

Consumer Confidence Report Certification Form

(to be submitted with a copy of the CCR)

(to certify electronic delivery of the CCR, use the certification form on the State Water Board's website at
http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/drinking_water/certlic/drinkingwater/CCR.shtml)

Water System Name:	ABF FREIGHT SYSTEM INC. WATER SYSTEM
Water System Number:	CA3901480

The water system named above hereby certifies that its Consumer Confidence Report was distributed on _____ (date) to customers (and appropriate notices of availability have been given). Further, the system certifies that the information contained in the report is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the State Water Resources Control Board, Division of Drinking Water.

Certified By:	Name:		
	Signature:		
	Title:		
	Phone Number:	()	Date:

To summarize report delivery used and good-faith efforts taken, please complete the form below by checking all items that apply and fill-in where appropriate:

☐ CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery methods. Specify other direct delivery methods used:

☐ "Good faith" efforts were used to reach non-bill paying customers. Those efforts included the following methods:

- ☐ Posted the CCR on the internet at <http://> _____
- ☐ Mailed the CCR to postal patrons within the service area (attach zip codes used)
- ☐ Advertised the availability of the CCR in news media (attach a copy of press release)
- ☐ Publication of the CCR in a local newspaper of general circulation (attach a copy of the published notice, including name of the newspaper and date published)
- ☐ Posted the CCR in public places (attach a list of locations)
- ☐ Delivery of multiple copies of CCR to single bill addresses serving several persons, such as apartments, businesses, and schools
- ☐ Delivery to community organizations (attach a list of organizations)
- ☐ Other (attach a list of other methods used)

☐ For systems serving at least 100,000 persons: Posted CCR on a publicly-accessible internet site at the following address: <http://> _____

☐ For investor-owned utilities: Delivered the CCR to the California Public Utilities Commission

2025 Consumer Confidence Report

Water System Name: ABF FREIGHT SYSTEM INC. WATER SYSTEM

Report Date: March 2026

We test the drinking water quality for many constituents as required by state and federal regulations. This report shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1 - December 31, 2025.

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

Type of water source(s) in use: Information regarding the type of water source in use is not available, as this water system does not have a completed assessment on file. Please see the Drinking Water Source Assessment Information section located at the end of this report for more details.

Your water comes from 2 source(s): WELL #1 and WELL #2

and from 2 treated location(s): ARSENIC TREATMENT EFFLUENT and TREATMENT PLANT

Opportunities for public participation in decisions that affect drinking water quality: Regularly-scheduled water board or city/county council meetings currently are not held.

For more information about this report, or any questions relating to your drinking water, please call 209-642-5960 and ask for Calaveras Water Quality & Compliance or email kylebrothers@cwqcwater.com.

TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The highest level of contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. Primary MCLs are set as close to the PHGs (or MCLGs) as is economically feasible. Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs are set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA).

Public Health Goal (PHG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL): The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG): The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Primary Drinking Water Standards (PDWS): MCLs and MRDLs for the contaminants that affect health along with their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment requirements.

Secondary Drinking Water Standards (SDWS): MCLs for the contaminants that affect taste, odor, or appearance of the drinking water. Contaminants with SDWSs do not affect the health at the MCL levels.

Treatment Technique (TT): A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Regulatory Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Level 1 Assessment: A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

Level 2 Assessment: A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

ND: not detectable at testing limit

mg/L: milligrams per liter or parts per million (ppm)

ug/L: micrograms per liter or parts per billion (ppb)

pCi/L: picocuries per liter (a measure of radiation)

NTU: Nephelometric Turbidity Units

umhos/cm: micro mhos per centimeter

The sources of drinking water: (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- *Microbial contaminants*, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- *Inorganic contaminants*, such as salts and metals, that can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- *Pesticides and herbicides*, that may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- *Organic chemical contaminants*, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, that are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, agricultural application, and septic systems.
- *Radioactive contaminants*, that can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the USEPA and the State Water Resource Control Board (State Water Board) prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. State Water Board regulations also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that provide the same protection for public health.

Table(s) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 list all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the most recent sampling for the constituent. The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. The State Water Board allows us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, are more than one year old.

Any violation of MCL, AL or MRDL is highlighted. Additional information regarding the violation is provided later in this report.

Table 1 - SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING THE DETECTION OF COLIFORM BACTERIA					
Microbiological Contaminants (complete if bacteria detected)	Highest No. of Detections	No. of Months in Violation	MCL	MCLG	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Total Coliform Bacteria	0 (2025)	ND	no more than 1 positive monthly sample	0	Naturally present in the environment.
Fecal coliform and E. coli	0 (2025)	ND			Human and animal fecal waste.

Table 2 - SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING THE DETECTION OF LEAD AND COPPER							
Lead and Copper (complete if lead or copper detected in last sample set)	Sample Date	No. of Samples	90th percentile level detected	No. Sites Exceeding AL	AL	PHG	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Lead (ug/L)	(2025)	5	0	0	15	0.2	Internal corrosion of household water plumbing systems; discharges from industrial manufacturers, erosion of natural deposits
Copper (mg/L)	(2025)	5	0	0	1.3	.3	Internal corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives

Table 3 - SAMPLING RESULTS FOR SODIUM AND HARDNESS						
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL	PHG (MCLG)	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Sodium (mg/L)	(2018)	33	n/a	none	none	Salt present in the water and is generally naturally occurring
Hardness (mg/L)	(2018)	271	n/a	none	none	Sum of polyvalent cations present in the water, generally magnesium and calcium, and are usually naturally occurring

Table 4 - DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD						
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL [MRDL]	PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG]	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Arsenic (ug/L)	(2024 - 2025)	15	2 - 26	10	0.004	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards, glass and electronics production wastes
Barium (mg/L)	(2024)	0.19	n/a	1	2	Discharge from oil drilling wastes and from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Chromium (ug/L)	(2024)	10	n/a	50.0	n/a	Discharge from steel and pulp mills and chrome plating; erosion of natural deposits
Hexavalent Chromium (ug/L)	(2025)	5.1	n/a		0.02	Discharge from electroplating factories, leather tanneries, wood preservation, chemical synthesis, refractory production, and textile manufacturing facilities; erosion of natural deposits.
Nitrate as N (mg/L)	(2025)	8.1	ND - 15.3	10	10	Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks and sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Nitrate + Nitrite as N (mg/L)	(2018)	13.8	n/a	10	10	Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks and sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Perchlorate (ug/L)	(2024)	6.3	n/a	6	1	Perchlorate is an inorganic chemical in soil rocket propellant, fireworks, explosives, flares, matches, and a variety of industries. It usually gets into drinking water as a results of environmental contamination from historic aerospace or other industrial operations that used or use, store, or dispose of perchlorate and its salts.
Gross Alpha (pCi/L)	(2020)	17	1.23 - 47.9	15	(0)	Erosion of natural deposits.

Table 5 - TREATED DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD						
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL [MRDL]	PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG]	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Arsenic (ug/L)	(2025)	ND	n/a	10	0.004	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards, glass and electronics production wastes
Nitrate as N (mg/L)	(2025)	ND	n/a	10	10	Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks and sewage; erosion of natural deposits

Table 6 - DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A SECONDARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD						
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL	PHG (MCLG)	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Chloride (mg/L)	(2018)	70	n/a	500	n/a	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater influence
Iron (ug/L)	(2018)	180	n/a	300	n/a	Leaching from natural deposits; Industrial wastes
Specific Conductance (umhos/cm)	(2018)	698	n/a	1600	n/a	Substances that form ions when in water; seawater influence
Sulfate (mg/L)	(2018)	30.7	n/a	500	n/a	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; industrial wastes
Total Dissolved Solids (mg/L)	(2018)	500	n/a	1000	n/a	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits
Turbidity (NTU)	(2018)	1.3	n/a	5	n/a	Soil runoff

Table 7 - DETECTION OF UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS					
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	Notification Level	Health Effects
Vanadium (ug/L)	(2024)	24	n/a	50	Vanadium exposures resulted in developmental and reproductive effects in rats.
Perfluorooctanoic Acid [PFOA] (ng/L)	(2025)	5.9	n/a	5.1	n/a
Perfluorooctanesulfonic Acid [PFOS] (ng/L)	(2025)	12	n/a	6.5	Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid exposures resulted in immune suppression and cancer in laboratory animals.
Perfluorohexane Sulfonic Acid [PFHxS] (ng/L)	(2025)	5	n/a	3	n/a

Table 8 - ADDITIONAL DETECTIONS					
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	Notification Level	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Calcium (mg/L)	(2018)	59	n/a	n/a	n/a
Magnesium (mg/L)	(2018)	30	n/a	n/a	n/a
pH (units)	(2018)	7.7	n/a	n/a	n/a
Alkalinity (mg/L)	(2018)	170	n/a	n/a	n/a
Aggressiveness Index	(2018)	12.1	n/a	n/a	n/a
Langelier Index	(2018)	0.2	n/a	n/a	n/a

Table 9 - DETECTION OF DISINFECTANT/DISINFECTANT BYPRODUCT RULE							
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL (MRDL)	PHG (MCLG)	Violation	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Chlorine, Total (mg/L)	(2025)	0.02	n/a	4.0	4.0	No	Drinking water disinfectant added for treatment.
Chlorine, Free (mg/L)	(2025)	0.46	ND - 1.58	4.0	4.0	No	Drinking water disinfectant added for treatment.

Additional General Information on Drinking Water

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the USEPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. USEPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Lead Specific Language for Community Water Systems: If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with the service lines and home plumbing. *ABF Freight Systems, Inc.* is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/lead>.

Summary Information for Violation of a MCL, MRDL, AL, TT, or Monitoring and Reporting Requirement

VIOLATION OF A MCL,MRDL,AL,TT, OR MONITORING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENT				
Violation	Explanation	Duration	Actions Taken To Correct the Violation	Health Effects Language
Arsenic				Some people who drink water containing arsenic in excess of the MCL over many years could experience skin damage or problems with their circulatory system, and may have an increased risk of getting cancer.

Nitrate as N				Infants below the age of six months who drink water containing nitrate in excess of the MCL may quickly become seriously ill and, if untreated, may die because high nitrate levels can interfere with the capacity of the infant's blood to carry oxygen. Symptoms include shortness of breath and blueness of the skin. High nitrate levels may also affect the oxygen-carrying ability of the blood of Pregnant women.
Nitrate + Nitrite as N				Infants below the age of six months who drink water containing nitrate in excess of the MCL may quickly become seriously ill and, if untreated, may die because high nitrate levels can interfere with the capacity of the infant's blood to carry oxygen. Symptoms include shortness of breath and blueness of the skin. High nitrate levels may also affect the oxygen-carrying ability of the blood of Pregnant women.
Perchlorate				Perchlorate has been shown to interfere with uptake of iodide by the thyroid gland, and to thereby reduce the production of thyroid hormones, leading to adverse effects associated with inadequate hormone levels. Thyroid hormones are needed for normal prenatal growth and development of the fetus, as well as for normal growth and development in the infant and child. In adults, thyroid hormones are needed for normal metabolism and mental function.
Gross Alpha				Certain minerals are radioactive and may emit a form of radiation known as alpha radiation. Some people who drink water containing alpha emitters in excess of the MCL over many years may have an increased risk of getting cancer.

About your Arsenic: The arsenic standard balances the current understanding of arsenic's possible health effects against the costs of removing arsenic from drinking water. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency continues to research the health effects of low levels of arsenic, which is a mineral known to cause cancer in humans at high concentrations and is linked to other health effects such as skin damage and circulatory problems.

About your Nitrate as N: Nitrate above 5 mg/L as nitrogen (50 percent of the MCL), but below 10 mg/L as nitrogen

(the MCL); Nitrate in drinking water at levels above 10 mg/L is a health risk for infants of less than six months of age. Such nitrate levels in drinking water can interfere with the capacity of the infant's blood to carry oxygen, resulting in a serious illness; symptoms include shortness of breath and blueness of the skin. Nitrate levels above 10 mg/L may also affect the ability of the blood to carry oxygen in other individuals, such as pregnant women and those with certain specific enzyme deficiencies. If you are caring for an infant, or you are pregnant, you should ask advice from your health care provider.

2025 Consumer Confidence Report

Drinking Water Assessment Information

Assessment Information

A Drinking Water Source Assessment has not been completed for the WELL#1 of the ABF FREIGHT SYSTEM INC. WATER SYSTEM water system.

WELL #1 - does not have a completed assessment on file.

WELL #2 - does not have a completed assessment on file.

Discussion of Vulnerability

Assessment summaries may not be available for some sources. This is because:

- The assessment has not been completed.
- The source is not active. It may be out of service, or new and not yet in service.
- The assessment was not submitted electronically (under development).

Acquiring Information

For more info you may visit https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/drinking_water/certlic/drinkingwater/DWSAP.html or contact the health department in the county to which the water system belongs as indicated on this following link: https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/drinking_water/programs/documents/ddwem/DDWdistrictofficesmap.pdf

ABF Freight Systems, Inc.

Analytical Results By FGL - 2025

MICROBIOLOGICAL CONTAMINANTS								
		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a) Range (b)
Total Coliform Bacteria			0	5%	n/a			ND -
Vessel #3	STK2557203-1					2025-11-06	<1.0	
Vessel 1 Effluent	STK2557406-1					2025-11-12	<1.0	
Vessel 2 Effluent	STK2557406-2					2025-11-12	<1.0	
Vessel 3 Effluent	STK2557406-3					2025-11-12	<1.0	
W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	STK2558747-1					2025-12-11	Absent	
W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	STK2558036-1					2025-11-25	Absent	
W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	STK2556267-1					2025-10-22	Absent	
W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	STK2554528-1					2025-09-24	Absent	
W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	STK2552479-1					2025-08-20	Absent	
W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	STK2550694-1					2025-07-24	Absent	
W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	STK2538590-1					2025-06-12	Absent	
W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	STK2537381-1					2025-05-22	Absent	
W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	STK2535381-1					2025-04-17	Absent	
W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	STK2533855-1					2025-03-20	Absent	
W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	STK2532723-1					2025-02-25	Absent	
W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	STK2531202-1					2025-01-30	Absent	
Fecal coliform and E. coli			0	n/a				ND -
Vessel #3	STK2557203-1					2025-11-06	<1.0	
Vessel 1 Effluent	STK2557406-1					2025-11-12	<1.0	
Vessel 2 Effluent	STK2557406-2					2025-11-12	<1.0	
Vessel 3 Effluent	STK2557406-3					2025-11-12	<1.0	
W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	STK2558747-1					2025-12-11	Absent	
W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	STK2558036-1					2025-11-25	Absent	
W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	STK2556267-1					2025-10-22	Absent	
W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	STK2554528-1					2025-09-24	Absent	
W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	STK2552479-1					2025-08-20	Absent	
W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	STK2550694-1					2025-07-24	Absent	
W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	STK2538590-1					2025-06-12	Absent	
W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	STK2537381-1					2025-05-22	Absent	
W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	STK2535381-1					2025-04-17	Absent	
W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	STK2533855-1					2025-03-20	Absent	
W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	STK2532723-1					2025-02-25	Absent	
W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	STK2531202-1					2025-01-30	Absent	

LEAD AND COPPER RULE								
		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	90th Percentile # Samples
Lead		ug/L	0	15	0.2			0 5
Drivers Restroom	STK2553258-2	ug/L				2025-09-02	ND	
Drivers Restroom Dup	STK2553258-5	ug/L				2025-09-02	ND	
Office Restroom	STK2553258-1	ug/L				2025-09-02	ND	
Office Restroom Dup	STK2553258-4	ug/L				2025-09-02	ND	
Outdoor H/B	STK2553258-3	ug/L				2025-09-02	ND	
Copper		mg/L		1.3	.3			0 5
Drivers Restroom	STK2553258-2	mg/L				2025-09-02	ND	
Drivers Restroom Dup	STK2553258-5	mg/L				2025-09-02	ND	
Office Restroom	STK2553258-1	mg/L				2025-09-02	ND	
Office Restroom Dup	STK2553258-4	mg/L				2025-09-02	ND	
Outdoor H/B	STK2553258-3	mg/L				2025-09-02	ND	

SAMPLING RESULTS FOR SODIUM AND HARDNESS								
		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a) Range (b)

ABF Freight Systems, Inc.

CCR Login Linkage - 2025

FGL Code	Lab ID	Date_Sampled	Method	Description	Property
ASTRTMNTeff	STK2559301-2	2025-12-23	Metals, Total	ARSENIC TREATMENT EFFLUENT	Arsenic Treatment
Combined Efflu	STK2557204-2	2025-11-06	Metals, Total	Combined Effluent	Routine Drinking Water Monitoring
DST_LCR	STK2553258-2	2025-09-02	Metals, Total	Drivers Restroom	Copper & Lead Monitoring
	STK2553258-5	2025-09-02	Metals, Total	Drivers Restroom Dup	Copper & Lead Monitoring
	STK2553258-1	2025-09-02	Metals, Total	Office Restroom	Copper & Lead Monitoring
	STK2553258-4	2025-09-02	Metals, Total	Office Restroom Dup	Copper & Lead Monitoring
	STK2553258-3	2025-09-02	Metals, Total	Outdoor H/B	Copper & Lead Monitoring
Raw Water	STK2557204-1	2025-11-06	Metals, Total	Raw Water	Arsenic Treatment
TRTMT PLANT	STK2558748-1	2025-12-11	Wet Chemistry	TREATMENT PLANT	Nitrate Treatment Plant
Vessel #3	STK2557203-1	2025-11-06	Coliform	Vessel #3	Bacteriological Sampling
	STK2557203-1	2025-11-06	Field Test	Vessel #3	Bacteriological Sampling
Vessel 1 Efflu	STK2557406-1	2025-11-12	Coliform	Vessel 1 Effluent	Treated Filter Vessels
	STK2557406-1	2025-11-12	Field Test	Vessel 1 Effluent	Treated Filter Vessels
Vessel 2 Efflu	STK2557406-2	2025-11-12	Field Test	Vessel 2 Effluent	Treated Filter Vessels
	STK2557406-2	2025-11-12	Coliform	Vessel 2 Effluent	Treated Filter Vessels
Vessel 3 Efflu	STK2557406-3	2025-11-12	Field Test	Vessel 3 Effluent	Treated Filter Vessels
	STK2557406-3	2025-11-12	Coliform	Vessel 3 Effluent	Treated Filter Vessels
WHB TP	STK2531202-1	2025-01-30	Coliform	W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	Routine Drinking Water Monitoring
	STK2531202-1	2025-01-30	Field Test	W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	Routine Drinking Water Monitoring
	STK2532723-1	2025-02-25	Coliform	W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	Routine Drinking Water Monitoring
	STK2532723-1	2025-02-25	Field Test	W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	Routine Drinking Water Monitoring
	STK2533855-1	2025-03-20	Field Test	W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	Routine Drinking Water Monitoring
	STK2533855-1	2025-03-20	Coliform	W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	Routine Drinking Water Monitoring
	STK2535381-1	2025-04-17	Coliform	W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	Routine Drinking Water Monitoring
	STK2535381-1	2025-04-17	Field Test	W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	Routine Drinking Water Monitoring
	STK2537381-1	2025-05-22	Coliform	W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	Routine Drinking Water Monitoring
	STK2537381-1	2025-05-22	Field Test	W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	Routine Drinking Water Monitoring
	STK2538590-1	2025-06-12	Coliform	W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	Routine Drinking Water Monitoring
	STK2538590-1	2025-06-12	Field Test	W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	Routine Drinking Water Monitoring
	STK2550694-1	2025-07-24	Field Test	W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	Routine Drinking Water Monitoring
	STK2550694-1	2025-07-24	Coliform	W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	Routine Drinking Water Monitoring
	STK2552479-1	2025-08-20	Coliform	W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	Routine Drinking Water Monitoring
	STK2552479-1	2025-08-20	Field Test	W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	Routine Drinking Water Monitoring
	STK2554528-1	2025-09-24	Coliform	W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	Routine Drinking Water Monitoring
	STK2554528-1	2025-09-24	Field Test	W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	Routine Drinking Water Monitoring
	STK2556267-1	2025-10-22	Field Test	W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	3323 Loomis Rd.- Routine
	STK2556267-1	2025-10-22	Coliform	W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	3323 Loomis Rd.- Routine
	STK2558036-1	2025-11-25	Coliform	W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	Routine Drinking Water Monitoring
	STK2558036-1	2025-11-25	Field Test	W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	Routine Drinking Water Monitoring
	STK2558747-1	2025-12-11	Field Test	W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	Routine Drinking Water Monitoring
	STK2558747-1	2025-12-11	Coliform	W.HB on Wall/Treatment Plant	Routine Drinking Water Monitoring
WELL	STK1851852-1	2018-08-16	General Mineral	WELL #1	3323 Loomis Rd. Water Quality
	STK1851852-1	2018-08-16	Wet Chemistry	WELL #1	3323 Loomis Rd. Water Quality
	STK2030577-1	2020-01-13	Radio Chemistry	WELL #1	3323 Loomis Rd. Water Quality
	STK2035007-1	2020-04-15	Radio Chemistry	WELL #1	3323 Loomis Rd. Water Quality
	STK2039846-1	2020-07-15	Radio Chemistry	WELL #1	3323 Loomis Rd. Water Quality
	STK2458430-1	2024-12-17	Wet Chemistry	WELL #1	3323 Loomis Rd. Water Quality
	STK2458430-1	2024-12-17	Metals, Total	WELL #1	3323 Loomis Rd. Water Quality
	STK2532722-1	2025-02-25	Wet Chemistry	WELL #1	Chromium VI Monitoring
	STK2532815-1	2025-02-28	Wet Chemistry	WELL #1	3323 Loomis Rd. Water Quality
	STK2535379-1	2025-04-17	Wet Chemistry	WELL #1	3323 Loomis Rd. Water Quality
	STK2538591-1	2025-06-12		WELL #1	PFAS Monitoring
	STK2550693-1	2025-07-24	Wet Chemistry	WELL #1	3323 Loomis Rd. Water Quality
	STK2556268-1	2025-10-22	Wet Chemistry	WELL #1	3323 Loomis Rd. Water Quality
WELL2	STK2557407-1	2025-11-12	Field Test	WELL #2	Well #2 Monitoring
	STK2557738-1	2025-11-19	Field Test	WELL #2	Well #2 Monitoring

	STK2558986-1	2025-12-15	Wet Chemistry	WELL #2	ABF FREIGHT WATER SYSTEM
	STK2559301-1	2025-12-23	Metals, Total	WELL #2	Arsenic Treatment