# **Consumer Confidence Report Certification Form**

(to be submitted with a copy of the CCR)

(to certify electronic delivery of the CCR, use the certification form on the State Water Board's website at <u>http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/drinking\_water/certlic/drinkingwater/CCR.shtml</u>)

Water System Name:	SCHULTE ROAD WAREHOUSE WTR SYS
Water System Number:	3902181

The water system named above hereby certifies that its Consumer Confidence Report was distributed on <u>July 1, 2021</u> (date) to customers (and appropriate notices of availability have been given). Further, the system certifies that the information contained in the report is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the State Water Resources Control Board, Division of Drinking Water.

Certified By:	Name:	Lisa DuBose		
	Signature:	Lisa DuBose		
	Title:	Senior Property Manager		
	Phone Number:	( <sub>415</sub> ) 710-6211	Date: 6/9/21	

To summarize report delivery used and good-faith efforts taken, please complete the form below by checking all items that apply and fill-in where appropriate:

X CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery methods. Specify other direct delivery methods used:

Reports are posted in conspicuous locations (offices and/or employee breakrooms).

The CCR has also been made available online at CA Drinking Water Watch website.

"Good faith"	efforts we	re used to	reach non-	bill paying	customers.	Those e	efforts	included	the	following
methods:										

1X   Posted the CCR on the internet at http:// sdwis.waterboards.ca.gov	Χ	Posted the CCR on the internet at http://	sdwis.waterboards.ca.gov
-------------------------------------------------------------------------	---	-------------------------------------------	--------------------------

Mailed the CCR to postal patrons within the service area (attach zip codes used)

Advertised the availability of the CCR in news media (attach a copy of press release)

Publication of the CCR in a local newspaper of general circulation (attach a copy of the
published notice, including name of the newspaper and date published)

7	Posted the CCR in	public places	(attach a list	of locations)
KI –	1 03tou the CON III	public places	(attach a list	01 1000010113)

Delivery of multiple copies of CCR to single bill addresses serving several persons,
such as apartments, businesses, and schools

Delivery to community organizations (attach a list of organizations)

Other (attach a list of other methods use	ed)
-------------------------------------------	-----

X

For systems serving at least 100,000 persons: Posted CCR on a publicly-accessible internet site
at the following address: http://

For investor-owned utilities: Delivered the CCR to the California Public Utilities Commission

(This form is provided as a convenience and may be used to meet the certification requirement of section 64483(c), California Code of Regulations.)

## **2020 Consumer Confidence Report**

Water System Name: SCHULTE ROAD WAREHOUSE WTR SYS

Report Date:

May 2021

We test the drinking water quality for many constituents as required by state and federal regulations. This report shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1 - December 31, 2020.

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alquien que lo entienda bien.

Type of water source(s) in use: This info is not available, please see the Drinking Water Source Assessment Information section located at the end of this report for more details.

Your water comes from 1 source(s): Well #1 and from 5 treated location(s): Front Shower, H.E., Mens Restroom Sink, Spicket Tap and Womens Restroom Sink

**Opportunities for public participation in decisions that affect drinking water quality:** Regularly-scheduled water board or city/county council meetings currently are not held. All information is posted in a conspicuous place (only affects onsite plant employees), and announced during the plant's morning manufacturing meetings.

For more information about this report, or any questions relating to your drinking water, please call (209) 838-7842 and ask for Quality Service, Inc..

TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT								
<b>Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL):</b> The highest level of contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. Primary MCLs are set as close to the PHGs (or MCLGs)	<b>Treatment Technique (TT):</b> A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.							
as is economically feasible. Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.	<b>Regulatory Action Level (AL):</b> The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.							
<b>Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG):</b> The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs are set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency	<b>Level 1 Assessment:</b> A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.							
(USEPA). <b>Public Health Goal (PHG):</b> The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California	<b>Level 2 Assessment:</b> A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.							
Environmental Protection Agency.	<b>ND:</b> not detectable at testing limit							
<b>Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL):</b> The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a	<b>mg/L:</b> milligrams per liter or parts per million (ppm)							
disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.	<b>ug/L:</b> micrograms per liter or parts per billion (ppb)							
Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG): The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.	<b>pCi/L:</b> picocuries per liter (a measure of radiation)							
<b>Primary Drinking Water Standards (PDWS):</b> MCLs and MRDLs for the contaminants that affect health along with their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment requirements.								

**drinking water:** (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reserv springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

#### Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- *Microbial contaminants,* such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- *Inorganic contaminants,* such as salts and metals, that can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- *Pesticides and herbicides,* that may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, that are by-products if industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, agricultural application, and septic systems.
- *Radioactive contaminants,* that can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

**In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink,** the USEPA and the State Water Resource Control Board (State Water Board) prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. State Water Board regulations also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that provide the same protection for public health.

Tables 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 list all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the most recent sampling for the constituent. The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. The State Water Board allows us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, are more than one year old.

Any violation of MCL, AL or MRDL is highlighted. Additional information regarding the violation is provided later in this report.

Table 1 - SAM	Table 1 - SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING THE DETECTION OF COLIFORM BACTERIA									
Microbiological Contaminants (complete if bacteria detected)	Highest No. of Detections	No. of Months in Violation	MCL	MCLG	Typical Sources of Contaminant					
Total Coliform Bacteria	1/mo. (2020)	0	no more than 1 positive monthly sample		Naturally present in the environment.					

Table 2 - SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING THE DETECTION OF LEAD AND COPPER								
Lead and Copper (complete if lead or copper detected in last sample set)	Sample Date	No. of Samples	90th percentile level detected	No. Sites Exceeding AL	AL	PHG	Typical Sources of Contaminant	
Copper (mg/L)	(2020)	5	0.15	0	1.3	.3	Internal corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives	

Table 3 -	DETECTION	OF CONT.	AMINANTS V	WITH A <u>P</u>	RIMARY D	RINKING WATER STANDARD
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL [MRDL]	PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG]	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Arsenic (ug/L)	(2015)	2	n/a	10		Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards, glass and electronics production wastes
Chromium (ug/L)	(2015)	25	n/a	50.0	n/a	Discharge from steel and pulp mills and chrome plating; erosion of natural deposits

Hexavalent Chromium (ug/L)	(2017)	7.5	ND - 18.9		0.02	Discharge from electroplating factories, leather tanneries, wood preservation, chemical synthesis, refractory production, and textile manufacturing facilities; erosion of natural deposits.
Fluoride (mg/L)	(2015)	0.1	ND - 0.2	2	1	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive that promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.
Nitrate as N (mg/L)	(2020)	7.1	n/a	10	10	Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks and sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Selenium (ug/L)	(2015)	8	n/a	50	30	Discharge from petroleum, glass, and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines and chemical manufacturers; runoff from livestock lots(feed additive)
Gross Alpha (pCi/L)	(2015)	5.84	n/a	15	(0)	Erosion of natural deposits.
Uranium (pCi/L)	(2015)	5.81	n/a	20	0.43	Erosion of natural deposits

Table 4 - TREA	Table 4 - TREATED DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD										
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL [MRDL]		Typical Sources of Contaminant					
Lead (ug/L)	(2017)	26.7	ND - 107	15	0.2	Internal corrosion of household water plumbing systems; discharges from industrial manufacturers, erosion of natural deposits					

	Table 5 - DETECTION OF UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS											
<b>Chemical or</b> <b>Constituent</b> (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	Notification Level	Typical Sources of Contaminant							
Vanadium (mg/L)	(2015)	0.007	n/a	0.05	Vanadium exposures resulted in developmental and reproductive effects in rats.							

Ta	Table 6 - DETECTION OF DISINFECTANT/DISINFECTANT BYPRODUCT RULE											
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL (MRDL)	PHG (MCLG)	Violation	Typical Sources of Contaminant					
Chlorine (mg/L)	(2020)	0.00	n/a	4.0	4.0	No	Drinking water disinfectant added for treatment.					

# **Additional General Information on Drinking Water**

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts if some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the USEPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. USEPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-4264791).

Lead Specific Language for Community Water Systems: If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with the service lines and home plumbing. *Quality Service-Schulte Road 3 LLC W/S* is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/lead.

# Summary Information for Violation of a MCL, MRDL, AL, TT, or Monitoring and Reporting Requirement

VIOLATION (	OF A MCL,MRDL,AL,TT, OR N	MONITORING	AND REPORTING	REQUIREMENT
Violation	Explanation	Duration	Actions Taken To Correct the Violation	Health Effects Language
Total Coliform Bacteria				Coliforms are bacteria that are naturally present in the environment and are used as an indicator that other, potentially harmful, waterborne pathogens may be present or that a potential pathway exists through which contamination may enter the drinking water distribution system. We found coliforms indicating the need to look for potential problems in water treatment or distribution. When this occurs, we are required to conduct assessment(s) to identify problems and to correct any problems that were found during these assessments.

**About your Nitrate as N:** Nitrate above 5 mg/L as nitrogen (50 percent of the MCL), but below 10 mg/L as nitrogen (the MCL); Nitrate in drinking water at levels above 10 mg/L is a health risk for infants of less than six months of age. Such nitrate levels in drinking water can interfere with the capacity of the infant's blood to carry oxygen, resulting in a serious illness; symptoms include shortness of breath and blueness of the skin. Nitrate levels above 10 mg/L may also affect the ability of the blood to carry oxygen in other individuals, such as pregnant women and those with certain specific enzyme deficiencies. If you are caring for an infant, or you are pregnant, you should ask advice from your health care provider.

**About your Lead:** If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. [NAME OF UTILITY] is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. [Optional: If you do so, you may wish to collect the flushed water and reuse it for another beneficial purpose, such as watering plants.] If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is

available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/lead.

Infants and young children are typically more vulnerable to lead in drinking water than the general population. It is possible that lead levels at your home may be higher than at other homes in the community as a result of materials used in your home splumbing. If you are concerned about elevated lead levels in your home swater, you may wish to have your water tested and/or flush your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using tap water. Additional information is available from the U.S. EPA Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

## **2020** Consumer Confidence Report

### **Drinking Water Assessment Information**

### **Assessment Information**

A Drinking Water Source Assessment has not been completed for the WELL #1 of the SCHULTE ROAD WAREHOUSE WTR SYS water system.

### **Discussion of Vulnerability**

Assessment summaries are not available for some sources. This is because:

The Assessment has not been completed. Contact the local Department of Health Services (DHS) Drinking Water field office or the water system to find out when the Assessment is scheduled to be done.

The source is not active. It may be out of service, or new and not yet in service.

The Assessment was not submitted electronically. The site used to obtain Assessments only provides access to Assessment summaries submitted electronically.

### **Acquiring Information**

For more info you may visit https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/drinking\_water/certlic/drinkingwater/DWSAP.html or contact the health department in the county to which the water system belongs as indicated on this following link: https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/drinking\_water/programs/documents/ddwem/DDWdistrictofficesmap.pdf

# Quality Service-Schulte Road 3 LLC W/S Analytical Results By FGL - 2020

		MICROE	BIOLOGIC	AL CONTAN	MINANT	S			
		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)
Total Coliform Bacteria			0	5%	n/a			0	-
Hosebib @ NE Side of Dock	STK2057018-1					2020-12-07	Absent		
Hosebib @ NE Side of Dock	STK2055652-1					2020-11-04	Absent		
Hosebib @ NE Side of Dock	STK2054951-1					2020-10-19	Absent		
Hosebib @ NE Side of Dock	STK2053351-1					2020-09-18	<1.0		
Hosebib @ NE Side of Dock	STK2053360-1					2020-09-16	Present		
Hosebib @ NE Side of Dock	STK2051291-3					2020-08-07	<1.0		
Hosebib @ NE Side of Dock	STK2051162-1					2020-08-05	Present		
Hosebib @ NE Side of Dock	STK2039581-1					2020-07-08	Absent		
Hosebib @ NE Side of Dock	STK2038580-1					2020-06-16	Absent		
Hosebib @ NE Side of Dock	STK2035921-1					2020-05-04	Absent		
Hosebib @ NE Side of Dock	STK2034517-1					2020-04-06	Absent		
Hosebib @ NE Side of Dock	STK2033478-1					2020-03-11	Absent		
Hosebib @ NE Side of Dock	STK2032195-1					2020-02-12	Absent		
Hosebib @ NE Side of Dock	STK2030385-1					2020-01-08	Absent		
Sample Tap @ Bladder Tanks	STK2053351-3					2020-09-18	<1.0		
Sample Tap @ Bladder Tanks	STK2051291-2					2020-08-07	<1.0		
Womens Restroom Sink	STK2053351-2					2020-09-18	<1.0		
Womens Restroom Sink	STK2051291-4					2020-08-07	<1.0		

		LE	AD AND	COPPER RU	LE				
		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	90th Percentile	# Samples
Copper		mg/L		1.3	.3			0.15	5
Mens Restroom Sink	STK2053928-1	mg/L				2020-09-28	0.06		
Mens Restroom Sink	STK2053928-4	mg/L				2020-09-28	0.06		
Spicket Tap	STK2053928-3	mg/L				2020-09-28	0.22		
Womens Restroom Sink	STK2053928-2	mg/L				2020-09-28	0.07		
Womens Restroom Sink	STK2053928-5	mg/L				2020-09-28	0.08		

	PRIMA	ARY DRIN	NKING W	ATER STAN	DARDS	(PDWS)	-		
		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)
Arsenic		ug/L		10	0.004			2	2 - 2
Well #1	STK1538592-1	ug/L				2015-08-04	2		
Chromium		ug/L	100	50.0	n/a			25	25 - 25
Well #1	STK1538592-1	ug/L				2015-08-04	25		
Hexavalent Chromium		ug/L			0.02			7.5	ND - 18.9
Well #1	STK1751626-1	ug/L				2017-09-11	ND		
Well #1	STK1737237-1	ug/L				2017-06-12	3.7		
Well #1	STK1732966-1	ug/L				2017-03-14	18.9		
Fluoride		mg/L		2	1			0.1	ND - 0.2
Well #1	STK1538591-1	mg/L				2015-08-04	0.2		
Well #1	STK1537251-1	mg/L				2015-07-06	ND		
Nitrate as N		mg/L		10	10			7.1	7.1 - 7.1
Well #1	STK2032197-1	mg/L				2020-02-12	7.1		
Selenium		ug/L	50	50	30			8	8 - 8
Well #1	STK1538592-1	ug/L				2015-08-04	8		
Gross Alpha		pCi/L		15	(0)			5.84	5.84 - 5.84
Well #1	STK1538592-1	pCi/L				2015-08-04	5.84		
Uranium		pCi/L		20	0.43			5.81	5.81 - 5.81
Well #1	STK1538592-1	pCi/L				2015-08-04	5.81		

	TREATED F	PRIMARY	DRINKIN	IG WATER S	STANDA	RDS (PDWS)			
		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)
Lead		ug/L	0	15	0.2			26.7	ND - 107
Front Shower	STK1737829-3	ug/L				2017-06-23	107		
H.E.	STK1737829-4	ug/L				2017-06-23	12.2		
Mens Restroom Sink	STK1737829-2	ug/L				2017-06-23	6.4		
Spicket Tap	STK1737829-1	ug/L				2017-06-23	ND		
Womens Restroom Sink	STK1737829-5	ug/L				2017-06-23	7.7		
Spicket Tap Womens Restroom Sink	STK1737829-1	ug/L				2017-06-23	ND		

UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS										
		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)	
Vanadium	Vanadium mg/L NS n/a 0.007 0.007 - 0.							0.007 - 0.007		
Well #1 STK1538592-1 mg/L 2015-08-04 0.007										

	DETECTION OF DISINFECTANT/DISINFECTANT BYPRODUCT RULE										
	Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)			
Chlorine		mg/L		4.0	4.0			0.00	ND -		
Well #1 STK2053351-4		mg/L				2020-09-18	ND				
Well #1	STK2051291-1	mg/L				2020-08-07	ND				
Average Well #1								0			

## Quality Service-Schulte Road 3 LLC W/S CCR Login Linkage - 2020

FGL Code	Lab ID	Date_Sampled	Method	Description	Property
CuPb ss06 FRT S	STK1737829-3	2017-06-23	Metals, Total	Front Shower	Lead Monitoring
CuPb ss06 HE	STK1737829-4	2017-06-23	Metals, Total	H.E.	Lead Monitoring
Bact ss01	STK2030385-1	2020-01-08	Coliform	Hosebib @ NE Side of Dock	Bacteriological Monitoring
	STK2032195-1	2020-02-12	Coliform	Hosebib @ NE Side of Dock	Bacteriological Monitoring
	STK2033478-1	2020-03-11	Coliform	Hosebib @ NE Side of Dock	Bacteriological Monitoring
	STK2034517-1	2020-04-06	Coliform	Hosebib @ NE Side of Dock	Bacteriological Monitoring
	STK2035921-1	2020-05-04	Coliform	Hosebib @ NE Side of Dock	Bacteriological Monitoring
	STK2038580-1	2020-06-16	Coliform	Hosebib @ NE Side of Dock	Bacteriological Monitoring
	STK2039581-1	2020-07-08	Coliform	Hosebib @ NE Side of Dock	Bacteriological Monitoring
	STK2051162-1	2020-08-05	Coliform	Hosebib @ NE Side of Dock	Bacteriological Monitoring
	STK2051291-3	2020-08-07	Coliform	Hosebib @ NE Side of Dock	Bacteriological Monitoring
	STK2053360-1	2020-09-16	Coliform	Hosebib @ NE Side of Dock	Bacteriological Monitoring
	STK2053351-1	2020-09-18	Coliform	Hosebib @ NE Side of Dock	Bacteriological Monitoring
	STK2054951-1	2020-10-19	Coliform	Hosebib @ NE Side of Dock	Bacteriological Monitoring
	STK2055652-1	2020-11-04	Coliform	Hosebib @ NE Side of Dock	Bacteriological Monitoring
	STK2057018-1	2020-12-07	Coliform	Hosebib @ NE Side of Dock	Bacteriological Monitoring
CuPb ss01	STK1737829-2	2017-06-23	Metals, Total	Mens Restroom Sink	Lead Monitoring
	STK2053928-1	2020-09-28	Metals, Total	Mens Restroom Sink	Copper & Lead Monitoring
	STK2053928-4	2020-09-28	Metals, Total	Mens Restroom Sink	Copper & Lead Monitoring
Bact ss03	STK2051291-2	2020-08-07	Coliform	Sample Tap @ Bladder Tanks	Bacteriological Monitoring
	STK2053351-3	2020-09-18	Coliform	Sample Tap @ Bladder Tanks	Bacteriological Monitoring
CuPb ss03	STK1737829-1	2017-06-23	Metals, Total	Spicket Tap	Lead Monitoring
	STK2053928-3	2020-09-28	Metals, Total	Spicket Tap	Copper & Lead Monitoring
WELL01	STK1537251-1	2015-07-06	Wet Chemistry	Well #1	SCHULTE ROAD WAREHOUSE WTR SYS
	STK1538592-1	2015-08-04	Radio Chemistry	Well #1	Water Quality Monitoring
	STK1538592-1	2015-08-04	Metals, Total	Well #1	Water Quality Monitoring
	STK1538591-1	2015-08-04	Wet Chemistry	Well #1	SCHULTE ROAD WAREHOUSE WTR SYS
	STK1732966-1	2017-03-14	Wet Chemistry	Well #1	Chrome 6 Monitoring
	STK1737237-1	2017-06-12	Wet Chemistry	Well #1	Chrome 6 Monitoring
	STK1751626-1	2017-09-11	Wet Chemistry	Well #1	Chrome 6 Monitoring
	STK2032197-1	2020-02-12	Wet Chemistry	Well #1	Water Quality Monitoring
	STK2051291-1	2020-08-07	Field Test	Well #1	SCHULTE ROAD WAREHOUSE WTR SYS
	STK2053351-4	2020-09-18	Field Test	Well #1	SCHULTE ROAD WAREHOUSE WTR SYS
CuPb ss02	STK1737829-5	2017-06-23	Metals, Total	Womens Restroom Sink	Lead Monitoring
Bact ss02	STK2051291-4	2020-08-07	Coliform	Womens Restroom Sink	Bacteriological Monitoring
	STK2053351-2	2020-09-18	Coliform	Womens Restroom Sink	Bacteriological Monitoring
CuPb ss02	STK2053928-2	2020-09-28	Metals, Total	Womens Restroom Sink	Copper & Lead Monitoring
	STK2053928-5	2020-09-28	Metals, Total	Womens Restroom Sink	Copper & Lead Monitoring