA)		Naturally present in the environment; human and animal fecal waste			
Fluoride (treated water) (d) (e)	ppm	2	1	Average = 0.86 (Range = 0.60 - 1.2)		Erosion of natural deposits; additive to promote strong teeth			
Total Trihalomethanes (f)	ppb	80	NA	Highest LRAA = 23.4 (Range = 8.6 - 29.9)		Byproduct of drinking water chlorination			
Halocetic Acids (f)	ppb	60	NA	Highest LRAA = 7.5 (Range = 3.3 - 9.3)		Byproduct of drinking water chlorination			
Nitrate as NO ₃ -N	ppm	10	10	Average = 2.1 (Range = 0.40 - 3.8)		Leaching from fertilizers; erosion of natural deposits			
SECONDARY DRINKING WATER STANDARDS--Aesthetic Standards									
Chloride	ppm	500	NA	Average = 37 (Range = 34 - 39)		Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater influence			
Iron	ppb	300	NA	ND (< 10)	ND (< 10)	ND (< 100)	ND (< 100)	Leaching from natural deposits; industrial wastes	
Odor Threshold	Units	3	NA	Average = 2 (Range = 1 - 2)		Naturally-occurring organic materials			
Specific Conductance	µS/cm	1600	NA	Average = 830 (Range = 460 - 1000)		Substances that form ions when in water; seawater influence			
Sulfate	ppm	500	NA	Average = 265 (Range = 240 - 290)		Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; industrial wastes			
Total Dissolved Solids	ppm	1000	NA	Average = 630 (Range = 570 - 710)		Runoff/leaching from natural deposits			
Turbidity (a)	NTU	5	NA	Average = 0.19 (Range = < 0.1 - 0.71)		Soil runoff			
ADDITIONAL PARAMETERS (Unregulated)									
Alkalinity (Total) as CaCO ₃	ppm	NA	NA	Average = 148 (Range = 72 - 180)		Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater influence			
Boron	ppb	NL = 1000	NA	NA	NA	110 - 180	142	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater influence	
Calcium	ppm	NA	NA	Average = 90 (Range = 83 - 98)		Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater influence			
Hardness (Total) as CaCO ₃	ppm	NA	NA	Average = 388 (Range = 360 - 420)		Leaching from natural deposits			
Magnesium	ppm	NA	NA	Average = 40 (Range = 36 - 43)		Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater influence			
pH	pH units	NA	NA	Average = 7.5 (Range = 6.9 - 8.0)		Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater influence			
Potassium	ppm	NA	NA	Average = 2.8 (Range = 2.7 - 2.9)		Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater influence			
Sodium	ppm	NA	NA	Average = 53 (Range = 52- 54)		Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater influence			
Vanadium	ppb	NL = 50	NA	NA	NA	3.0 - 3.7	3.4	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; combustion of fossil fuels	
LEAD AND COPPER SAMPLING PROGRAM - SAMPLING OCCURRED IN SEPTEMBER 2022									
Parameter	Units	Samples Collected	90 th Percentile Level Detected	Number of Sites		MAJOR SOURCES			
				Exceeding	AL	AL	PHG		
				0	0	1300	300	Plumbing system corrosion; erosion of natural deposits	
				0	0	15	0.2	Plumbing system corrosion; erosion of natural deposits	

ABBREVIATIONS, NOTES, AND DEFINITIONS

Abbreviations:

AL = Regulatory Action Level
LRAA = Locational Running Annual Average
NA = Not Applicable
ND = Not Detected
NL = Notification Level
NTU = Nephelometric Turbidity Units
ppb = parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (µg/L)
ppm = parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)
pCi/L = picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)
TT = Treatment Technique
µS/cm = microsiemens per centimeter (unit of specific conductance of water)

Notes:

- (a) Turbidity (NTU) measures the cloudiness of the water and is a good indicator of the effectiveness of State Water Project filtration and is listed as a Primary Standard. The performance standard is less than 0.3 NTU in 95% of measurements taken every 15 minutes and not to exceed 1.0 NTU at any time.
- (b) Aluminum also has a Secondary MCL of 200 ppb.
- (c) Total coliform MCL: No more than 5.0% of the monthly samples may be Total Coliform positive. E. coli MCL is 0.
- (d) For fluoridated water systems, target fluoride levels are set by State Water Resources Control Board Division of Drinking Water.
- (e) The City of Santa Maria reinstated adding fluoride to the water supply in August 2020.

(f) Compliance based on the locational running annual average (LRAA) of distribution system samples.

(g) Turbidity, as delivered, is listed in the Secondary Standards and is considered an aesthetic standard.

(h) Water quality information from purchased State Project Water includes samples collected in 2024.

(i) Water quality information from individual wells includes samples collected from 2016-2024.

No public schools requested to be tested for lead in 2024.

Definitions:

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. Primary MCLs are set as close to the PHGs (or MCLGs) as is economically and technologically feasible. Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs are set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL): The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG): The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health.

Primary Drinking Water Standard (PDWS): MCLs, MRDLs, and treatment techniques for contaminants that affect health, along with their monitoring and reporting requirements.

Public Health Goal (PHG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency.

Regulatory Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Secondary Drinking Water Standards (SDWS): MCLs for contaminants that affect taste, odor, or appearance of the drinking water. Contaminants with SDWSs do not affect your health at the MCL level.

Treatment Technique (TT): A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

City of Santa Maria 2024 Water Quality Report

During May and June 2025, the 2024 Water Quality Report was mailed to the following zip codes:

93454

93455

93456

93458

I Want To?

News

2024 Water Quality Report Available

Post Date: 05/30/2025 1:04 PM



SANTA MARIA
**Smart City
Safe City**

SANTA MARIA News
An All-America City Since 1998

NEWS RELEASE

May 30, 2025

Traducción en español sigue a continuación / Spanish translation follows below

2024 Water Quality Report Available

City of Santa Maria residents will receive the 2024 Water Quality Report with their utility bill statements now through the end of June. The report provides information about the City's water quality for the 2024 calendar year. It includes details about where City water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to State standards.

The report is available on the City's website at www.cityofsantamaria.org/utilities
(<https://www.cityofsantamaria.org/utilities>).

Questions may be directed to the Utilities Department at (805) 925-0951 extension 7270.

Department:

Utilities

Contact Person: Joshua Reynolds, Water Resources Manager

Telephone Number: (805) 925-0951 ext. 7224

Email Address: jreynolds@cityofsantamaria.org (mailto:jreynolds@cityofsantamaria.org)

Disponible el Informe de Calidad del Agua 2024

Los residentes de la Ciudad de Santa María recibirán el Informe de Calidad del Agua 2024 con sus facturas de servicios públicos desde ahora hasta finales de junio. El informe proporciona información sobre la calidad del agua de la Ciudad para el año 2024. Incluye detalles sobre la procedencia del agua de la Ciudad, lo que contiene y cómo se compara con las normas estatales.

El informe está disponible en el sitio web de la Ciudad en www.cityofsantamaria.org/utilities (<https://www.cityofsantamaria.org/utilities>).

Las preguntas pueden dirigirse al Departamento de Servicios Públicos al (805) 925-0951 extensión 7270.

Department: Utilities

Contact Person: Joshua Reynolds, Water Resources Manager

Telephone Number: (805) 925-0951 ext. 7224

Email Address: jreynolds@cityofsantamaria.org (mailto:jreynolds@cityofsantamaria.org)

City of Santa Maria 2024 Water Quality Report

During the month of June 2025, the Water Quality Report ad below was published in the **Santa Maria Sun** on 6/5/2025 and 6/12/2025 and the **Santa Maria Times** on 6/7/2025 and 6/21/2025.

CITY of SANTA MARIA WATER CUSTOMERS:

THE ANNUAL

WATER QUALITY REPORT

is now available. Copies are enclosed in June's utility bills. The report, which provides information regarding last year's water quality, is also available on the City's website, www.cityofsantamaria.org/utilities. Additional copies are available by contacting the Utilities Department.

CITY OF SANTA MARIA



Utilities Department

QUESTIONS? CALL (805) 925-0951 EXT. 7270

CITY OF SANTA MARIA 2024 WATER QUALITY REPORT DISTRIBUTION

Copies of the City of Santa Maria 2024 Water Quality Report have been distributed to the following locations:

City of Santa Maria Utilities Department, 2065 E. Main Street

City of Santa Maria – City Hall, 110 E. Cook Street

City of Santa Maria Utility Billing, 206 E. Cook Street

Recreation & Parks Department, 615 S. McClelland Street

Minami Community Center, 600 W. Enos Drive

Elwin Mussell Senior Center, 510 E. Park Avenue

City of Santa Maria Public Works Department, 110 S. Pine Street, Ste. 221

City of Santa Maria Streets & Facilities Office, 810 W. Church Street

City of Santa Maria Public Library, 420 S. Broadway

City of Santa Maria Community Development Department, 110 S. Pine St. Ste. 101

City of Santa Maria Waste Water Treatment Plant, 601 S. Black Road

City of Santa Maria 2024 Water Quality Report

During June 2025, the 2024 Water Quality Report was posted to the Utilities Department's Facebook, Instagram, and X (*previously Twitter*) accounts.