

2020

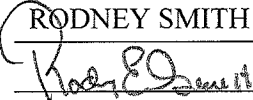
**Consumer Confidence Report  
Certification Form**  
(to be submitted with a copy of the CCR)

(To certify electronic delivery of the CCR, use the certification form on the State Board's website at [http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/drinking\\_water/certlic/drinkingwater/CCR.shtml](http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/drinking_water/certlic/drinkingwater/CCR.shtml))

Water System Name: COZAD WATER SYSTEM

Water System Number: 3901323

The water system named above hereby certifies that its Consumer Confidence Report was distributed on 03/11/2021 (date) to customers (and appropriate notices of availability have been given). Further, the system certifies that the information contained in the report is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the State Water Resources Control Board, Division of Drinking Water.

Certified by: Name: RODNEY SMITH  
Signature:   
Title: CHIEF OPERATOR  
Phone Number: ( 559 ) 479-1838 Date: 03/11/2021

*To summarize report delivery used and good-faith efforts taken, please complete the below by checking all items that apply and fill-in where appropriate:*

- ☐ CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery methods. Specify other direct delivery methods used: \_\_\_\_\_
- ☐ "Good faith" efforts were used to reach non-bill paying consumers. Those efforts included the following methods:
- ☐ Posting the CCR on the Internet at www.\_\_\_\_\_
  - ☐ Mailing the CCR to postal patrons within the service area (attach zip codes used)
  - ☐ Advertising the availability of the CCR in news media (attach copy of press release)
  - ☐ Publication of the CCR in a local newspaper of general circulation (attach a copy of the published notice, including name of newspaper and date published)
  - ☒ Posted the CCR in public places (attach a list of locations) HAND DELIVERED,
  - ☐ Delivery of multiple copies of CCR to single-billed addresses serving several persons, such as apartments, businesses, and schools
  - ☐ Delivery to community organizations (attach a list of organizations)
  - ☐ Other (attach a list of other methods used)
- ☐ For systems serving at least 100,000 persons: Posted CCR on a publicly-accessible internet site at the following address: www.\_\_\_\_\_
- ☐ For investor-owned utilities: Delivered the CCR to the California Public Utilities Commission

*This form is provided as a convenience for use to meet the certification requirement of the California Code of Regulations, section 64483(c).*

## 2020 Consumer Confidence Report

Water System Name: COZAD WATER SYSTEM , 3901323 Report Date: 3/11/2021

*We test the drinking water quality for many constituents as required by state and federal regulations. This report shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1 - December 31, 2020 and may include earlier monitoring data.*

**Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.**

Type of water source(s) in use: WE CURRENTLY OPERATE 1 GROUND WATER WELL. SYSTEM 3901323

Name & general location of source(s): WELL# 002 IS LOCATED AT 1868 EAST HAZELTON AVE , STOCKTON  
CA 95205

Drinking Water Source Assessment information: SEE WATER ASSESSMENT ON FILE DATED 2002,  
ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH DEPARTMENT. LOCATED AT  
304 E.WEBER AVE 3<sup>RD</sup> FLOR STOCKTON,CA 95202

Time and place of regularly scheduled board meetings for public participation: N/A PRIVATELY OWNED.

For more information, contact: RODNEY SMITH, SMITH Phone: CELL (559) 479-1838  
ENTERPRISES, WATER SPECIALIST. OFFICE (559) 822-4474  
CONTRACT DATE 4/26/2018

### TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT

**Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL):** The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. Primary MCLs are set as close to the PHGs (or MCLGs) as is economically and technologically feasible. Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.

**Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG):** The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs are set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA).

**Public Health Goal (PHG):** The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL):** The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG):** The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use

**Secondary Drinking Water Standards (SDWS):** MCLs for contaminants that affect taste, odor, or appearance of the drinking water. Contaminants with SDWSs do not affect the health at the MCL levels.

**Treatment Technique (TT):** A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

**Regulatory Action Level (AL):** The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

**Variances and Exemptions:** State Board permission to exceed an MCL or not comply with a treatment technique under certain conditions.

**Level 1 Assessment:** A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

**Level 2 Assessment:** A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an *E. coli* MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

**ND:** not detectable at testing limit

of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

**Primary Drinking Water Standards (PDWS):** MCLs and MRDLs for contaminants that affect health along with their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment requirements.

**ppm:** parts per million or milligrams per liter (mg/L)

**ppb:** parts per billion or micrograms per liter (µg/L)

**ppt:** parts per trillion or nanograms per liter (ng/L)

**ppq:** parts per quadrillion or picogram per liter (pg/L)

**pCi/L:** picocuries per liter (a measure of radiation)

**The sources of drinking water** (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

**Contaminants that may be present in source water include:**

- *Microbial contaminants*, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- *Inorganic contaminants*, such as salts and metals, that can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- *Pesticides and herbicides*, that may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- *Organic chemical contaminants*, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, that are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, agricultural application, and septic systems.
- *Radioactive contaminants*, that can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

**In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink**, the USEPA and the State Water Resources Control Board (State Board) prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. State Board regulations also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that provide the same protection for public health.

**Tables 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 list all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the most recent sampling for the constituent.** The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. The State Board allows us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, are more than one year old. Any violation of an AL, MCL, MRDL, or TT is asterisked. Additional information regarding the violation is provided later in this report.

**TABLE 1 – SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING THE DETECTION OF COLIFORM BACTERIA**

| Microbiological Contaminants<br>(complete if bacteria detected)                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Highest No. of Detections   | No. of months in violation | MCL                                                                                                                                  | MCLG | Typical Source of Bacteria           |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|--------------------------------------|
| Total Coliform Bacteria<br>(state Total Coliform Rule)                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | ( in a month)<br>0          | 0                          | 1 positive monthly sample                                                                                                            | 0    | Naturally present in the environment |
| Fecal Coliform or <i>E. coli</i><br>(state Total Coliform Rule)                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | (In the year)<br>0          | 0                          | A routine sample and a repeat sample are total coliform positive, and one of these is also fecal coliform or <i>E. coli</i> positive | 0    | Human and animal fecal waste         |
| <i>E. coli</i><br>(federal Revised Total Coliform Rule)                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | 01/01/2020 TO<br>12/31/2020 | 0                          | (a)                                                                                                                                  | 0    | Human and animal fecal waste         |
| (a) Routine and repeat samples are total coliform-positive and either is <i>E. coli</i> -positive or system fails to take repeat samples following <i>E. coli</i> -positive routine sample or system fails to analyze total coliform-positive repeat sample for <i>E. coli</i> . |                             |                            |                                                                                                                                      |      |                                      |

**TABLE 2 – SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING THE DETECTION OF LEAD AND COPPER**

| Lead and Copper<br>(complete if lead or copper detected in the last sample set) | Sample Date     | No. of samples collected | 90 <sup>th</sup> percentile level detected | No. sites exceeding AL | AL  | PHG | Typical Source of Contaminant                                                                                                 |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------|------------------------|-----|-----|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Lead (ppb)                                                                      | 4<br>07/13/2018 | 4                        | N/D                                        | 0                      | 15  | 0.2 | Internal corrosion of household water plumbing systems; discharges from industrial manufacturers; erosion of natural deposits |
| Copper (ppm)                                                                    | 4<br>07/13/2018 | 4                        | N/D                                        | 0                      | 1.3 | 0.3 | Internal corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives               |

**TABLE 3 – SAMPLING RESULTS FOR SODIUM AND HARDNESS**

| Chemical or Constituent<br>(and reporting units) | Sample Date | Level Detected | Range of Detections | MCL  | PHG (MCLG) | Typical Source of Contaminant                                                                                     |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------------|------|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SODIUM ( ppm )                                   | 07/02/2018  | 28             | 2.0-21.0            | NONE | NONE       | Salt present in water and is naturally occurring                                                                  |
| HARDNESS CaCO <sub>3</sub>                       | 06/28/2018  | 56             | 61.0-62.0           | NONE | NONE       | Sum of polyvalent cations present in water , generally magnesium and calcium, and are usually natural occurring . |

**TABLE 4 – DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD**

| Chemical or Constituent<br>(and reporting units) | Sample Date | Level Detected | Range of Detections | MCL [MRDL] | PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG] | Typical Source of Contaminant                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------------|------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| NITRATE (PPM)                                    | 4/08/2020   | 0.65           | ONE SOURCE          | 1.000      | 2                  | RUNOFF AND LEASHING FROM FERTILIZER USE; LEACHING FROM SEPTIC TANKS AND SEWAGE; EROSION OF NATURAL DEPOSITS                                                                                     |
| GROSS ALPHA (PCI/L)                              | 3/7/2007    | ND             | ONE SOURCE          | 15         | (0)                | EROSION OF NATURAL DEPOSITS;                                                                                                                                                                    |
| VANADIUM (ppm)                                   | 6/18/2013   | 0.025          | ONE SOURCE          | N/A        | 0.05               | THE BABIES OF SOME PREGNANT WOMEN WHO DRINK WATER CONTAINING VANADIUM IN EXCESS OF THE ACTION LEVEL MAY HAVE AN INCREASED RISK OF DEVELOPMENTAL EFFECTS, BASED ON STUDIES IN LABORATORY ANIMALS |
|                                                  |             |                |                     |            |                    |                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

**TABLE 5 – DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A SECONDARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD**

| Chemical or Constituent<br>(and reporting units) | Sample Date | Level Detected | Range of Detections | MCL | PHG (MCLG) | Typical Source of Contaminant |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------------|-----|------------|-------------------------------|
|                                                  |             |                |                     |     |            |                               |

**TABLE 6 – DETECTION OF UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS**

| Chemical or Constituent<br>(and reporting units) | Sample Date | Level Detected | Range of Detections | Notification Level | Health Effects Language |
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|
|--------------------------------------------------|-------------|----------------|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|

|               |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| NONE DETECTED |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------------|--|--|--|--|--|

### Additional General Information on Drinking Water

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the USEPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. USEPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

**Lead-Specific Language for Community Water Systems:** If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. [COZAD WATER SYSTEM] is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. [Optional: If you do so, you may wish to collect the flushed water and reuse it for another beneficial purpose, such as watering plants.] If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4701) or at <http://www.epa.gov/lead>.

### Summary Information for Violation of a MCL, MRDL, AL, TT, or Monitoring and Reporting Requirement

| VIOLATION OF A MCL, MRDL, AL, TT, OR MONITORING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENT |             |          |                                        |                         |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|----------|----------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Violation                                                                 | Explanation | Duration | Actions Taken to Correct the Violation | Health Effects Language |
| NONE                                                                      |             |          |                                        |                         |

### For Water Systems Providing Ground Water as a Source of Drinking Water

| TABLE 7 – SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING<br>FECAL INDICATOR-POSITIVE GROUND WATER SOURCE SAMPLES |                            |                 |               |                          |                               |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Microbiological Contaminants<br>(complete if fecal-indicator detected)                     | Total No. of<br>Detections | Sample<br>Dates | MCL<br>[MRDL] | PHG<br>(MCLG)<br>[MRDLG] | Typical Source of Contaminant |

|                |                    |  |    |     |                              |
|----------------|--------------------|--|----|-----|------------------------------|
| <i>E. coli</i> | (In the year)<br>0 |  | 0  | (0) | Human and animal fecal waste |
| Enterococci    | (In the year)<br>0 |  | TT | n/a | Human and animal fecal waste |
| Coliphage      | (In the year)<br>0 |  | TT | n/a | Human and animal fecal waste |

### Summary Information for Fecal Indicator-Positive Ground Water Source Samples, Uncorrected Significant Deficiencies, or Ground Water TT

| SPECIAL NOTICE OF FECAL INDICATOR-POSITIVE GROUND WATER SOURCE SAMPLE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |             |          |                                        |                         |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|----------|----------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| NONE                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |             |          |                                        |                         |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |             |          |                                        |                         |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |             |          |                                        |                         |
| SPECIAL NOTICE FOR UNCORRECTED SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |             |          |                                        |                         |
| Cozad water system was operated by a contract operator, Operator was not doing their job, However a new operator was contracted on 5/24/2018, A new setting plan will be done, And all sampling will be caught up in 2018. Any questions please contact Rodney Smith, Smith enterprises. ( 559) 479-1838 www.rsmithenterprises.com |             |          |                                        |                         |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |             |          |                                        |                         |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |             |          |                                        |                         |
| VIOLATION OF GROUND WATER TT                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |             |          |                                        |                         |
| TT Violation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | Explanation | Duration | Actions Taken to Correct the Violation | Health Effects Language |
| NO VIOLATIONS                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |             |          |                                        |                         |

### For Systems Providing Surface Water as a Source of Drinking Water

| TABLE 8 - SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING TREATMENT OF SURFACE WATER SOURCES                                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Treatment Technique <sup>(a)</sup><br>(Type of approved filtration technology used) N/A                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Turbidity Performance Standards <sup>(b)</sup><br>(that must be met through the water treatment process) N/A | Turbidity of the filtered water must: N/A<br>1 – Be less than or equal to ____ NTU in 95% of measurements in a month.<br>2 – Not exceed ____ NTU for more than eight consecutive hours.<br>3 – Not exceed ____ NTU at any time. |
| Lowest monthly percentage of samples that met Turbidity Performance Standard No. 1. N/A                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Highest single turbidity measurement during the year                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Number of violations of any surface water treatment requirements                                             |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

(a) A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

(b) Turbidity (measured in NTU) is a measurement of the cloudiness of water and is a good indicator of water quality and filtration performance. Turbidity results which meet performance standards are considered to be in compliance with filtration requirements.

### Summary Information for Violation of a Surface Water TT

| VIOLATION OF A SURFACE WATER TT |
|---------------------------------|
|---------------------------------|

| TT Violation | Explanation | Duration | Actions Taken to Correct the Violation | Health Effects Language |
|--------------|-------------|----------|----------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| NONE         |             |          |                                        |                         |

Summary Information for Operating Under a Variance or Exemption

NONE

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