

DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE HEADQUARTERS 412TH TEST WING (AFMC) EDWARDS AIR FORCE BASE, CALIFORNIA

14 July 2022

2d Lt Hi Phan 412th Operational Medical Readiness Squadron Bioenvironmental Engineering Flight 55 North Wolfe Avenue Edwards Air Force Base, California 93524

Mr. Jaswinder Dhaliwal Senior Sanitary Engineer California Water Boards Southern California Drinking Water Field Operations Branch 4925 Commerce Drive Bakersfield, California 93309 DWPDIST19@waterboards.ca.gov

Mr. Dhaliwal,

Attached is the 2021 Consumer Confidence Submission Report for Edwards AFB AFRL, PWS ID 1510702.

If you have any questions or require additional information, please call me or the Bioenvironmental Engineering office at (661) 277-3272.

Sincerely,

Hi C Phan, 2d Lt, USAF OIC, Environmental Health

APPENDIX B: eCCR Certification Form (Suggested Format)

Consumer Confidence Report Certification Form

(To be submitted with a copy of the CCR)

Water System Name:	Edwards Air Force Base AFRL
Water System Number:	CA1510702

The water system named above hereby certifies that its Consumer Confidence Report was distributed on 26 June 2020 to customers (and appropriate notices of availability have been given). Further, the system certifies that the information contained in the report is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the State Water Resources Control Board, Division of Drinking Water (DDW).

Certified by:	Name:	2d Lieutenant Hi Phan		
	Signature:			
	Title:	Environmental Health OIC		
	Phone Number:	(661) 277 - 3272	Date:	30 June 2022

To summarize report delivery used and good-faith efforts taken, please complete this page by checking all items that apply and fill-in where appropriate:

- CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery methods (attach description of other direct delivery methods used).
- CCR was distributed using electronic delivery methods described in the Guidance for Electronic Delivery of the Consumer Confidence Report (water systems utilizing electronic delivery methods must complete the second page).
- Good faith" efforts were used to reach non-bill paying consumers. Those efforts included the following methods:

Posting the CCR at the following URLs:

https://www.edwards.af.mil/Portals/50/1_%20AFRL%20EAFB%202021%20CCR%20FINAL_1.pdf

Mailing the CCR to postal patrons within the service area (attach zip codes used)

1	Advertising the availabilit	y of the CCR in news media	(attach copy of press release)

- Publication of the CCR in a local newspaper of general circulation (attach a copy of the published notice, including name of newspaper and date published)
- Posted the CCR in public places (attach a list of locations)
- Delivery of multiple copies of CCR to single-billed addresses serving several persons, such as apartments, businesses, and schools
- Delivery to community organizations (attach a list of organizations)
- Publication of the CCR in the electronic city newsletter or electronic community newsletter or listserv (attach a copy of the article or notice)
- Electronic announcement of CCR availability via social media outlets (attach list of social media outlets utilized)
- Other (attach a list of other methods used)

- *For systems serving at least 100,000 persons*: Posted CCR on a publicly-accessible internet site at the following URL: www.
- *For privately-owned utilities*: Delivered the CCR to the California Public Utilities Commission

Consumer Confidence Report Electronic Delivery Certification

Water systems utilizing electronic distribution methods for CCR delivery must complete this page by checking all items that apply and fill-in where appropriate.

- Water system mailed a notification that the CCR is available and provides a direct URL to the CCR on a publicly available website where it can be viewed (attach a copy of the mailed CCR notification). URL:<u>https://www.edwards.af.mil/Portals/50/1_%20AFRL%20EAFB%20201%20CCR%20FINAL_1.pdf</u>
- Water system emailed a notification that the CCR is available and provides a direct URL to the CCR on a publicly available site on the Internet where it can be viewed (attach a copy of the emailed CCR notification).URL:
- Water system emailed the CCR as an electronic file email attachment.
- Water system emailed the CCR text and tables inserted or embedded into the body of an email, not as an attachment (attach a copy of the emailed CCR).
- *Requires prior DDW review and approval.* Water system utilized other electronic delivery method that meets the direct delivery requirement.

Provide a brief description of the water system's electronic delivery procedures and include how the water system ensures delivery to customers unable to receive electronic delivery.

All military members living or working on Edwards AFB utilize a military email address. This address was used by the Public Affairs office to issue notifications to the "Edwards All Personnel" distribution list. See attached copy of the email release which included the direct CCR link and file attachment.

The Public Affairs office sent multiple (2) email notifications to the base populace that the CCR has been published with direct links. The Public Affairs office also included the direct links in their weekly newsletter. See attached copy of the newsletter.

In an attempt to reach all residents (to include spouses without access to military email addresses) an electronic copy of the CCR was sent to the directors of the privatized on-base housing company for further distribution. The housing directors emailed all residents on 30 June 2020 to distribute the CCR. See attached copy of the email.

All emails and notifications included the name/contact information for the Point-of-Contact if residents would like to obtain a paper copy of the CCR.

This form is provided as a convenience and may be used to meet the certification requirement of section 64483(c) of the California Code of Regulations.



2021 Water Quality Report

2021 Monitoring Results for Edwards AFB – AFRL (Public Water System ID: CA1510702) Prepared By: 412th Test Wing – Bioenvironmental Engineering Flight

Annual Consumer Report

We feel it is important that our consumers know about where our water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to requirements set by regulatory agencies. This report is a snapshot of last year's water quality.

Last year, our tap water met or exceeded all U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) and state drinking water health requirements. See page 6 for detailed information regarding lead sample results and education.

Through regular monitoring, any contaminates found were verified to be within regulatory standards. The detected amounts and the associated standards, are included in the tables published within this report.

Where Does Our Water Come From?

The AFRL Drinking Water System draws water from two sources:

- Antelope Valley East Kern (AVEK) Water Agency
- On-base groundwater wells

EAFB receives a majority of our water supply from the Antelope Valley East Kern (AVEK) Water Agency. The water received from the AVEK is supplied to AFRL in finished drinking water quality form. The AVEK main water source is the California Aqueduct. AVEK's alternative supply is from the State Water Project, which is water stored in the aquifer at various underground storage facilities (i.e. "water banks"). This water is extracted as local groundwater for water quality purposes or as supply during drought. As a water wholesaler, the AVEK Water Agency published their 2021 Water Quality Report earlier this year, which is located at https://www.avek.org/2021-annual-water-quality-report-kern-county-system.

Additionally, groundwater was supplied from two installation wells. Although, by the end of 2021, only one well remained a groundwater source for the AFRL. These wells are fed by the Antelope Valley Aquifer.

Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Tradúzcalo o hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

Treatment Process

Our water is treated with chlorine, a disinfectant which kills dangerous bacteria and other microorganisms that may be in the water. The 412th Civil Engineering Squadron monitors the disinfectant levels on a daily basis.



Pictured above: A technician from the 412th Operational Medical Readiness Squadron, Bioenvironmental Engineering Flight conducting routine water testing at locations spanning the water distribution system. Water samples are collected, tested by a certified laboratory, and results are submitted to the State Water Resources Control Board to demonstrate compliance with all requirements and regulations.

Source Water Assessment

The 412th Civil Engineering (CE) Squadron completed our Source Water Assessment on 18 June 2003 and it is on file in the CE Water & Gas office (661-277-5000). This assessment looks at possible contamination sources that may affect the base water supply. Possible contaminating activities for the wells surveyed in this assessment include nearby abandoned wells, storm drainage discharge, above ground water storage tanks, and nearby roads. The health risks from these activities are diminished through weekly monitoring of the potable water system.

EAFB is aware that many buildings at AFRL use bottled water. EAFB is not responsible for sampling or for reporting on bottled water. Water quality reports for your bottled water may be obtained by contacting your building's bottled water vendor.

What Is In Drinking Water?

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. **The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk**. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

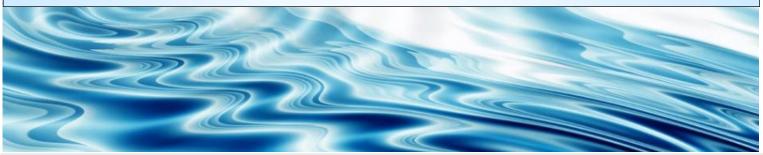
The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, that can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- Pesticides and herbicides, that may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, that are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, agricultural application, and septic systems.
 Radioactive contaminants, that can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.
- In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) and the State Water Resources Control Board (State Board) prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The State Board regulations also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that provide the same protection for public health.

Consumption Note for Susceptible Individuals

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. USEPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).



Water Quality Data Table

All sources of drinking water contain some naturally occurring contaminants. At low levels, these substances are generally not harmful in our drinking water. Removing all contaminants would be extremely expensive, and in most cases, would not provide increased protection of public health. Additionally, some naturally occurring minerals provide benefits by improving the taste of drinking water and providing nutritional value at low levels.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the USEPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The tables on the following pages list all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the 2021 calendar year of this report. Many more contaminants were tested than listed on the following table; only those substances listed below were detected in our water. The USEPA and state allow us to monitor for some contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently, or because the system is not considered vulnerable to this type of contamination. As such, some of our data, though representative, is more than one year old.

In these tables you may find terms and abbreviations that might not be familiar to you. To help you better understand these terms, we have provided the definitions below.

Term	Important Terms Used Definition
Term	
AL	Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.
LRAA	Local Running Annual Average: Annual running average at a single sampling site.
MCL	Maximum Contaminant Level: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. Primary MCLs are set as close to the PHGs (or MCLGs) as is economically and technologically feasible. Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.
MCLG	Maximum Contaminant Level Goal: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs are set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.
MFL	MFL: million fibers per liter, used to measure asbestos concentration
mg/L	Mg/L: Milligrams per Liter (ppm)
MRDL	Maximum residual disinfectant level. The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.
MRDLG	Maximum residual disinfection level goal. The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.
N/A	Not Applicable
ND	Not Detected
pCi/L	pCi/L: picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)
PDWS	Primary Drinking Water Standards: MCLs and MRDLs for contaminants that affect health along with their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment requirements.
PHG	Public Health Goal: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency.
ppb	ppb: parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (µg/L)
ppm	ppm: parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)
SDWS	Secondary Drinking Water Standards: MCLs for contaminants that affect taste, odor, or appearance of the drinking water. Contaminants with SDWSs do not affect the health at the MCL levels.
μg/L	Micrograms per Liter (ppb)

Water Quality Data Table									
Contaminant	MCL	PHG	AVEK Plant Average ¹	AVEK Well Average ²	AFRL Well Average	AFRL Well Range	Sample Date	Violation	Major Sources in Drinking Water
						Inorganic Contan	ninants (PD	WS)	
Aluminum (µg/L)	1000	600	53	ND	ND	ND	2021	No	Erosion of natural deposits; residue from some surface water treatment processes
Arsenic ³ (µg/L)	10	0.004	4	4.9	9.8	6.6-15	2021	No	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; glass and electronics production wastes
Barium (µ/L)	1000	2000	59	ND	ND	ND	2021	No	Discharges of oil drilling wastes and from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Total Chromium (µg/L)	10	MCLG=100	7.1	ND	ND	ND	2021	No	Discharge from steel and pulp mills and chrome plating; erosion of natural deposits
Hexavalent Chromium ⁴ (ppb)	10	0.02	5.8	2.9	5.67	5.38 - 5.95	2014	No	Discharge from electroplating factories, leather tanneries, wood preservation, chemical synthesis, refractory production, and textile manufacturing facilities:
Fluoride (mg/L)	2	1	0.27	0.15	0.3	0.30 - 0.33	2021	No	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive that promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Nitrate (as N) (mg/L)	10	10	2.6	2.6	0.38	0.38	2021	No	Runoff and leaching from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks and sewage; erosion of natural deposits
					Sampl	ing Results Showing D	etection of I	Lead and Cor	ppe r
Lead ⁵ (µg/L)	AL=90% of bldgs. <15	0.2	ND	ND	ND	10 sites sampled; 0 sites over AL	2021	No	Internal corrosion of household water plumbing systems; discharges from industrial manufacturers; erosion of natural deposits
Copper ⁵ (mg/L)	AL=90% of bldgs. <1.3	0.3	ND	ND	0.01	10 sites sampled; 0 sites over AL	2021	No	Internal corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
						Radioactive Conta	minants (PI	DWS)	
Gross Alpha (pCi/L)	15	MCLG=0	NA	5.3	4.87	4.15 - 5.58	2021	No	Erosion of natural deposits
Uranium (pCi/L)	20	0.43	NA	NA	1.32	1 – 1.63	2021	No	Erosion of natural deposits
Disinfectants & Disinfection By Products (PDWS)									
Total Trihalomethanes (µg/L)	LRAA:80	N/A	20	NA	20.6#	9.9 - 38	2021	No	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection
Haloacetic Acids (µg/L)	LRAA:60	N/A	2.7	NA	2.9#	2 - 3.8	2021	No	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection

1. AVEK Plant Average data obtained from previous Kern County Annual Water Quality Reports

2. AVEK Wells Average data obtained from 2021 Annual Water Quality Report - Kern County

3. In accordance with monitoring with the State Water Resources Control Board, drinking water is in compliance for arsenic because the running average is below the MCL.

4. There is currently no MCL for hexavalent chromium. The previous MCL of 0.010 mg/L (10 ppb) was withdrawn on September 11, 2017

5. Lead and Copper is regulated by ensuring the 90th percentile of sample result in under the AL. In this case, our results were ND for Lead and 0.097 for Copper. ampling is conducted every 3 years. In 2018, two buildings detected lead and increased compliance monitoring was conducted in accordance with an approved plan from the Sate Water Resources Control Board. The most recent samples were collected between July and September 2021 as part of this monitoring plan.

This value represents the location with the highest average of TTHM or HAA5 of all the sampling locations.

Contaminant	MCL ⁶	PHG	AVEK Plant Average	AVEK Well Average	AFRL Well Average	AFRL Well Range	Sample Date	Violation	Major Sources in Drinking Water
						Microbiol	ogical Cont	aminants (PD	DWS)
Total Coliform Bacteria	0 positive monthly sample	0	NA	ND	ND	ND	2021	No	Naturally present in the environment
						Secondary S	standard Co	ontaminants (S	SDWS)
Calcium (mg/L)	N/A	N/A	58	75	22.95	17.6 - 28.3	2015	No	Leaching from natural deposits
Chloride (mg/L)	500	N/A	55	70	9.31	6.32-12.3	2015	No	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater influence
Color (units)	15	N/A	<5	<5	2	ND-4	2015	No	Naturally-occurring organic materials
Hardness (mg/L)	N/A	N/A	180	220	78	58-98	2015	No	The sum of polyvalent cations present in the water, generally naturally occurring magnesium and calcium
Iron (mg/L)	0.3	N/A	ND	ND	0.2	ND -0.41 ⁷	2015	No	Leaching from natural deposits; industrial wastes
Manganese (mg/L)	0.05	N/A	9.1	8.5	0.001	ND - 0.002	2015	No	Leaching from natural deposits
Sodium (mg/L)	N/A	N/A	43	43	58.8	50.4-67.2	2015	No	Leaching from natural deposits
Specific Conductance (µs/cm)	1600	N/A	580	650	396.5	394-399	2015	No	Substances that form ions when in water; seawater influence
Sulfate (mg/L)	500	N/A	52	56	62.35	55.2-69.5	2015	No	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; industrial wastes
Total Dissolved Solids (mg/L)	1000	N/A	360	390	274.5	266-283	2015	No	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits
Turbidity (units)	5	N/A	0.05	0.05	0.573	0.205-0.941	2015	No	Soil runoff
Zinc (mg/L)	5	N/A	0.52	ND	ND	ND	2015	No	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; industrial wastes

6. Secondary MCLs do not have PHGs or MCLGs because secondary MCLs are set to protect the aesthetics of water and PHGs and MCLGs are based on health concerns.

7. The elevated measurement for iron above the MCL is based on one sample, at one well. Finished water is a mixture of water from all AFRL wells; the "AFRL Well Average" column is most representative for consumers.

Additional Information for Water Quality in Low-Use Buildings due to COVID-19

Please view the following links for information on how to ensure good water quality in buildings that may have a lack of usage due to the COVID-19 Pandemic. 412th Civil Engineering ensures the distribution system of EAFB is flushed and pulling fresh water.

Additional Information Regarding Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. 412th Bioenvironmental Engineering Flight and 412th Civil Engineering Squadron are responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you do so, you may wish to collect the flushed water and reuse it for another beneficial purpose, such as watering plants. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791) or at http://www.epa.gov/lead.

Infants and young children are typically more vulnerable to lead in drinking water than the general population. It is possible that lead levels at your home may be higher than at other homes in the community as a result of materials used in your home's plumbing. If you are concerned about elevated lead levels in your home's water, you may wish to have your water tested and/or flush your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using tap water. Additional information is available from the U.S. EPA Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Additional Information Regarding Fluoride

The AFRL water systems contain naturally occurring fluoride. AFRL does not add additional fluoride to the water system due to State requirements and the scope/size of the EAFB water distribution system. The natural level of fluoride present in the water system is below the maximum contamination limit (MCL) of 2.0 parts per million (ppm).

In 2015, the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services released a Public Health Service recommendation of 0.7 ppm as the optimal fluoride level in drinking water to prevent tooth decay. Your local dentist or pediatrician can prescribe daily fluoride brushing, tablets, or drops for you and your children to ensure you receive enough fluoride.

Tips for Protecting Your Water

- Eliminate excess use of lawn and garden fertilizers and pesticides they contain hazardous chemicals that can reach your drinking water source.
- Pick up after your pets.
- Dispose of chemicals properly; take used motor oil to a recycling center.

Additional Information Regarding Arsenic

While your drinking water meets federal and state standard for arsenic, it does contain low levels of arsenic. The arsenic standard balances the current understanding of arsenic's possible health effects against the costs of removing arsenic from drinking water. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency continues to research the health effects of low levels of arsenic which is a mineral known to cause cancer in humans at high concentrations and is linked to other health effects such as skin damage and circulatory problems.

For more information regarding this report, please contact either:

- 412th Operational Medical Readiness Squadron Bioenvironmental Engineering Flight (661-277-3272)
- 412th Test Wing Public Affairs (661-277-1454)



From:	412 TW/PA Update	
To:	Edwards All Personnel	
Subject:	Water Quality Reports- Annual CCR Distribution	
Date:	Thursday, June 30, 2022 8:51:03 AM	
Attachments:	1. MB EAFB 2021 CCR Final.pdf	
	1. AFRL EAFB 2021 CCR FINAL.pdf	
	CCRAF1768 SSS - 2021 CCR Routing for Signature	signed.pdf

The Bioenvironmental Engineering Flight is pleased to present the Edwards Air Force Base and Air Force Research Laboratory (AFRL) 2021 Annual Water Quality Reports. We feel it is important our customers know about where our water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to requirements set by regulatory agencies. This report is a snapshot of last year's water quality.

Last year, as in years past, the main base tap water met or exceeded all U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) and State drinking water health requirements.

Last year, as in years past, the AFRL tap water met or exceeded all U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) and state drinking water health requirements.

Please see attached documents for more information. <u>Main Base</u> <u>AFRL</u>

If you would like a paper copy of the 2021 Consumer Confidence Report mailed to you, please call 661-277-3272 or email hi.c.phan.mil@mail.mil <mailto:hi.c.phan.mil@mail.mil> or megan.l.upp.mil@mail.mil <mailto:megan.l.upp.mil@mail.mil>

All active links contained in this email were disabled. Please verify the identity of the sender, and confirm the authenticity of all links contained within the message prior to copying and pasting the address to a Web browser.

2d Lt Phan,

Here is the proof that you requested.

Respectfully,

Brandy Kephart I Operations Director main:(661) 385-6060 direct:(661) 385-6071

From: Edwards <noreply@realpage.com>
Sent: Thursday, June 30, 2022 1:45 PM
To: Brandy Kephart <Brandy.Kephart@themayroad.com>
Subject: Edwards - Edwards Water Quality Report

[EXTERNAL EMAIL] - DO NOT CLICK on links or attachments within this message unless you recognize the sender and know that the content is safe.

EDWARDS - EDWARDS WATER QUALITY REPORT

From: Brandy Kephart (Operations Director)

Date: June 30, 2022, 4:38 pm

Subject: Edwards Water Quality Report

Water Quality Reports

The Bioenvironmental Engineering Flight is pleased to present the Edwards Air Force Base and Air Force Research Laboratory (AFRL) 2021 Annual Water Quality Reports. We feel it is important our customers know about where our water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to requirements set by regulatory agencies. This report is a snapshot of last year's water quality.

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If you would like a paper copy of the 2021 Consumer Confidence Report mailed to you, please call 661-277-3272 or email hi.c.phan.mil@mail.mil or megan.l.upp.mil@mail.mil.

	1. AFRL EAFB 2021 CCR FINAL.pdf < Caution-http://email.activebuilding.com/ls/click?upn=ZU2reWL6nDIBRPmnbira-
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This message was intended for brandy.kephart@themayroad.com.

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 - Bowling Alley
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