Consumer Confidence Report Certification Form

(to be submitted with a copy of the CCR)

(to certify electronic delivery of the CCR, use the certification form on the State Water Board's website at http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/drinking_water/certlic/drinking_water/CCR.shtml)

Water System N	lame:	LINDEN USD.	-WATERLOO E	ELEMENTARY	-	
Water Syste Number:	m	CA3900757				
e information co	ntained	VIIIGIS IAHU ADD	correct and con	s of availability have be	Report was distributed on en given). Further, the system o ance monitoring data previously	certifies
Certified By:	Nam	e:	Toni Thomps	on		
	Sign	ature:	100	ni than	2000	
	Title:		Clerk Mainter	nance & Operations Lin		
	Phon	e Number:	(209) 946-0	707	Date: 4/15/2022	
CCR was	distribu	ted by mail or of	ther direct deliv	very methods. Specify o	ther direct delivery methods us	ed:
Distributed by int	er Distri	ct mail & email				
"Good faith' methods:	efforts	were used to re	ach non-bill pa	ying customers. Those	efforts included the following	
Poste	ed the G	CR on the inter	net at http://			
Maile	d the C	CR to postal pat	rons within the	service area (attach zi	p codes used)	

		Advertised the availability of the CCR in news media (attach a copy of press release)
		Publication of the CCR in a local newspaper of general circulation (attach a copy of the published notice, including name of the newspaper and date published)
		Posted the CCR in public places (attach a list of locations)
	Site	e will post in a conspicuous place
		Delivery of multiple copies of CCR to single bill addresses serving several persons, such as apartments, businesses, and schools
		Delivery to community organizations (attach a list of organizations)
		Other (attach a list of other methods used)
7	For sys	stems serving at least 100,000 persons: Posted CCR on a publicly-accessible internet site at owing address:
		estor-owned utilities: Delivered the CCR to the California Public Utilities Commission (This form is provided as a convenience and may be used to meet the certification requirement of section 64483(c), California Code of Regulations.) 2021 Consumer Confidence Report
aler	System	Name: LINDEN USD-WATERLOO ELEMENTARY Report Date: April 2022

We test the drinking water quality for many constituents as required by state and federal regulations. This report shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1 - December 31, 2021.

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alquien que lo entienda bien.

Type of water source(s) in use: This info is not available, as this water system does not have a completed assessment on

file. Please see the Drinking Water Source Assessment Information section located at the end of this report for more details.

Your water comes from 1 source(s): Well #2

Opportunities for public participation in decisions that affect drinking water quality: Regularly-scheduled water board or city/county council meetings currently are not held. Information regarding this well is available at LUSD, Maintenance & Operations, 100 N Jack Tone Road, Stockton CA 95215, call (209)946-0707.

For more information about this report, or any questions relating to your drinking water, please call (209) 838 - 7842 and ask for Quality Service, Inc. or visit our website at www.waterloo.ca.lue.schoolinsites.com.

TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The highest level of contaminant that is allowed in drinking water.

Primary MCLs are set as close to the PHGs (or MCLGs) as is economically feasible. Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs are set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA).

Public Health Goal (PHG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL): The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water.

There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG): The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Primary Drinking Water Standards (PDWS): MCLs and MRDLs for the contaminants that affect health along with their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment requirements.

Treatment Technique (TT): A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Regulatory Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Level 1 Assessment: A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

Level 2 Assessment: A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

mg/L: milligrams per liter or parts per million (ppm)

ug/L: micrograms per liter or parts per billion (ppb)

The sources of drinking water: (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring

minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- · Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, that can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming. Pesticides and herbicides, that may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, that are by-products if industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, agricultural application, and septic systems.
- •Radioactive contaminants, that can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the USEPA and the State Water Resource Control Board (State Water Board) prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. State Water Board regulations also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that provide the same protection for public health.

Tables 1, 2 and 3 list all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the most recent sampling for the constituent. The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. The State Water Board allows us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, are more than one year old.

Any violation of MCL, AL or MRDL is highlighted. Additional information regarding the violation is provided later in this report.

T:	able 1 - SAM	PLING RESUL	TS SHOWING	THE DETECTION	OF	E LE	ion is provided later in this report. AD AND COPPER
Lead and Copper (complete if lead or copper detected in last sample set)	Sample Date	No. of Samples	90th percentile level detected	No. Sites Exceeding AL			Typical Sources of Contaminant
Copper (mg/L)	(2021)	10	0.17	0	1 . 3	.3	Internal corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives

Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL [MRDL]	PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG]	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Arsenic (ug/L)	(2021)	2	n/a	10	0.004	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards, glass and electronics production wastes
Hexavalent Chromium (ug/L)	(2014)	4.1	n/a		0.02	Discharge from electroplating factories, leather tanneries, wood preservation, chemical synthesis, refractory production, and textile

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						manufacturing facilities; erosion of natural deposits.
Nitrate as N (mg/L)	(2021)	0.5	n/a	10	10	Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks and sewage; erosion of natural deposits

	Table	3 - DETECTIO	N OF UNREGULA	TED CONTAMINA	ANTS
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	Notification Level	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Vanadium (ug/L)	(2021)	17	n/a	50	Vanadium exposures resulted in developmental and reproductive effects in rats.

Additional General Information on Drinking Water

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts if some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the USEPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. USEPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426- 4791).

Lead Specific Language for Community Water Systems: If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with the service lines and home plumbing. *Linden USD-Waterloo School WS* is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.ciov/lead.

2021 Consumer Confidence Report

Drinking Water Assessment Information

Assessment Information

A Drinking Water Source Assessment has not been completed for the WELL 02 of the LINDEN USD-WATERLOO ELEMENTARY water system.

Well #2 - does not have a completed Source Water Assessment on file.

Discussion of Vulnerability

Assessment summaries are not available for some sources. This is because:

The Assessment has not been completed. Contact the local Department of Health Services (DHS) Drinking Water field office or the water system to find out when the Assessment is scheduled to be done.

The source is not active. It may be out of service, or new and not yet in service.

The Assessment was not submitted electronically. The site used to obtain Assessments only provides access to Assessment summaries submitted electronically.

Acquiring Information

For more info you may visit https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/drinking_water/certlic/drinkingwater/DWSAP.html or contact the health department in the county to which the water system belongs as indicated on this following link: https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/drinking_water/programs/documents/ddwem/DDWdistrictofficesmap.pdf

Linden USD-Waterloo School WS

Analytical Results By FGL - 2021

		LE	AD AND (OPPER RU	LE				
		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	90th Percentile	# Samples
Copper		mg/L		1.3	.3			0.17	10
5-6 Boy`s Bathroom	STK2150377-9	mg/L				2021-07-20	ND		
5-6 Wing South Fountain	STK2150377-3	mg/L				2021-07-20	0.21		
Cafeteria	STK2150377-5	mg/L				2021-07-20	0.17		
Female Bathroom Fountain	STK2150377-1	mg/L				2021-07-20	ND		
Office Sink	STK2150377-2	mg/L				2021-07-20	0.05		
Room 12	STK2150377-6	mg/L				2021-07-20	ND		
Room 14	STK2150377-7	mg/L				2021-07-20	0.05		
Room 15	STK2150377-1	mg/L				2021-07-20	ND		
Room 16	STK2150377-8	mg/L				2021-07-20	0.05		
Room 6	STK2150377-4	mg/L				2021-07-20	0.08		

PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARDS (PDIVS)									
		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)
Arsenic		ug/L		10	0.004			2	2 - 2
Well #2	STK2157709-1	ug/L				2:021-12-14	2		
Hexavalent Chromium		ug/L			0.02			4.10	4.10 - 4.10
Well #2	STK1438378-2	ug/L				2:014-08-19	4.10		
Nitrate as N		mg/L		10	10			0.5	0.5 - 0.5
Well #2	STK2157709-1	mg/L				2021-12-14	0.5		32.792

		UNRI	EGULATE	O CONTAMIN	IANTS				
		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)
Vanadium		ug/L		NS	n/a			17	17 - 17
Well #2	STK2157709-1	ug/L				2021-12-14	17		

Linden USD-Waterloo School WS

CCR Login Linkage - 2021

FGL Code	Lab ID	Date_S	1	Description	Property
CA3900757_LC	STK2150377-	2021-07-20	Metals, Total	5-6 Boy`s Bathroom	Waterloo School-Cu & Pb
	STK2150377-	2021-07-20	Metals, Total	5-6 Wing South Fountain	Waterloo School-Cu & Pb
	STK2150377- 5	2021-07-20	Metals, Total	Cafeteria	Waterloo School-Cu & Pb
	STK2150377- 1	2021-07-20	Metals, Total	Female Bathroom Fountain	LINDEN USD-WATERLOO ELEMENTARY
М	UI §	2021-01-21	Coliform	Multi Purpose Sink	Waterloo School
	STK2133545- 1	2021-03-16	Coliform	Multi Purpose Sink	Waterloo School
	STK2136961- 1	2021-05-19	Coliform	Multi Purpose Sink	Waterloo School
	STK2150505- 1	2021-07-27	Coliform	Multi Purpose Sink	Waterloo School
	STK2153477- 1	2021-09-21	Coliform	Multi Purpose Sink	Waterloo School
	STK2156378- 1	2021-11-12	Coliform	Multi Purpose Sink	Waterloo School
NORTH WING	STK2132232- 1	2021-02-16	Coliform	North Wing, West Wall	Waterloo School
	STK2135305- 1	2021-04-20	Coliform	North Wing, West Wall	Waterloo School
	STK2138935- 1	2021-06-25	Coliform	North Wing, West Wal	Waterloo School
	STK2151732- 1	2021-08-18	Coliform	North Wing, West Wall	Waterloo School
	STK2155107- 1	2021-10-20	Coliform	North Wing, West Wall	Waterloo School
	STK2157708- 1	2021-12-14	Coliform	North Wing, West Wall	Waterloo School
A3900757_LC R	STK2150377- 2	2021-07-20	Metals, Total	Office Sink	Waterloo School-Cu & Pb

	STK2150377- 6	2021-07-20	Metals, Total	Room 12	Waterloo School-Cu & Pb
	STK2150377- 7	2021-07-20	Metals, Total	Room 14	Waterloo School-Cu & Pb
	STK		Metals, Total	Room 15	Waterloo School-Cu & Pb
	STK2150377- 8	2021-07-20	Metals, Total	Room 16	Waterloo School-Cu & Pb
	STK2150377- 4	2021-07-20	Metals, Total	Room 6	Waterloo School-Cu & Pb
WELL02	STK1438378- 2	2014-08-19	Wet Chemistry	Well #2	Chrome 6 Monitoring
	STK2157709- 1	2021-12-14	Metals, Total	Well #2	Waterloo School-Water Quality
	STK2157709- 1	2021-12-14	Wet Chemistry	Well #2	Waterloo School-Water Quality