# **APPENDIX B: eCCR Certification Form (Suggested Format)**

## **Consumer Confidence Report Certification Form**

(To be submitted with a copy of the CCR)

Water Sy	ystem Name:	San Gabriel Valley WC - Fontana								
Water Sy	ystem Number:	CA3610041								
was distri appropria informatio monitoring Division o	buted on te notices of avaion contained in g data previous f Drinking Water	June 29, lability have been the report is cly submitted to	ertifies that its Consumer Confidence Report 2023 (date) to customers (and n given). Further, the system certifies that the orrect and consistent with the compliance the State Water Resources Control Board,							
Certified b	-									
Name: E	ric Tarango		Water Quality Superintendent							
Signature	e: 60 2		Date:June 29, 2023							
Phone n	umber: (909) 822	2-2201	blank							
other  CCR for E elect	r direct delivery r was distributed lectronic Delivery ronic delivery me	nethods used). using electronic y of the Consume ethods must com	direct delivery methods (attach description of delivery methods described in the Guidance er Confidence Report (water systems utilizing plete the second page).							
inclu	uded the followin	g methods:								
	CCR-2022.pdf Mailing the CC used)	R to postal patro	URL:https://www.fontanawater.com/ ons within the service area (attach zip codes e CCR in news media (attach copy of press							
	release)  Publication of the CCR in a local newspaper of general circulation (attach a copy of the published notice, including name of newspaper and date published)  Posted the CCR in public places (attach a list of locations)									
		viii public places	o (attacit a list of locations)							

	$\boxtimes$	Delivery	of multiple	e copi	es of CC	R to single	e-billed ad	dresses serving	several
		persons,	such as a	apartm	ients, bu	sinesses,	and schoo	ls	
		Delivery t	o commu	ınity oı	rganizati	ons (attacl	n a list of c	organizations)	
		Publication	on of the (	CCR in	the elec	tronic city	newsletter	or electronic con	nmunity
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		Electronic	c announ	cemer	nt of CC	R availabili	ty via soc	ial media outlets	(attach
		list of soc	ial media	outlet	s utilize	d)			
		Other (at	tach a list	of oth	er meth	ods used)			
$\boxtimes$	Fors	systems se	rving at le	east 10	00,000 p	ersons: Po	sted CCR	on a publicly-acc	essible
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this	page	by checkin	g all item	s that	apply ar	nd fill-in wh	ere appro	priate.	
$\boxtimes$	Wate	er system i	mailed a	notifica	ation tha	t the CCR	is availab	le and provides	a direct
	URL	to the CC	R on a p	ublicly	availab	le website	where it of	can be viewed (a	attach a
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	2022	.pdf							
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Provide a brief description of the water system's electronic delivery procedures and include how the water system ensures delivery to customers unable to receive electronic delivery.

Electronic notification was provided (by direct mail and social media) to all customer with a									
direct link to Fontana Water Company's 2022 CCR. Fontana Water Company hand									
delivered its 2022 CCR to customers that did not receive a bill (i.e. single-billed addresses									
serving several persons, such as apartments, businesses, and schools).									

This form is provided as a convenience and may be used to meet the certification requirement of section 64483(c) of the California Code of Regulations.

#### FONTANA WATER COMPANY -CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT--YEAR 2022-

This report contains important information about your drinking water.

If necessary, speak to someone who understands it for translation.

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable.

Si necesario, hable con alquien que lo entienda para que se lo traduzcan.

The sources of water provided to Fontana Water Company's customers in 2022 was approximately 70% groundwater, 5% local surface water, and 25% water from the State Water Project. Groundwater is produced from the Chino Basin, Rialto Basin, and Lytle Basin. Local surface water from Lytle Creek and imported surface water from the State Water Project are treated at Fontana Water Company's Summit Water Treatment Plant.

All water samples are collected by state-certified employees of the water company. Samples are analyzed by state-certified independent laboratories and the results are forwarded to the State Water Resources Control Board, Division of Drinking Water. The following report provides detailed information about the quality of the water delivered to customers. The water supplied by Fontana Water Company complies with all state and federal safe drinking water standards and regulations.

### DETECTED WATER QUALITY CONSTITUENTS - GROUNDWATER

	DE	IECIED W		NLITY CONSTITE Primary Standard		CONDWAI	ER				
Microbiological	Units	PHG (MCLG)	MCL	Highest Percentage of Positive Samples Collected		Sample Year	Likely Source of Detected Constituent				
Total Coliform Bacteria	%	(0)	5% (a)	0.53%		2022	Naturally present in the environment				
Fecal Coliform and E.coli	%	0	0	0.009	6	2022	Human and animal fecal waste				
Radiological											
Water Quality Constituent	Units	PHG (MCLG)	MCL	Range	Average	Sample Year	Likely Source of Detected Constituent				
Gross Alpha	pCi/L	(0)	15	ND - 9.38	1.99	2020-2022	Erosion of natural deposits				
				Inorganics							
Arsenic	ppb	0.004	10	ND - 2.10	0.16	2022	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards, glass and electronics production wastes				
Fluoride	ppm	1	2	0.13 - 0.39	0.20	2022	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive that promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories				
Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	ppm	10	10	ND - 8.40	5.02	2022	Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks and sewage; erosion of natural deposits				
Perchlorate	ppb	1	6	ND - 5.50	1.07	2022	Perchlorate is an inorganic chemical used in solid rocket propellant, fireworks, explosives, flares, matches, and a variety of industries. It usually gets into drinking water as a result of environmental contamination from historic aerospace or other industrial operations that used or use, store, or dispose of perchlorate and its salts.				
	*		•	Organics							
Pentachlorophenol	ppb	0.3	1	ND - 0.64	0.03	2022	Discharge from wood preserving factories, cotton and other insecticidal/herbicidal uses				
Tetrachloroethylene	ppb	0.06	5	ND - 0.52	0.0	2022	Discharge from landfills, factories, dry cleaners, and auto shops (metal degreaser)				
		S	econdary S	tandards (Aesthe	tic Standards	s)					
Aluminum	ppb	NS	200	ND - 100.00	3.85	2022	Erosion of natural deposits; residual from some surface water treatment processes				
Chloride	ppm	NS	500	5.00 - 79.00	17.60	2022	Runoff and leaching from natural deposits; seawater influence				
Odor-Threshold	units	NS	3	ND - 1.00	0.96	2022	Naturally-occurring organic materials				
Specific Conductance	µmho/cm	NS	1,600	350.00 - 520.00	401.15	2022	Substances that form ions when in water; seawater influence				
Sulfate	ppm	NS	500	15.00 - 61.00	25.35	2022	Runoff and leaching from natural deposits; industrial wastes				
Total Dissolved Solids	ppm	NS	1,000	210.00 - 290.00	248.15	2022	Runoff and leaching from natural deposits				
Turbidity (b)	NTU	NS	5	ND - 0.20	0.06	2022	Soil runoff				
Zinc	ppb	NS	5,000	ND - 180.00	6.9	2022	Runoff and leaching from natural deposits				
				l Constituents (U			3				
Alkalinity (CaCO3)	ppm	NS	NS	82.00 - 170.00	142.81	2022	Unknown				
Boron Bromodichloromethane	ppb	NS NS	NS	ND - 170.00	6.54	2022 2022	Unknown Unknown				
Bromoform	ppb ppb	NS	NS NS	ND - 18.00 ND - 21.00	3.30 3.51	2022	Unknown				
Calcium	ppm	NS	NS	25.40 - 60.20	48.60	2022	Unknown				
Chloroform	ppb	NS	NS	ND - 6.80	1.46	2022	Unknown				
Dibromochloromethane	ppb	NS	NS	ND - 31.00	5.63	2022	Unknown				
Dichlodifluoromethane [Freon 12]	ppb	NS	NS	ND - 0.55	0.01	2022	Unknown				
Hardness (CaCO3)	ppm	NS	NS	92.40 - 180.00	150.55	2022	Runoff and leaching from natural deposits				
Hexavalent Chromium	ddd	0.02	NS	ND - 3.60	1.78	2022	Discharge from electroplating factories,leather tanneries,wood preservation chemical synthesis, refractory production, and textile manufacturing facilities;erosion of natural deposits				
Magnesium	ppm	NS	NS	4.60 - 8.84	7.09	2022	Unknown				
pH	units	NS	NS	7.45 - 8.10	7.84	2022	Unknown				
Potassium	ppm	NS	NS	1.50 - 2.90	1.94	2022	Unknown				
Sodium Total Organic Carbon	ppm	NS	NS	11.00 - 63.00	22.58	2022	Runoff and leaching from natural deposits Runoff and leaching from natural deposits				
1-Butanol (d)	ppm ppb	NS NS	NS NS	ND - 1.60 ND - 180.00	1.05 20.00	2022 2020	Runoff and leaching from natural deposits Unknown				
. Datarioi (u)	hhn	110	140	140 - 100.00	20.00	2020	OHMHOWIT				

#### **DETECTED WATER QUALITY CONSTITUENTS - SURFACE WATER**

				Clarity			
Water Quality Constituent	Units	мс	L	PHG (MCLG)	Level Found	Sample Year	Likely Source of Detected Constituent
Turbidity (b)		TT = 1.0 NTU		NS	0.28		
Conventional Filtration	NTU	TT = 95% of Samples ≤0.3		NS	100% of samples≤0.3	2022	Soil runoff
Turbidity (b)		TT = 1.0	) NTU	NS	0.43		
					100% of	2022	Soil runoff
D.E. Filtration	NTU	TT = 95% of S		NS	samples≤0.5		
		T		Primary Standard	ls .		
Microbiological	Units	PHG (MCLG)	MCL	Highest Perc Positive Sample		Sample Year	Likely Source of Detected Constituent
Total Coliform Bacteria	%	(0)	5% (a)	0.009	%	2022	Naturally present in the environment
Fecal Coliform and E.coli	%	0	0	0.009	%	2022	Human and animal fecal waste
				Inorganics			
Fluoride	ppm	1	2	0.16 - 0.18	0.17	2022	Erosion of natural deposits;discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	ppm	10	10	ND - 0.50	0.25	2022	Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks and sewage; erosion of natural deposits
		Se	econdary S	tandards (Aesthe	tic Standards	5)	
Aluminum	ppb	NS	200	40.00 -60.00	50.00	2022	Erosion of natural deposits; residual from some surface water treatment processes
Chloride	ppm	NS	500	78.00 - 67.00	72.50	2022	Runoff and leaching from natural deposits; seawater influence
Odor-Threshold	units	NS	3	ND - 1.00	1.00	2022	Naturally-occurring organic materials
Specific Conductance	µmho/cm	NS	1,600	500.00 - 510.00	505.00	2022	Substances that form ions when in water; seawater influence
Sulfate	ppm	NS	500	55.00 - 64.00	59.50	2022	Runoff and leaching from natural deposits; industrial wastes
Total Dissolved Solids	ppm	NS	1,000	280.00 - 280.00	280.00	2022	Runoff and leaching from natural deposits
				l Constituents (U			
Alkalinity (CaCO3)	ppm	NS	NS	82.00 - 160.00	94.93	2022	Unknown
Boron	ppb	NS	NS NS	160.00 - 180.00 1.20 - 25.00	170.00 7.56	2022 2022	Unknown
Bromodichloromethane Bromoform	ppb	NS NS	NS NS	ND - 23.00	7.55	2022	Unknown Unknown
	ppb	NS NS	NS	24.90 - 28.50	26.70	2022	Unknown
Calcium	ppm						
Chloroform  Dibromochloromethane	ppb	NS	NS NC	2.00 - 10.00	3.99	2022	Unknown
Hardness (CaCO3)	ppb	NS NS	NS NS	1.00 - 43.00	11.93	2022 2022	Unknown
Magnesium	ppm	NS NS	NS NS	88.00 - 95.80 6.01 - 6.26	91.90 6.14	2022	Unknown Unknown
pH	ppm units	NS NS	NS NS	7.95 - 7.95	7.95	2022	Unknown
Potassium	ppm	NS NS	NS	2.40 - 2.50	2.45	2022	Unknown
Sodium	ppm	NS	NS	56.00 - 61.00	58.50	2022	Runoff and leaching from natural deposits
Total Organic Carbon	ppm	NS	NS	ND - 2.40	1.38	2022	Runoff and leaching from natural deposits
<u> </u>				ALITY CONSTI			
				nt / Disinfection			
Water Quality Constituent	Units	PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG]	MCL [MRDL]	Range	Average	Sample Year	Likely Source of Detected Constituent

Water Quality Constituent	Units	PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG]	MCL [MRDL]	Range	Average	Sample Year	Likely Source of Detected Constituent	
Total Trihalomethanes	ppb	NS	80	ND - 62.00	70.00	2022	By-product of drinking water disinfection	
Haloacetic Acids	ppb	NS	60	ND - 15.00	13.00	2022	By-product of drinking water disinfection	
Chlorine Residual	ppm	4	4	0.19 - 1.95	0.75	2022	Drinking water disinfectant added for treatment	
Lead and Copper Monitoring								

Water Quality Constituent	Units	Regulatory Action Level (c)	Sample Year	90th Percentile Exceeding The Action Level		Likely Source of Detected Constituent
Lead	ppb	15	2021	ND	0	Internal corrosion of household water plumbing systems; discharges from industrial manufacturers; and erosion of natural deposits
Copper	ppb	1,300	2021	240.0	0	Internal corrosion of household water plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives

Pursuant to Title 22 of the California Code of Regulations, Lead and Copper monitoring for the Fontana Water Company system was completed in 2021 with the collection of 50 samples. The next sampling event will commence in September 2024.

Lead Monitoring for Schools									
Water Quality Constituent	Units	Regulatory Action Level (c)	Sample Year	Range	Average	Number of Schools that Requested Lead Sampling	Likely Source of Detected Constituent		
Lead	ppb	15	2018	ND - 12.00	0.34	44	Internal corrosion of household water plumbing systems; discharges from industrial manufacturers; and erosion of natural deposits		

In 2018, forty-four schools requested lead sampling. Of the forty-four schools sampled, three exceeded the action level of 15 ppb. The three schools were resampled two additional times for confirmation of an exceedance. All comfirmation sample results were below the action level, and no further action was required.

## THE UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY ("USEPA") AND DIVISION OF DRINKING WATER REQUIRE US TO PROVIDE THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the USEPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. USEPA/Centers for Disease Control guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, that can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- · Pesticides and herbicides, that may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, that are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, landfills, urban stormwater runoff, agricultural application, and septic systems.
- · Radioactive contaminants, that can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Fontana Water Company is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you do so, you may wish to collect the flushed water and resuse it for another beneficial purpose, such as watering plants. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/lead.

Nitrate: Nitrate in drinking water at levels above 10 mg/L is a health risk for infants of less than six months of age. Such nitrate levels in drinking water can interfere with the capacity of the infant's blood to carry oxygen, resulting in a serious illness; symptoms include shortness of breath and blueness of the skin. Nitrate levels above 10 mg/L may also affect the ability of the blood to carry oxygen in other individuals, such as pregnant women and those with certain specific enzyme deficiencies. If you are caring for an infant, or you are pregnant, you should ask advice from your health care provider.

This Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) reflects changes in drinking water regulatory requirements during 2022. These revisions add the requirements of the federal Revised Total Coliform Rule, effective since April 1, 2016, to the existing state Total Coliform Rule. The revised rule maintains the purpose to protect public health by ensuring the integrity of the drinking water distribution system and monitoring for the presence of microbials (i.e., total coliform and E. coli bacteria). The U.S. EPA anticipates greater public health protection as the rule requires water systems that are vulnerable to microbial contamination to identify and fix problems. Water systems that exceed a specified frequency of total coliform occurrences are required to conduct an assessment to determine if any sanitary defects exist. If found, these must be corrected by the water system. The state Revised Total Coliform Rule became effective July 1, 2021.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the USEPA and the State Water Resources Control Board ("State Water Board") prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The U.S. Food and Drug Administration regulations and California law also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that provide the same protection for public health.

In addition to the constituents listed in this report, Fontana Water Company conducted monitoring for over 100 additional constituents and the results show none of those constituents detected in the water. Included in this additional monitoring were constituents for which Division of Drinking Water and USEPA have not yet set standards. The State allows us to monitor for some contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of our data, though representative, are more than one year old. For more information about water quality or public participation opportunities, contact: Eric Tarango, Water Quality Superintendent at edtarango@fontanawater.com or at (909) 822-2201, or write to Fontana Water Company, Post Office Box 987, Fontana, California 92334.

#### Definitions and Footnotes:

- MCL = Maximum Contaminant Level: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. Primary MCLs are set as close to the PHGs (or MCLGs) as is economically and technologically feasible. Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.
- MCLG = Maximum Contaminant Level Goal: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs are set by the USEPA.
- MRDL = Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level: The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.
- MRDLG = Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal: The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health.
  - O/S = Out of Service
  - ND = None Detected
  - NS = No Standard
  - NTU = Nephelometric Turbidity Units
  - pCi/L = picocuries per Liter
  - PHG = Public Health Goal: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency.
- PDWS = Primary Drinking Water Standard: MCLs and MRDLs for contaminates that affect health along with their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment requirements.
  - units = Units of measure
  - ppt = parts per trillion. A ppt is equivalent to 1 second in nearly 32,000 years
  - ppb = parts per billion. A ppb is equivalent to 1 second in nearly 32 years
  - ppm = parts per million. A ppm is equivalent to 1 second in 11.5 days
  - TT = Treatment Technique: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.
- µmho/cm = micromhos per centimeter
  - ≤ = less than or equal to
  - (a) = When 40 or more routine samples are collected per month, no more than 5% of the samples may be total coliform positive.
  - (b) = Turbidity is a measure of the cloudiness of the water. We monitor it because it is a good indicator of water quality. High turbidity can hinder the effectiveness of disinfectants.
  - (c) = Regulatory Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.
  - (d) = Contaminant with no MCL. Monitortoring was completed as part of EPA's Unregulated Contaminant Monitoring Rule (UCMR) that is completed by public water systems every five years. State Water Resources Control Board, Division of Drinking Water recommends water systems report detected results for up to five years.

This report along with other important information can be found on the company's website at **www.fontanawater.com**. Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this public notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this public notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail.

Fontana Water Company Post Office Box 987 Fontana, California 92334-0987 PRESORT Standard U.S. Postage Paid Mailed from Zip Code 92899 Permit #146

### Your 2022 Consumer Confidence Report will be available on July 1, 2023. To view your report, please go to:

#### https://www.fontanawater.com/CCR-2022.pdf

This report contains important information about your drinking water. For a translation of this report, speak to someone regarding this report or to request a paper copy of the report to be mailed to you, please call (909)822-2201.

Este informe contiene informacion importante de su aqua potable. Para la traduccion de su informe, hable con alquien con respecto de este asunto o solicite una copia del informe que se le enviara por correo, llame al (909)822-2201.