2020 Consumer Confidence Report

Water System Name: LODI USD-TOKAY COLONY SCHOOL

Report Date:

We test the drinking water quality for many constituents as required by state and federal regulations. This report shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1 - December 31, 2020.

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alquien que lo entienda bien.

Type of water source(s) in use: Ground water is sourced from the unadjudicated Eastern San Joaquin Valley Sub basin (NO. 5-022.01). Well No. 3901085-001 is located on the North side of parcel APN#: 085-17-020.

Your water comes from 1 source(s): TCS-Wellhead

Opportunities for public participation in decisions that affect drinking water quality: Please call Maintenance & Operations if you have questions regarding the water.

For more information about this report, or any questions relating to your drinking water, please call (209) 331-7181 and ask for LodiUSD M&O or visit our website at <u>www.lodiusd.net</u>.

TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The highest level of contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. Primary MCLs are set as close to the PHGs (or MCLGs) as is economically feasible. Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs are set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA).

Public Health Goal (PHG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL): The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG): The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Primary Drinking Water Standards (PDWS): MCLs and MRDLs for the contaminants that affect health along with their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment requirements.

Treatment Technique (TT): A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Regulatory Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Level 1 Assessment: A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

Level 2 Assessment: A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

mg/L: milligrams per liter or parts per million (ppm)

ug/L: micrograms per liter or parts per billion (ppb)

The sources of drinking water: (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

May 2021

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- *Microbial contaminants,* such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- *Inorganic contaminants,* such as salts and metals, that can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- *Pesticides and herbicides,* that may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, that are by-products if industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, agricultural application, and septic systems.
- *Radioactive contaminants,* that can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the USEPA and the State Water Resource Control Board (State Water Board) prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. State Water Board regulations also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that provide the same protection for public health.

Tables 1, 2 and 3 list all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the most recent sampling for the constituent. The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. The State Water Board allows us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, are more than one year old.

Any violation of MCL, AL or MRDL is highlighted. Additional information regarding the violation is provided later in this report.

Tabl	Table 1 - SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING THE DETECTION OF LEAD AND COPPER									
Lead and Copper (complete if lead or copper detected in last sample set)	Sample Date	No. of Samples	90th percentile level detected	No. Sites Exceeding AL	AL	PHG	Typical Sources of Contaminant			
Copper (mg/L)	(2018)	5	0.25	0	1.3	.3	Internal corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives			

Table 2 -	Table 2 - DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD									
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL [MRDL]	PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG]	Typical Sources of Contaminant				
Arsenic (ug/L)	(2018)	2	n/a	10	0.004	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards, glass and electronics production wastes				
Hexavalent Chromium (ug/L)	(2014)	3.6	n/a		0.02	Discharge from electroplating factories, leather tanneries, wood preservation, chemical synthesis, refractory production, and textile manufacturing facilities; erosion of natural deposits.				
Nitrate as N (mg/L)	(2020)	1.8	n/a	10	10	Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks and sewage; erosion of natural deposits				

	Table 3 - DETECTION OF UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS									
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	Notification Level	Typical Sources of Contaminant					
Vanadium (mg/L)	(2018)	0.015	n/a	0.05	Vanadium exposures resulted in developmental and reproductive effects in rats.					

Additional General Information on Drinking Water

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts if some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the USEPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. USEPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Lead Specific Language for Community Water Systems: If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with the service lines and home plumbing. *Lodi Unified School District* is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/lead.

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Drinking Water Assessment Information

Assessment Information

A source water assessment was conducted for the WELL 01 of the LODI USD-TOKAY COLONY SCHOOL of the water system in April, 2002.

TCS-Wellhead - is considered most vulnerable to the following activities not associated with any detected contaminants:
Animal Feeding Operations as defined in federal regulation 2
Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations [CAFOs] as defined in Septic systems - high density [>1/acre]
Wastewater treatment plants
Historic gas stations
Historic waste dumps/landfills
Injection wells/dry wells/ sumps
Known Contaminant Plumes
Landfills/dumps
Metal plating/ finishing/fabricating
Mining operations - Historic
Underground Injection of Commercial/Industrial Discharges
Underground storage tanks - Confirmed leaking tanks

Discussion of Vulnerability

There have been no contaminants detected in the water supply, however the source is still considered vulnerable to activities located near the drinking water source.

Acquiring Information

A copy of the complete assessment may be viewed at: San Joaquin County Environmental Health Department 304 E. Weber Ave, 3rd Floor Stockton, CA 95202

You may request a summary of the assessment be sent to you by contacting: Small Public Water Systems SJ Co Environmental Health Department (209) 468-3420

Lodi Unified School District Analytical Results By FGL - 2020

LEAD AND COPPER RULE										
UnitsMCLGCA-MCLPHGSampledResult90th Percentile# Sampled										
Copper		mg/L		1.3	.3			0.25	5	
TCS-D/F by Rms. 01 & 02	STK1838916-1	mg/L				2018-06-21	0.16			
TCS-D/F East Between Restrooms	STK1838916-3	mg/L				2018-06-21	0.23			
TCS-Room 02	STK1838916-2	mg/L				2018-06-21	0.26			
TCS-Room 04	STK1838916-5	mg/L				2018-06-21	0.24			
TCS-Teachers Room	STK1838916-4	mg/L				2018-06-21	0.17			

PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARDS (PDWS)										
Units MCLG CA-MCL PHG Sampled Result Avg. Result(a) Range										
Arsenic		ug/L		10	0.004			2	2 - 2	
TCS-Wellhead	STK1833560-1	ug/L				2018-03-20	2			
Hexavalent Chromium		ug/L			0.02			3.60	3.60 - 3.60	
TCS-Wellhead	STK1450337-1	ug/L				2014-10-08	3.60			
Nitrate as N		mg/L		10	10			1.8	1.8 - 1.8	
TCS-Wellhead	STK2033317-1	mg/L				2020-03-10	1.8			

UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS									
UnitsMCLGCA-MCLPHGSampledResultAvg. Result(a)Range (b)									
Vanadium		mg/L		NS	n/a			0.015	0.015 - 0.015
TCS-Wellhead	STK1833560-1	mg/L				2018-03-20	0.015		

Lodi Unified School District CCR Login Linkage - 2020

FGL Code	Lab ID	Date_Sampled	Method	Description	Property
TCS-Even	STK1631777-1	2016-02-16	Coliform	TCS-Bldg.A EastSide by DF	Tokay Colony School - Bacteriological- Even
	STK1631777-1	2016-02-16	Sampling	TCS-Bldg.A EastSide by DF	Tokay Colony School - Bacteriological- Even
	STK1633960-1	2016-04-12	Sampling	TCS-Bldg.A EastSide by DF	Tokay Colony School - Bacteriological- Even
	STK2031853-1	2020-02-06	Coliform	TCS-Bldg.A EastSide by DF	Tokay Colony School - Bacteriological- Even
	STK2034930-1	2020-04-14	Coliform	TCS-Bldg.A EastSide by DF	Tokay Colony School - Bacteriological- Even
	STK2038455-1	2020-06-16	Coliform	TCS-Bldg.A EastSide by DF	Tokay Colony School - Bacteriological- Even
	STK2051876-1	2020-08-18	Coliform	TCS-Bldg.A EastSide by DF	Tokay Colony School - Bacteriological- Even
	STK2054953-1	2020-10-20	Coliform	TCS-Bldg.A EastSide by DF	Tokay Colony School - Bacteriological- Even
	STK2057220-1	2020-12-11	Coliform	TCS-Bldg.A EastSide by DF	Tokay Colony School - Bacteriological- Even
TCS-Odd	STK1530360-1	2015-01-08	Sampling	TCS-Bldg.B EastSide by DF	Tokay Colony School - Bacteriological- Odd
	STK1630135-1	2016-01-05	Coliform	TCS-Bldg.B EastSide by DF	Tokay Colony School - Bacteriological- Odd
	STK1630135-1	2016-01-05	Sampling	TCS-Bldg.B EastSide by DF	Tokay Colony School - Bacteriological- Odd
	STK1632565-1	2016-03-08	Sampling	TCS-Bldg.B EastSide by DF	Tokay Colony School - Bacteriological- Odd
	STK1632565-1	2016-03-08	Coliform	TCS-Bldg.B EastSide by DF	Tokay Colony School - Bacteriological- Odd
	STK1635337-1	2016-05-05	Coliform	TCS-Bldg.B EastSide by DF	Tokay Colony School - Bacteriological- Odd
	STK1730211-1	2017-01-05	Coliform	TCS-Bldg.B EastSide by DF	Tokay Colony School - Bacteriological- Odd
	STK1730211-1	2017-01-05	Sampling	TCS-Bldg.B EastSide by DF	Tokay Colony School - Bacteriological- Odd
	STK2030317-1	2020-01-07	Coliform	TCS-Bldg.B EastSide by DF	Tokay Colony School - Bacteriological- Odd
	STK2033318-1	2020-03-10	Coliform	TCS-Bldg.B EastSide by DF	Tokay Colony School - Bacteriological- Odd
	STK2037021-1	2020-05-21	Coliform	TCS-Bldg.B EastSide by DF	Tokay Colony School - Bacteriological- Odd
	STK2050207-1	2020-07-21	Coliform	TCS-Bldg.B EastSide by DF	Tokay Colony School - Bacteriological- Odd
	STK2052787-1	2020-09-09	Coliform	TCS-Bldg.B EastSide by DF	Tokay Colony School - Bacteriological- Odd
	STK2055960-1	2020-11-11	Coliform	TCS-Bldg.B EastSide by DF	Tokay Colony School - Bacteriological- Odd
TCS-CuPb 01	STK1838916-1	2018-06-21	Metals, Total	TCS-D/F by Rms. 01 & 02	Tokay Colony - Copper & Lead Monitoring
TCS-CuPb 03	STK1838916-3	2018-06-21	Metals, Total	TCS-D/F East Between Restrooms	Tokay Colony - Copper & Lead Monitoring
TCS-CuPb 02	STK1838916-2	2018-06-21	Metals, Total	TCS-Room 02	Tokay Colony - Copper & Lead Monitoring
TCS-CuPb 05	STK1838916-5	2018-06-21	Metals, Total	TCS-Room 04	Tokay Colony - Copper & Lead Monitoring
TCS-CuPb 04	STK1838916-4	2018-06-21	Metals, Total	TCS-Teachers Room	Tokay Colony - Copper & Lead Monitoring
1TCS-Wellhead	STK1450337-1	2014-10-08	Wet Chemistry	TCS-Wellhead	Tokay - Chrome 6
	STK1632564-1	2016-03-08	Wet Chemistry	TCS-Wellhead	Tokay Colony School-3 Year
	STK1632564-1	2016-03-08	Sampling	TCS-Wellhead	Tokay Colony School-3 Year
	STK1632563-1	2016-03-08	Radio Chemistry	TCS-Wellhead	Tokay Colony School - Radio Monitoring
	STK1632563-1	2016-03-08	Sampling	TCS-Wellhead	Tokay Colony School - Radio Monitoring

STK1833560-1	2018-03-20	Metals, Total	TCS-Wellhead	Tokay Colony School-3 Year
STK2033317-1	2020-03-10	Wet Chemistry	TCS-Wellhead	Tokay Colony School-3 Year

Consumer Confidence Report Certification Form

(to be submitted with a copy of the CCR)

(to certify electronic delivery of the CCR, use the certification form on the State Water Board's website at http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/drinking_water/certlic/drinkingwater/CCR.shtml)

Water System Name:	LODI USD-TOKAY COLONY SCHOOL
Water System Number:	3900848

The water system named above hereby certifies that its Consumer Confidence Report was distributed on ______(date) to customers (and appropriate notices of availability have been given). Further, the system

certifies that the information contained in the report is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the State Water Resources Control Board, Division of Drinking Water.

Certified By:	Name:	Jim Edsell	
	Signature:	USSIC	
	Title:	Mechanical Systems	SuperV1508
	Phone Number:	12091331-7184	Date: (2) 2021

To summarize report delivery used and good-faith efforts taken, please complete the form below by checking all items that apply and fill-in where appropriate:

X	CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery	methods. Specify other direct delivery methods used:
100	Posted at school Site OFFICE.	bulletin board.
	E-mailed to school Principal	to send to Stratents Parents.

"Good faith"	efforts were used to reach	non-bill paying	customers.	Those efforts	included t	he following
methods:						-

Mailed the CCR to postal patrons within the service area (attach zip co	les used)
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	Advertised th	ne availability (of the C	CR in	news media	(attach a	copy of	press rele	ase)
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Publication of the CCR in a local newspaper of general circulation (attach a copy of the
published notice, including name of the newspaper and date published)

Delivery of multiple copies of CCR to single bill addresses serving several persons,
such as apartments, businesses, and schools

Delivery to community organizations (attach a list of organizations)

	Other	(attach	a	list o	of	other	methods	used)
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For systems serving at least 100,000 persons: Posted CCR on a publicly-accessible internet sit	te
at the following address: http://	

For investor-owned utilities: Delivered the CCR to the California Public Utilities Commission

(This form is provided as a convenience and may be used to meet the certification requirement of section 64483(c), California Code of Regulations.)