## APPENDIX B: eCCR Certification Form (Suggested Format)

### **Consumer Confidence Report Certification Form**

(To be submitted with a copy of the CCR)

Water System Name:	adarpines	Park Mutua	Water	PEMPANLY
Water System Number:	3610011			ð

Certified by:

Name: Rosemanie Garcia	Title: office Administrator
Signature: Ausenhaire Guicia	Date: 3/3/25
Phone number: 904 338 1821	blank

To summarize report delivery used and good-faith efforts taken, please complete this page by checking all items that apply and fill-in where appropriate:

- CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery methods (attach description of other direct delivery methods used).
- CCR was distributed using electronic delivery methods described in the Guidance for Electronic Delivery of the Consumer Confidence Report (water systems utilizing electronic delivery methods must complete the second page).
- Good faith" efforts were used to reach non-bill paying consumers. Those efforts included the following methods:
  - Posting the CCR at the following URL: www. <u>Cfpmwc.org</u>
  - Mailing the CCR to postal patrons within the service area (attach zip codes used)
  - Advertising the availability of the CCR in news media (attach copy of press release)
  - Publication of the CCR in a local newspaper of general circulation (attach a copy of the published notice, including name of newspaper and date published)
  - Posted the CCR in public places (attach a list of locations)
  - Delivery of multiple copies of CCR to single-billed addresses serving several persons, such as apartments, businesses, and schools

- Delivery to community organizations (attach a list of organizations)
- Publication of the CCR in the electronic city newsletter or electronic community newsletter or listserv (attach a copy of the article or notice)
- Electronic announcement of CCR availability via social media outlets (attach list of social media outlets utilized)
- Other (attach a list of other methods used)
- For systems serving at least 100,000 persons: Posted CCR on a publicly-accessible internet site at the following URL: www.\_\_\_\_\_
- For privately-owned utilities: Delivered the CCR to the California Public Utilities Commission

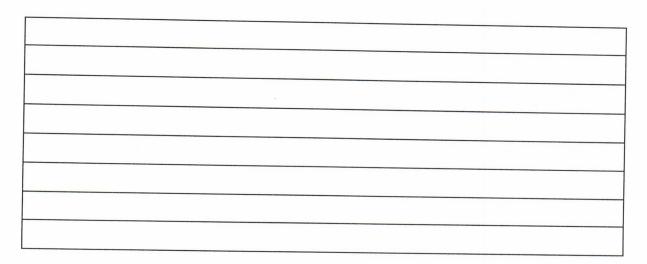
# **Consumer Confidence Report Electronic Delivery Certification**

Water systems utilizing electronic distribution methods for CCR delivery must complete this page by checking all items that apply and fill-in where appropriate.

- Water system mailed a notification that the CCR is available and provides a direct URL to the CCR on a publicly available website where it can be viewed (attach a copy of the mailed CCR notification). URL: www.
- Water system emailed a notification that the CCR is available and provides a direct URL to the CCR on a publicly available site on the Internet where it can be viewed (attach a copy of the emailed CCR notification). URL: www.\_\_\_\_\_
- Water system emailed the CCR as an electronic file email attachment.
- Water system emailed the CCR text and tables inserted or embedded into the body of an email, not as an attachment (attach a copy of the emailed CCR).
- Requires prior DDW review and approval. Water system utilized other electronic delivery method that meets the direct delivery requirement.

Provide a brief description of the water system's electronic delivery procedures and include how the water system ensures delivery to customers unable to receive electronic delivery.

Placed copies at 21853 Crest Forest Drive Cedarpines Park CA 92322



This form is provided as a convenience and may be used to meet the certification requirement of section 64483(c) of the California Code of Regulations.

#### To our customers:

We're very pleased to provide you with this year's Annual Water Quality Report. We test the drinking water quality for many constituents as required by state and federal law. The enclosed table shows results of the monitoring period of January 1 - December 31, 2023 and may include earlier monitoring data. Our water comes from 15 groundwater wells located within the Cedarpines Park Mutual Water Company service area. The current well locations are located within the Mojave Watershed and identified as Burnt Mill Well's 1-7 & 19, Coontum Well's 3, 5, and 3 pigs, Lovers Lane Well 1, and Sawpit Well's 1, 2, 3. Our system is supplemented with surface water purchased from Crestline Lake Arrowhead Water Agency (CLAWA). CLAWA's water quality is attached to our report. **Terms and Abbreviations** 

In the following Test Result Table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

- Non-Detects (ND) laboratory analysis indicates that the constituent is not present.
- Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l) one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.
- **Parts per billion (ppb)** or **Micrograms per liter (ug/l)** one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years or a single penny in \$10,000,000.
- **Picocuries per liter (pCi/L)** picocuries per liter is a measure of the radioactivity in water.
- Million fibers per Liter (MFL) million fibers per liter is a measure of the presence of asbestos fibers that are longer than 10 micrometers.
- Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (NTU) nephelometric turbidity unit is a measure of the clarity of water. Turbidity in excess of 5 NTU is just noticeable to the average person.
- Treatment Technique (TT) A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.
- Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) the "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
- Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) the "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
- **Public Health Goal or PHG** the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. The California Environmental Protection Agency sets PHG's.
- Regulated Action Level (AL) The concentration of a contaminant, which, if exceeded, triggers treatment, or other requirements, which a water system must follow.
- Public Drinking Water Standards (PDWS) MCLs for contaminants that affect health along with their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment reauirements.
- N/A No standard available.

# **Cedarpines Park Mutual Water Company** 2023 **Consumer Confidence Report**

Esta informe contiene informacion muy importante sobre su agua beber. Traduzcalo o hable con alguien que lo entienda.



*For additional information contact:* Nathan Burwell/Chief Operator Cedarpines Park Mutual Water Co. PO BOX 9259 21853 Crest Forest Drive Cedarpines Park, CA. 92322 (909) 338-1821

We conducted more than 887 tests for over 106 drinking water contaminants. These tests included microbial contaminants, inorganic chemical contaminants, organic chemical contaminants, and radioactive contaminants. As you can see by the table, only a few contaminants were detected in the water. None of these contaminants exceeded the maximum contaminant level set by the State. Your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. Regulations require the testing of the water to ensure that it is safe to drink. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the US Environmental Protection Agency Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (1-800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers USEPA/Center for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

The sources of drinking water (both tap and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals, and in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animal or human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, livestock operations, and wildlife.
- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, that can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic waste water discharges, oil and gas production, mining or farming.
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, that are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, agricultural application and septic systems.
- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the U.S. Environment Protection Agency (USEPA) and the California State Water Resources Control Board prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. State Board regulations also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that provide the same protection for public health

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Cedarpines Park Mutual Water Company is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. [Optional: If you do so, you may wish to collect the flushed water and reuse it for another beneficial purpose, such as watering plants.] If you are concerned about lead in your water. you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/lead.

## CEDARPINES PARK MUTUAL WATER COMPANY 2023 GROUNDWATER QUALITY MONITORING TABLE

					VAIER	QUALI		TORING	TADLE		
PRIMARY STANDARDS - Mandator	y, Health-R	elated S	Standards	by the							
State of California, Department of	nealth Serv	ices.									
	Violation	Units	MCLG	PHG	MCL	RANGE	# of Months Positive		Likely Source of Detected Constituent		
MICROBIOLOGICAL CONTAMINAN	פדו		Total	Coliform Ba	acteria						
Col. Bac.(% Test Positive )	No	%+	0	0	0	0	0				
No. of Acute Violations©	No	Units	Õ	Õ	Õ	Ő	0	96 annually			
PRIMARY STANDARDS - Mandator			Standards	by the							
State of California, Department of	Health Serv	ices.									
	Violation	Units	MCLG	PHG	MCL	RANGE	AVERAGE	DATE	Likely Source of Detected Constituent		
RADIOACTIVE CONTAMINANTS									,		
Gross Alpha Activity	No	pCi/l	0	n/a	15	0.46-11	5.73	May-23	Erosion of natural deposits.		
INORGANIC CONTAMINANTS											
Aluminum	No	ug/L	0.6	0.6	200	ND-170	18.88	May-23	Erosion of natural deposits.		
Nitrate (as N)	No	mg/L	n/a	n/a	10	ND-7.8	3.64	May-23	Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from		
								<b>,</b>	septic tanks and sewage; erosion of natural deposits.		
Flouride (naturally occuring)	No	mg/L	n/a	1	2	ND	0	May-23	Erosion of natural deposits; Additive that promotes strong		
									teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.		
SECONDARY STANDARD - Aesthe State of California, Department of			blished by	the							
		10001									
	Violation	Units	MCLG	PHG	MCL	RANGE	AVERAGE	Date	Likely Source of Detected Constituent		
Chloride	No	mg/L	n/a	n/a	500	3.6-10	6.63	May-23	Runoff / leaching from natural deposits.		
Hardness (CaCo3)	No	mg/L	n/a	n/a	n/a	58-110	79.8	May-23	Leaching from natural deposits.		
Sodium Specific Conductance	No No	mg/L	n/a n/a	n/a	n/a 1600	8.5-12 140-280	11.15 213.75	May-23 May-23	Runoff / leaching from natural deposits. Substances that form ions when in water.		
Sulfate	No	umho/cm mg/L	n/a	n/a n/a	500	4.9-8.2	6.51	May-23	Runoff / leaching from natural deposits.		
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)	No	mg/L	n/a	n/a	1000	89-170	137.38	May-23	Runoff / leaching from natural deposits.		
ADDITIONAL CONSTITUENTS ANA		nig/L	Π/α	TI/A	1000	03-170	107.00	Way-20	Ration / Reaching from hateral deposits.		
	Violation		MCLG	PHG	MCL	RANGE	AVERAGE	Date	Likelv Source of Detected Constituent		
Color	No	n/a	n/a	n/a	15	ND-40.0	1.36	May-23	Erosion of natural deposits.		
Odor	No	TON	n/a	n/a	3	1-2	1.03	Jul-23	Naturally-occurring organic materials		
Turbitity	No	NTU	n/a	n/a	5	ND-15	0.64	May-23	Soil runoff		
UNREGULATED INORGANIC CONT	AMINANTS										
Vanadium	No	ua/L	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0		Erosion of natural deposits		
LEAD + COPPER - Mandatory, Hea					n/a		<u> </u>				
State of California, Department of			· · · · <b>,</b> · · · ·								
			No. of		90th	No. of					
					Percentile						
						Exceeding		Date	Likely Source of Detected Constituent		
Lead	No	mg/L	20	AL=.015	0.0065	0	•	Sep-23	Internal corrosion of household water systems: discharges		
	N.I			AL. 4.0	0.011	0	ND	Sep-23	from industrial manufacturers; erosion of natural deposits.		
Copper	No	mg/L	28	AL=1.3	0.71 0.36	0	ND ND	Sep-23 Sep-23	Internal corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosior of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives.		
DISINFECTION BYPRODUCTS, DI	SINFECTAN	T RESI	DUALS, AN	ND DISINFI							
			- 57 <u>-</u> 67, Al								
	Violation	Units	MCLG	PHG	MCL	RANGE	LEVEL	Date	Likely Source of Detected Constituent		
TTHMs (Total Trihalomethanes)	No	ug/L	n/a	n/a	80	ND-26.9	14.51	Jul-23	Byproduct of drinking water chlorination.		
HAA5 (Halocetic Acids)	No	ug/L	n/a	n/a	60	ND-10.4	4.99	Jul-23	Byproduct of drinking water chlorination.		