### WHITE FENCE FARMS MUTUAL WATER CO., INC.

41901 - 20<sup>th</sup> Street West ♦ Palmdale, CA 93551 Phone: (661) 943-3316 ♦ Fax: (661) 943-3576

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR)

### Annual Water Quality Report For The Year Of 2024

We are very pleased to provide you with this year's Consumer Confidence Report. We want to keep you informed about the excellent water we have delivered to you over the past year. Our goal is and always has been, to provide to you a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. Our water source is ground water and AVEK.

As the Board of Directors of White Fence Farms Mutual Water Company, we are proud to report that our drinking water is safe and meets all federal and state requirements.

Our objective is to continue to provide you with quality water service. Please feel free to give our office a call should you have any questions or concerns.

Richard Abrams, President Ronald Ochaita, Treasurer/Secretary Doug Pistone, Director Shin Ueno, Director

#### 2024 Consumer Confidence Report

#### **Water System Information**

Water System Name: White Fence Farms Mutual Water Co.

Report Date: July 2025

Type of Water Source(s) in Use: Ground water wells and purchased treated surface water

Name and General Location of Source(s): Well 2B-Lancaster and Well 3B-Palmdale & AVEK connection- East of the service area

Drinking Water Source Assessment Information: Well 2B- December 2021- is considered most vulnerable to activities not associated with contaminates detected in water supply: metal, planting/finishing/fabricating, hardware/lumber/parts stores, and fertilizer/pesticide application. The source is also considered most vulnerable to the following activities: automobile, gas stations, septic systems (high density<1 acre) and transportation corridors.

Drinking Water Source Assessment Information: Well 3B- February 2008 – is considered most vulnerable to the following activities not associated with any detected contaminates: Septic systems (high density<1 acre) and transportation corridors.

Time and Place of Regularly Scheduled Board Meetings for Public Participation: First Tuesday of each month at 6:30pm located at 41901 20th St. West Palmdale, CA 93551.

For More Information, Contact: Brindi Hall at (661)943-3316

#### **About This Report**

We test the drinking water quality for many constituents as required by state and federal regulations. This report shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1 to December 31, 2024, and may include earlier monitoring data.

# Importance of This Report Statement in Five Non-English Languages (Spanish, Mandarin, Tagalog, Vietnamese, and Hmong)

Language in Spanish: Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua para beber. Favor de comunicarse White Fence Farms a (661)943-3316 para asistirlo en español.

Language in Mandarin: 这份报告含有关于您的饮用水的重要讯息。请用以下地址和电话联系 White Fence Farms以获得中文的帮助: 41901 20<sup>th</sup> St. West Palmdale, CA 93551 (661)943-3316.

Language in Tagalog: Ang pag-uulat na ito ay naglalaman ng mahalagang impormasyon tungkol sa inyong inuming tubig. Mangyaring makipag-ugnayan sa White Fence Farms 41901 20<sup>th</sup> St. West Palmdale, CA 93551 o tumawag sa (661)943-3316 para matulungan sa wikang Tagalog.

Language in Vietnamese: Báo cáo này chứa thông tin quan trọng về nước uống của bạn. Xin vui lòng liên hệ White Fence Farms tại (661)943-3316 để được hỗ trợ giúp bằng tiếng Việt.

Language in Hmong: Tsab ntawv no muaj cov ntsiab lus tseem ceeb txog koj cov dej haus. Thov hu rau White Fence Farms ntawm (661)943-3316 rau kev pab hauv lus Askiv.

**Terms Used in This Report** 

| Term   | Definition  |
|--|---|
| Level 1 Assessment                                     | A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.   |
| Level 2 Assessment                                     | A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an <i>E. coli</i> MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions. |
| Maximum Contaminant<br>Level (MCL)                     | The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. Primary MCLs are set as close to the PHGs (or MCLGs) as is economically and technologically feasible. Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.            |
| Maximum Contaminant<br>Level Goal (MCLG)               | The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs are set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA).  |
| Maximum Residual<br>Disinfectant Level<br>(MRDL)       | The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.   |
| Maximum Residual<br>Disinfectant Level Goal<br>(MRDLG) | The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.  |
| Primary Drinking Water<br>Standards (PDWS)             | MCLs and MRDLs for contaminants that affect health along with their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment requirements.  |
| Public Health Goal<br>(PHG)                            | The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency.  |
| Regulatory Action Level (AL)                           | The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.  |
| Secondary Drinking<br>Water Standards<br>(SDWS)        | MCLs for contaminants that affect taste, odor, or appearance of the drinking water. Contaminants with SDWSs do not affect the health at the MCL levels.   |
| Treatment Technique<br>(TT)                            | A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.   |
| Variances and<br>Exemptions                            | Permissions from the State Water Resources Control Board (State Board) to exceed an MCL or not comply with a treatment technique under certain conditions.  |
| ND   | Not detectable at testing limit.  |
| ppm  | parts per million or milligrams per liter (mg/L)  |
| opb  | parts per billion or micrograms per liter (µg/L)  |
| opt  | parts per trillion or nanograms per liter (ng/L)  |

| Term  | Definition   |  |
|-------|--|--|
| ppq   | parts per quadrillion or picogram per liter (pg/L) |  |
| pCi/L | picocuries per liter (a measure of radiation)      |  |

## Sources of Drinking Water and Contaminants that May Be Present in Source Water

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, that can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- Pesticides and herbicides, that may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, that are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, agricultural application, and septic systems.
- Radioactive contaminants, that can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

#### Regulation of Drinking Water and Bottled Water Quality

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the U.S. EPA and the State Board prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The U.S. Food and Drug Administration regulations and California law also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that provide the same protection for public health.

#### **About Your Drinking Water Quality**

#### **Drinking Water Contaminants Detected**

Tables 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 8 list all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the most recent sampling for the constituent. The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. The State Board allows us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, are more than

one year old. Any violation of an AL, MCL, MRDL, or TT is asterisked. Additional information regarding the violation is provided later in this report.

Table 1. Sampling Results Showing the Detection of Coliform Bacteria

Complete if bacteria are detected.

| Microbiological<br>Contaminants | Highest No.<br>of<br>Detections | No. of<br>Months in<br>Violation | MCL | MCLG | Typical Source of Bacteria         |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----|------|------------------------------------|
| E. coli                         | 0                               | 0                                | (a) | 0    | Human and<br>animal fecal<br>waste |

<sup>(</sup>a) Routine and repeat samples are total coliform-positive and either is *E. coli*-positive or system fails to take repeat samples following *E. coli*-positive routine sample or system fails to analyze total coliform-positive repeat sample for *E. coli*.

Table 2. Sampling Results Showing the Detection of Lead and Copper

Complete if lead or copper is detected in the last sample set.

| Lead and<br>Copper | Sample Date | No. of<br>Samples<br>Collected | 90 <sup>th</sup> Percentile<br>Level Detected | No. Sites<br>Exceeding AL | AL  | PHG | Fypical Source<br>of<br>Contaminant   |
|--------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|---|---------------------------|-----|-----|---|
| Lead<br>(ppb)      | 8/23/2024   | 10                             | 0   | 0                         | 15  | 0.2 | Internal corrosion of household water plumbing systems; discharges from industrial manufacturers; erosion of natural deposits |
| Copper (ppm)       | 8/23/2024   | 10                             | .15   | 0                         | 1.3 | 0.3 | Internal corrosion of household<br>plumbing systems; erosion of<br>natural deposits; leaching from<br>wood preservatives      |

Table 3. Sampling Results for Sodium and Hardness

| Chemical or<br>Constituent (and<br>reporting units) | Sample<br>Date | Level<br>Detected | Range of Detections | MCL  | PHG<br>(MCLG) | Typical Source of Contaminant                                  |
|---|----------------|-------------------|---------------------|------|---------------|--|
| Sodium (ppm)<br>Well 2B                             | 9/13/2022      | 140               | 140                 | None |               | Salt present in the water and is generally naturally occurring |
| Well 3B   | 6/7/2022       | 86                | 86                  | None | None          |  |

| Hardness (ppm)<br>Well 2B<br>Well 3B | 9/13/2022 | 310<br>320 | 310<br>320 | None<br>None | None<br>None | Sum of polyvalent cations present in the water, generally magnesium and calcium, and are usually naturally occurring |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|------------|------------|--------------|--------------|--|
|--------------------------------------|-----------|------------|------------|--------------|--------------|--|

Table 4. Detection of Contaminants with a Primary Drinking Water Standard

| Chemical or<br>Constituent<br>(and<br>reporting units) | Sample<br>Date    | Level<br>Detected | Range of<br>Detections | MCL<br>[MRDL] | PHG<br>(MCLG)<br>[MRDLG] | Typical Source<br>of<br>Contaminant  |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|------------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--|
| Nitrate (ppm)  |                   |                   |                        |               |                          | Run off and  |
| Well 2B  | Jan – Dec<br>2024 | 4.55              | ND - 6.7               | 10            | 2.0                      | leaching from fertilizer use;  |
| Well 3B  | Jan – Dec<br>2024 | 6.2               | ND – 7.5               | 10            | 2.0                      | leaching from<br>septic tanks<br>and sewage,<br>erosion of<br>natural deposits |
| Arsenic (ppb)  | Jan – Dec         |                   |                        |               |                          | Erosion of   |
| Well 2B  | 2024              | 8.9               | 7.9 – 10               | 10            | .004                     | natural<br>deposits; run off   |
| Well 3B  | 6/7/2022          | ND                | ND                     | 10            | .004                     | from orchards,<br>glass &<br>electronics<br>production<br>wastes               |
| Uranium (pCi/L)  |                   |                   |                        |               |                          |  |
| Well 2B  | 12/12/2023        | 5.6               | 5.6                    | 20            | 10                       | Erosion of   |
| Well 3B  | 6/4/2019          | 1.2               | 1.2                    | 20            | 10                       | natural deposits   |
| Gross Alpha  |                   |                   |                        |               |                          | Erosion of   |
| Well 2B  | 12/12/2023        | 5.4               | 5.4                    | 15            | 15                       | natural deposits   |
| Well 3B  | 12/8/2020         | 4.5               | 4.5                    | 15            | 15                       | natarar acposits   |
| ГТНМ (ppb)   | Jan – Dec<br>2024 | 27.8              | 17.9 – 40.4            | 80            | 1.0                      | Byproduct of drinking water disinfection                                       |

| HAA5 (ppb)                     | Jan – Dec<br>2024               | 7.7          | 4.3 – 12.3       | 60  | 1.0        | Byproduct of drinking water disinfection  |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|------------------|-----|------------|---|
| Fluoride<br>Well 2B<br>Well 3B | 9/13/2022<br>6/7/2022           | 0.36<br>0.15 | 0.36<br>0.15     | 2.0 | 0.1<br>0.1 | Erosion of natural deposits, water additive which promotes healthy teeth, discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories  |
| Perchlorate Well 2B Well 3B    | 10/31/2024<br>Jan – Dec<br>2024 | 2.0 2.9      | 2.0<br>2.6 – 3.2 | 6   | 4.0 4.0    | Perchlorate is an inorganic chemical used in solid rock propellant, fireworks, explosives, flares, matches, and a variety of industries. It usually gets into drinking water as a result of environmental contamination from historical aerospace or other industrial operations that use, store, or dispose of perchlorate and its salts |

Table 5. Detection of Contaminants with a Secondary Drinking Water Standard

| Chemical or<br>Constituent (and<br>reporting units) | Sample<br>Date    | Level<br>Detected | Range of Detections | SMCL  | PHG<br>(MCLG) | Typical Source<br>of<br>Contaminant   |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-------|---------------|---------------------------------------|
| Chloride (ppm)                                      |                   |                   |                     |       |               | Ron off/ leaching                     |
| Well 2B   | 9/13/2022         | 92                | 9110                | 500   | 1.0           | from natural                          |
| Well 3B   | 6/7/2022          | 110               |                     | 500   | 1.0           | deposits; seawate influence           |
| Sulfate (ppm)                                       |                   |                   |                     |       |               | Run off from                          |
| Well 2B   | 9/13/2022         | 240               | 240                 | 500   | .05           | natural deposits;                     |
| Well 3B   | 6/7/2022          | 160               | 160                 | 500   | .05           | seawater influence                    |
| TDS   |                   |                   |                     |       |               |                                       |
| Well 2B   | Jan – Dec<br>2024 | 763               | 740 – 790           | 1000  | 1000          | Naturally occurring organic materials |
| Well 3B   | Jan – Dec<br>2024 | 609               | 540 - 640           | 1000  | 1000          |                                       |
| Specific<br>Conductance                             |                   |                   |                     |       |               | Substances that                       |
| (E.C)   |                   |                   |                     |       |               | form ions when in water; seawater     |
| )   | Jan - Dec         |                   |                     |       |               | influence                             |
| Well 2B   | 2024              | 1,200             | 1,200               | 1,600 | 1,600         |                                       |
| Well 3B   | Jan – Dec         |                   |                     |       |               |                                       |
| vven ob   | 2024              | 993               | 960 – 1,000         | 1,600 | 1,600         |                                       |

Table 6. Detection of Unregulated Contaminants

| Chemical or<br>Constituent (and<br>reporting units) | Sample<br>Date        | Level<br>Detected | Range of Detections | Notification<br>Level | Health Effects   |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|--|
| Vanadium (ppb)<br>Well 2B<br>Well 3B                | 9/13/2022<br>6/7/2022 | 13<br>5.7         | 13<br>5.7           | 50<br>50              | Vanadium exposures have resulted in developmental and reproductive effects in rats |
| Boron (ppm)<br>Well 2B                              | 9/13/2022             | 170               | 170                 | 1.0                   | Boron exposures<br>have resulted in<br>decreased fetal                             |

|  | weight<br>(developmental<br>effects) in newborn<br>rats |
|--|---|
|  |   |

#### Additional General Information on Drinking Water

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the U.S. EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. U.S. EPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Lead-Specific Language: If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. White Fence Farms Mutual water Co. is responsible for providing high quality drinking water but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. [Optional: If you do so, you may wish to collect the flushed water and reuse it for another beneficial purpose, such as watering plants.] If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791) or at <a href="http://www.epa.gov/lead">http://www.epa.gov/lead</a>.

Additional Special Language for Nitrate: Nitrate in drinking water at levels above 10mg/L is a health risk for infants of less than six months of age. Such nitrate levels in drinking water can interfere with the capability of the infant's blood to carry oxygen, resulting in serious illness; symptoms include shortness of breath and blueness of the skin. Nitrate levels above 10mg/L may also affect the ability of blood to carry oxygen in other individuals, such as pregnant women and those with specific enzyme deficiencies. If you are caring for an infant, or you are pregnant, you should ask advice from your health care provider.

Additional Special Language for Arsenic: While your drinking water meets the federal and state standards for arsenic, it does contain low levels of arsenic. The standard balances the current understanding of arsenic's possible health effects against the cost of removing arsenic from the drinking water. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency continues to research the health effects from low levels of arsenic, which is a mineral known to cause cancer in humans at high concentrations and is linked to other health effects such as skin damage and circulatory problems.

State Revised Total Coliform Rule (RTCR): This Consumer Confidence Report reflects changes in the drinking water regulatory requirements during 2022. These revisions add the requirements of the Federal RTCR, effective since April 1, 2016, to the existing state Total Coliform Rule. The revised rule maintains the purpose to protect public health by ensuring the integrity of the drinking water distribution system and monitoring for the presence of microbials (i.e. total coliform and E. coli bacteria). The U.S. EPA anticipates greater public health protection as the rule requires water systems that are vulnerable to microbial contamination to identify and fix problems. Water systems that exceed a specific frequency of total coliform occurrences are required to conduct an assessment to determine if any sanitary defects exist. If found, these must be corrected by the water system. The State RTCR became effective July 1, 2021.

Summary Information for Violation of a MCL, MRDL, AL, TT, or Monitoring and Reporting Requirement

Table 7. Violation of a MCL, MRDL, AL, TT or Monitoring Reporting Requirement

| Explanation  | Duration | Actions Taken to Correct Violation | Health Effects<br>Language |
|--|----------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| N/A  | N/A      | N/A                                |                            |
| The state of the s |          |                                    | Correct Violation          |

#### For Water Systems Providing Groundwater as a Source of Drinking Water

Table 8. Sampling Results Showing Fecal Indicator-Positive Groundwater Source Samples

| Microbiological<br>Contaminants<br>(complete if fecal-<br>indicator detected) | Total No. of<br>Detections | Sample<br>Dates | MCL<br>[MRDL] | PHG<br>(MCLG)<br>[MRDLG] | Typical Source of Contaminant |
|---|----------------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| E. coli   | 0                          | N/A             | 0             | (0)                      | Human and animal fecal waste  |
| Enterococci   | 0                          | N/A             | TT            | N/A                      | Human and animal fecal waste  |
| Coliphage   | 0                          | N/A             | П             | N/A                      | Human and animal fecal waste  |

Summary Information for Fecal Indicator-Positive Groundwater Source Samples, Uncorrected Significant Deficiencies, or Violation of a Groundwater TT

Special Notice of Fecal Indicator-Positive Groundwater Source Sample: NONE

Special Notice for Uncorrected Significant Deficiencies: NONE

Table 9. Violation of Groundwater TT

| Violation | Explanation | Duration | Actions Taken to Correct Violation | Health Effects<br>Language |
|-----------|-------------|----------|------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| None      | N/A         | N/A      | N/A                                |                            |
|           |             |          |                                    |                            |

#### For Systems Providing Surface Water as a Source of Drinking Water

Table 10. Sampling Results Showing Treatment of Surface Water Sources

| Treatment Technique (a) (Type of approved filtration technology used)                      | [Enter Treatment Technique]   |
|--|---|
| Turbidity Performance Standards (b) (that must be met through the water treatment process) | Turbidity of the filtered water must:  1 – Be less than or equal to NTU in 95% of measurements in a month.  2 – Not exceed NTU for more than eight consecutive hours. |
| Lowest monthly percentage of samples that met Turbidity Performance Standard No. 1.        | 3 – Not exceedNTU at any time.  |
| Highest single turbidity measurement during the year                                       |   |
| Number of violations of any surface water treatment requirements                           |   |

<sup>(</sup>a) A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

#### Summary Information for Violation of a Surface Water TT

Table 11. Violation of Surface Water TT

| Explanation | Duration | <b>Correct Violation</b> | Language          |
|-------------|----------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| N/A         | N/A      | N/A                      |                   |
|             | -        | ·                        | Correct Violation |

#### Summary Information for Operating Under a Variance or Exemption

<sup>(</sup>b) Turbidity (measured in NTU) is a measurement of the cloudiness of water and is a good indicator of water quality and filtration performance. Turbidity results which meet performance standards are considered to be in compliance with filtration requirements.

## Summary Information for Revised Total Coliform Rule Level 1 and Level 2 Assessment Requirements

If a water system is required to comply with a Level 1 or Level 2 assessment requirement that is not due to an *E. coli* MCL violation, include the following information below [22 CCR section 64481(n)(1)].

#### Level 1 or Level 2 Assessment Requirement not Due to an E. coli MCL Violation

Coliforms are bacteria that are naturally present in the environment and are used as an indicator that other, potentially harmful, waterborne pathogens may be present or that a potential pathway exists through which contamination may enter the drinking water distribution system. We found coliforms indicating the need to look for potential problems in water treatment or distribution. When this occurs, we are required to conduct assessment(s) to identify problems and to correct any problems that were found during these assessments.

During the last year, White Fence Farms was not required to conduct any level 1 assessments.

During the last year, NO level 2 assessments were required to be completed for White Fence Farms.

During the past year we were required to conduct 0 Level 1 assessment(s). 0 Level 1 assessment(s) were completed.

During the past year 0 Level 2 assessments were required to be completed for our water system. 0 Level 2 assessments were completed.

#### Level 2 Assessment Requirement Due to an E. coli MCL Violation

*E. coli* are bacteria whose presence indicates that the water may be contaminated with human or animal wastes. Human pathogens in these wastes can cause short-term effects, such as diarrhea, cramps, nausea, headaches, or other symptoms. They may pose a greater health risk for infants, young children, the elderly, and people with severely compromised immune systems. We found *E. coli* bacteria, indicating the need to look for potential problems in water treatment or distribution. When this occurs, we are required to conduct assessment(s) identify problems and to correct any problems that were found during these assessments.

White Fence Farms was not required to complete a Level 2 assessment because no E. Coli was found in our water.

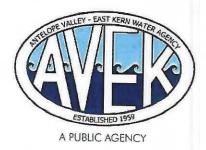
# ANTELOPE VALLEY – EAST KERN WATER AGENCY

# 2024 ANNUAL WATER QUALITY REPORT LOS ANGELES COUNTY SYSTEM

**OFFICERS** 

MATTHEW KNUDSON General Manager

HOLLY H. HUGHES Secretary-Treasurer



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AUDREY T. MILLER Division 6

March 13, 2025

#### Dear General Manager:

This is the 2024 Annual Water Quality Report from the Antelope Valley-East Kern Water Agency (AVEK). Since the water you obtain from AVEK represents one of your sources of water, we have included a summary of results for all analyses completed in 2024 for your convenience. If you find that you need copies of individual monitoring reports please feel free to contact me and I will be happy to provide those for you.

In accordance with the Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) guidance manuals issued by the State Water Resources Control Board and the United States Environmental Protection Agency, we are herein providing you with the monitoring data and other information you will need to produce your CCR.

AVEK provides some treated water to our customers in Acton by way of an intertie with Palmdale Water District (PWD). AVEK monitors the treated water quality provided by PWD at our Acton Water Treatment Plant before it reaches our first customer. The results of this monitoring have been included in this report. If you have specific questions regarding the quality of the raw water treated by Palmdale Water District, please contact them directly.

If you have any questions or need additional information, please call me at 661-943-3201. However, please do not designate AVEK or this office as your contact in your CCR. According to the State Board and EPA guidelines, the designated contact person should be someone from your system. While we are always happy to answer questions about AVEK water, we do not have the specific information necessary to answer questions about your water, blending practices or distribution systems.

Respectfully

Jordan Wray

Laboratory Director

# 2024 Annual Water Quality Report - Los Angeles County System Antelope Valley-East Kern Water Agency

The Antelope Valley-East Kern Water Agency provides treated surface water as a source of drinking water.

Treatment technique: Conventional

1. Be less than or equal to 0.30 NTU in 95% of measurements in a month. EPA Turbidity Performance Standards: Turbidity of the filtered water must:

 Not exceed 1 NTU at any time.
 Lowest monthly percentage of samples that met Turbidity Performance Standard No. 1: 100% Highest single turbidity measurement during the year:

Percentage of samples < 0.30 NTU:

NONE The number of violations of any surface water treatment requirements:

Turbidity (measured in NTU) is a measurement of the cloudiness of water and is a good indicator of water quality and filtration performance. Turbidity results which meet performance standards are considered to be in compliance with filtration requirements.

The Antelope Valley-East Kern Water Agency also provides groundwater as a source of drinking water. Treatment technique: Chlorination

EPA Groundwater Rule: AVEK meets the requirements of the Groundwater Rule by providing a minimum of 4-log reduction of viruses by continously providing a minimum free chlorine residual of 0.5 mg/L leaving the clearwell. Lowest single free chlorine residual measurement during the year: Number of violations of the Groundwater Rule: NONE

|                             | System Results             | Average<br>0%<br>0%                               |                        |           | Welle                                 | Average       | ND<br>ND | QN.     | 4.2         |        | Q<br>N    | Q<br>Q  | Q<br>N           | 2       | Q        | 0.19      | Q      | Q              | 2.8            | Q           | 0.25     | 1.6            | ND     |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---|------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|---------------|----------|---------|-------------|--------|-----------|---------|------------------|---------|----------|-----------|--------|----------------|----------------|-------------|----------|----------------|--------|
|                             | System                     | Range<br>0%-0.5%<br>0%                            |                        |           | Water Bank                            | Range         | Q<br>N   | ND      | ND-12       |        | 011-UN    | Q !     | Q.               | Q<br>N  | QN.      | 0.12-0.36 | Q<br>N | N              | ND-5.1         | ND          | ND-1.5   | ND-10          | N      |
|                             | s in Violation             | 9-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0           |                        |           | Water (CWR)                           | Range Average |          |         | 3.4-5.6 4.5 |        |           |         |                  |         |          |           |        |                |                |             |          |                |        |
|                             | No. of Months in Violation | None  |                        | LTS       | Raw Influent<br>(State Water Project) | Range Average |          |         |             | 2 5    | 2 2       | 2 2     | 2 5              | 2 5     | 2 5      | 2 :       | 2 2    | 2 :            | 2 :            | ON:         | QN       | QN             | QN     |
| מומ                         | 71                         | sitive<br>2 TC pos.                               |                        | RESULTS   | Quartz Hill Plant<br>Effluent (CWR)   | Range Average | מבי      | ⊋ 9     | 2           | 22     | 1         | 9 9     | 2 2              | 2 2     |          | 2 2       | 2 2    | 2              | ב מ            | 2 :         | 2        | QN             | ON ON  |
| MICHOPOLOGICAL CONTAMINANTS | MCL                        | 5% positive<br>1 pos. with 2 TC pos.              | INORGANIC CONTAMINANTS | 2007 2007 | Eastside Plant<br>Effluent (CWR)      | Range Average | 2 2      | 2 5     | 2           | 28     | 2         | 2       | 2                |         |          | 9 9       | 2 2    | 2.0            | # QZ           | 2 5         | 2        | 2 :            | - ON   |
| III ONO III                 | Sampling Frequency         | 152-193 / mo<br>152-193 / mo                      | INOR                   | - CB-100  | Acton Plant<br>Effluent (CWR)         | Range Average | 2 5      |         | 2           | Q      | 9         | CZ      | S                | S       | 0 11     | : C       | 2      | 2 2            | 2 5            | 2           | 2 2      | 2 2            |        |
|                             | Sam                        |   |                        | 8=        | PHG or                                | (MCLG)        | 1        | 0 004   |             | 2000   | _         | 0.04    |                  | 150     | -        | . 2.      | 12     | 10             | · -            |             | . 6      | 5 6            | -      |
|                             |                            | <b>6</b>  |                        |           | 1                                     | 20 P.R        | 3 4      | 0 0     | 0.2         | 100    | <b>-</b>  | -       | 10               | 100     | 0.1      |           | 10     | 0.4            | 4.0            |             | - u      | ) <del>.</del> | 20     |
|                             | Parameter                  | Fotal Coliform Bacteria<br>Fecal Coliform/E. coli |                        |           |                                       | 100F          | 9        | 9,0     | 7           | 1000   | 4         | 2       | 20               | 150     | 2        | 2         | 100    | 10             | -              | ď           | 20       | 3 0            | 1      |
|                             | πI                         | Total C<br>Fecal (                                |                        |           |                                       | Units<br>Hg/L | mg/L     | ng/L    | MFL         | µg/L   | mg/L      | Hg/L    | µg/L             | hg/L    | mg/L     | mg/L      | Hg/L   | ma/L           | mg/L           | na/L        | 1/01     | 1 /01          | ı<br>I |
|                             | Type of Sample(s)          | Distribution<br>Distribution                      |                        |           |                                       | Aluminum      | Antimony | Arsenic | Asbestos    | Barium | Beryllium | Cadmium | Chromium (Total) | Cyanide | Fluoride | Mercury   | Nickel | Nitrate (as N) | Nitrite (as N) | Perchlorate | Selenium | Thallium       |        |

|  | Water Bank           Wells           Range         Average           ND         ND           44-100         68           42-110         68 |
|--|--|
|  | Raw Influent (State Water Project)  Range Average ND 15  |
| STANDARDS<br>JLTS                                | Quartz Hill Plant Effluent (CWR) Range Average ND ND 15  |
| SENERAL PHYSICAL AND SECONDARY STANDARDS RESULTS | stside Plant<br>uent (CWR)<br>e Average<br>ND<br>29<br>29  |
| GENERAL PHYSIC                                   | Acton Plant Ea Effluent (CWR) Eff Range Average Rang ND ND ND 82 82  |
|  | DLR<br>50  |
|  | MCL<br>1000<br>no standard<br>250  |
|  | Units<br>Hg/L<br>mg/L<br>mg/L  |
|  | Parameter<br>Aluminum<br>Calcium<br>Chloride   |

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| Water Bank<br>Wells                   | Average     | Avelage<br><5 | N Q                   | S                         | 200     | Q<br>N      | 8.        | 9           | v :         | 0.8     | S :         | 0 6                  | 0/9     | 0 2                  | 2 2                            | 380                     | 200        | 5. N  | 2 5                         | 150                             | 2  | _ |                           | -         | Wells .          | Average<br>7.0            | 2:           |                | i       | 5 S S  | 2 |                               | k Wells             | Average                          | 2                         | 2                                 | 9 !                          | 2 5                            | 2 9                    | 2 5                         | 2 9                          | 2                           | Q.                          | 모!             | 2                    | 2 2                                  |                         | 2  | ND                             | Q                                 | 99       |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|---------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|---------|-------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|---------|-------------|----------------------|---------|----------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|---|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---|---------------------------|-----------|------------------|---------------------------|--------------|----------------|---------|--|---|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------|
| Wate<br>W                             | Rande       | <5<br><5      | Q                     | Ω                         | 130-310 | 2           | 4.0-13    | 2 ?         | 0 0         | 7.8-9.7 | ON C        | 22-20                | 74.01   | - 6- 14<br>- 6- 14   |                                | 280.550                 | 0.05-1.5   | N CN  | 2 2                         | 89-190                          | 25                                       | 2 |                           | LTS       | Water Bank Wells | Range<br>5.4-9.5          | 5            |                | 200     | ÷<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>3<br>2<br>3<br>3<br>3<br>3<br>3<br>3<br>3<br>3<br>3<br>3<br>3<br>3<br>3 | 2 | ş                             | Water Bank Wells    | Range                            | 2                         | 2                                 | 2 9                          | 2 2                            | 2 5                    | 2 2                         | 2 9                          | 2                           | Q.                          | 2 5            | 2 2                  | 2 2                                  | 2 2                     | 2  | R                              | 2                                 | 99       |
| ifluent<br>er Project)                | Average     | 10            | N                     | S                         | 73      | 90          | . c       | ₹ 7         | - 0         | 2.0     | 200         | 250                  | 3/0     | 2                    | 2                              | 5 5                     | 200        | e E   | 69                          | 9 49                            | 25                                       | 2 |                           | RESULTS   | neur             | r Project)                |              | 2              | 2 2     | 29   |   | 010                           | Project W           | Average                          | Q                         | 2 :                               | 2 9                          | 2 2                            | 2 5                    |                             | 2 2                          | Q.                          | 2                           | 2 2            | 2 4                  | 2 5                                  | 2 2                     | N O  | N                              | 2 !                               | <u> </u> |
| Raw Influent<br>(State Water Project) | Range       |               |                       |                           |         |             |           |             | 7 7 0 0     | 0.9-4.7 |             | 240 880              | 000-047 |                      |                                |                         | 0.35-21    | I<br>)  | 55-82                       |                                 |  |   |                           | 9         | Taw Impeni       | (state water Project)     |              |                |         | Q  |   |                               | State Water Project |                                  |                           |                                   |                              |                                |                        |                             |                              |                             |                             |                |                      |                                      |                         |  |                                |                                   |          |
| fill Plant<br>(CWR)                   | Average     | \$            | 2                     | 21                        | 75      | 2 0         | 6. Z      | 5 2         |             | 2. 2    | 2 2         | 2 %                  | 340     | 2 2                  | 2                              | 180                     | 0.10       | 610   | 45                          | 45                              | 9 5                                      | 2 |                           | 0.        |                  |                           |              |                |         |  |   |                               | -                   |                                  |                           |                                   |                              |                                |                        |                             |                              |                             |                             |                |                      |                                      |                         |  |                                |                                   |          |
| Quartz Hill Plant<br>Effluent (CWR)   | Range       | <5            |                       |                           |         |             |           |             | 6873        | 0.700   |             |                      |         |                      |                                |                         | 0.05-0.15  |   |                             |                                 |  |   | TS                        |           |                  |                           |              |                |         |  |   | NTS                           |                     |                                  |                           |                                   |                              |                                |                        |                             |                              |                             |                             |                |                      |                                      |                         |  |                                |                                   |          |
| e Plant<br>(CWR)                      | Average     | <5            | QN                    | 2 5                       | 2 5     | 2 6         | 2 2       | <u>^</u>    | 7.0         | SS      | 35          | 390                  | 41      | S                    | S                              | 220                     | 0.05       | 360   | 62                          | 62                              | 99                                       |   | NAMINAN                   |           |                  |                           |              |                |         |  |   | ONTAMINA                      |                     |                                  |                           |                                   |                              |                                |                        |                             |                              |                             |                             |                |                      |                                      |                         |  |                                |                                   |          |
| Eastside Plant<br>Effluent (CWR)      | Range       | <5            |                       |                           |         |             |           | ٧           | 61-86       | ;       |             |                      |         |                      |                                |                         | ND-0.15    |   |                             |                                 |  |   | RADIOLOGICAL CONTAMINANTS |           |                  |                           |              |                |         |  |   | VOLATILE ORGANIC CONTAMINANTS |                     |                                  |                           |                                   |                              |                                |                        |                             |                              |                             |                             |                |                      |                                      |                         |  |                                |                                   |          |
| Plant<br>(CWR)                        | Average     | <5            | 2 :                   | 5 5                       | # S     | 4           | Q         | ₹           | 7.5         | 2       | 47          | 450                  | 21      | S                    | S                              | 230                     | 0.10       | 380   | 99                          | 99                              | 22                                       |   | RADIOL                    |           |                  |                           |              |                |         |  | 1 | VOLATILE                      |                     |                                  |                           |                                   |                              |                                |                        |                             |                              |                             |                             |                |                      |                                      |                         |  |                                |                                   |          |
| Acton Plant<br>Effluent (CWR)         | Range       | <5            |                       |                           |         |             |           | ٧           | 7.1-7.7     |         |             |                      |         |                      |                                |                         | 0.05-0.15  |   |                             |                                 |  |   |                           | Č         |                  |                           |              | 400            | 0.43    | 0.019<br>0.05  |   |                               | PHG                 |                                  | 1000                      | - 6                               | 6                            | 10                             | 2                      | 009                         | 0.4                          | 3.0                         | N 6                         | 0.15           | 1.0                  | 100                                  |                         | 4  | 300                            | 70                                | 0.5      |
| ā                                     | DLR         |               | 20                    |                           | 100     |             | 20        | -           |             | 10      |             |                      | 0.5     | -                    | ო                              |                         |            | 20  |                             |                                 |  |   |                           | ā         | חרא              | e •                       | 4 (          | 1.000          | -       | ~~   |   |                               | DLR                 | L                                | 0.0                       | 5.0                               | 0.5                          | 0.5                            | 0.5                    | 0.5                         | 0.5                          | ک د<br>د: ۱۵                | 0.5                         | 0.5            | 0.5                  | 0.5                                  | 11                      | 0.5  | 0.5<br>3                       | ر<br>د<br>د                       | 0.5      |
| Š                                     | MC          | 15            | 0001                  | no standard               | 300     | no standard | 20        | ဇ           | no standard | 100     | no standard | 1600                 | 250     | -                    | വ                              | 1000                    | 2          | 2000  | no standard                 | no standard                     | no standard<br>no standard               |   |                           | 7         | INCL             | 51                        | 0<br>0<br>0  | 20.000         | 20      |  |   |                               | MCL                 | 60                               | 1                         | - ი                               | Ŋ                            | 9                              | co<br>Co               | 009                         | 0.5                          | o c                         | 5.5                         | ) <del>-</del> | 0.5                  | 9                                    | 1                       | 200  | 300                            | 2 2                               | 100      |
| <u>-</u>                              | Units       | Units         | Hg/L                  | 1/8m                      | Hg/L    | mg/L        | Hg/L      | Units       | Units       | Hg/L    | mg/L        | umhos                | mg/L    | Hg/L                 | Hg/L                           | mg/L                    | Units      | hg/L  | mg/L                        | mg/L                            | mg/L<br>mg/L                             |   |                           | -         |                  | PCI/L                     | Z 2          | DCI/L<br>DCI/L | pCi/L   | D D  |   |                               | Units               | 10:                              | אפער<br>המין              | Hg/L                              | Hg/L                         | µg/L                           | µg/L                   | hg/L                        | µg/L                         | Hg/L                        | ng/L                        | hg/L           | Hg/L                 | Hg/L                                 | µg/L<br>″               | Hg/L   | Hg/L                           | Hg/L<br>ua/L                      | Hg/L     |
| Darameter                             | Calailletel | Color         | Foaming Agents (MBAS) | Hardness (Total) as CaCO3 | Iron    | Magnesium   | Manganese | Odor @ 60 C | Hd          | Silver  | Sodium      | Specific Conductance | Sulfate | Thiobencarb (Bolero) | Methyl tert-Butyl Ether (MTBE) | I otal Dissolved Solids | l urbidity | Zinc<br>Zininininininininininininininininininin | lotal Alkalinity (as CaCO3) | Sicarbonate Alkalinity(as HCU3) | Galboriate (as COS)<br>Hydroxide (as OH) |   |                           | Parameter |                  | Gross Alpha<br>Gross Reta | Strontium 90 | Tritium        | Uranium | Radium 226<br>Radium 226   |   |                               | <u>Parameter</u>    | 1 1 1-Trichlorethane (1 1 1-TCA) | 1.1.2.2-Tetrachloroethane | 1,1,2-Trichloroethane (1,1,2-TCA) | 1,1-Dichloroethane (1,1-DCA) | 1,1-Dichloroethylene (1,1-DCE) | 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 1,2-Dichlorobenzene (o-DCB) | 1,z-Dichloroethane (1,z-DCA) | 1.3-Dichloropropene (Total) | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene (p-DCB) | Benzene        | Carbon tetrachloride | cis-1,2-Dichloroethylene (c-1,2-DCE) | Cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | Dictionometriane (Methylene Chloride) Ethylbenzene | Methyl-tert-butyl ether (MTBE) | Monochlorobenzene (Chlorobenzene) | Styrene  |

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|  |        | MC    | DLK<br>N         | T P    |                             |                     | Care Maior I loyect | water bank wells | ייי איים |  |
|--|--------|-------|------------------|--------|-----------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------|----------|--|
| Tetrachloroethylene (PCE)  | hg/L   | 2     | 0.5              | 90.0   |                             |                     | Average             | Kange            | Average  |  |
| Toluene  | hg/L   | 150   | 0.5              | 150    |                             |                     | 2 2                 | 2 9              |          |  |
| rans-1,2-Dishloremylene (r-1,2-DCE)<br>trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | ng/L   | 10    | 0.5              | 09     |                             |                     | Q                   | Q.               | S        |  |
|  | ng/L   | ro    | 0.5              | 17     |                             |                     | 2                   | 2                | S        |  |
|  | Hg/L   | 150   | 5                | 1300   |                             |                     | 2 5                 | 2 2              | 2 2      |  |
| Trichlorotrifluoroethane (Freon 113)                             | hg/L   | 1200  | 10               | 4000   |                             |                     | 2 5                 | 2 2              | 2 9      |  |
| Vinyl Chloride (VC)  | hg/L   | 0.5   | 0.5              | 0.05   |                             |                     | 2                   | 2 5              | 2 2      |  |
| Xylenes (Total)  | µg/L   | 1750  | 0.5              | 1800   |                             | _                   | 22                  | 2 2              | 2 2      |  |
|  |        |       |                  |        | SYNTHETIC ORGANIC CHEMICALS |                     |                     |                  |          |  |
|  |        |       |                  |        |                             |                     | DEC: II TO          | 40               |          |  |
| Parameter  | Units  | MCL   | DLR (DL)         | PHG    |                             | State Water Project | er Project          | Water Bank Wells | Wells    |  |
| , C  |        |       |                  |        |                             | Range               | Average             | Range            | Average  |  |
|  | µg/∟   | 7     | -                | 4      |                             | Q                   | 2                   | S                | CN       |  |
|  | hg/L   | - :   | 0.5              | 0.15   |                             | QN                  | 2                   | C Z              | 2 2      |  |
|  | hg/L   | 18    | 7                | 200    |                             | S                   | S                   | Š                | 2 2      |  |
| rene   | hg/L   | 0.2   | 0.1              | 0.007  |                             | 2                   | 9                   |                  | 2 2      |  |
|  | hg/L   | 18    | IJ               | 0.7    |                             | 2                   |                     | 2 2              | 2 2      |  |
| lane   | ng/L   | 0.1   | 0.1              | 0.03   |                             | 2 5                 | 2 5                 | 2 5              | 2 2      |  |
|  | hg/L   | 70    | 10               | 20     |                             | 2 2                 | 2 5                 | 2 2              | 2 2      |  |
|  | ng/L   | 200   | 10               | 790    |                             | 2 2                 | 2 5                 | 2 5              | 2 2      |  |
| (DBCP)   | hg/L   | 0.2   | 0.01             | 0.0017 |                             | 9 €                 | 2 5                 | 2 2              | 2 2      |  |
|  | Hg/L   | 400   | S                | 200    |                             | S                   | 2 5                 | 2 5              | 2 2      |  |
| //hexy/)phthalate  | Hg/L   | 4     | က                | 12     |                             | 2                   | 2 5                 |                  | 2 2      |  |
|  | hg/L   | 7     | 2                | 4      |                             | 2                   | 2                   | 2 5              | 2 2      |  |
|  | Hg/L   | 20    | 4                | 9      |                             | 2                   | 2                   | 2 5              | 2 8      |  |
| all  | Hg/L   | 100   | 45               | 94     |                             | Z                   | 2                   | 2 5              | 2 5      |  |
|  | hg/L   | 2     | 0.1              | 0.3    |                             | 2                   | 2                   | 2 5              | 2 5      |  |
| promide (EUB)  | hg/L   | 0.05  | 0.02             | 0.01   |                             | QZ                  | S                   | Ş                | 2 2      |  |
|  | µg/L   | 700   | 25               | 006    |                             | 2                   | 2                   | 2                | 2 2      |  |
| Deptachlor Energia   | µg/L   | 0.01  | 0.01             | 0.008  |                             | Q                   | N<br>N              | 2                | 2 2      |  |
|  | hg/L   | 0.01  | 0.01             | 900.0  |                             | 2                   | Q                   | S                | Z Z      |  |
|  | ng/L   | -     | 0.5              | 0.03   |                             | 2                   | Q                   | 2                |          |  |
| orocyclopentaglene   | µg/L   | 20    | -                | 0      |                             | 2                   | QN                  | S                |          |  |
|  | Hg/L   | 0.2   | 0.2              | 0.032  |                             | 2                   | C                   | Ş                | 2 2      |  |
| chlor  | Hg/L   | 30    | 10               | 0.09   |                             | S                   |                     | 2                | 2 2      |  |
|  | Hg/L   | 20    | 2                | -      |                             | 2                   | 2                   | 2                | 2 2      |  |
|  | hg/L   | 20    | 20               | 26     |                             | 2 5                 | 2 2                 | 2 2              | 2 2      |  |
| prophenol  | hg/L   | ~     | 0.2              | 0.3    |                             | 2 2                 | 2 2                 | 2 2              | 2 2      |  |
|  | ng/L   | 200   | _                | 166    |                             | 2 2                 | 2 2                 | 2 5              | ON:      |  |
| inated Biphenyls   | hg/L   | 0.5   | 0.5              | 60.0   |                             | 2 2                 | 2 2                 | 2 2              | 9 :      |  |
| Simazine   | na/L   | 4     | •                | 4      |                             | 2 5                 | 2 2                 | D.               | 2        |  |
| Thiobencarb (Bolero)   | mg/L   | 20    | -                | 42     |                             | 2 9                 | 2 2                 | 2 !              | 2        |  |
| Toxaphene  | l/bn   | cr.   | •                | 0.03   |                             | 2 :                 | 2                   | S                | O N      |  |
| ioxin)   | Da/L   | 30    | - ن <del>د</del> | 0.05   |                             | 2 9                 | 2 :                 | Q.               | 2        |  |
| 2,4,5-TP (Silvex)  | 1/011  | 50    |                  | , ,    |                             | 2 :                 | 2                   | S                | 2        |  |
| pane   | ug/L   | 0.005 | 0.005            | 70000  |                             | 2 :                 | 2                   | Q.               | Q.       |  |
|  | ו<br>ת | 0     | 200              | 0.000  |                             |                     |                     | 2                | -        |  |

| (ype of Sample(s) | Parameter                                   | Units | MCI /MRDI             | 2   | O LOGW  | RESU        | ILTS       |
|-------------------|---|-------|-----------------------|-----|---------|-------------|------------|
| ution             | Obligation (and testing property)           |       |                       |     | ININDEG | Range       | Average    |
| Tanna I           | The fast total CIZ)                         | mg/L  | 4.0                   |     | 4       | 0.18 - 2.19 | 1.15       |
| o water           | I reated water   lotal Organic Carbon (TOC) | mg/L  | Treatment Requirement | 0.3 |         | 1.4-3.3     | .4-3.3 2.1 |
| water Project     | Total Organic Carbon (TOC)                  | mg/L  | Treatment Requirement | 0.3 |         | 2.1-5.2     | 3.2        |
| nomo              | Stage Z D/DBP Rule Total Trihalomethanes    | Hg/L  | 80**                  | 0.5 |         | 15-63       | 46#        |
| namon             | Stage Z D/DBP Kule Total Haloacetic Acids   | mg/L  | **09                  | 0.5 |         | ND - 24     | 14 #       |
| reated Water      | eated Water Bromate 10 <sup>+</sup>         | hg/L  | +01                   | 0   |         |             |            |

<sup>\*\*</sup> Stage 2 D/DBP Rule Total THMs and Total HAAs compliance is based upon Locational Running Annual Averages.
# Location with the highest TTHM average

\* Compliance is based on the running annual average computed quarterly, of monthly samples, collected at the entrance to the distribution system.

# 2024 Annual Water Quality Report - Los Angeles County System Antelope Valley-East Kern Water Agency

DEFINITIONS and FOOTNOTES:

Raw Water is the Source Water, the California Aqueduct or wells, prior to treatment. Plant Effluent, CWR, is finished, treated drinking water.

Units: mg/L = milligrams per liter, parts per million (ppm)

pg/L = picograms per liter, parts per quadrillion (ppq) µg/L = micrograms per liter, parts per billion (ppb)

umhos = micromhos, a measure of specific conductance

pCi/L = pico Curies per liter

> = greater than < = less than

ND = none detected above the DLR

MCL: Maximum Contaminant Level. The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set by the US Environmental Protection Agency or the State Water Resources Control Board as close to the PHGs and MCLGs as is economically or technologically feasible.

MRDL: Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level. The level of a disinfectant added for water treatment that may not exceeded at the consumer's tap. NTU = nephelometric turbidity unit is a measure of the clarity of water. Turbidity in excess of 5 NTU is just noticeable to the average person.

DLR: Detection Limit for purposes of Reporting.

(DL): Detection limit determined by the Laboratory when no DLR has been established.

MCLG: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs are set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

MRDLG: Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal. The level of a disinfectant added for water treatment below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs are set by the US Environmental

Primary Drinking Water Standard: Primary MCLs, specific treatment techniques adopted in lieu of primary MCLs, and monitoring and reporting requirements for MCLs that are specified in regulations. PHG: Public Health Goal. The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California Office of Environmental Health Hazard

Secondary Standards: Aesthetic standards established by the State Water Resources Control Board.

All analyses performed by ELAP certified laboratories: AVEK Water Agency, Eurofins Eaton Analytical Laboratories, or Eurofins subcontract lab.