


**Consumer Confidence Report
Certification Form**
(To be submitted with a copy of the CCR)

Water System Name: City of Cerritos Department of Water & Power

Water System Number: 1910019

The water system named above hereby certifies that its Consumer Confidence Report was distributed on May 19, 2020 to customers (and appropriate notices of availability have been given). Further, the system certifies that the information contained in the report is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the State Water Resources Control Board, Division of Drinking Water (DDW).

Certified by: Name: Bob Ortega
Signature: 
Title: Water Superintendent
Phone Number: (562) 916-1223 Date: June 24, 2020

To summarize report delivery used and good-faith efforts taken, please complete this page by checking all items that apply and fill-in where appropriate:

- ☐ CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery methods (attach description of other direct delivery methods used).
- ☐ CCR was distributed using electronic delivery methods described in the Guidance for Electronic Delivery of the Consumer Confidence Report (water systems utilizing electronic delivery methods must complete the second page).
- ☒ "Good faith" efforts were used to reach non-bill paying consumers. Those efforts included the following methods:
 - ☒ Posting the CCR at the following URL: www.cerritos.us/_pdfs/ccr2019.pdf
 - ☐ Mailing the CCR to postal patrons within the service area (attach zip codes used)
 - ☒ Advertising the availability of the CCR in news media (attach copy of press release)
 - ☐ Publication of the CCR in a local newspaper of general circulation (attach a copy of the published notice, including name of newspaper and date published)
 - ☐ Posted the CCR in public places (attach a list of locations)
 - ☐ Delivery of multiple copies of CCR to single-billed addresses serving several persons, such as apartments, businesses, and schools
 - ☐ Delivery to community organizations (attach a list of organizations)
 - ☐ Publication of the CCR in the electronic city newsletter or electronic community newsletter or listserv (attach a copy of the article or notice)
 - ☐ Electronic announcement of CCR availability via social media outlets (attach list of social media outlets utilized)
 - ☐ Other (attach a list of other methods used)
- ☐ For systems serving at least 100,000 persons: Posted CCR on a publicly-accessible internet site at the following URL: www.
- ☐ For privately-owned utilities: Delivered the CCR to the California Public Utilities Commission

Consumer Confidence Report Electronic Delivery Certification

Water systems utilizing electronic distribution methods for CCR delivery must complete this page by checking all items that apply and fill-in where appropriate.

- ☒ Water system mailed a notification that the CCR is available and provides a direct URL to the CCR on a publicly available website where it can be viewed (attach a copy of the mailed CCR notification). URL: www.cerritos.us/_pdfs/ccr2019.pdf
- ☐ Water system emailed a notification that the CCR is available and provides a direct URL to the CCR on a publicly available site on the Internet where it can be viewed (attach a copy of the emailed CCR notification). URL: www._____
- ☐ Water system emailed the CCR as an electronic file email attachment.
- ☐ Water system emailed the CCR text and tables inserted or embedded into the body of an email, not as an attachment (attach a copy of the emailed CCR).
- ☐ *Requires prior DDW review and approval.* Water system utilized other electronic delivery method that meets the direct delivery requirement.

Provide a brief description of the water system's electronic delivery procedures and include how the water system ensures delivery to customers unable to receive electronic delivery.

The Consumer Confidence report was posted on the City's website. Hard copies of the CCR were made available at the City's Public Works counter at City Hall.

This form is provided as a convenience and may be used to meet the certification requirement of section 64483(c) of the California Code of Regulations.

City of Cerritos 2019 Consumer Confidence Report

The City of Cerritos is committed to providing patrons with high quality drinking water that meets all federal and state standards. The Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) is an annual drinking water quality report that the Safe Drinking Water Act requires community water systems to provide to their consumers, since they have the right to know about the water that they are consuming. The purpose of the CCR is to educate consumers about the quality of their drinking water and its source. We take our responsibilities to our community very seriously. To safeguard our continued exceptional water quality provided to approximately 16,000 accounts, our skilled staff ensure that the water we serve meets or exceeds all federal and state water quality standards.

We are pleased to inform you that the Cerritos tap water met all United States Environmental Protection Agency and State of California drinking water standards for 2019. Our water quality staff collected more than 2,000 water samples in 2019. These samples were sent to independent laboratories certified by the State Water Resources Control Board and hired by the City to perform all the necessary analyses. We are proud to provide our customers with reliable, affordable and exceptional quality drinking water.

This report provides information on the water quality testing completed in 2019, and details the results of the City's ongoing testing and reporting efforts. The bottom line is that the Cerritos water complies with, and in most cases exceeds all state and federal water quality standards for this reporting period.

Where Does My Tap Water Come From?

The City of Cerritos receives its water supply from two water sources, the Metropolitan Water District of Southern California (MWD) and groundwater pumped from the Central Groundwater Basin. In 2019, the City purchased about 25.8 million gallons or 1 percent of the City's total drinking water supply from MWD. MWD water is transported from the Colorado River and the State Water Project in Northern California.

Every five years, the MWD is required by the California Department of Water Resources to conduct an initial source water assessment to examine possible sources of drinking water contamination and to recommend actions to better protect these source waters. The most recent MWD Watershed Sanitary Surveys were completed in 2016 for the Colorado River and in 2015 for the State Water Project. The Colorado River and State Water Project each have different water quality challenges. Water from the Colorado River is considered to be most vulnerable to contamination from recreation, urban/storm water runoff, increasing urbanization in the watershed and wastewater. Water supplies from Northern California's State Water Project are most vulnerable to contamination from urban/storm water runoff, wildlife, agriculture, recreation and wastewater. Each of these elements makes the source waters vulnerable to potential contamination. The MWD and other water agencies take special measures to protect water at the source and invest resources to support improved watershed protection programs. For more information on the Metropolitan Water District of Southern California, visit MWD's website at mwdh2o.com.

The City also receives groundwater from three groundwater wells located at various locations within the city. These wells, drilled to a depth from 640 feet to 1,000 feet, supplied 2.63 billion gallons or approximately 99 percent of the City's total drinking water supply in 2019. The water is pumped at the individual well heads; treated with chlorine to disinfect the water from microbial contaminants; and then distributed through a large City-owned water distribution system. The water distribution system consists of approximately 181 miles of pipes ranging in size from 30-inch diameter down to 4-inch diameter, and supplies domestic drinking water to some 16,000 services, including residential, commercial and industrial users. The water system includes one 12-million-gallon reservoir with a booster pumping station capable of delivering about 18,000 gallons per minute, and two 6-million-gallon reservoirs with a booster station capable of delivering about 17,000 gallons per minute. These reservoirs, with their combined 24-million-gallon capacity, provide more than enough water storage to meet the City's peak demand periods and any potential fire-flow or emergency requirements.

The City of Cerritos groundwater is pumped from the Central Groundwater Basin. The Central Basin is a series of large natural aquifers below the ground that stretch from Los Angeles to Orange County. Water in these aquifers comes from natural inflows of rainfall and snow melt, artificial inflows from imported and recycled water, as well as groundwater underflow from adjacent basins. Spreading grounds located at the major inflows from the Rio Hondo and San Gabriel Rivers of the Montebello Forebay, allow water from various sources to artificially seep down into the Central Basin aquifers. Therefore, as surface water slowly percolates through the ground to the aquifers, the ground acts as a natural filter to clean the water.

In 2013, the State of California Division of Drinking Water (DDW) completed an assessment of City's groundwater supplies. The assessment established that the groundwater supplies are most vulnerable to automobile gas stations, chemical/petroleum processing/storage, known contaminant plumes, contractor or government agency equipment storage yards, parks, freeway/state highways transportation corridors, herbicide use in road rights-of-way, water wells, dry cleaners, metal plating/finishing/fabricating, automobile repair shops, utility station maintenance areas and wastewater treatment plants. A copy of the approved assessment may be obtained by contacting Water Superintendent Bob Ortega at (562) 916-1223.

How Is My Drinking Water Tested?

The State of California DDW allows some constituents to be tested less than once a year because the concentrations of these constituents do not change frequently. City wells are monitored at least once a month for microbiological and physical quality. Additional samples are collected and analyzed for various chemical, radiological and aesthetic quality constituents.

Our water quality professionals collect approximately 20 samples each week in the distribution system to test for microbiological quality, monthly for physical quality and quarterly for total trihalomethane formation, which results when chlorine is added to water high in natural organics. Independent laboratories certified by the State are hired by the City to perform all the necessary analyses.

What Are Drinking Water Standards?

With regard to the regulation of water constituents, there are two types of limits, known as standards: Primary standards set limits for substances that may be harmful to humans if consumed in large quantities over certain periods of time. Secondary standards are limits for substances that could affect the water's taste, odor and appearance. State and federal regulations set a Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) for each of the primary and secondary standards. The MCL is the highest level of a substance that is allowed in drinking water.

There are more than 100 standards set by the California Department of Water Resources for compounds that could be found in drinking water. The City has sampled and tested for every applicable compound. If in the past year, any water samples ever tested positive for any of these contaminants, they are listed in the Water Quality Table. If they were not detected, they are not included in the Water Quality Table.

How Do I Read the Water Quality Table?

The table in this report lists all of the contaminants for which state or federal standards have been set that the City detected during the current reporting period. The presence of these contaminants does not necessarily mean that the water poses a health risk. The water quality test results are divided into two main sections: those related to Primary Standards, and those related to Secondary Standards. The primary standards section is further divided by sampling locations. "Monitored at the Source" identifies contaminants that are measured at the well or surface water source. "Monitored in the Distribution System" means the samples were taken from water sampling points located throughout our service area. "At the Tap" means samples were taken from customers' faucets.

The first column of the water quality table lists substances that have been detected through testing. The water delivered in Cerritos is a blend of three wells and treated surface water obtained from MWD. Therefore, the next columns list the average concentration and range of concentrations found in the well water and MWD surface water. Following are columns that list the MCL and Public Health Goals (PHG) or Maximum Contaminant Level Goals (MCLG), if appropriate. The last column describes the likely sources of substances in drinking water.

To review the quality of your drinking water, compare the highest concentration and the MCL. Check for substances greater than the MCL. No regulated or unregulated organic compounds were detected in groundwater other than Trichloroethylene (TCE), 1,1-Dichloroethylene (1,1-DCE) and Tetrachloroethylene (PCE), which was found in one well at a concentration below the MCL. Some health issues have been associated with people who drink water containing TCE, PCE and 1, 1-DCE in excess of the MCL over the course of many years. The concentration of TCE, PCE and 1, 1-DCE in the Cerritos well, however, is well below the MCL.

Detected substances that exceed a PHG or MCLG must be reported. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency. PHGs provide more information on the quality of drinking water to customers, and are similar to their federal counterparts MCLGs. Both PHGs and MCLGs are levels that are of an advisory nature only and unenforceable. Both PHGs and MCLGs are concentrations of a substance at which there are no known or expected health risks. The regulations require a listing of the PHG and/or MCLG for each detected chemical contaminant, a definition of terms, information on violations and a statement about health concerns of chemicals detected above regulatory limits. Some additional substances of interest are listed even though no PHG or MCLG has been established.

What Affects the Contents of Water?

All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (U.S. EPA) Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

You can get more information on tap water by logging on to the U.S. EPA's helpful water website: water.epa.gov/drink.

What Does the U.S. EPA Say About Drinking Water Quality?

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material. The City of Cerritos conducts regular testing as prescribed by state and federal agencies to ensure that none of the contaminants listed below are detected at levels considered to be harmful by the health agencies.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants, including viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations and wildlife;
- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, that can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining or farming;
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff and residential uses;
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, that are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff and septic systems;
- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

To ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the U.S. EPA and the California Department of Water Resources prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems.

Should I Take Additional Precautions?

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immunocompromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. The U.S. EPA/Centers for Disease Control guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection of *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the U.S. EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

How Can I Participate in Decisions on Water?

Decisions about your water system are made at Cerritos City Council meetings, which are regularly scheduled at the City Hall Council Chambers at 7 p.m. on the second and fourth Thursday of every month. Council meetings are cablecast live on Cerritos TV3 and meeting videos are archived on the City's website. If you have specific questions about your tap water quality, please contact Water Superintendent Bob Ortega at (562) 916-1223.

This report contains very important information about the water you drink. Translate the report or speak with someone who understands the content.

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Tradúzcalo o hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

Daimntawv tshaj tawm no muaj lus tseemceeb txog koj cov dej haus. Tshab txhais nws, los yog tham nrog tej tug neeg uas totaub txog nws.

此报告包含有关您的饮用水的重要信息。请人帮您翻译出来，或请看懂此报告的人将内容说给您听。

Tài liệu này có tin tức quan trọng về nước uống của quý vị. Hãy nhờ người dịch cho quý vị, hoặc hỏi người nào hiểu tài liệu này.

このレポートには飲料水に関する重要な情報が記載されています。この英文を訳してもらるか、またはどなたか英語が分かる方にたずねてください。

이 보고서는 귀하의 식수에 대한 중요한 내용을 담고 있습니다. 그러므로 이 보고서를 이해할 수 없는 사람한테 번역해 달라고 부탁하시기 바랍니다.

2019 Annual Water Quality Report

Results are from the most recent testing performed in accordance with state and federal drinking water regulations

PRIMARY STANDARDS MONITORED AT THE SOURCE — MANDATED FOR PUBLIC HEALTH

	GROUNDWATER		MWD'S SURFACE WATER				Weymouth Plant		PRIMARY MCL	(MCLG) or PHG	MAJOR SOURCES IN DRINKING WATER
	AVERAGE	RANGE	Diemer Plant	Diemer Plant	Jensen Plant	Jensen Plant	AVERAGE	RANGE			
ORGANIC CHEMICALS - Results from 2019											
1,1-Dichloroethylene (1,1-DCE) (µg/l)	<0.5 (a)	ND - 1.5	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	6	10	Discharge from metal degreasing sites and other industries
Tetrachloroethylene (PCE) (µg/l)	<0.5	ND - 0.56	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	5	0.06	Discharge from factories, dry cleaners, and auto shops (metal degreaser)
Toluene (µg/l)	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.6	0.6	150	150	Discharge from petroleum and chemical refineries
Trichloroethylene (TCE) (µg/l)	0.68	ND - 2.6	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	5	1.7	Discharge from metal degreasing sites and other industries
INORGANICS - Results from 2018 and 2019											
Aluminum (mg/l)	ND	ND	0.12	ND - 0.065	0.058	ND - 0.29	0.12	ND - 0.11	1	0.5	Erosion of natural deposits, residue from surface water treatment processes
Arsenic (µg/l) (b)	5.9	4.2 - 7.1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	10	0.004	Erosion of natural deposits; glass/electronics production wastes; runoff
Barium (mg/l)	0.11	ND - 0.18	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1	2	Oil drilling waste and metal refinery discharge; erosion of natural deposits
Bromate (µg/l)	NR	NR	2	ND - 5.9	5.6	1.6 - 8.4	1.9	ND - 8.1	10	0.1	Byproduct of drinking water ozonation
Fluoride (mg/l) - naturally-occurring	0.31	0.28 - 0.35	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	2	1	Erosion of natural deposits
Fluoride (mg/l) - treatment-related	NR	NR	0.7	0.1 - 0.9	0.7	0.4 - 0.8	0.7	0.6 - 0.9	2	1	Water additive for dental health
Nitrate as N (mg/l)	<0.4	ND - 0.51	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	10	10	Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use/septic tanks/sewage, natural erosion
RADIOLOGICAL - Results from 2015, 2016, and 2017											
Gross Alpha (pCi/l)	ND	ND	ND	ND	<3	ND - 3	ND	ND	15	(0)	Erosion of natural deposits
Uranium (pCi/l)	<1	ND - 1.5	ND	ND	<1	ND - 1	ND	ND	20	0.43	Erosion of natural deposits

PRIMARY STANDARDS MONITORED IN THE DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM — MANDATED FOR PUBLIC HEALTH

Weekly Results from 2019	DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM		PRIMARY MCL	MCLG	MAJOR SOURCES IN DRINKING WATER
	HIGHEST MONTHLY % POSITIVES	RANGE % POSITIVE			
MICROBIALS					
Total Coliform Bacteria	0%	0%	5.0%	0%	Naturally present in the environment
Quarterly Results from 2019					
DISINFECTION BYPRODUCTS					
Trihalomethanes (THMs) (µg/l) (c)	AVERAGE	RANGE	PRIMARY MCL	Health Goal	Byproduct of drinking water chlorination
Halocetic Acids (µg/l) (c)	1.1	ND - 3	60	-	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection
Total Chlorine Residual (mg/l) (c)	0.96	0.25 - 1.2	4.0 (d)	4.0 (e)	Drinking water disinfectant added for treatment
Triennial Results from 2019					
LEAD AND COPPER AT THE TAP					
Copper (mg/l)	0.27 (f)	0	1.3 AL	0.3	Internal corrosion of household plumbing, erosion of natural deposits
Lead (µg/l)	ND-5 (f)	0	1.5 AL	0.2	Internal corrosion of household plumbing, industrial manufacturer discharges

SECONDARY STANDARDS MONITORED AT THE SOURCE — FOR AESTHETIC PURPOSES

	GROUNDWATER		MWD'S SURFACE WATER				Weymouth Plant		SECONDARY MCL	PHG	MAJOR SOURCES IN DRINKING WATER
	AVERAGE	RANGE	Diemer Plant	Diemer Plant	Jensen Plant	Jensen Plant	AVERAGE	RANGE			
Triennial Results from 2018 and 2019											
Aluminum (µg/l) (g)	ND	ND	124	ND - 65	58	ND - 290	120	ND - 110	200	-	Erosion of natural deposits, residue from surface water treatment processes
Chloride (mg/l)	42	27 - 63	56	S3 - 58	62	62	50	46 - 55	500	-	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits, seawater influence
Color (color units)	ND	ND	ND	ND - 1	2	1 - 2	ND	ND - 1	15	-	Naturally-occurring organic materials
Conductivity (µmhos/cm)	600	510 - 740	510	510 - 520	490	470 - 510	470	440 - 500	1,600	-	Substances that form ions when in water, seawater influence
Iron (µg/l)	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	240	240	300	-	Leaching from natural deposits, industrial wastes
Manganese (µg/l) (tested monthly)	50	47 - 55	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	50	-	Leaching from natural deposits
Odor (threshold odor number)	1	1	ND	ND - 1	ND	ND - 1	1	1	3	-	Naturally-occurring organic materials
Sulfate (mg/l)	71	45 - 100	91	80 - 93	59	56 - 62	73	65 - 81	500	-	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits, industrial wastes
Total Dissolved Solids (mg/l)	360	300 - 450	300	300 - 310	280	280 - 290	270	240 - 290	1,000	-	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits

SECONDARY STANDARDS MONITORED IN THE DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM — FOR AESTHETIC PURPOSES

Monthly Results from 2019	DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM		SECONDARY MCL	Health Goal	MAJOR SOURCES IN DRINKING WATER
	AVERAGE	RANGE			
GENERAL PHYSICAL CONSTITUENTS					
Color (color units)	ND	ND	15	-	Naturally-occurring organic materials
Odor (threshold odor number)	ND	ND	3	-	Naturally-occurring organic materials
Turbidity (NTU)	0.57	ND - 4	5	-	Naturally-occurring organic materials

UNRELATED CHEMICALS REQUIRING MONITORING

Results from 2019	GROUNDWATER		SURFACE WATER		PHG
	AVERAGE	RANGE	AVERAGE	RANGE	
Manganese (µg/l) (h)	34	25 - 47	1.7	1.3 - 2.3	-
Results from 2019					
	AVERAGE	RANGE			PHG
Halocetic acids (HAA5) (µg/l)	1.3		0.52 - 3.4		-
Halocetic acids (HAA6B) (µg/l)	2.4		0.66 - 5.9		-
Halocetic acids (HAA9) (µg/l)	2.6		0.66 - 6.8		-

CHEMICALS OF ADDITIONAL INTEREST

	GROUNDWATER		MWD'S SURFACE WATER				PHG
	AVERAGE	RANGE	Diemer Plant	Diemer Plant	Jensen Plant	Weymouth Plant	
Results from 2018 and 2019							
Alkalinity (mg/l as CaCO ₃)	180	170 - 180	72	69 - 74	82	80 - 84	68
Calcium (mg/l)	68	61 - 78	30	29 - 30	27	26 - 28	25
Magnesium (mg/l)	11	8.2 - 12	14	13 - 14	12	12 - 13	12
Perfluorooctanoic Acid (ng/l)	NR	NR	2.3	2.2 - 2.3	2.6	2.6	2.5 - 2.6
pH (standard unit)	7.9	7.9	8.4	8.4 - 8.5	8.4	8.4 - 8.5	8.5
Potassium (mg/l)	3.4	3.2 - 3.6	2.8	2.6 - 2.9	2.7	2.7	2.4
Sodium (mg/l)	51	30 - 82	56	54 - 57	52	51 - 54	50
Total Hardness (mg/l as CaCO ₃)	210	190 - 240	130	120 - 130	110	110 - 120	110
Total Organic Carbon (mg/l)	NR	NR	2.4	1.8 - 2.6	2.3	2 - 2.5	2.4
Turbidity - combined filter effluent							
Metropolitan Water District	Treatment Technique	Diemer Plant	Jensen Plant	Weymouth Plant	TT Violation?	Contaminant Source	
1) Highest single turbidity measurement	0.3 NTU	0.05	0.05	0.04	No	Soil Runoff	
2) Percentage of samples less than 0.3 NTU	95%	100%	100%	100%	No	Soil Runoff	

FOOTNOTES

- (a) "<" means the constituent was detected but the average of the test results is less than the reporting limit required by the State Water Resources Control Board, Division of Drinking Water.
- (b) While your drinking water meets the federal and state standard for arsenic, it does contain low levels of arsenic. The standard balances the current understanding of arsenic's possible health effects against the costs of removing arsenic from drinking water. The U.S. EPA continues to research the health effects of low levels of arsenic, which is a mineral known to cause cancer in humans at high concentrations and is linked to other health effects such as skin damage and circulatory problems.
- (c) Running annual average used to calculate MCL compliance.
- (d) Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL).
- (e) Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG).
- (f) 90th percentile from the most recent sampling at selected customer taps. In 2019, no school submitted a request to be sampled for lead.
- (g) Aluminum has primary and secondary standards.
- (h) Manganese was included as part of the unregulated chemicals requiring monitoring.

ABBREVIATIONS

MWD = Metropolitan Water District of Southern California
 pCi/l = picocuries per liter
 NR = constituent not required to be tested
 PHG = Public Health Goal

NTU = nephelometric turbidity units
 µmhos/cm = micromhos per centimeter
 ND = constituent not detected at the reporting limit
 MCL = Maximum Contaminant Level

mg/l = milligrams per liter or parts per million (equivalent to 1 drop in 42 gallons)
 µg/l = micrograms per liter or parts per billion (equivalent to 1 drop in 42,000 gallons)
 ng/l = nanograms per liter or parts per trillion (equivalent to 1 drop in 42,000,000 gallons)

DEFINITIONS

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL): The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. Primary MCLs are set as close to the PHGs (or MCLGs) as is economically and technologically feasible. Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs are set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL): The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG): The level of a disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Public Health Goal (PHG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency.

Treatment Technique (TT): A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Regulatory Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Primary Drinking Water Standard (PDWS): MCLs and MRDLs for contaminants that affect health along with their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment requirements.

The Cerritos News

See Page 2 for CCR 2019

City of Cerritos COVID-19 update

In early May, the Los Angeles County Department of Public Health announced that the County would enter stage two of its five-stage COVID-19 recovery roadmap on Friday, May 8. A limited number of businesses were allowed to open for curbside pick-up only, including florists, toy stores, book stores, clothing stores, music stores and sporting goods stores. Car dealerships, golf courses and trails could also open with appropriate safeguards in place. Physical distancing and infection control protocols are still required, and cloth face coverings must be worn.

Based on stage two of the reopening plan for the County of Los Angeles, L.A. County Parks reopened its golf courses and trails on Saturday, May 9. The County provided safety protocols and requirements for reopening golf courses. As of press time, the City is implementing a plan that meets the County's directives at the Cerritos Iron-Wood Nine Golf Course, and the course will reopen on Sunday, May 24. The City will also reopen tennis courts and pickleball courts on Sunday, May 24, after implementing the required safety protocols.

The County has indicated restrictions will soon be lifted to include other retailers, manufacturers

and recreational facilities. The following three stages include the opening of higher-risk businesses such as movie theaters, schools, colleges and universities, followed by conventions and spectator events and a final stage of a return to fully normal operations.

Physical distancing, wearing cloth face coverings, frequent hand washing, and self-isolation and self-quarantine for people with positive COVID-19 cases will continue to be very important throughout the foreseeable future. People with underlying health conditions will still be at greater risk for serious illness from COVID-19, so it will continue to be very important for vulnerable people to stay at home as much as possible.

The City continues to carefully monitor information about when and how City facilities will be allowed to reopen, and will provide updates as they become available.

As of press time, the County reported a total of 88 cases of COVID-19 in Cerritos. The City's website has a link titled "Novel Coronavirus in Los Angeles County" that opens a page with information about the number

of cases in cities throughout the County.

For a complete list of affected City facilities, programs and events, please visit the City's website at cerritos.us.

The City will continue to update residents and the community through its website, email blasts, on Cerritos TV3 and "The Cerritos News." To sign up to receive City email blasts, click the "E-News" red envelope link on the homepage of the City's website at cerritos.us.

"Library News" and "Lifelong Enrichment"

The June 2020 issue of the "Library News" and the "Lifelong Enrichment" will not be published. The newsletters are on hiatus pending the scheduling of upcoming services, programs and events.

Public Health Resources

For the latest updates on COVID-19, please visit the following websites:

- County of Los Angeles Department of Public Health, publichealth.lacounty.gov
- California Department of Health, cdph.ca.gov
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, cdc.gov
- World Health Organization, who.int ■

Let Freedom Ring Celebration canceled

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the 47th Annual Let Freedom Ring Celebration has been canceled. ■

Overnight parking restrictions moratorium extended

The City's moratorium on overnight parking restrictions has been extended through Monday, June 15, 2020 as a result of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic. The moratorium on "no parking during street sweeping" also has been extended through Monday, June 15, 2020. The moratoria were previously set to expire on Friday, May 15, 2020.

During this time, citations will not be issued for violating the City's ordinance requiring an overnight parking permit or for parking on a public street during restricted times for street sweeping. ■

State does not yet permit libraries, playgrounds to reopen

As of May 12, the State of California's Coronavirus (COVID-19) Response states the following sectors, businesses, establishments or activities are not permitted to operate in the State of California at this time:

- Personal services such as hair and nail salons, tattoo parlors, gyms and fitness studios
- Hospitality services, such as bars, wineries, tasting rooms and lounges
- Entertainment venues, such as movie theaters, gaming facilities and pro sports, indoor museums, kids museums and gallery spaces, zoos and libraries
- Community centers, public pools, playgrounds and picnic areas
- Religious services and cultural ceremonies
- Nightclubs
- Concert venues
- Live audience sports
- Festivals
- Theme parks
- Hotels/lodging for leisure and tourism

The State and County of Los Angeles have indicated that when public facilities are permitted to reopen, operations will be under modified conditions to ensure social distancing and infection control.

All City of Cerritos Recreation Services summer classes and programs have been canceled.

During the closure of the Cerritos Library, patrons who need assistance with library services can call (562) 916-1340. Requests can also be submitted by sending an e-mail to library@cerritos.us.

Cerritos Library's cloudLibrary and hoopla digital books and media services and online research databases are available to cardholders. To access the services, enter the full 14 digits of your library card and your PIN. If you are unsure of your PIN, please try your default PIN, which is the first two letters of your last name and your birthdate (mmddyy). For example, John Smith's default password would be sm123108. ■

L.A. County launches Great Plates Delivered initiative

In participation with the State of California, Los Angeles County has launched the Great Plates Delivered initiative. The program provides qualifying older adults with three home-delivered meals a day and will help stimulate the economy by utilizing local restaurants and employees. The initiative is a partnership between the L.A. County Board of Supervisors, L.A. County Department of Workforce Development, Aging and Community Services (WDACS) and the Office of Emergency Management.

L.A. County will implement the program on behalf of the City of Cerritos. The program is jointly funded by FEMA (75 percent), the State (18.75 percent) and local jurisdictions (6.25 percent). Individuals can apply

for Great Plates Delivered by calling 2-1-1. To qualify, individuals must meet the following requirements:

- Be age 65 or older OR age 60 to 64 and have been diagnosed with or exposed to COVID-19 or at high risk as defined by the CDC
- Live alone or with one other program-eligible adult
- Not currently receiving assistance from other state or federal nutrition assistance programs, like CalFresh/SNAP or Meals on Wheels
- Earn less than \$74,940 (single) or \$101,460 (two-person household)
- Have difficulty accessing food resources or preparing your own meals
- Live in unincorporated L.A. County or a city that does not have its own Great Plates Delivered program

Local restaurants interested in participating in the Great Plates Delivered program must fill out an interest form at wdacs.lacounty.gov/greatplates. Restaurants will be selected based on various factors, including their ability to meet volume and nutritional standards, and prioritize local jobs, worker retention, worker health and safety and standards of equity and fairness in employment practices.

The program will run through Wednesday, June 10, 2020, with an option for the State to seek two additional 30-day extensions from FEMA. For more information about Great Plates Delivered, visit wdacs.lacounty.gov/greatplates. ■

City Council Recap

City Council/Successor Agency meetings are held at 7 p.m. on the second and fourth Thursday of every month at City Hall. For details, call the Office of the City Clerk/Treasurer from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m., Monday through Friday at (562) 916-1248.

March 12, 2020

- Received and filed the status update report on the upcoming 2020 United States Census and the City of Cerritos U.S. Census action plan.
- Received and filed the informational report regarding the Regional Housing Needs Assessment (RHNA) methodology developed and approved by Southern California Association of Governments (SCAG) for use in assigning housing numbers to cities throughout Southern California.
- Waived full reading of and introduced Ordinance No. 1032, an ordinance of the City of Cerritos to align the terms of office for Cerritos advisory boards, commissions and committees with the City's even-numbered year General Municipal Election cycle by amending Title 2 of the Cerritos Municipal Code by adding Chapter 2.15 and repealing Sections 2.16.030, 2.18.030, 2.22.030 and amending Title 6 of the Cerritos Municipal Code by amending Section 6.20.050 and repealing Sections 6.20.050(C), 6.20.050(D) and 6.20.050(E).
- Directed the Planning Commission to review the political sign ordinance and report back to the City Council with recommendations.

March 26, 2020

- Waived full reading of and adopted Resolution No. 2020-5, a resolution of the City Council of the City of Cerritos confirming the City Manager/Director of Emergency Services Proclamation of the existence of a local emergency concerning the COVID-19 virus.

March 31, 2020

- Waived full reading of and adopted Resolution No. 2020-6, a resolution of the City Council of the City of Cerritos, reciting the facts of the General Municipal Election held in the City on Tuesday, March 3, 2020, declaring the result thereof and such other matters as provided by the provisions of the City Charter; and
- Declared elected Jim Edwards, Naresh Solanki and Chuong Vo to the Cerritos City Council for a full term of four years each.

April 9, 2020

- Waived full reading of and adopted Ordinance No. 1032, an ordinance of the City of Cerritos to align the terms of office for Cerritos advisory boards, commissions and committees with the City's even-numbered year General Municipal Election cycle by amending Title 2 of the Cerritos Municipal Code

by adding Chapter 2.15 and repealing sections 2.16.030, 2.18.030, 2.22.030 and amending Title 6 of the Cerritos Municipal Code by amending section 6.20.050 and repealing sections 6.20.050(C), 6.20.050(D) and 6.20.050(E).

- Waived further reading of and adopted Resolution No. 2020-7, a resolution of the City Council of the City of Cerritos, designating authorized agents of the City of Cerritos to execute applications on behalf of the City for the purpose of obtaining post-disaster public assistance grants and funding from the California Governor's Office of Emergency Services and the Federal Emergency Management Agency.
- Awarded a contract to JAM Corporation for the fire alarm system replacement at the Cerritos Center for the Performing Arts in the amount of \$1,088,000 and rejected the other bid; and
- Authorized the funds for the work to be drawn from the Cerritos Center for the Performing Arts Endowment Fund; and
- Authorized the City Manager or his designee to execute any project related change orders.
- Waived further reading of and adopted Resolution No. 2020-8, a resolution of the City Council of the City of Cerritos authorizing the Director of Public Works/City Engineer to execute on behalf of the City of Cerritos - Program Supplement Agreement No. F013 to administering agency - State Agreement No. 07-5325F15 for federal aid projects covering the construction phase of Project 13065 [Federal No. STPL-5325(018)]: 166th Street rehabilitation from Carmenita Road to Bloomfield Avenue.
- Authorized the City Manager/Executive Director to execute the appropriate contract documents to facilitate the engagement of White, Nelson, Diehl, Evans as the City and Successor Agency auditors for a period of three years, with two additional years at the City's option, inclusive of the following amendment in the contract documentation:
 - Section II: Nature of Services Required -
 - D. Irregularities and Illegal Acts: Auditors shall be required to make an immediate, written report of all irregularities and illegal acts or indications of illegal acts of which they become aware to the following parties: City Council, City Manager and City Attorney.
- Directed City staff to look into working in conjunction with the ABC Unified School District to plan a special event for high school seniors who are not able to experience their traditional graduation commencement programs due to the COVID-19 local emergency.
- Adjourned in memory of Klete Ikemoto.

Take preventative steps against mosquitoes

As temperatures continue to rise, vector control experts stress the need for the public to take preventative steps against mosquitoes.

Mosquitoes can transmit diseases such as West Nile virus, which can cause debilitating illness and death to humans as well as birds, horses and other wildlife. Twenty percent of people infected with West Nile virus will exhibit flu-like symptoms, and one in 150 people infected will require hospitalization. There is currently no cure or vaccine for the virus.

The Greater Los Angeles Vector Control District (GLACVCD), a local government and public health agency dedicated to reducing populations of public health vectors and preventing human infection associated with mosquito-transmitted diseases, has issued the following tips to stay safe.

- Eliminate standing water around the home. It takes as little as five days for mosquito eggs to hatch into biting adults.
- Many children play sports or are outdoors from late afternoon to the evening hours, when mosquitoes are most active. Anyone outside during these hours should wear long-sleeved shirts and pants and use insect repellent containing DEET, Picaridin and oil of lemon eucalyptus.
- To help West Nile Virus surveillance and control efforts, report dead birds at westnile.ca.gov.

For more information, call GLACVCD at (562) 944-9656 or visit glacvcd.org.

Help prevent citrus tree disease

A plant disease that kills citrus trees has been found in California. The disease, called "Huanglongbing" (HLB) or "citrus greening disease," isn't harmful to humans.

There is no cure for the disease, which is spread by a pest called the Asian citrus psyllid. A tiny insect no bigger than a grain of rice, the Asian citrus psyllid feeds on citrus leaves and stems and can infest citrus trees with a deadly bacterium. Once a tree is infected with HLB, it will die. Diseased trees need to be removed in order to protect other citrus trees on the property, neighbors' trees and the community's citrus.

In addition to proper watering, fertilizing and pruning, take the following steps to prevent problems:

- Do not move citrus plants, foliage or fruit into or out of your area or across state and international borders. This may contribute to the disease's spread.
- Buy citrus trees from licensed, reputable nurseries.
- When grafting citrus trees, only use registered budwood that comes with source documentation.
- Cooperate with agriculture crews.
- Apply products that protect your tree.

For more information, visit californiacitrusthreat.org.

Local students win scholarships from Distinguished Young Women of Cerritos-Artesia

High school students from local schools were recently awarded \$6,500 in scholarships at the 2020 Distinguished Young Women (DYW) of Cerritos-Artesia virtual event.

Ashley Gong from Whitney High School was chosen as the Distinguished Young Woman of Cerritos-Artesia and awarded a \$1,700 scholarship. She also won \$800 in the Interview category. Fellow Whitney High School student Laura Gholmieh was selected as the alternate and awarded a \$1,300 scholarship.

Other honorees included Cerritos High School student Kristen Rivera, who won a \$600 scholarship in the Fitness category; Whitney High School student

Anastacia Son, who received \$600 for Self Expression; Whitney High School student Lalita Sabat, who was awarded \$700 for Talent; and Whitney High School student Shravani Khisti, who was recognized with an \$800 Scholastic scholarship.

Founded in 1958 in Mobile, Alabama, DYW is the largest and oldest national scholarship program for high school girls. The program has provided life-changing experiences for more than 770,000 young women with college scholarships.

For more information about DYW, visit distinguisheddyw.org.

Cerritos Water Quality Report available

The City's Annual Consumer Confidence (Water Quality) Report is available on the City's website at cerritos.us/ccr2019.pdf. The report indicates that Cerritos water meets all state and federal standards.

State and federal laws require printed or electronic distribution of the water-quality information to everyone served by the City's water utility. The report describes the City's stringent water tests, which are conducted more frequently than required by the State Health Department. The Consumer Confidence Report provides detailed test results and explains the City's water supply, which flows to customers through a system of wells, reservoirs, mains and pipes.

For more information, call the Water Division at (562) 916-1223.

CITY OF CERRITOS
Utility Billing Division - P.O.Box 3127
18125 Bloomfield Avenue
Cerritos, CA 90703

Tel No (562) 916-1235
Fax No (562) 916-1237
Hours-Mon-Fri 8am-5pm

Meter Size: 5/8" x 3/4" Water Meter

Current Read Date: 05/12/2020

Previous Read Date: 03/10/2020

Billing Date: 05/22/2020

Current Read	Previous Read	Usage	Days	Meter Number
2210	2182	28	63	

Billing Detail

Amount

Billing \$92.65
Payment - Thank You \$92.65CR
Balance Forward \$0.00

Current Activity:	Usage	Rate	
Water			
Base Charge	10.00		\$34.19
Over Base Charge	18.00	\$2.50	\$45.00
Sewer Charge			\$0.82

Total Current Charges \$80.01

TOTAL AMOUNT DUE: \$80.01

DUE DATE: 06/08/2020

*TRASH Pick-Up Day: TUE

Cycle Bill

MESSAGES:

Cerritos water meets or exceeds all state and federal standards for drinking-water quality as reported in the City's Annual Consumer Confidence (Water Quality) Report. The report is available on the City's website at cerritos.us/_pdfs/ccr2019.pdf. Hard copies can be obtained at the Cerritos City Hall Public Works counter.

Detach and return this portion with your payment. Please write your account number on your check. Make checks payable to City of Cerritos or you may also pay online at WWW.CERRITOS.US

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