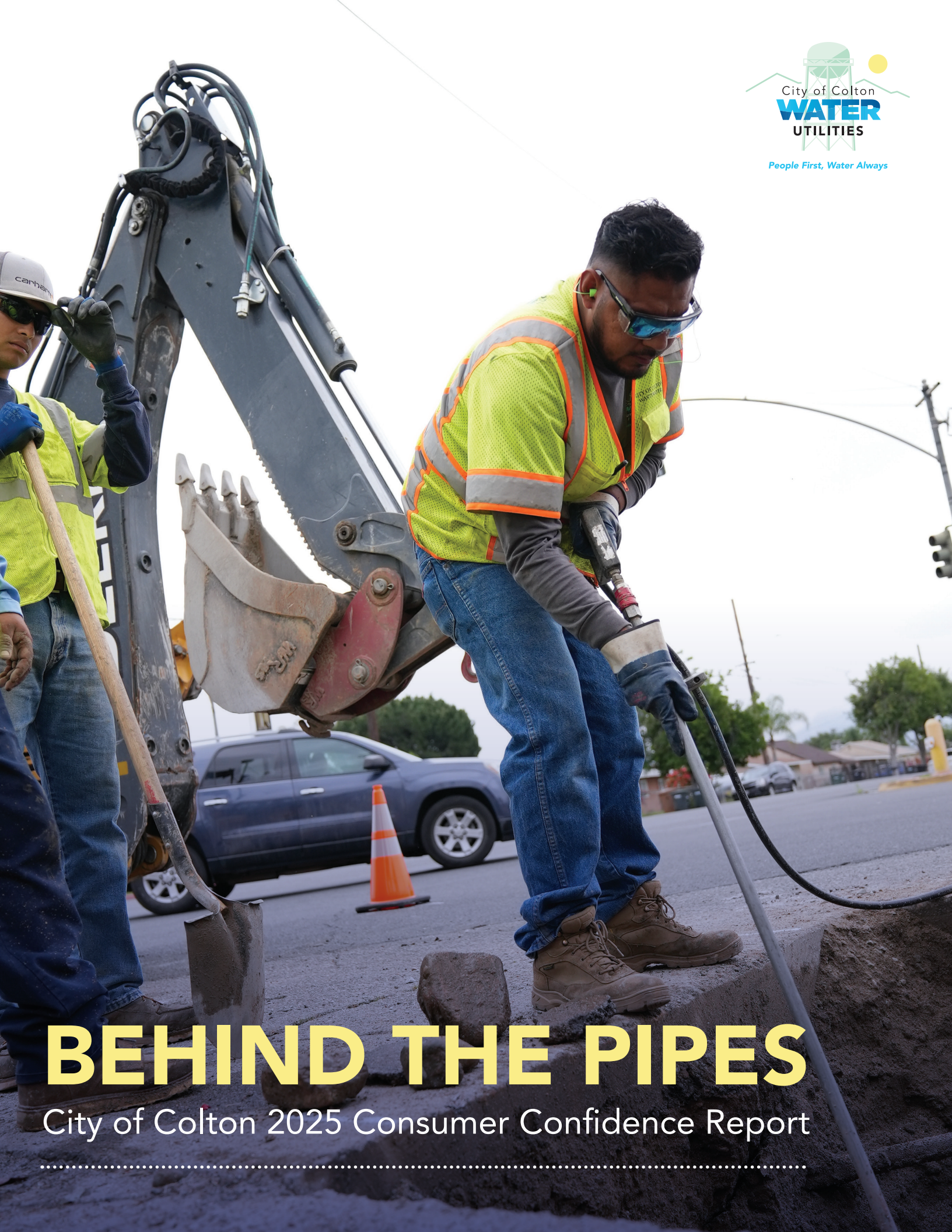
City of Colton
WATER
UTILITIES

People First, Water Always



BEHIND THE PIPES

City of Colton 2025 Consumer Confidence Report

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LETTER FROM THE DIRECTOR



The City of Colton Water Utilities take pride in providing high-quality water and reliable service to our community. What stands out most is the commitment of our staff to deliver safe, dependable water every day.

Over the past few years, we've made steady progress improving both water quality and the level of service we provide. These efforts have focused on strengthening our system, improving reliability, and being more responsive to our customers.

We are also making key investments to support long-term resources and reliability, including two new reservoirs that will add up to eight million gallons of water storage, two new groundwater wells providing an additional 3,000 gallons per minute of supply, and the ongoing design and replacement of aging water mainlines.

As we move forward, we will continue to build on this progress, invest in our staff, infrastructure, and expand outreach efforts to support water conservation and rebate programs, while staying focused on delivering a service our community can rely on.

This report provides a closer look at the work completed in 2025, from water production and system maintenance to the people who keep everything running.

As the Director of Public Works and Utility Services, I want to thank our team for their continued dedication and the community for the opportunity to serve you.

Chad Blais

Public Works and Utility Services Director

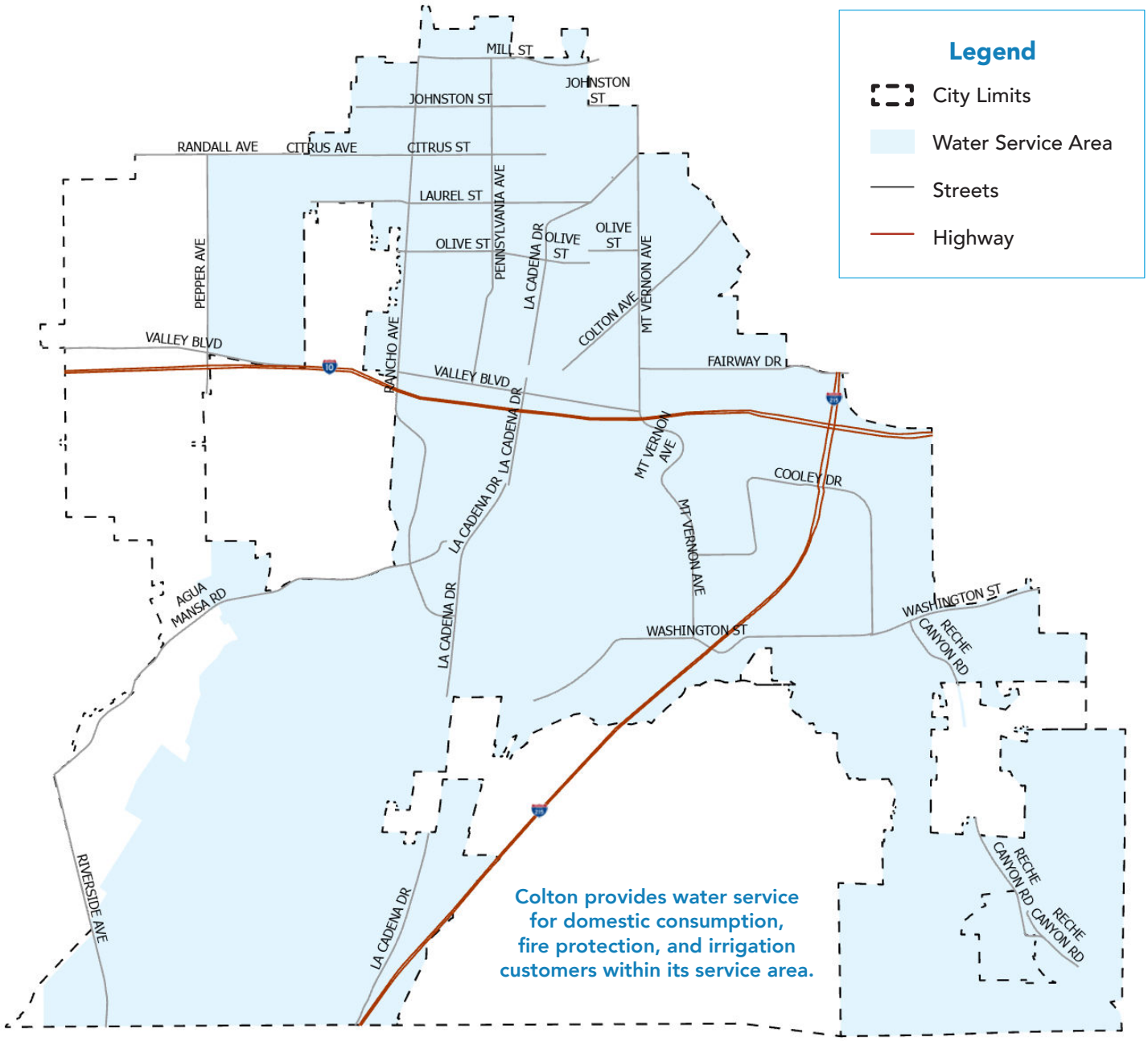
City of Colton

COLTON WATER SYSTEM

The City of Colton Water Utilities have been serving the community since 1895, when the City purchased the original water system from the Colton City Water Company. What began as a small local water system has grown into a modern utility that provides reliable drinking water service to thousands of residents and businesses throughout the community.

Today, Colton Water Utilities provide potable water service to approximately 90% of the City for domestic use, fire protection, and irrigation. The system includes approximately 180 miles of pipeline, seven active groundwater wells, three booster pumping plants, two pressure reducing facilities, and six water storage reservoirs that work together to deliver safe and reliable water every day.

Behind the system is a dedicated team of 42 water and wastewater utility professionals who operate, maintain, repair, and monitor the City's water and wastewater infrastructure 24 hours a day, 365 days a year. Together, they support more than 11,000 customer connections and help ensure the community continues to receive high-quality water service now and into the future.





WHAT WE DO | WATER DIVISIONS

WATER PRODUCTION DIVISION





Our Water Production team is responsible for sourcing, treating, and monitoring the City's drinking water. Using groundwater wells and treatment systems, they ensure water meets all state and federal standards before it enters the distribution system.

Key Responsibilities

- Operate and maintain wells and treatment systems
- Monitor water quality and regulatory compliance
- Manage storage and system supply

Staff Spotlight



Gilbert Sanchez – Water Production Operator II

Since joining the City in 2023, Gilbert has played an important role in the daily operation of Colton's water treatment facilities. From monitoring treatment processes to maintaining critical equipment, he helps ensure residents receive safe and reliable drinking water every day. Gilbert currently holds Grade III certifications in both Water Treatment and Water Distribution through the State of California.



Gernaldo Olson – Water Production Operator II

With nearly two decades of service to the City of Colton, Gernaldo brings valuable experience and knowledge to the Water Production team. His work helps keep the City's treatment systems operating efficiently and ensures the community continues to receive dependable drinking water service. Gernaldo holds Grade II certifications in both Water Treatment and Water Distribution.

WATER DISTRIBUTION DIVISION



Our Water Distribution team maintains the system that delivers water to homes and businesses across Colton. This includes pipelines, valves, and fire hydrants, as well as responding to leaks and service calls.

Key Responsibilities

- Maintain over 180 miles of pipeline
- Respond to leaks and service calls
- Perform hydrant maintenance and system flushing

Staff Spotlight



Anthony Corral – Senior Water Distribution Operator

From water main repairs to mentoring newer operators, Anthony plays a hands-on leadership role within the Distribution Division. Since joining the department in 2013, he has helped maintain reliable water service throughout the community while earning his Grade III Water Distribution and Grade two Water Treatment certifications.



Armando Molina – Water Distribution Operator I

Armando became part of the Water Distribution team in 2024 and recently earned his Grade II Water Distribution certification. He supports the maintenance and operation of the City's water system and has quickly developed into a dependable member of the team.

WATER CONSERVATION



Our Water Conservation team works with the community to promote efficient water use. Through outreach, education, and programs, they help residents and businesses reduce water use while maintaining their properties.

Key Responsibilities

- Community outreach and education
- Water-saving programs and incentives
- Support for efficient water use

Staff Spotlight



Cecilia Griego – Senior Water Conservation Specialist

Cecilia leads the City's water conservation and community outreach efforts, working closely with residents, schools, and businesses to promote water efficiency and sustainable practices. Through educational programs, rebates, and public engagement, she helps the community better understand the value of water and the importance of conservation. Cecilia holds a bachelor's degree and is a Certified Water Use Practitioner.

WHAT WE DO | WASTEWATER DIVISIONS

WASTEWATER TREATMENT



Our Wastewater Treatment team operates and maintains the City's wastewater treatment facility before it is safely returned to the environment. This work protects public health and ensures compliance with environmental regulations.

Key Responsibilities

- Operate and maintain treatment facilities
- Monitor treatment processes and compliance
- Protect water quality and environmental standards

Staff Spotlight



Mario De La Mora – Wastewater Treatment Plant Operator I

Mario joined the City in 2025 and is part of the team responsible for operating and maintaining Colton's wastewater treatment facility. His work helps protect public health and the environment by ensuring wastewater is properly treated before being safely returned to the environment. Mario currently holds a Grade II Wastewater Treatment Plant Operator certification issued by the State Water Resources Control Board.



Michael Brown – Senior Wastewater Treatment Operator

Since joining the City in 2019, Michael has advanced into a lead role at the wastewater treatment plant, helping oversee daily operations and support plant staff. He currently holds a Grade III Wastewater Treatment Plant Operator certification and plays an important role in ensuring the facility continues operating safely, efficiently, and in compliance with regulatory requirements.

WASTEWATER COLLECTION MAINTENANCE



Our Wastewater Collections team maintains the sewer system that carries wastewater from homes and businesses to the treatment plant. They respond to blockages, perform routine maintenance, and help prevent overflows.

Key Responsibilities

- Clean and inspect sewer lines
- Respond to service issues and blockages
- Maintain system reliability

Staff Spotlight



Andrew Carrillo – Collections System Maintenance Tech II

Andrew is part of the Wastewater Collections team responsible for maintaining the City's underground sewer infrastructure. From responding to sewer backups to cleaning and inspecting pipelines, his work helps protect the community and keep the system operating smoothly. He also plays an active role in mentoring newer staff members. Andrew currently holds a CWEA Collection System Maintenance Grade II certification.



Ulysses Rodriguez – Collections System Maintenance Tech I

Ulysses joined the City in 2024 and supports the daily maintenance and operation of Colton's Wastewater collection system. Whether assisting with inspections, maintenance activities, or emergency responses, he helps ensure reliable sewer service throughout the community. Ulysses currently holds a CWEA Collection System Maintenance Grade I certification.

Estimados clientes: Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Para ver la versión en español, por favor escanee el código QR en la página 12 de este informe. Si tiene alguna pregunta adicional, comuníquese con el Departamento de Servicios Públicos de Agua de la Ciudad de Colton al **(909) 370-6131** para recibir asistencia.

Introduction

The City of Colton Water Utilities is proud to share this year's Consumer Confidence Report with you. Our mission is simple: People First, Water Always. We know how important safe, high-quality drinking water is to every home, business, and family in our community — and we want to keep you informed about the work we do to protect this essential resource.

Our team is dedicated to providing you with clean, reliable water every time you turn on the tap. We continually improve our treatment processes, maintain our infrastructure, and safeguard our water sources to ensure your water meets the highest standards.

Colton's drinking water comes from a blend of local supplies, including seven (7) wells that draw from three (3) groundwater basins: Colton/Rialto, Bunker Hill, and North Riverside. We also receive water through an interconnection with the City of Rialto and, when needed, can supplement our supply with treated groundwater from the City of San Bernardino.

We take great pride in delivering this essential service to our community and remain committed to transparency and accountability. Thank you for trusting us to provide water you can rely on — today and for years to come.

Routine Water Testing / Ensuring Tap Water Safety

City of Colton Water Utilities staff routinely monitors the drinking water for contaminants. These tests are conducted according to Federal and State laws/regulations. On the following page, you will find a Monitoring Table showing the results for the period covering January 1 to December 31, 2025. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water that is provided by public water systems. The same protection is provided by FDA regulations that establish limits for contaminants in bottled water.

Common Contaminants

Sources of drinking water (both tap & bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water before we treat it include:

- **Microbial contaminants,** such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations and wildlife.
- **Inorganic contaminants,** such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining or farming.
- **Pesticides and herbicides,** which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture or residential uses.
- **Radioactive contaminants,** which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.
- **Organic chemical contaminants,** including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.

Obtaining Contaminant Information

All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (**1-800-426-4791**).

Possible Vulnerability

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons with cancer who are undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly persons, and infants can be particularly at risk of infection. If any of these apply to you, please seek advice from your health care provider regarding the drinking of water. US EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection from Cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Effects of HFPO-DA/GenX

Hexafluoropropylene oxide dimer acid (HFPO-DA) (GenX) - Some people who drink water containing HFPO-DA in excess of the MCL over many years may have increased health risks such as immune, liver, and kidney effects. There is also a potential concern for cancer associated with HFPO-DA exposure. In addition, there may be increased risks of developmental effects for people who drink water containing HFPO-DA in excess of the MCL following repeated exposure during pregnancy and/or childhood.

Effects of PFHxS

Perfluorohexanesulfonic acid (PFHxS) - Some people who drink water containing PFHxS in excess of the MCL over many years may have increased health risks such as immune, thyroid, and liver effects. In addition, there may be increased risks of developmental effects for people who drink water containing PFHxS in excess of the MCL following repeated exposure during pregnancy and/or childhood.

Effects of PFNA

Perfluorononanoic acid (PFNA) - Some people who drink water containing PFNA in excess of the MCL over many years may have increased health risks such as elevated cholesterol levels, immune effects, and liver effects. In addition, there may be increased risks of developmental effects for people who drink water containing PFNA in excess of the MCL following repeated exposure during pregnancy and/or childhood.

Effects of PFOS

Perfluorooctanesulfonic acid (PFOS) - Some people who drink water containing PFOS in excess of the MCL over many years may have increased health risks such as cardiovascular, immune, and liver effects, as well as increased incidence of certain types of cancers including liver cancer. In addition, there may be increased risks of developmental and immune effects for people who drink water containing PFOS in excess of the MCL following repeated exposure during pregnancy and/or childhood.

Effects of PFOA

Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA) - Some people who drink water containing PFOA in excess of the MCL over many years may have increased health risks such as cardiovascular, immune, and liver effects, as well as increased incidence of certain types of cancers including kidney and testicular cancer. In addition, there may be increased risks of developmental and immune effects for people who drink water containing PFOA in excess of the MCL following repeated exposure during pregnancy and/or childhood.

Effects of Nitrate

Nitrate in drinking water at levels above 10 mg/L is a health risk for infants of less than six months of age. Such nitrate levels in drinking water can interfere with the capacity of the infant's blood to carry oxygen, resulting in a serious illness; symptoms include shortness of breath and blueness of the skin. Nitrate levels above 10 mg/L may also affect the ability of the blood to carry oxygen in other individuals, such as pregnant women and those with certain specific enzyme deficiencies. If you are caring for an infant, or you are pregnant, you should ask advice from your health care provider.

Effects of Perchlorate

The SWRCB set the Maximum Contaminate Level (MCL) for Perchlorate at 6 ppb. As a result, the City of Colton has completed installation of two (2) treatment systems for three (3) wells that were impacted by this new level. These systems remove perchlorate to below detection levels, ensuring that the water served never exceeds the State MCL. Drinking water containing Perchlorate in excess of the MCL may cause effects associated with hypothyroidism. Perchlorate interferes with the production of thyroid hormones, which are required for normal pre-/postnatal development in humans, as well as normal body metabolism.

Effects of Lead

Lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. City of Colton Water Utilities Dept. is responsible for providing high quality drinking water and removing lead pipes but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components in your home. You share the responsibility for protecting yourself and your family from the lead in your home plumbing. You can take responsibility by identifying and removing lead materials within your home plumbing and taking steps to reduce your family's risk. Before drinking tap water, flush your pipes for several minutes by running your tap, taking a shower, doing laundry or a load of dishes. You can also use a filter certified by an American National Standards Institute accredited certifier to reduce lead in drinking water. If you are concerned about lead in your water and wish to have your water tested, contact City of Colton Water Utilities Dept. at **909-370-6131**. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available at **http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead**.

Lead and Copper

The City of Colton conducted Tri-Annual (every three years) Lead and Copper monitoring in 2025. Below are the 90th Percentile results. The City is in full compliance for both constituents. The next Tri-Annual cycle of Lead and Copper sampling will take place in September 2028.

Effects of Radon

Radon is a radioactive gas that you cannot see, taste, or smell. It is found throughout the U.S. Radon can move up through the ground and into a home through cracks and holes in the foundation. Radon can build up to high levels in all types of homes. Radon can also get into indoor air when released from tap water from showering, washing dishes, and other household activities. Compared to radon entering the home through soil, radon entering the home through tap water will in most cases be a small source of radon in indoor air. Radon is a known human carcinogen. Breathing air containing radon can lead to lung cancer. Drinking water containing radon may also cause increased risk of stomach cancer. If you are concerned about radon in your home, test the air in your home. Testing is inexpensive and easy. You should pursue radon removal for your home if the level of radon in your air is 4 picocuries per liter of air (pCi/L) or higher. There are simple ways to fix a radon problem that are not too costly. For additional information, call your State radon program (1-800-745-7236), the U.S. EPA Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791), or the National Safety Council Radon Hotline (1-800-767-7236).

Contacts Regarding Questions or Concerns

If you have any questions concerning your water quality or about this report, please contact Frank Mora, Water Production Supervisor, for the City of Colton (**909-370-6131**). For more information, please visit the City's website at **www.coltonwaterutilities.com**. The City Council Meeting Agendas/Minutes are also accessible on the website and contain detailed reports of some of the information offered here. You can also attend Utilities Commission Meetings held every second Monday of the month (except October and November, when they are held on the third Monday) at City Hall.

YOUR WATER IS SAFE!

The City of Colton is proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. Though we have learned through monitoring and testing that some contaminants have been detected, the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels. Please refer to the following page, which shows that the City's water system did not have any violations.

Definitions

Public Health Goal

The level of contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected health risks. PHG's are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)

The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. Primary MCL's are set as close to PHG's (or MCLG's) as is technologically and economically feasible. Secondary MCL's are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.

Primary Drinking Water Standards

MCL's for contaminants that affect health, along with their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment requirements.

Treatment Technique (TT)

A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL)

The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for the control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG)

The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for the control of microbial contaminants.

Water Quality Terms

Clarity

Cloudiness or turbidity in water is caused by tiny particles such as clay, silt or other suspended matter. Clarity is regulated because minute particles can shield bacteria from the disinfection process.

Radionuclides

Radioactivity in water originates from both natural sources and human activities. In most low risk areas, potential exposure to radiation in water is a fraction of the background exposure from all other natural sources.

Primary Standards

Were established to protect the consumer from health hazards associated with bacteria and chemicals.

Secondary Standards

The measure of aesthetic qualities such as taste, odor and color, which do not affect health.

Key to Abbreviations and Footnotes

N/A - Not Applicable

NC - Non–Corrosive

ND - Monitored but not detected

NS - No Standard has been set.

NTU - Nephrelometric Turbidity Units, a measure of suspended material in water

pCi/L - PicoCuries per liter, a measure of radioactivity.

mg/L - Milligrams per liter, or parts per million

ug/L - Micrograms per liter, or parts per billion

ng/L - Nanograms per liter –parts per trillion.

TON - Threshold Odor Number

TT - Treatment Technique (See Definitions)

Umhos Micromhos - A measure of total mineral content < Less than

Units – Unit of measurement

* The State allows for less than annual monitoring for certain constituents because the concentrations do not change frequently. Therefore, the data, though representative, is more than a year old.

** A positive Langlier Index indicates that the water is non – corrosive.

*** An aggressiveness index greater than 10 indicates that the water is not aggressive (corrosive).

**** For systems collecting 40 or more samples, if more than 5.0 percent of samples collected are total coliform positive, then the MCL is violated. NL Notification Level – Level at which the water purveyor must notify their governing body of detection. AL Action Level – Level at which DDW recommends a source be taken out of service.

Know Your Water

The City of Colton is committed to providing detailed information about your drinking water quality. The annual report includes helpful information about where your drinking water comes from and how we make it safe for use, the constituents found in your drinking water, and how the water quality compares with regulatory standards. We are pleased to report that in 2025, water quality across our service area met or exceeded all federal and state drinking water standards. We remain dedicated to providing a reliable supply of high-quality drinking water at a reasonable cost.

For more information or questions regarding this report, you can contact Frank Mora, Water Production Supervisor at **909-370-6131** or by email at **fmora@coltonca.gov.**

CITY OF COLTON - WATER UTILITIES

MONITORING TABLE FOR JANUARY 1 - DECEMBER 31, 2025

Contaminant	Violation	Test Results			UNIT MEASURE	STATE MCL MRDL	STATE PHG MRDLG	YEAR TESTED* Colton/ Rialto	Other Water Source - City of Rialto TEST RESULTS			LIKELY SOURCE OF CONTAMINANT
	Y / N	Minimum	Maximum	Average					Minimum	Maximum	Average	
INORGANIC CHEMICALS - PRIMARY STANDARDS												
Fluoride	N	0.25	0.64	0.44	mg/L	2	1	2024	0.25	0.32	0.27	Erosion of natural deposits, water additive for dental hygiene, discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Arsenic	N	ND	2.4	0.04	ug/L	10	0.004	2023/ 2025	ND	5.1	2	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; glass electronics production wastes
Aluminum	N	ND	ND	ND	ug/L	1000	600	2023/ 2024	ND	83	28.57	Erosion of natural deposits; residual from some surface water treatment processes.
Hexavalent Chromium	N	0	4.7	1.85	ug/L	10	0.02	2025	.58	2.8	1.5	A heavy metal used in industrial applications; also found naturally occurring throughout the environment.
Nitrate (as N)	N	ND	7.5	4.18	mg/L	10	10	2025	1.5	3.6	2.55	Runoff / leaching from fertilizer use, septic tanks, sewage, and erosion of natural deposits
Nitrate+Nitrite as Nitrogen	N	0	4.3	0.54	mg/L	10	10	2023	Not Tested			Runoff / leaching from fertilizer use, septic tanks, sewage, and erosion of natural deposits
CHEMICAL PARAMETERS - SECONDARY STANDARDS												
Chloride	N	5	34	14.85	mg/L	500	NS	2024	3.7	10	5.7	Runoff / leaching from natural deposits; seawater influence
Corrosivity (Langlier Index)**	N	0	0.19	0.02	units	NC	NS	2023	Not Tested			Natural or industrial-influenced balance of hydrogen, carbon & oxygen in water, affected by temperature and other factors.
Aggressiveness Index ***	N	0	12	1.5	units	NS	NS	2023	Not Tested			
Manganese	N	ND	23	2.88	ug/L	50	NS	2025	ND	ND	ND	Leaching from natural deposits
Specific Conductance	N	440	620	530	umhos/cm	1600	NS	2024	ND	500	288	Substances that form ions in water; seawater influence

CITY OF COLTON - WATER UTILITIES

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	Y / N	Minimum	Maximum	Average					Minimum	Maximum	Average	
CHEMICAL PARAMETERS - SECONDARY STANDARDS												
Sulfate	N	25	69	51.33	mg/L	500	NS	2024	14	51	25	Runoff / leaching from natural deposits, industrial wastes
Total Dissolved Solids	N	270	400	338.33	mg/L	1,000	NS	2024	210	290	238	Runoff / leaching from natural deposits
PHYSICAL PARAMETERS												
Odor - Threshold	N	1	2	1.2	TON	3	NS	2025	ND	1	1	Naturally occurring organic materials
pH	N	6.9	7.8	7.4	units	NS	NS	2025	8	8	8	
Turbidity	N	<0.1	.74	<0.1	NTU	5	N/A	2025	ND	0.49	0.11	Turbidity is monitored because it is a good indicator of water quality. High turbidity can hinder disinfectant effectiveness.
RADIONUCLIDES												
Gross Alpha Particle Activity	N	0	6.1	3.42	pCi/L	15	NS	2025	ND	2.63	1.08	Erosion of natural deposits
Radon 222	N	229	458	333.3	pCi/L	NS	NS	2000	Not Tested			Erosion of natural deposits
Uranium	N	3.5	8	5.3	pCi/L	20	0.43	2025	ND	4.56	2.46	Erosion of natural deposits
VOLATILE ORGANIC CHEMICALS (VOC's)												
Tetrachloroeth-ylene	N	ND	ND	ND	ug/L	5	1.7	2025	ND	2.4	1.2	Discharge from metal degreasing sites and other factories.
Vinyl Chloride	N	ND	ND	ND	ug/L	0.005	0.0007	2025	ND	ND	ND	Industrial facilities, hazardous waste sites and landfills.
cis-1,2,Dichloro-ethylene	N	ND	0.55	0.05	ug/L	6	13	2025	Not Tested			From the breakdown of solvents in soil and groundwater.
ADDITIONAL PARAMETERS												
Alkalinity	N	150	190	176.67	mg/L	NS	NS	2024	140	140	140	Erosion of natural deposits
Bicarbonate Alkalinity	N	190	230	220	mg/L	NS	NS	2024	180	180	180	Erosion of natural deposits
Calcium	N	50	74	67	mg/L	NS	NS	2024	52	52	52	Erosion of natural deposits
Total Hardness	N	150	230	206.67	mg/L	NS	NS	2024	160	160	160	Erosion of natural deposits
Magnesium	N	7	12	9.6	mg/L	NS	NS	2024	7.4	7.4	7.4	Erosion of natural deposits
Potassium	N	2.2	3.5	3.03	mg/L	NS	NS	2024	1.7	1.7	1.7	Erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	13	81	32.17	mg/L	NS	NS	2024	13	13	13	Erosion of natural deposits
Boron	N	ND	210	78.33	ug/L	NS	NS	2024	ND	ND	ND	Erosion of natural deposits

CITY OF COLTON - WATER UTILITIES

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	Y / N	Minimum	Maximum	Average					Minimum	Maximum	Average	
DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM												
Microbiological-Total Coliform Bacteria	N	Met Standard? Yes			Presence of coliform bacteria in 5% of monthly samples****			2025	Met Standard? Yes			Naturally present in the environment
Total Trihalomethanes	N	3.7	10.1	6.9	ug/L	80	NS	2025	ND	3.3	0.62	By-product of drinking water chlorination
Haloacetic Acids	N	ND	1.2	0.6	ug/L	60	NS	2025	ND	ND	ND	By-product of drinking water chlorination
Chlorine	N	0.46	1.77	1.08	mg/L	4	4	2025	.04	1.95	1.06	Drinking water disinfectant added for treatment
REGULATED CONTAMINANTS (Perchlorate)												
Perchlorate	N	ND	5.6	0.8	ug/L	6	1	2025	1.7	140	50.12	Component of explosives, fireworks, matches, and solid rocket fuels.
UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS												
Perfluorooctane-sulfonic Acid (PFOS)	N	6	20	13.75	ng/L	NL 4	RL 40	2025	ND	ND	ND	Industrial facilities, landfills and wastewater treatment plants.
Perfluorooctanic Acid (PFOA)	N	3.1	10	5.34	ng/L	NL 4	RL 10	2025	ND	ND	ND	Industrial facilities, landfills and wastewater treatment plants.
Perfluorobuta-noic acid (PFBA)	N	2.5	7.1	4.2	ng/L	NR	NR	2025	ND	ND	ND	Industrial facilities, landfills and wastewater treatment plants.
Perfluorobutane sulfonic acid (PFBS)	N	2.5	5.6	3.7	ng/L	NL 500	RL 5,000	2025	ND	2.4	1.2	Industrial facilities, landfills and wastewater treatment plants.
Perfluorohexane sulfonic acid (PFHxS)	N	3.9	9	5.3	ng/L	NL 3	RL 10	2025	ND	ND	ND	Industrial facilities, landfills and wastewater treatment plants.
Perfluorohex-anoic acid (PFHxA)	N	3.3	7.9	4.9	ng/L	NL 1,000	RL 10,000	2025	ND	ND	ND	Industrial facilities, landfills and wastewater treatment plants.
Perfluorohep-tanoic acid (PFHpA)	N	3.2	4.8	4	ng/L	NR	NR	2025	ND	ND	ND	Industrial facilities, landfills and wastewater treatment plants.
Perfluoropen-tanoic acid (PFPeA)	N	3.9	9.7	6.3	ng/L	NR	NR	2025	ND	ND	ND	Industrial facilities, landfills and wastewater treatment plants.

Contaminant	90th Percentile Result	UNIT MEASURE	Action Level	PHG	LIKELY SOURCE OF CONTAMINANT
Lead	0	ug/L	15	0.2	Internal corrosion of household plumbing systems, discharge from industrial mfg, erosion of natural deposits
Copper	300	ug/L	1,300	300	Internal corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits.

City of Colton
Public Works and Utility Services Department
650 N. La Cadena Drive
Colton, CA 92324

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Permit No. 2518
ECRWSS

City Council

Frank J. Navarro, Mayor

David J. Toro, Council Member District 1,
Mayor Pro Tempore Emeritus

Kelly J. Chastain, Council Member District 2

Dr. Luis S. González, Council Member District 3

John R. Echevarria, Council Member District 4

City Manager

Bill Smith

Assistant City Manager

Dr. Charles Berry

Public Works and Utility Services Director

Chad Blais

Water/Wastewater Operations Manager

Bassam Alzammar

Who to Call

Billing Questions

Customer Service:
(909) 370-5555

650 N. La Cadena Drive
Colton, CA 92324

Water Inquiries & Quality

Water Utility Administration:
(909) 370-6131

160 S. 10th Street
Colton, CA 92324

After Hours

(909) 370-5000

Español/Spanish
Versión en Español