Consumer Confidence Report Certification Form

(to be submitted with a copy of the CCR)

(to certify electronic delivery of the CCR, use the certification form on the State Water Board's website at http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/drinking.water/certlic/drinkingwater/CCR.shtml)

		em Name: LINDEN USI	O-GLENWOOD SCHOOL
Wate	er Syst	em Number: CA3900756	
certi	fies tha	at the information contained	certifies that its Consumer Confidence Report was distributed on rs (and appropriate notices of availability have been given). Further, the system in the report is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data r Resources Control Board, Division of Drinking Water.
Cert	ified B	y: Name:	Joni Thompson
		Signature:	Ion: (hammer)
		Title:	Administrative Assitant
		Phone Number:	(209 946-0707 Date: 4-28-23
that a	CCR	ia jiii iii witere appropriate.	other direct delivery methods. Specify other direct delivery methods used:
	"Good meth	d faith" efforts were used to ods:	reach non-bill paying customers. Those efforts included the following
		Posted the CCR on the int	ernet at http://
	Ц		patrons within the service area (attach zip codes used)
	Ц	Advertised the availability	of the CCR in news media (attach a copy of press release)
	Ш	Publication of the CCR in published notice, including	a local newspaper of general circulation (attach a copy of the g name of the newspaper and date published)
	X		places (attach a list of locations)
			s of CCR to single bill addresses serving several persons.
		Delivery to community org	ranizations (attach a list of organizations)
		Other (attach a list of other	
X	For sy at the	stems serving at least 100,0 following address: http://_	2000 persons: Posted CCR on a publicly-accessible internet site
	For in	vestor-owned utilities: Deliv	vered the CCR to the California Public Utilities Commission
			as a convenience and may be used to meet the certification requirement

of section 64483(c), California Code of Regulations.)

2022 Consumer Confidence Report

Water System Name: LINDEN USD-GLENWOOD SCH	.001	
	Report	Date: April 2023

We test the drinking water quality for many constituents as required by state and federal regulations. This report shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1 - December 31, 2022.

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alquien que lo entienda bien.

Type of water source(s) in use: This info is not available for well 02, as it does not have a completed assessment on file. Please see the Drinking Water Source Assessment Information section located at the end of this report for more details.

Your water comes from 1 source(s): WELL #2

Opportunities for public participation in decisions that affect drinking water quality: Regularly-scheduled water board or city/county council meetings currently are not held. Information regarding this well is available at LUSD, Maintenance & Operations, 100 N Jack Tone Road, Stockton CA 95215, call (209)946-0707.

For more information about this report, or any questions relating to your drinking water, please call (209 838 - 7842 and ask for Qualtiy Service, Inc. or visit our website at www.glenwood.ca.lue.schoolinsites.com.

TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The highest level of contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. Primary MCLs are set as close to the PHGs (or MCLGs) as is economically feasible. Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs are set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA).

Public Health Goal (PHG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL): The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG): The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Primary Drinking Water Standards (PDWS): MCLs and MRDLs for the contaminants that affect health along with their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment requirements.

Treatment Technique (TT): A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Regulatory Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Level 1 Assessment: A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

Level 2 Assessment: A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

mg/L: milligrams per liter or parts per million (ppm)

ug/L: micrograms per liter or parts per billion (ppb)

pCi/L: picocuries per liter (a measure of radiation)

The sources of drinking water: (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, that can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- Pesticides and herbicides, that may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, that are by-products if industrial
 processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, agricultural
 application, and septic systems.
- Radioactive contaminants, that can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the USEPA and the State Water Resource Control Board (State Water Board) prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. State Water Board regulations also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that provide the same protection for public health.

Tables 1, 2, 3 and 4 list all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the most recent sampling for the constituent. The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. The State Water Board allows us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, are more than one year old.

Any violation of MCL, AL or MRDL is highlighted. Additional information regarding the violation is provided later in this report.

Table 1 -	DETECTION	OF CONTA	MINANTS W	/ITH A PR	RIMARY DR	INKING WATER STANDARD
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average	Range of Detections	MCL [MRDL]	PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG]	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Arsenic (ug/L)	(2022)	3	n/a	10	0.004	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards, glass and electronics production wastes
Barium (mg/L)	(2022)	0.1	n/a	1	2	Discharge from oil drilling wastes and from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Hexavalent Chromium (ug/L)	(2014)	3.36	n/a		0.02	Discharge from electroplating factories, leather tanneries, wood preservation, chemical synthesis, refractory production, and textile manufacturing facilities; erosion of natural deposits.
Nitrate as N (mg/L)	(2022)	2.3	n/a	10	10	Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks and sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Gross Alpha (pCi/L)	(2022)	1.32	n/a	15	(0)	Erosion of natural deposits.

Table 2 - DETECTION OF UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS											
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	A		Notification	Typical Sources of Contaminant						
Vanadium (ug/L)	(2022)	11	n/a	50	Vanadium exposures resulted in developmental and reproductive effects in rats.						

Table 3 - DETECTION OF DISINFECTANT/DISINFECTANT BYPRODUCT RULE Chemical or Average										
	Average	Range of Detections	MCL (MRDL)			Typical Sources of Contaminant				
(2020)	0.00	n/a	4.0		No	Drinking water disinfectant added for treatment.				
	Sample Date	Sample Date Level Detected	Sample Date Level Detections Average Range of Detections	Sample Date Level Detected Range of Detections MCL (MRDL)	Sample Date Level Detected Range of Detections MCL (MRDL) PHG (MCLG)	Sample Date Level Detected Range of Detections MCL (MRDL) Violation (2020) 0.00 n/a 4.0 4.0 No				

Additional General Information on Drinking Water

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts if some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the USEPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. USEPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Lead Specific Language for Community Water Systems: If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with the service lines and home plumbing. *Linden USD-Glenwood School WS* is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/lead.

2022 Consumer Confidence Report

Drinking Water Assessment Information

Assessment Information

A Drinking Water Source Assessment has not been completed for the WELL 02 of the LINDEN USD-GLENWOOD SCHOOL water system.

WELL #2 - does not have a completed Source Water Assessment on file.

Discussion of Vulnerability

Assessment summaries are not available for some sources. This is because:

- ☐ The Assessment has not been completed. Contact the local Department of Health Services (DHS) Drinking Water field office or the water system to find out when the Assessment is scheduled to be done.
- The source is not active. It may be out of service, or new and not yet in service.
- ☐ The Assessment was not submitted electronically. The site used to obtain Assessments only provides access to Assessment summaries submitted electronically.

Acquiring Information

For more info you may visit https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/drinking_water/certlic/drinkingwater/DWSAP.html or contact the health department in the county to which the water system belongs as indicated on this following link: https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/drinking_water/programs/documents/ddwem/DDWdistrictofficesmap.pdf

Linden USD-Glenwood School WS

Analytical Results By FGL - 2022

	PRIM	ARY DRI	NKING W	ATER STAN	DARDS	(PDWS)			
		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg.	Range (b)
Arsenic		ug/L		10	0.004			Result(a)	
WELL #2	STK2235688-1	ug/L		10	0.004	2022 04 22		3	3 - 3
Barium		mg/L	2	1		2022-04-26	3		
WELL #2	STK2235688-1			1	2			0.10	0.10 - 0.10
Hexavalent Chromium	mg/L				2022-04-26	0.10			
WELL #2	STK1438376-2	ug/L			0.02			3.36	3.36 - 3.36
Nitrate as N	51K1438376-2	ug/L				2014-08-19	3.36		
		mg/L		10	10			2.3	2.3 - 2.3
WELL #2	STK2235688-1	mg/L				2022-04-26	2.3	4.0	2.3 - 2.3
Gross Alpha				15	(0)	2022-04-20	2.3		
WELL #2	STK2235687-1	pCi/L pCi/L		13	(U)			1.32	1.32 - 1.32
	5114255007-1	PCI/L				2022-04-26	1.32		

UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS										
¥7. 14		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)	
Vanadium WELL #2	OTTYPO O T TO T	ug/L		NS	n/a			11	11 - 11	
WELL #2	STK2235688-1	ug/L				2022-04-26	11		-11 11	

DETECTION OF DISINFECTANT/DISINFECTANT BYPRODUCT RULE										
		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)	
Chlorine		mg/L		4.0	4.0			0.00	ND -	
WELL #2 Average WELL #2	STK2030870-4	mg/L				2020-01-17	ND	0.00	ND -	
THOTAGO WELL #Z								0		

Linden USD-Glenwood School WS

CCR Login Linkage - 2022

FGL Code	Lab ID	Date_Sampled	Method	Description	Dwarant		
COMP LAB SINK	STK2231861-1	2022-02-08	Coliform	Kitchen Sink-Computer Lab	Property		
	STK2235689-1	2022-04-26	Coliform		Glenwood School - Even		
	STK2238561-1	2022-06-21	Coliform	Kitchen Sink-Computer Lab	Glenwood School - Even		
	STK2251359-1	2022-08-11	Coliform	Kitchen Sink-Computer Lab	Glenwood School - Even		
	STK2254482-1	2022-10-10	Coliform	Kitchen Sink-Computer Lab	Glenwood School - Even		
	STK2257745-1	2022-12-15	Coliform	Kitchen Sink-Computer Lab	Glenwood School - Even		
MULTI PURP		2022-12-13	Colliorm	Kitchen Sink-Computer Lab	Glenwood School - Even		
SINK	STK2230395-1	2022-01-11	Coliform	Kitchen Sink-NewMultiPurposeRm	Glenwood School - Odd		
	STK2233606-1	2022-03-15	Coliform	Kitchen Sink-NewMultiPurposeRm	Glenwood School - Odd		
	STK2236461-1	2022-05-09	Coliform	Kitchen Sink-NewMultiPurposeRm	Glenwood School - Odd		
	STK2239847-1	2022-07-14	Coliform	Kitchen Sink-NewMultiPurposeRm			
	STK2252602-1	2022-09-07	Coliform	Kitchen Sink-NewMultiPurposeRm	Glenwood School - Odd		
	STK2256712-1	2022-11-22	Coliform	Kitchen Sink-NewMultiPurposeRm	Glenwood School - Odd		
COMP LAB SINK	STK2052306-4	2020-08-26	Metals, Total	Lab Kitchen Sink	Glenwood School - Odd		
MULTI PURP	STK2052306-1			Lab Ritchell Silik	Glenwood School-Cu & Pb		
SINK		2020-08-26	Metals, Total	MPR Sink	Glenwood School-Cu & Pb		
Off Sink	STK2052306-3	2020-08-26	Metals, Total	Office Sink			
Room #11	STK2052306-5		Metals, Total	Room #11	Glenwood School-Cu & Pb		
TAFFROOM	STK2052306-2		Metals, Total	Teachers Lounge	Glenwood School-Cu & Pb		
VELLO2	STK1438376-2		Wet Chemistry	WELL #2	Glenwood School-Cu & Pb		
	STK2030870-4		Field Test		Chrome 6 Monitoring		
				WELL #2	LINDEN USD-GLENWOOD SCHOO		
			Metals, Total	WELL #2	Glenwood School - IOC		
			Wet Chemistry	WELL #2	Glenwood School - IOC		
	J1K243300/-1	2022-04-26	Radio Chemistry	WELL #2	Glenwood School - Radio Monitorin		