

## 2025 Consumer Confidence Report

Water System Name: COAST GALLERY WS Report Date: June 16, 2026  
*We test the drinking water quality for many constituents as required by state and federal regulations. This report shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1 to December 31, 2025 and may include earlier monitoring data.*

**Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Tradúzcalo ó hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.**

Type of water source(s) in use: LAFFLER CREEK - SPRING  
 Name & general location of source(s): Hwy 1, Big Sur, CA, 93920

Drinking Water Source Assessment information: Available by Request

Time and place of regularly scheduled board meetings for public participation: N/A

For more information, contact:

Central Coast Water Operations, LLC – (831)521-5221 – [CentralCoastWaterOperations@Gmail.com](mailto:CentralCoastWaterOperations@Gmail.com)

THE WATER SYSTEM COMPLETED ITS REQUIRED LEAD SERVICE LINE INVENTORY IN 2024. A COPY OF THE INVENTORY IS AVAILABLE FOR PUBLIC REVIEW UPON REQUEST. PLEASE CONTACT THE WATER SYSTEM IF YOU WOULD LIKE TO OBTAIN A COPY OR HAVE ANY QUESTIONS REGARDING THE INVENTORY.

### TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT

**Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL):** The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. Primary MCLs are set as close to the PHGs (or MCLGs) as is economically and technologically feasible. Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.

**Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG):** The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs are set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA).

**Public Health Goal (PHG):** The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL):** The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG):** The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

**Primary Drinking Water Standards (PDWS):** MCLs and MRDLs for contaminants that affect health along with their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment requirements.

**Secondary Drinking Water Standards (SDWS):** MCLs for contaminants that affect taste, odor, or appearance of the drinking water. Contaminants with SDWSs do not affect the health at the MCL levels.

**Treatment Technique (TT):** A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

**Regulatory Action Level (AL):** The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

**Variances and Exemptions:** Permissions from the State Water Resources Control Board (State Board) to exceed an MCL or not comply with a treatment technique under certain conditions.

**Level 1 Assessment:** A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

**Level 2 Assessment:** A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an *E. coli* MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

**ND:** not detectable at testing limit

**ppm:** parts per million or milligrams per liter (mg/L)

**ppb:** parts per billion or micrograms per liter (µg/L)

**ppt:** parts per trillion or nanograms per liter (ng/L)

**ppq:** parts per quadrillion or picogram per liter (pg/L)

**pCi/L:** picocuries per liter (a measure of radiation)

**The sources of drinking water** (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

**Contaminants that may be present in source water include:**

- *Microbial contaminants*, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- *Inorganic contaminants*, such as salts and metals, that can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- *Pesticides and herbicides*, that may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- *Organic chemical contaminants*, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, that are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, agricultural application, and septic systems.
- *Radioactive contaminants*, that can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

**In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink**, the U.S. EPA and the State Board prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The U.S. Food and Drug Administration regulations and California law also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that provide the same protection for public health.

**Tables 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 list all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the most recent sampling for the constituent.** The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. The State Board allows us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, are more than one year old. Any violation of an AL, MCL, MRDL, or TT is asterisked. Additional information regarding the violation is provided later in this report.

TABLE 1 – SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING THE DETECTION OF COLIFORM BACTERIA

| Microbiological Contaminants                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Highest #<br>Detections | # Months in<br>Violation | MCL                                                                                                                                        | MCLG | Typical Source of<br>Bacteria   |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|---------------------------------|
| Fecal Coliform or <i>E. coli</i><br>(state Total Coliform Rule)                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | (In the year)<br>0      | 0                        | A routine sample and a repeat sample are<br>total coliform positive, and one of these is<br>also fecal coliform or <i>E. coli</i> positive |      | Human and animal<br>fecal waste |
| <i>E. coli</i><br>(federal Revised Total Coliform Rule)                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | (In the year)<br>0      | 0                        | (a)                                                                                                                                        | 0    | Human and animal<br>fecal waste |
| (a) Routine and repeat samples are total coliform-positive and either is <i>E. coli</i> -positive or system fails to take repeat samples following <i>E. coli</i> -positive routine sample<br>or system fails to analyze total coliform-positive repeat sample for <i>E. coli</i> . |                         |                          |                                                                                                                                            |      |                                 |

TABLE 2 – DETECTION OF CONTAMINANTS WITH A PRIMARY DRINKING WATER STANDARD

| Chemical or Constituent<br>(and reporting units) | Sample<br>Date | Level<br>Detected | Range of<br>Detections | MCL<br>[MRDL] | PHG<br>(MCLG)<br>[MRDLG] | Typical Source of Contaminant                                                                                     |
|--------------------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Nitrate as N (ppm)                               | 09/2025        | 0.1               | N/A                    | 10            | 10                       | Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use;<br>leaching from septic tanks and sewage;<br>erosion of natural deposits |

**Additional General Information on Drinking Water**

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the U.S. EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. U.S. EPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Lead-Specific Language: If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children.

Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Coast Gallery WS is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. [OPTIONAL: If you do so, you may wish to collect the flushed water and reuse it for another beneficial purpose, such as watering plants.] If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791) or at <http://www.epa.gov/lead>.

**Summary Information for Violation of a MCL, MRDL, AL, TT, or Monitoring and Reporting Requirement**

| VIOLATION OF A MCL, MRDL, AL, TT, OR MONITORING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENT |             |          |                                        |                         |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|----------|----------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Violation                                                                 | Explanation | Duration | Actions Taken to Correct the Violation | Health Effects Language |
| None                                                                      | None        | N/A      | None                                   | N/A                     |

**For Water Systems Providing Groundwater as a Source of Drinking Water**

TABLE 7 – SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING FECAL INDICATOR-POSITIVE GROUNDWATER SOURCE SAMPLES

| Microbiological Contaminants<br>(complete if fecal-indicator detected) | Total No. of<br>Detections | Sample Dates  | MCL<br>[MRDL] | PHG<br>(MCLG)<br>[MRDLG] | Typical Source of Contaminant |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <i>E. coli</i>                                                         | 0                          | Taken Monthly | 0             | (0)                      | Human and animal fecal waste  |
| Enterococci                                                            | 0                          | Taken Monthly | TT            | N/A                      | Human and animal fecal waste  |
| Coliphage                                                              | 0                          | -             | TT            | N/A                      | Human and animal fecal waste  |

**Summary Information for Fecal Indicator-Positive Groundwater Source Samples, Uncorrected Significant Deficiencies, or Groundwater TT**

| SPECIAL NOTICE OF FECAL INDICATOR-POSITIVE GROUNDWATER SOURCE SAMPLE |             |          |                                        |                         |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|----------|----------------------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                                                      |             |          |                                        |                         |
| SPECIAL NOTICE FOR UNCORRECTED SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES              |             |          |                                        |                         |
|                                                                      |             |          |                                        |                         |
| VIOLATION OF GROUNDWATER TT                                          |             |          |                                        |                         |
| TT Violation                                                         | Explanation | Duration | Actions Taken to Correct the Violation | Health Effects Language |
| None                                                                 | None        | N/A      | None                                   | N/A                     |

## For Systems Providing Surface Water as a Source of Drinking Water

TABLE 8 - SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING TREATMENT OF SURFACE WATER SOURCES

|                                                                                                          |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Treatment Technique <sup>(a)</sup><br>(Type of approved filtration technology used)                      | Conventional Water Treatment Filtration Plant                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| Turbidity Performance Standards <sup>(b)</sup><br>(that must be met through the water treatment process) | Turbidity of the filtered water must:<br>1 – Be less than or equal to <u>0.1</u> NTU in 95% of measurements in a month.<br>2 – Not exceed <u>0.5</u> NTU for more than eight consecutive hours.<br>3 – Not exceed <u>1.0</u> NTU at any time. |
| Lowest monthly percentage of samples that met Turbidity Performance Standard No. 1.                      | 68.2% (November & December 2025)                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| Highest single turbidity measurement during the year                                                     | 0.160 NTU (December 2025)                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Number of violations of any surface water treatment requirements                                         | 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

(a) A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

(b) Turbidity (measured in NTU) is a measurement of the cloudiness of water and is a good indicator of water quality and filtration performance. Turbidity results which meet performance standards are considered to be in compliance with filtration requirements.

\* Any violation of a TT is marked with an asterisk. Additional information regarding the violation is provided below.

## Summary Information for Violation of a Surface Water TT

| VIOLATION OF A SURFACE WATER TT |             |          |                                        |                         |
|---------------------------------|-------------|----------|----------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| TT Violation                    | Explanation | Duration | Actions Taken to Correct the Violation | Health Effects Language |
| None                            | None        | N/A      | None                                   | N/A                     |

## Summary Information for Federal Revised Total Coliform Rule Level 1 and Level 2 Assessment Requirements

### Level 1 or Level 2 Assessment Requirement not Due to an *E. coli* MCL Violation

Coliforms are bacteria that are naturally present in the environment and are used as an indicator that other, potentially harmful, waterborne pathogens may be present or that a potential pathway exists through which contamination may enter the drinking water distribution system.

During the past year we were required to conduct 0 Level 1 assessment(s).

During the past year 0 Level 2 assessments were required to be completed for our water system.

### Level 2 Assessment Requirement Due to an *E. coli* MCL Violation

*E. coli* are bacteria whose presence indicates that the water may be contaminated with human or animal wastes. Human pathogens in these wastes can cause short-term effects, such as diarrhea, cramps, nausea, headaches, or other symptoms. They may pose a greater health risk for infants, young children, the elderly, and people with severely-compromised immune systems.

We were NOT required to complete a Level 2 assessment because we DID NOT find *E. coli* in our water system. In addition, we were NOT required to take any corrective actions.

## VIOLATION OF A MCL, MRDL, AL, TT, OR MONITORING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENT

| Violation | Explanation | Duration | Actions Taken to Correct the Violation | Health Effects Language |
|-----------|-------------|----------|----------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| None      | None        | N/A      | None                                   | N/A                     |