

APPENDIX B: eCCR Certification Form (Suggested Format)

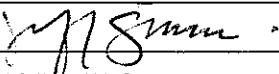
Consumer Confidence Report Certification Form

(To be submitted with a copy of the CCR)

Water System Name: RUBIDOUX COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT

Water System Number: 3310044

The water system named above hereby certifies that its Consumer Confidence Report was distributed on 05/20/19 & 06/10/19 (date) to customers (and appropriate notices of availability have been given). Further, the system certifies that the information contained in the report is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the State Water Resources Control Board, Division of Drinking Water (DDW).

Certified by: Name: JEFF SIMS
Signature: 
Title: ASSISTANT GM
Phone Number: (951)684-7580 Date: 09/27/2019

To summarize report delivery used and good-faith efforts taken, please complete this page by checking all items that apply and fill-in where appropriate:

- ☒ CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery methods (attach description of other direct delivery methods used).
- ☐ CCR was distributed using electronic delivery methods described in the Guidance for Electronic Delivery of the Consumer Confidence Report (water systems utilizing electronic delivery methods must complete the second page).
- ☐ "Good faith" efforts were used to reach non-bill paying consumers. Those efforts included the following methods:
- ☒ Posting the CCR at the following URL: www.RCSD.ORG
 - ☐ Mailing the CCR to postal patrons within the service area (attach zip codes used)
 - ☐ Advertising the availability of the CCR in news media (attach copy of press release)
 - ☐ Publication of the CCR in a local newspaper of general circulation (attach a copy of the published notice, including name of newspaper and date published)
 - ☐ Posted the CCR in public places (attach a list of locations)
 - ☐ Delivery of multiple copies of CCR to single-billed addresses serving several persons, such as apartments, businesses, and schools
 - ☐ Delivery to community organizations (attach a list of organizations)
 - ☐ Publication of the CCR in the electronic city newsletter or electronic community newsletter or listserv (attach a copy of the article or notice)
 - ☐ Electronic announcement of CCR availability via social media outlets (attach list of social media outlets utilized)
 - ☐ Other (attach a list of other methods used)
- ☐ For systems serving at least 100,000 persons: Posted CCR on a publicly-accessible internet site at the following URL: www.
- ☐ For privately-owned utilities: Delivered the CCR to the California Public Utilities Commission

Consumer Confidence Report Electronic Delivery Certification

Water systems utilizing electronic distribution methods for CCR delivery must complete this page by checking all items that apply and fill-in where appropriate.

- ☐ Water system mailed a notification that the CCR is available and provides a direct URL to the CCR on a publicly available website where it can be viewed (attach a copy of the mailed CCR notification). URL: www._____
- ☐ Water system emailed a notification that the CCR is available and provides a direct URL to the CCR on a publicly available site on the Internet where it can be viewed (attach a copy of the emailed CCR notification). URL: www._____
- ☐ Water system emailed the CCR as an electronic file email attachment.
- ☐ Water system emailed the CCR text and tables inserted or embedded into the body of an email, not as an attachment (attach a copy of the emailed CCR).
- ☐ *Requires prior DDW review and approval.* Water system utilized other electronic delivery method that meets the direct delivery requirement.

Provide a brief description of the water system's electronic delivery procedures and include how the water system ensures delivery to customers unable to receive electronic delivery.

[illegible]

This form is provided as a convenience and may be used to meet the certification requirement of section 64483(c) of the California Code of Regulations.

Brian Jennings

From: Brian Jennings
Sent: Friday, May 10, 2019 4:26 PM
To: Steve Luce
Subject: RCSD Water Quality Report CCR 2018 and Tier 3 Notice 2018
Attachments: Tier 3 Notice (2018).pdf; CY 2018 CCR.pdf

Hi Steve,
#10 Window Envelopes received, thank you.

Please see attached for ABG Printing and Mailing with our regular billing dates:

May, 17, 2019
&
June 7, 2019

Total Quantity of each approx. 6,400.
Thank you,
Brian

Brian Jennings
Manager Budgeting/Accounting
Rubidoux Community Services District
951.684.7580

The water Rubidoux Community Services District delivers to you comes from groundwater, which we currently pump from four active drinking water wells (wells 2, 6, 8, and 18). All of our wells are located within the Rubidoux Community Services District boundaries and draw from the Riverstele South Groundwater Basin. Water from Well 6 is treated at the District's Anita B. Smith Nitrate Removal Facility to reduce the concentration of nitrate before it enters the distribution system. To reduce the concentration of manganese in the water delivered to customers, water from Well 8 is treated at the District's Laverne J. Mahnke Manganese Removal Facility, and water from Well 18 is treated at the District's Leland J. Thompson Water Treatment Plant. The water is then blended with water from Well 2 before it enters the distribution system. Prior to blending, water from Well 2 is currently being treated for removal of 1,2,3-trichloropropane.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. Tables 1 through 7 list all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2018. The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. The State allows us to monitor for some contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, are more than one year old.

In this report are terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms, we have provided the following definitions:

Parts per million (ppm) or milligrams per liter (mg/L) – a measure of concentration in water. One part per million (or milligram per liter) corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or micrograms per liter (µg/L) – a measure of concentration in water. One part per billion (or microgram per liter) corresponds to one second in 11.5 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Picoocuries per liter (pCi/L) – a measure of the radioactivity in water.

Microsiemens per centimeter (µS/cm) – a measure of the electrical conductivity of water.

Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (NTU) – a measure of the clarity of water. Turbidity in excess of 5 NTU is just noticeable to the average person.

Regulatory Action Level (AL) or Notification Level (NL) – the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers

treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) – the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. Primary MCLs are set as close to the PFCs (or MCLGs) as is economically and technologically feasible. Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) – the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs are set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – the highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – the level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Public Health Goal (PHG) – the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency. *Note: PHGs do not take into account economic or technological feasibility.*

Primary Drinking Water Standard (PDWS) – MCLs and MRDLs for contaminants that affect health, along with their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment requirements.

Secondary Drinking Water Standard (SDWS) – MCLs for contaminants that affect taste, odor, or appearance of the drinking water. Contaminants with SDWSs do not affect health at the MCL levels.

No violations of the nitrate MCL (10 mg/L of nitrate as nitrogen) occurred at any time during 2018. As shown in Table 2, nitrate is present in detectable quantities in the water at an average concentration of 6.5 mg/L. Nitrate in drinking water at levels above 10 mg/L is a health risk for infants of less than six months of age. Such nitrate levels in drinking water can interfere with the capacity of the infant's blood to carry oxygen, resulting in a serious illness; symptoms include shortness of breath and blueness of the skin. Nitrate levels above 10 mg/L may also affect the ability of the blood to carry oxygen in other individuals, such as pregnant women and those with certain specific enzyme deficiencies. If you are caring for an infant, or you are pregnant, you should seek advice from your health care provider. Nitrate levels may rise quickly for short periods of time because of rainfall or agricultural activity.

Perchlorate has been shown to interfere with uptake of iodine by the thyroid gland, and to thereby reduce the production of thyroid hormones, leading to adverse effects associated with inadequate hormone levels. Thyroid hormones are needed for normal prenatal growth and development of the fetus, as well as for normal growth and development in the infant and child. In adults, thyroid hormones are needed for normal metabolism and mental function.

Turbidity has no health effects. However, high levels of turbidity can interfere with disinfection and provide a medium for microbial growth. Turbidity may indicate the presence of disease-causing organisms. These organisms can include bacteria, viruses, and parasites that can cause symptoms such as nausea, cramps, diarrhea, and associated headaches.

The State Water Resources Control Board, Division of Drinking Water (State Board) sets drinking water standards and has determined that chlorine is a health concern at certain levels of exposure. Chlorine is added to drinking water as a disinfectant to kill bacteria and other disease-causing microorganisms and is also added to provide continuous disinfection throughout the distribution system. Disinfection is required for surface water systems. However, at high doses for extended periods of time, chlorine has been shown to affect blood and the liver in laboratory animals. The State Board has set a drinking water standard for chlorine to protect against the risk of these adverse effects. Drinking water which meets this State Board standard is associated with little to none of this risk and should be considered safe with respect to chlorine.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers.

USEPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4731).

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Steven W. Appel, District Engineer, at the District office, (951) 684-7580. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first and third Thursdays of each month at 4:00 p.m. at 3590 Rubidoux Boulevard, Juniper Valley, CA 92509.



Annual Consumer Confidence Report Spring 2019

The Rubidoux Community Services District is pleased to present to you this year's Annual Consumer Confidence Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality of water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and to protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. This report shows the quality of your water and what it means. We are pleased to report that your drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua beber. Favor de comunicarse Rubidoux Community Services District a (951) 684-7580 para asistencia en español.

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- **Microbial contaminants**, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- **Inorganic contaminants**, such as salts and metals, that can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- **Pesticides and herbicides**, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- **Organic chemical contaminants**, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, that are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, agricultural applications, and septic systems.
- **Radioactive contaminants**, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) and State Water Resources Control Board, Division of Drinking Water (State Board) prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The U.S. Food and Drug Administration regulations and California law also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that provide the same protection for public health.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by visiting the USEPA's website at <http://water.epa.gov/drink/index.cfm> or by calling the USEPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791), the National Radon Hotline (800-557-2366), or the California Dept. of Public Health Indoor Radon Program (800-745-7236).

TABLE 1 – SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING DETECTION OF COLIFORM BACTERIA

Microbiological Contaminant	Highest Percentage of Detections (in a month)	No. of Months in Violation	MCL	PHG (MCLG)	Typical Source of Bacteria
Total Coliform Bacteria	2.50%	0	Detections in 5% of monthly samples	0	Naturally present in the environment

TABLE 2 – DETECTION OF INORGANIC CONTAMINANTS WITH A PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD

Chemical or Constituent	Units	Average Level Detected	Range of Detection	MCL or MRDL	PHG (MCLG or MRDLG)	Typical Source of Contaminant
Barium	ppm	<0.1	<0.1-0.1	1	2	Discharges of oil drilling wastes and from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Chlorine	ppm	0.90 ^a	0.5 – 1.2	4.0	4.0	Drinking water disinfectant added for treatment
Total Chromium	ppb	1.82	<1.0 – 5.7	50	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills and chrome plating; erosion of natural deposits
Fluoride ^b	ppm	0.33	0.2 – 0.5	2.0	1	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive that promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum facilities
Nitrate as Nitrogen	ppm	6.5	4.2-9.0	10	10	Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks and seepage; erosion of natural deposits
Perchlorate	ppb	<4.0	<4.0 - 5.2	6	1	Discharge from aerospace and other industrial facilities

TABLE 3 – DETECTION OF ORGANIC CONTAMINANTS WITH A PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD

Chemical or Constituent	Units	Average Level Detected	Range of Detection	MCL or MRDL	PHG (MCLG or MRDLG)	Typical Source of Contaminant
THMs (Total Trihalomethanes)	ppb	24.3 ^c	8.2 – 26	80	None established	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection
HAA (Halooacetic Acids)	ppb	3.4 ^c	<2.0 – 3.4	60	None established	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection
1,2,3-Trichloropropane ^d	ppb	<0.005	<0.005 - 0.039	0.005	0.0007	Discharge from industrial/agricultural chemical facilities; leaching from hazardous waste sites; used as solvent, paint and varnish remover, cleaning and degreasing agent; byproduct during production of other compounds and pesticides

TABLE 4 – SAMPLING RESULTS FOR RADIOACTIVITY^e

Chemical or Constituent	Units	Average Level Detected	Range of Detection	MCL	PHG (MCLG)	Typical Source of Contaminant
Alpha Activity, Gross	pCi/L	6.36	3.57 – 8.81	15	0	Erosion of natural deposits
Uranium	pCi/L	3.74	2.23 – 6.95	20	0.43	Erosion of natural deposits

- (a) Highest running annual average during 2018.
- (b) Fluoride is naturally present in Rubidoux Community Services District's groundwater supply. The District does not add fluoride to your drinking water.
- (c) Highest Locational Running Annual Average (LRADA) during 2018.
- (d) During 2018, 1,2,3-TCP was detected in water supplied by District Wells 2 and 6. Well 2 was removed from service until June 2018, when treatment facilities for the removal of 1,2,3-TCP were installed. Treated water is routinely monitored, and 1,2,3-TCP has not since been detected in the treated water that enters the distribution system. In Well 6, after 1,2,3-TCP was detected, confirmation samples resulted in an average quantity of 1,2,3-TCP that does not exceed the MCL of 0.005 ppb. Some people who drink water containing 1,2,3-trichloropropane in excess of the MCL over many years may have an increased risk of getting cancer.
- (e) The most recent samples for gross alpha activity were taken in 2017, and the samples for uranium were taken in 2015 and 2017.
- (f) There are no PHGs, MCLGs, or mandatory standard health effects language for these constituents because Secondary MCLs are set on the basis of aesthetics.

TABLE 5 – DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A SECONDARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD

Chemical or Constituent	Units	Average Level Detected	Range of Detection	MCL	PHG ^a (MCLG)	Typical Source of Contaminant
Chloride	ppm	69	46 – 80	500	None established	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater influence
Manganese	ppb	<20	<20 - 88 ^b	50	None established	Leaching from natural deposits
pH	pH Units	8.0	7.8 – 8.4	None	None established	Erosion of natural deposits
Specific Conductance	µS/cm	805	790 – 810	1600	None established	Substances that form ions when in water; seawater influence
Sulfate	ppm	82	73 – 88	500	None established	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; industrial wastes
Total Dissolved Solids	ppm	520	490 – 550	1000	None established	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits
Turbidity	NTU	0.12	<0.1 – 1.2	5	None established	Settling

TABLE 6 – SAMPLING RESULTS^a FOR LEAD^b AND COPPER

Chemical or Constituent	Units	No. of Samples Collected	90 th Percentile Level Detected	Action Level (AL)	No. of Sites Exceeding AL	PHG (MCLG)	Typical Source of Contaminant
Copper (ppm)	ppm	31	0.51	1.3	0	0.3	Internal corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
Lead (ppb) ^c	ppb	31	<5	15	0	0.2	Internal corrosion of household water plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from industrial manufacturers; erosion of natural deposits

TABLE 7 – SAMPLING RESULTS FOR UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS

Chemical or Constituent	Units	Average Level Detected	Range of Detection	MCL or NL	PHG (MCLG)	Typical Source of Contaminant
Boron	ppb	177	<100 – 250	NL=1000	None established	Erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	ppm	61	36 – 73	None	None established	Erosion of natural deposits
Hardness	ppm	274 ^d	240 – 320	None	None established	Erosion of natural deposits
Tertiary Butyl Alcohol	ppb	7.21	<5.0 – 16	NL=12	None established	Leaching from landfills and leaking underground storage tanks
Hexavalent Chromium (samples taken in 2014)	ppb	1.88	<1.0 – 4.8	None	0.02	Discharge from electroplating facilities; leather tanning; wood preservation; chemical synthesis; refractory production; and textile manufacturing facilities; erosion of natural deposits

- (a) A monthly manganese sample exceeded the MCL for manganese; however, the annual average level detected was below the MCL. Treatment to remove manganese from water supplied by Well 18 is provided, and monthly manganese monitoring is conducted.
- (b) Samples for lead and copper are taken every three years, and the most recent samples were taken in 2017. No schools requested lead sampling from us during 2018.
- (c) If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Rubidoux Community Services District is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791) or at <http://www.epa.gov/lead>.
- (d) Equivalent to approximately 16 grains per gallon.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable.

Tradúzcalo o hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

Monitoring Requirements Not Met for Rubidoux Community Services District

Our water system failed to monitor as required for drinking water standards during January 2019 and, therefore, was in violation of the regulations. Even though this failure was not an emergency, as our customers, you have a right to know what you should do, what happened, and what we did to correct this situation.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. We take a minimum of ten weekly samples for coliform bacteria throughout our water distribution system. During the first week of January 2019, there was a delay in delivering our weekly coliform samples to the lab, which resulted in three of the samples being received by the lab approximately one hour past the regulatory holding time.

What should I do?

- There is nothing you need to do at this time.
- If you have health issues concerning the consumption of this water, you may wish to consult your doctor.
- School administrators; residential rental property owners or managers; business property owners, managers, or operators, please refer to the Secondary Notification Requirements on the second page of this notice.

What happened? What is being done?

As required by the State Water Resources Control Board Division of Drinking Water, we take a minimum of ten weekly samples for coliform bacteria throughout our water distribution system. During the first week of January 2019, there was a delay in delivering our weekly coliform samples to the lab, which resulted in three of the samples being received by the lab past the regulatory holding time. The samples were still analyzed, and they were flagged in the final lab report as being received past the regulatory holding time.

For more information, please contact Steven W. Appel at (951) 684-7580 or 3590 Rubidoux Boulevard, Jurupa Valley, CA 92509.

Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this public notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail.

Secondary Notification Requirements

Upon receipt of notification from a person operating a public water system, the following notification must be given within 10 days [Health and Safety Code Section 116450(g)]:

- SCHOOLS: Must notify school employees, students, and parents (if the students are minors).
- RESIDENTIAL RENTAL PROPERTY OWNERS OR MANAGERS (including nursing homes and care facilities): Must notify tenants.
- BUSINESS PROPERTY OWNERS, MANAGERS, OR OPERATORS: Must notify employees of businesses located on the property.

This notice is being sent to you by Rubidoux Community Services District.

State Water System ID#: 3310044. Date distributed: May 2019.

PS Form 3600-R - First-Class Mail and First-Class Package Service - Permit Imprint

Final

Postage Summary

Account Holder: ABG COMMUNICATIONS
3810 WABASH DR
JURUPA VALLEY, CA 91752 -1143

Mailing Agent: ABG COMMUNICATIONS
3810 WABASH DR
JURUPA VALLEY, CA 91752 -1143

Mail Owner: RUBIDOUX COMMUNITY
10240 SAN SEVANE WAY
MIRA LOMA, CA 91752 -1100

Contact: RICK CONTRERAS
(951) 361-7417
RICK.CONTRERAS@ABG-COMMUNICATIONS.COM

Job # 00727651

Account Number: 100009275

Permit: Permit Imprint 8100

CRID: 3704742

CRID: 3704742

Processing Letters (may include postcards)
Category: CRID: 3695211

Statement FS Fee Waiver %: 0%

Post Office Of Mailing: ONTARIO, CA 91761-9998

Mailing Date: 05/20/2019

Post Office of Permit: ONTARIO, CA 91761-9998

Mailor Declared Weight of Single Piece: 0.0570 lbs.

Mailor Declared Total Pieces: 2,960 pcs.

Mailor Declared Total Weight: 168 7200 lbs.

USPS Determined Weight of Single Piece: 0.0570 lbs.

USPS Determined Total Pieces: 2,960 pcs.

USPS Determined Total Weight: 168 7200 lbs.
Total Postage: \$ 1,141.14

No of Containers: 1' MM Trays 3, 2' MM Trays 10, 2' EMM Trays, Flat Trays, Sacks, Pallets 1, Other

Move Update Method: NCOALink

NSA: NO

Political Mail: NO

Official Election Mail: NO

Mailpieces contain Only contents that are not required to be mailed FCM: NO

Round Trip Only: 1 DVD/CD or other Disk: NO

Incentive/Discount AB Testing Claimed: NO

Type of Fee: N/A

Claimed: NO

Mail Arrival Date and Time: 05/20/2019 10:46

Payment Date and Time: 05/20/2019 10:47

Comments:

Copial Mailing

Type:

SSF TID

Number:

Part A: Automation Prices

Line Number	Title	Description	Price	Quantity	Subtotal Postage	Discount Total*	Fee Total	Postage
A4	5-Digit	Letters	0.383	2823pcs.	\$ 1,081.2090	\$ 0.0000	0	\$ 1,081.2090
A6	Mixed AADC	Letters	0.428	119pcs.	\$ 50.9320	\$ 0.0000	0	\$ 50.9320
Part A Total (Add lines A1-A10)								\$ 1,132.1410

Part B: Nonautomation Prices

Line Number	Title	Description	Price	Quantity	Subtotal Postage	Discount Total*	Fee Total	Postage
B5	Nonpresorted/Single-Piece*	Letters	0.500	18pcs.	\$ 9.0000	\$ 0.0000	0	\$ 9.0000

Part B Total (Add lines B1-B18) \$ 9.0000

Total Postage From All Parts \$ 1,141.14

For Extra Services and Other Fees

Total From Attached Form 3540-S N/A

Total Postage \$ 1,141.14

* May contain both Full Service Intelligent Mail and other discount - see Instructions page for additional information.

Certification

The mailer's signature certifies acceptance of liability for and agreement to pay any revenue deficiencies assessed on this mailing, subject to appeal. If an agent signs this form, the agent certifies that he or she is authorized to sign on behalf of the mailer, and that the mailer is bound by the certification and agrees to pay any deficiencies. In addition, agents may be liable for any deficiencies resulting from matters within their responsibility, knowledge, or control. I hereby certify that all information furnished on this form is accurate, truthful, and complete; that the mail and the supporting documentation comply with all postal standards and that the mailing qualifies for the prices and fees claimed; and that the mailing does not contain any matter prohibited by law or postal regulation. I understand that anyone who furnishes false or misleading information on this form or who omits information requested on the form may be subject to criminal and/or civil penalties, including fines and imprisonment.

WA40 IN 5/17 for 5/20 billing (5/20/19)

PS Form 3600-R - First-Class Mail and First-Class Package Service - Permit Imprint

Final

Postage Summary

Account Holder: ABG COMMUNICATIONS
3810 WABASH DR
JURUPA VALLEY, CA 91752-1143

Mailing Agent: ABG COMMUNICATIONS
3810 WABASH DR
JURUPA VALLEY, CA 91752-1143

Mail Owner: RUBIDOUX COMMUNITY
10240 SAN SEVAIN WAY
MIRA LOMA, CA 91752-1109

Contact: RICK CONTRERAS
(951) 361-7417
RICK.CONTRERAS@ABG-COMMUNICATIONS.COM

Account Number: 1000009275

Permit: Permit Imprint 8100

CRID: 3704742

CRID: 3704742

Processing Letters (may include
Category: postcards)
CRID 3695211

Statement FS Fee
Waiver %:

0%

Post Office Of
Mailing:

ONTARIO, CA 91761-9998

Mailing
Date:

06/10/2019

Post Office of
Permit:

ONTARIO, CA 91761-9998

Mailer Declared
Weight of Single
Piece:

0.0571 lbs.

Mailer
Declared
Total
Pieces:

3,353 pcs

Mailer
Declared
Total
Weight:

191.4563 lbs.

USPS Determined
Weight of Single
Piece:

0.0571 lbs.

USPS
Determined
Total
Pieces:

3,353 pcs

USPS
Determined
Total
Weight:

191.4563 lbs.

Total
Postage: \$ 1,308.27

No of Containers: 1' MM Trays 3 2' MM Trays 12 2' EMM Trays Flat Trays Sacks Pallets 1 Other

Move Update

NCOALink

NSA:

NO

Method:

Political Mail: NO

Official Election Mail: NO

Mailpieces contain Only contents that are not required to be mailed FCM: NO

Round Trip Only: 1 DVD/CD or other Disk: NO

Incentive/Discount

AB Testing Claimed: NO

Type of Fee: N/A

Claimed: NO

Mail Arrival Date and Time: 06/10/2019 11:52

Payment Date and Time: 06/10/2019 11:54

Comments:

Copal Mailing

Type:

SSF TID

Number:

Part A: Automation Prices

Line Number	Title	Description	Price	Quantity	Subtotal Postage	Discount Total*	Fee Total	Postage
A4	5-Digit	Letters	0.383	2871 pcs.	\$ 1,099.5930	\$ 0.0000	0	\$ 1,099.5930
A5	AADC	Letters	0.412	211 pcs.	\$ 85.9320	\$ 0.0000	0	\$ 85.9320
A6	Mixed AADC	Letters	0.428	191 pcs.	\$ 81.7480	\$ 0.0000	0	\$ 81.7480
Part A Total (Add lines A1-A10)								\$ 1,268.2730

Part B: Nonautomation Prices

Line Number	Title	Description	Price	Quantity	Subtotal Postage	Discount Total*	Fee Total	Postage
B5	Nonpresorted/Single-Piece*	Letters	0.500	80 pcs.	\$ 40.0000	\$ 0.0000	0	\$ 40.0000
Part B Total (Add lines B1-B18)								\$ 40.0000
Total Postage From All Parts								\$ 1,308.27
For Extra Services and Other Fees								N/A
Total Postage								\$ 1,308.27

* May contain both Full Service Intelligent Mail and other discount - see instructions page for additional information.

Certification

The mailer's signature certifies acceptance of liability for and agreement to pay any revenue deficiencies assessed on this mailing, subject to appeal. If an agent signs this form, the agent certifies that he or she is authorized to sign on behalf of the mailer, and that the mailer is bound by the certification and agrees to pay any deficiencies. In addition, agents may be liable for any deficiencies resulting from matters within their responsibility, knowledge, or control.

I hereby certify that all information furnished on this form is accurate, truthful, and complete; that the mail and the supporting documentation comply with all postal standards and that the mailing qualifies for the prices and fees claimed; and that the mailing does not contain any matter prohibited by law or postal regulation.

I understand that anyone who furnishes false or misleading information on this form or who omits information requested on the form may be subject to criminal and/or civil penalties, including fines and imprisonment.

WMA1 SNV
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G/10
QTY = 3,353