

Consumer Confidence Report Certification Form

(to be submitted with a copy of the CCR)

(to certify electronic delivery of the CCR, use the certification form on the State Water Board's website at
http://www.swrcb.ca.gov/drinking_water/certlic/drinkingwater/CCR.shtml)

Water System Name:	LOCKEFORD MOBILE HOME PARK
Water System Number:	CA3900682

The water system named above hereby certifies that its Consumer Confidence Report was distributed on 4-1-23 (date) to customers (and appropriate notices of availability have been given). Further, the system certifies that the information contained in the report is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the State Water Resources Control Board, Division of Drinking Water.

Certified By:	Name:	CARLYN BROWN	
	Signature:	CBM	
	Title:	Offsite Manager	
	Phone Number:	(530) 321-5822	Date: 4-1-23

To summarize report delivery used and good-faith efforts taken, please complete the form below by checking all items that apply and fill-in where appropriate:

- ☒ CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery methods. Specify other direct delivery methods used:

Posted on Rent statements and on common
area bulletin board

- ☐ "Good faith" efforts were used to reach non-bill paying customers. Those efforts included the following methods:

- ☐ Posted the CCR on the internet at <http://> _____
- ☐ Mailed the CCR to postal patrons within the service area (attach zip codes used)
- ☐ Advertised the availability of the CCR in news media (attach a copy of press release)
- ☐ Publication of the CCR in a local newspaper of general circulation (attach a copy of the published notice, including name of the newspaper and date published)
- ☐ Posted the CCR in public places (attach a list of locations)
- ☐ Delivery of multiple copies of CCR to single bill addresses serving several persons, such as apartments, businesses, and schools
- ☐ Delivery to community organizations (attach a list of organizations)
- ☐ Other (attach a list of other methods used)

- ☐ For systems serving at least 100,000 persons: Posted CCR on a publicly-accessible internet site at the following address: <http://> _____

- ☐ For investor-owned utilities: Delivered the CCR to the California Public Utilities Commission

2022 Consumer Confidence Report

Water System Name: LOCKFORD MOBILE HOME PARK Report Date: March 2023

We test the drinking water quality for many constituents as required by state and federal regulations. This report shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1 - December 31, 2022.

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

Type of water source(s) in use: According to SWRCB records, this Source is Groundwater. This Assessment was done using the Default Groundwater System Method.

Your water comes from 1 source(s): WELL HEAD

Opportunities for public participation in decisions that affect drinking water quality: Regularly-scheduled water board or city/county council meetings currently are not held.

For more information about this report, or any questions relating to your drinking water, please call (209) 484 - 5003 and ask for Randy Johnson.

TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The highest level of contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. Primary MCLs are set as close to the PHGs (or MCLGs) as is economically feasible. Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs are set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA).

Public Health Goal (PHG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL): The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG): The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Primary Drinking Water Standards (PDWS): MCLs and MRDLs for the contaminants that affect health along with their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment requirements.

Secondary Drinking Water Standards (SDWS): MCLs for the contaminants that affect taste, odor, or appearance of the drinking water. Contaminants with SDWSs do not affect the health at the MCL levels.

Treatment Technique (TT): A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Regulatory Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Level 1 Assessment: A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

Level 2 Assessment: A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

mg/L: milligrams per liter or parts per million (ppm)

ug/L: micrograms per liter or parts per billion (ppb)

pCi/L: picocuries per liter (a measure of radiation)

NTU: Nephelometric Turbidity Units

umhos/cm: micro mhos per centimeter

The sources of drinking water: (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- *Microbial contaminants*, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- *Inorganic contaminants*, such as salts and metals, that can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- *Pesticides and herbicides*, that may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- *Organic chemical contaminants*, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, that are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, agricultural application, and septic systems.
- *Radioactive contaminants*, that can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the USEPA and the State Water Resource Control Board (State Water Board) prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. State Water Board regulations also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that provide the same protection for public health.

Tables 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 list all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the most recent sampling for the constituent. The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. The State Water Board allows us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, are more than one year old.

Any violation of MCL, AL or MRDL is highlighted. Additional information regarding the violation is provided later in this report.

Table 1 - SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING THE DETECTION OF LEAD AND COPPER							
Lead and Copper (complete if lead or copper detected in last sample set)	Sample Date	No. of Samples	90th percentile level detected	No. Sites Exceeding AL	AL	PHG	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Copper (mg/L)	(2020)	5	0.05	0	1.3	.3	Internal corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives

Table 2 - SAMPLING RESULTS FOR SODIUM AND HARDNESS						
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL	PHG (MCLG)	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Sodium (mg/L)	(2022)	40	n/a	none	none	Salt present in the water and is generally naturally occurring
Hardness (mg/L)	(2022)	252	n/a	none	none	Sum of polyvalent cations present in the water, generally magnesium and calcium, and are usually naturally occurring

Table 3 - DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD						
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL [MRDL]	PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG]	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Arsenic (ug/L)	(2022)	2	n/a	10	0.004	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards, glass and electronics production wastes
Barium (mg/L)	(2022)	0.24	n/a	1	2	Discharge from oil drilling wastes and from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits

Hexavalent Chromium (ug/L)	(2014)	2.2	n/a		0.02	Discharge from electroplating factories, leather tanneries, wood preservation, chemical synthesis, refractory production, and textile manufacturing facilities; erosion of natural deposits.
Fluoride (mg/L)	(2022)	0.1	n/a	2	1	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive that promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.
Nitrate as N (mg/L)	(2022)	4.3	n/a	10	10	Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks and sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Nitrate + Nitrite as N (mg/L)	(2022)	4.3	n/a	10	10	Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks and sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Gross Alpha (pCi/L)	(2016)	1.93	n/a	15	(0)	Erosion of natural deposits.

Table 4 - DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A SECONDARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD						
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL	PHG (MCLG)	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Chloride (mg/L)	(2022)	56	n/a	500	n/a	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater influence
Specific Conductance (umhos/cm)	(2022)	710	n/a	1600	n/a	Substances that form ions when in water; seawater influence
Sulfate (mg/L)	(2022)	33.4	n/a	500	n/a	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; industrial wastes
Total Dissolved Solids (mg/L)	(2022)	430	n/a	1000	n/a	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits
Turbidity (NTU)	(2022)	0.2	n/a	5	n/a	Soil runoff

Table 5 - DETECTION OF UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS					
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	Notification Level	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Vanadium (ug/L)	(2022)	11	n/a	50	Vanadium exposures resulted in developmental and reproductive effects in rats.

Table 6 - ADDITIONAL DETECTIONS					
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Average Level Detected	Range of Detections	Notification Level	Typical Sources of Contaminant
Calcium (mg/L)	(2022)	50	n/a	n/a	n/a
Magnesium (mg/L)	(2022)	31	n/a	n/a	n/a
pH (units)	(2022)	7.08	n/a	n/a	n/a
Alkalinity (mg/L)	(2022)	230	n/a	n/a	n/a
Aggressiveness Index	(2022)	11.5	n/a	n/a	n/a
Langelier Index	(2022)	-0.3	n/a	n/a	n/a

Additional General Information on Drinking Water

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the USEPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ

transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. USEPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Lead Specific Language for Community Water Systems: If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with the service lines and home plumbing. *Lockeford Mobile Home Park* is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/lead>.

2022 Consumer Confidence Report

Drinking Water Assessment Information

Assessment Information

A source water assessment was conducted for the WELL HEAD of the LOCKEFORD MOBILE HOME PARK water system in April, 2002.

WELL HEAD - is considered most vulnerable to the following activities not associated with any detected contaminants:

- Animal Feeding Operations as defined in federal regulation 2
- Concentrated Animal Feeding Operations [CAFOs] as defined in
- Septic systems - high density [>1 /acre]
- Wastewater treatment plants
- Automobile - Gas stations
- Chemical/petroleum processing/storage
- Dry cleaners
- Historic gas stations
- Historic waste dumps/landfills
- Injection wells/dry wells/ sumps
- Known Contaminant Plumes
- Landfills/dumps
- Metal plating/ finishing/fabricating
- Mining operations - Historic
- Plastics/synthetics producers
- Underground Injection of Commercial/Industrial Discharges
- Underground storage tanks - Confirmed leaking tanks

Discussion of Vulnerability

There have been no contaminants detected in the water supply, however the source is still considered vulnerable to activities located near the drinking water source.

Acquiring Information

A copy of the complete assessment may be viewed at:

San Joaquin County
Environmental Health Department
1868 E Hazelton Ave
Stockton, CA 95202

You may request a summary of the assessment be sent to you by contacting:

Small Public Water Systems
SJ Co Environmental Health Department
(209) 468-3420

Lockeford Mobile Home Park

Analytical Results By FGL - 2022

LEAD AND COPPER RULE

		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	90th Percentile	# Samples
Copper		mg/L		1.3	.3			0.05	5
Space #15	STK2037521-2	mg/L				2020-06-01	0.05		
Space #24	STK2037521-3	mg/L				2020-06-01	ND		
Space #27	STK2037521-4	mg/L				2020-06-01	ND		
Space #33	STK2037521-5	mg/L				2020-06-01	0.05		
Space #7	STK2037521-1	mg/L				2020-06-01	0.05		

SAMPLING RESULTS FOR SODIUM AND HARDNESS

		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)
Sodium		mg/L		none	none			40	40 - 40
WELL HEAD	STK2250643-1	mg/L				2022-07-29	40		
Hardness		mg/L		none	none			252	252 - 252
WELL HEAD	STK2250643-1	mg/L				2022-07-29	252		

PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARDS (PDWS)

		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)
Arsenic		ug/L		10	0.004			2	2 - 2
WELL HEAD	STK2250643-1	ug/L				2022-07-29	2		
Barium		mg/L	2	1	2			0.24	0.24 - 0.24
WELL HEAD	STK2250643-1	mg/L				2022-07-29	0.24		
Hexavalent Chromium		ug/L			0.02			2.2	2.2 - 2.2
WELL HEAD	STK1451826-1	ug/L				2014-11-20	2.2		
Fluoride		mg/L		2	1			0.1	0.1 - 0.1
WELL HEAD	STK2250643-1	mg/L				2022-07-29	0.1		
Nitrate as N		mg/L		10	10			4.3	4.3 - 4.3
WELL HEAD	STK2250643-1	mg/L				2022-07-29	4.3		
Nitrate + Nitrite as N		mg/L		10	10			4.3	4.3 - 4.3
WELL HEAD	STK2250643-1	mg/L				2022-07-29	4.3		
Gross Alpha		pCi/L		15	(0)			1.93	1.93 - 1.93
WELL HEAD	STK1638416-1	pCi/L				2016-07-12	1.93		

SECONDARY DRINKING WATER STANDARDS (SDWS)

		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)
Chloride		mg/L		500	n/a			56	56 - 56
WELL HEAD	STK2250643-1	mg/L				2022-07-29	56		
Specific Conductance		umhos/cm		1600	n/a			710	710 - 710
WELL HEAD	STK2250643-1	umhos/cm				2022-07-29	710		
Sulfate		mg/L		500	n/a			33.4	33.4 - 33.4
WELL HEAD	STK2250643-1	mg/L				2022-07-29	33.4		
Total Dissolved Solids		mg/L		1000	n/a			430	430 - 430
WELL HEAD	STK2250643-1	mg/L				2022-07-29	430		
Turbidity		NTU		5	n/a			0.2	0.2 - 0.2
WELL HEAD	STK2250643-1	NTU				2022-07-29	0.2		

UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS

		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)
Vanadium		ug/L		NS	n/a			11	11 - 11
WELL HEAD	STK2250643-1	ug/L				2022-07-29	11		

ADDITIONAL DETECTIONS

		Units	MCLG	CA-MCL	PHG	Sampled	Result	Avg. Result(a)	Range (b)
Calcium		mg/L			n/a			50	50 - 50
WELL HEAD	STK2250643-1	mg/L				2022-07-29	50		
Magnesium		mg/L			n/a			31	31 - 31
WELL HEAD	STK2250643-1	mg/L				2022-07-29	31		
pH		units			n/a			7.08	7.08 - 7.08
WELL HEAD	STK2250643-1	units				2022-07-29	7.08		
Alkalinity		mg/L			n/a			230	230 - 230
WELL HEAD	STK2250643-1	mg/L				2022-07-29	230		
Aggressiveness Index					n/a			11.5	11.5 - 11.5
WELL HEAD	STK2250643-1					2022-07-29	11.5		
Langelier Index					n/a			-0.3	-0.3 - -0.3
WELL HEAD	STK2250643-1					2022-07-29	-0.3		

Lockeford Mobile Home Park

CCR Login Linkage - 2022

FGL Code	Lab ID	Date_Sampled	Method	Description	Property
Space #08	STK2231590-1	2022-02-02	Coliform	Space #08	Bacteriological Sampling-Even
	STK2235283-1	2022-04-19	Coliform	Space #08	Bacteriological Sampling-Even
	STK2238060-1	2022-06-09	Coliform	Space #08	Bacteriological Sampling-Even
	STK2251612-1	2022-08-16	Coliform	Space #08	Bacteriological Sampling-Even
	STK2254968-1	2022-10-18	Coliform	Space #08	Bacteriological Sampling-Even
	STK2257573-1	2022-12-13	Coliform	Space #08	Bacteriological Sampling-Even
Space #15	STK2037521-2	2020-06-01	Metals, Total	Space #15	Cu & Pb Monitoring
Space #24	STK2037521-3	2020-06-01	Metals, Total	Space #24	Cu & Pb Monitoring
Space #27	STK2037521-4	2020-06-01	Metals, Total	Space #27	Cu & Pb Monitoring
Space #30	STK2230802-1	2022-01-18	Coliform	Space #30	Bacteriological Sampling-Odd
	STK2232723-1	2022-03-01	Coliform	Space #30	Bacteriological Sampling-Odd
	STK2236563-1	2022-05-10	Coliform	Space #30	Bacteriological Sampling-Odd
	STK2250414-1	2022-07-29	Coliform	Space #30	Bacteriological Sampling-Odd
	STK2252954-1	2022-09-13	Coliform	Space #30	Bacteriological Sampling-Odd
	STK2256692-1	2022-11-22	Coliform	Space #30	Bacteriological Sampling-Odd
Space #33	STK2037521-5	2020-06-01	Metals, Total	Space #33	Cu & Pb Monitoring
Space #7	STK2037521-1	2020-06-01	Metals, Total	Space #7	Cu & Pb Monitoring
WELLHEAD	STK1451826-1	2014-11-20	Wet Chemistry	WELL HEAD	Chrome 6 Monitoring
Wellhead	STK1638416-1	2016-07-12	Radio Chemistry	WELL HEAD	Water Quality - Radiological
WELLHEAD	STK2250643-1	2022-07-29	Wet Chemistry	WELL HEAD	Water Quality Monitoring
	STK2250643-1	2022-07-29	General Mineral	WELL HEAD	Water Quality Monitoring
	STK2250643-1	2022-07-29	Metals, Total	WELL HEAD	Water Quality Monitoring