APPENDIX F

Consumer Confidence Report Certification Form

(copy of CCR is attached)

(To certify electronic delivery of the CCR, use the certification form on the State Board's website at http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/drinking water/certlic/drinkingwater/CCR.shtml)

Water	System	n Name:	Cayucos B	each Mutual Water C	ompany	
Water	System	n Number:	4010006			
June system	23, 20 m certi toring	21, to cus fies that the	tomers (and information	appropriate notices contained in the repo	of availability have ort is correct and con	ce Report was distributed on be been given). Further, the insistent with the compliance Board, Division of Drinking
Certi	fied by	: Name	: :	Grace Pope		
		Signa	ture:	Mare POD	e	
		Title:		Office Manager		
		Phone	e Number:	(805)995-3766	Da	te: July 19, 2021
				and good-faith effort. appropriate:	s taken, please com	plete the below by checking
X X	methor return attach	ods used: In payment st	cluded a direub or phone	ect internet address lin number to call if you	nk to view 2020 CC want a paper copy	Pecify other direct delivery R and a box to check on the mailed to you. A sample is Those efforts included the
		wing method		,	.,	
	X	Posting the	CCR on the	e Internet https://sloco	unty.ca.gov/ccr/cbn	nwc
		177		stal patrons within the		1.0
				oility of the CCR in ne	6.50	
				R in a local newspap ding name of newspap		lation (attach a copy of the ed)
	X	Posted the	CCR in pub	lic places (attach a list	of locations)	
	X			opies of CCR to singleses, and schools	e-billed addresses s	erving several persons, such
	X	Delivery to	community	organizations (attach	a list of organization	ons)
		Other (atta	ch a list of o	ther methods used)		
		vstems servi llowing addi	4.000 mg/s		ed CCR on a public	cly-accessible internet site at
	For in	vestor-owne	ed utilities: 1	Delivered the CCR to	the California Publi	c Utilities Commission

This form is provided as a convenience for use to meet the certification requirement of the California Code of Regulations, section 64483(c).

APPENDIX F

Attachment 1

Cayucos Beach Mutual Water Company Water System Number: 4010006

> Consumer Confidence Report Certification Form

List of public locations where CCR is posted:

Cayucos Library

Cayucos Senior Center

Cal-Fire

Cayucos Water Companies

List of organizations that CCR was delivered to:

Cayucos Lioness

Cayucos Lions Club

Cayucos Garden Club

Cayucos Educational Foundation

CAYUCOS BEACH MUTUAL WATER COMPANY 2020 Water Quality Report

P.O. Box 315, 425 S. Ocean Avenue, Cayucos, CA 93430 (805) 995-3766



PUBLISHED JUNE 2021

To our customers: Cayucos Beach Mutual Water Company is pleased to present this annual report describing the quality of your drinking water.

Este informe contiene informacíon muy importante sobre su agua dé beber. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

What is the source of my drinking water?

Your water comes from Whale Rock Reservoir and a groundwater well located in Cayucos on the east side of Highway One. Whale Rock Reservoir has a total capacity of 38,967 acre-feet and is managed by the Whale Rock Commission (City of San Luis Obispo, California Men's Colony, and Cal Poly University). No swimming or other body contact sports are allowed in the reservoir in order to minimize viral contamination from human contact. Water from the reservoir is piped downstream to the Cayucos Water Treatment Plant (WTP) where it is filtered with a percentage of water passing through two granular activated carbon filters. Water is chlorinated prior to distribution. Treated water is distributed to the three water purveyors in Cayucos: Cayucos Beach Mutual Water Company (CBMWC), Morro Rock Mutual Water Company (MRMWC) and the County of San Luis Obispo County Service Area 10A (CSA 10A). These three agencies have a combined entitlement of 582 acre-feet per year of Whale Rock Reservoir water plus access to a small amount of groundwater. The Whale Rock watershed is approximately 20.3 square miles in size and is susceptible to the following contamination: wastewater, animal grazing, recreational activities, unauthorized activities, use of pesticides/ herbicides, geological formations and hazardous materials spills. The watershed is well managed and these potential sources of contamination are minimized.

Sanitary surveys of the watersheds above and below Whale Rock Reservoir were updated in 2015. The source assessments of selected Cayucos Area Water Organization (CAWO) wells were also updated in 2015. The surveys and assessments were conducted to locate potential sources of contamination and evaluate the ability of the water treatment plant and wells to handle the contamination. The updated studies included a review of water system information, meetings with water system staff, and field reconnaissance. No significant changes were noted in the watersheds. The source assessments continue to conclude that the wells were most vulnerable to the following activities for which no associated contaminant has been detected in the water supply: Sewer collection system, low-density septic systems, agricultural drainage and an agricultural well.

A copy of the complete assessment is available at: California State Water Resources Control Board, Division of Drinking Water, 1180 Eugenia Place, Suite 200, Carpinteria, California 93013

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Cayucos Beach Mutual Water Company 425 South Ocean Avenue, Cayucos CA 93430

or

County of San Luis Obispo, Department of Public Works, County Government Center, Room 207, San Luis Obispo, CA 93408.

You may also request a summary of the source assessment report by contacting: Faith Zenker, Water Quality Manager, County of San Luis Obispo (805)781-1576.



All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the US EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline, 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population.

Immune-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. The USEPA and Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline, 1-800-426-4791.

Additionally, the EPA Office of Ground Water and Drinking Water maintains a website with useful information on drinking water. The address is www.epa.gov/safewater/. Information can also be obtained by accessing the American Water Works Association's website at www.awwa.org, the CSWRCB-DDW website at http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/drinking_water/programs/index.shtml, or by calling Faith Zenker, San Luis Obispo County Water Quality Manager, at (805) 781-1576.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing.

The water company is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have it tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791 or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.





Toilets should not be running more than a few seconds after a flush. If it continues to run beyond that, several components may be bad. A running toilet indicates that there's a leak somewhere between the

- 2. Do not allow the application of potable water to outdoor landscapes runoff such that water flows onto adjacent property, non-irrigated areas, private and public walkways, roadways, parking lots, or structures.
- 3. The use of a hose that dispenses potable water to wash a vehicle, should have a shut off nozzle or device attached to it that causes it to cease dispensing water immediately when not in use.
- 4. Sweep walkways, driveways, patios and decks do not wash with a hose.

tank and the bowl.

5. Don't let the water run – turn water off when brushing teeth or shaving and shower quickly.

5 of 5

CAYUCOS BEACH MUTUAL WATER COMPANY 2020 DATA SUMMARY TABLE

Delivered Water is a combination of water from two sources, CAWO Well and Whale Rock Reservoir. In 2020, CAWO Well provided 1.38% and Whale Rock Reservoir (Treated) provided 98.62% of the water delivered. For questions about this data, contact Cayucos Beach Mutual Water Company (805) 995-3766 or San Luis Obispo County Water Quality Laboratory (805) 781-1576.

					TABLE: 4 M	DETECTION OF PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARDS TABLE 14 MICHORING OCICAL CONTAMINANTE	NG WATER ST	ANDARDS		
CONTAMINANT	UNITS	YEAR SAMPLED		AVERAGE	VERAGE DETECTED	- Constitution of the cons	TOO I SMILL			POTENTIAL COLIDGE OF CONTAMINATION
Total Coliform	Present or			Absent	ent	1		Absent		POTENTIAL SOURCE OF CONTAMINATION
E.col	Absent Present or	0606		Popper	jos			A 1		Naturally present in the environment
Heterotrophic Dieta Count	Absent			Toron Circ				Abselit		Human and animal fecal waste
The control of the co	5			Ž	_			ND -10		Naturally present in the environment
					BLE 2: LEAD A	ND COPPER FRO	M CONSUME	R'S HOMES	N738E	
CONTAMINANT	UNITS	YEAR SAMPLED	NUMBER OF SAMPLES COLECTED	90 th PE	0th PERCENTILE COLLECTED	RCENTILE COLLECTED NUMBER OF SITES EXCEEDING ACTION PUBLIC H ACTION LEVEL	XCEEDING ACTIC	IN PUBLIC HEALTH GOAL	AL AVERAGE	POTENTIAL SOURCE OF CONTAMINATION
Copper	qdd	2019	10		230	0	1300	300	QN	
Lead	qdd	2019	10		1.8	0	15	0.2	Q	reproduct, reading from wood process varies in infernal corresion of household plumbing; erosion of hatural denosits.
		7	ABLE 3: DISINFEC	TION BYPR	ODUCTS, DISIN	FECTANT RESID	UALS, and DIS	INFECTION BYPRO	DUCT PREC	TABLE 3: DISINFECTION BYPRODUCTS, DISINFECTANT RESIDUALS, and DISINFECTION BYPRODUCT PRECURSORS
CONTAMINANT	UNITS		SAS	YEAR	HIGHEST RUNNING ANNUAL AVERAGE	RANGE DETECTED	MCL IMRDL1			POTENTIAL SOURCE OF CONTAMINATION
Total Trihalomethane	qdd			2020	30.8	10.1-25.4		RAA = 80		Byproduct of drinking water chlorination
Haloacetic Acids	qdd			2020	8	2.4-10.7		RAA = 60		Byproduct of drinking water chlorination
Chlorine Residuals	шаа			2020	1.17 (Annual Average)	0.67-1.47		[4.0 as CI2]		Drinking water disinfectant added for treatment
				1250		TABLE 4: RADIOACTIVE CONTAMINANTS	CONTAMINAN	2		
CONTAMINANT	UNITS	YEAR SAMPLED	Treated Water Averag	rerage Detected ge)		ampled	MCL		MCLG	POTENTIAL SOURCE OF CONTAMINATION
Gross Alpha Particle Activity	pCi/L	2020	3.4	3.5	Source Water	Water	15		NA	Erosion of natural deposits
					TABLE	TABLE 5: INORGANIC CONTAMINANTS	ONTAMINANT			
CONTAMINANT	UNITS	YEAR SAMPLED	Average Detecte (Range)	Detected ge)	Where	ere pled	MCL		PHG (MCLG)	POTENTIAL SOURCE OF CONTAMINATION
Arsenic	qdd	2020	2.6	9	Treated Water	l Water	10		0.004	Erosion or natural deposits, runon from orcharus, glass and electronics production wastes.
Fluoride	ррт	2020	0.32	12	Treated Water	Water	2		-	Erosion or naturar deposits; water additive that promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer.
Nitrates as NO ₃ (ppm)	шdd	2018	0.14-0	0.75	Source Water	Water	10		10	Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks and sources or retired denotes
			TABLE 6:	DETECTION	IN OF CONTAMIL	NANTS WITH A S	ECONDARY D	RINKING WATER S	TANDARD	povrago, elosion or natural deposit.
CONTAMINANT	UNITS	YEAR SAMPLED	Average D	Setected ge)	Who	ere oled	MCL	Average Defected Where MCL PHG (MCLG) (Range)	HG (MCLG)	POTENTIAL SOURCE OF CONTAMINATION
Aluminum	mdd	2020	82 71-92	92	Treated Water	Water	200		N/A	Erosion of natural deposits residue from surface water treatment process
Color	CO	2020	ND ND-1.0) 1.0	Delivered	ered	15		NA	Naturally occuring organic materials
Odor - Threshold	NOT	2020	ND ND-2	2.0	Delivered	ered	ю		N/A	Naturally occuring organic materials
Specific Conductance	mS/cm	2020	069 069	0	Treated Water	Water	1600		N/A	Substances that form ions when in water, seawater influence
Sulfate	ррт	2020	96		Treated Water	Water	500		N/A	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits
Total Dissolved Solids	шdd	2020	410 410	0.0	Treated Water	Water	1000		N/A	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits
Turbidity	UTN	2020	0.05 0.05-0	9 3.21	Delivered	ered	S		N/A	SURFACE WATER Runoff
			TABL	LE 7: DETE	CTION OF CONT	AMINANTS WITH	HOUT A DRINK	: DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITHOUT A DRINKING WATER STANDARD	ARD	
CONTAMINANT	UNITS	YEAR SAMPLED	Average Detecte (Range)	etected ge)	Where Sampled	are oled	MCL	ā.	PHG (MCLG)	POTENTIAL SOURCE OF CONTAMINATION
Alkalinity as CaCO3	шфф	2020	229	0.0	Treated Water	Water	SN		N/A	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;seawater influence
Calcium	шdd	2020	50 50.00	0	Treated Water	Water	SN		N/A	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;seawater influence
Hardness as CaCO3	шdd	2020	300	0.0	Treated Water	Water	SN		N/A	Generally found in ground and surface water
Magnesium	шфф	2020	42		Treated Water	Water	SN		NA	Runoffleaching from natural deposits;seawater influence
Sodium	шdd	2020	36 36		Treated Water	Water	NS		N/A	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits;seawater influence
Hd		2020	8.06	e (·	Treated Water	Water	SN		N/A	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits seawater influence
								and the same of th	-	