APPENDIX B: eCCR Certification Form (Suggested Format)

Consumer Confidence Report Certification Form

(To be submitted with a copy of the CCR)

Water System Name:	CALIPATRIA STATE PRISON
Water System Number:	CA1310800

The water system named above hereby certifies that its Consumer Confidence Report was distributed on 6-26-25 (*date*) to customers (and appropriate notices of availability have been given). Further, the system certifies that the information contained in the report is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the State Water Resources Control Board, Division of Drinking Water (DDW).

Certified by:

Name: Rodney S. Gaddis	Title: Water & Sewage Plant Supervisor
Signature: Rodney Gaddis	Date: 7-1-2025
Phone number:(760)348-7000 Ext. 7125	

To summarize report delivery used and good-faith efforts taken, please complete this page by checking all items that apply and fill-in where appropriate:

- ☐ CCR was distributed by mail or other direct delivery methods (attach description of other direct delivery methods used).
- ☐ CCR was distributed using electronic delivery methods described in the Guidance for Electronic Delivery of the Consumer Confidence Report (water systems utilizing electronic delivery methods must complete the second page).
- ☐ "Good faith" efforts were used to reach non-bill paying consumers. Those efforts included the following methods:
  - ☐ Posting the CCR at the following URL: www._____
  - ☐ Mailing the CCR to postal patrons within the service area (attach zip codes used)
  - ☐ Advertising the availability of the CCR in news media (attach copy of press release)
  - ☐ Publication of the CCR in a local newspaper of general circulation (attach a copy of the published notice, including name of newspaper and date published)
  - ☒ Posted the CCR in public places (attach a list of locations)

- ☐ Delivery of multiple copies of CCR to single-billed addresses serving several persons, such as apartments, businesses, and schools
- ☐ Delivery to community organizations (attach a list of organizations)
- ☐ Publication of the CCR in the electronic city newsletter or electronic community newsletter or listserv (attach a copy of the article or notice)
- ☐ Electronic announcement of CCR availability via social media outlets (attach list of social media outlets utilized)
- ☐ Other (attach a list of other methods used)

☐ *For systems serving at least 100,000 persons*: Posted CCR on a publicly-accessible internet site at the following URL: www._____

☐ *For privately-owned utilities:* Delivered the CCR to the California Public Utilities Commission

Consumer Confidence Report Electronic Delivery Certification

Water systems utilizing electronic distribution methods for CCR delivery must complete this page by checking all items that apply and fill-in where appropriate.

☐ Water system mailed a notification that the CCR is available and provides a direct URL to the CCR on a publicly available website where it can be viewed (attach a copy of the mailed CCR notification). URL: www._____

☐ Water system emailed a notification that the CCR is available and provides a direct URL to the CCR on a publicly available site on the Internet where it can be viewed (attach a copy of the emailed CCR notification). URL: www._____

☐ Water system emailed the CCR as an electronic file email attachment.

☐ Water system emailed the CCR text and tables inserted or embedded into the body of an email, not as an attachment (attach a copy of the emailed CCR).

☐ *Requires prior DDW review and approval.* Water system utilized other electronic delivery method that meets the direct delivery requirement.

Provide a brief description of the water system's electronic delivery procedures and include how the water system ensures delivery to customers unable to receive electronic delivery.

This form is provided as a convenience and may be used to meet the certification requirement of section 64483(c) of the California Code of Regulations.

CALIPATRIA STATE PRISON
2025 POSTING LOCATIONS
For 2024 CCR

POSTING LOCATIONS		DATE POSTED	TIME POSTED	CCR POSTED BY
1. Water Treatment Plant / Bldg # 210	Office Bulletin Board	6/24/25	0900	MV, RG
2. Water Treatment Plant / Bldg # 212	Chemical Room Bulletin Board	6/24/25	0910	MV, RG
3. Warehouse / Bldg. # 700 NORTH	Bulletin Board	6/26/25	0920	MFB, RG
4. Mail Room / Bldg. # 700 SOUTH	Bulletin Board	6/26/25	0925	MFB, RG
5. State Garage Bldg. # 553	Bulletin Board	6/26/25	1000	MFB, RG
6. Fire Station Bldg. # 701	Bulletin Board	6/25/25	1110	MFB, MV
7. Administration Building / Bldg. # 800	Bulletin Board	6/26/25	0954	MFB, RG
8. Administration Building / Bldg. # 800	Staff Lunch Area	6/26/25	0950	MFB, RG
9. Main Staff & Visitor Entrance / Bldg. # 805	Bulletin Board	6/26/25	0945	MFB, RG
10. Sallyport (Vehicle Entrance) / Bldg. # 806	Bulletin Board	6/25/25	1100	MFB, MV
11. Infirmary / Bldg. # 461	Bulletin Board	6/25/25	1030	MFB, MV
12. Level One / Bldg. # 903	Programming Office Bulletin Board	6/25/25	1115	MFB, MV
13. Level One / Bldg. # 905	Visiting Area Bulletin Board	6/25/25	1125	MFB, MV
14. Level One / Bldg. # 901	Dorm 1 Bulletin Board	6/25/25	1140	MFB, MV
15. Level One / Bldg. # 902	Dorm 2 Bulletin Board	6/25/25	1200	MFB, MV
16. Facility "A" / Bldg. # 421	Programming Office Bulletin Board	6/25/25	1040	MFB, MV
17. Facility "A" / Bldg. # 430	Visiting Area Bulletin Board	6/25/25	0855	MFB, MV
18. Facility "A" / Bldg. # 325	Housing Unit 1 Bulletin Board	6/25/25	1005	MFB, MV
19. Facility "A" / Bldg. # 324	Housing Unit 2 Bulletin Board	6/25/25	1015	MFB, MV
20. Facility "A" / Bldg. # 323	Housing Unit 3 Bulletin Board	6/25/25	1020	MFB, MV
21. Facility "A" / Bldg. # 322	Housing Unit 4 Bulletin Board	6/25/25	1025	MFB, MV
22. Facility "A" / Bldg. # 321	Housing Unit 5 Bulletin Board	6/25/25	1035	MFB, MV
23. Facility "B" / Bldg. # 431	Programming Office Bulletin Board	6/25/25	0955	MFB, MV
24. Facility "B" / Bldg. # 430	Visiting Area Bulletin Board	6/25/25	0900	MFB, MV
25. Facility "B" / Bldg. # 335	Housing Unit 1 Bulletin Board	6/25/25	0910	MFB, MV
26. Facility "B" / Bldg. # 334	Housing Unit 2 Bulletin Board	6/25/25	0920	MFB, MV
27. Facility "B" / Bldg. # 333	Housing Unit 3 Bulletin Board	6/25/25	0930	MFB, MV
28. Facility "B" / Bldg. # 332	Housing Unit 4 Bulletin Board	6/25/25	0940	MFB, MV
29. Facility "B" / Bldg. # 331	Housing Unit 5 Bulletin Board	6/25/25	0950	MFB, MV
30. Plant Operation Office "B" / Bldg. # 551	Office Bulletin Board	6/25/25	1050	MFB, MV
31. Facility "C" / Bldg. # 441	Programming Office Bulletin Board	6/25/25	1250	MFB, MV
32. Facility "C" / Bldg. # 440	Visiting Area Bulletin Board	6/25/25	1105	MFB, MV
33. Facility "C" / Bldg. # 345	Housing Unit 1 Bulletin Board	6/25/25	1200	MFB, MV
34. Facility "C" / Bldg. # 344	Housing Unit 2 Bulletin Board	6/25/25	1210	MFB, MV
35. Facility "C" / Bldg. # 343	Housing Unit 3 Bulletin Board	6/25/25	1220	MFB, MV
36. Facility "C" / Bldg. # 342	Housing Unit 4 Bulletin Board	6/25/25	1230	MFB, MV
37. Facility "C" / Bldg. # 341	Housing Unit 5 Bulletin Board	6/25/25	1240	MFB, MV
38. Facility "D" / Bldg. # 451	Programming Office Bulletin Board	6/25/25	1155	MFB, MV
39. Facility "D" / Bldg. # 440	Visiting Area Bulletin Board	6/25/25	1100	MFB, MV
40. Facility "D" / Bldg. # 355	Housing Unit 1 Bulletin Board	6/25/25	1110	MFB, MV
41. Facility "D" / Bldg. # 354	Housing Unit 2 Bulletin Board	6/25/25	1120	MFB, MV
42. Facility "D" / Bldg. # 353	Housing Unit 3 Bulletin Board	6/25/25	1130	MFB, MV
43. Facility "D" / Bldg. # 352	Housing Unit 4 Bulletin Board	6/25/25	1140	MFB, MV
44. Facility "D" / Bldg. # 351	Housing Unit 5 Bulletin Board	6/25/25	1150	MFB, MV
45. ASU / Bldg. # 360	Programming Office Bulletin Board	6/25/25	~~1155~~ 1315	MFB, MV
46. Accounting Office / Bldg. 512	Office Bulletin Board	6/26/25	0940	MFB, RG

2024 Consumer Confidence Report

Water System Information

Water System Name: Calipatria State Prison System #CA1310800

Report Date: [6/18/25]

Type of Water Source(s) in Use: Treated Surface Water

Name and General Location: Golden State Water Company Located in Calipatria, CA.

Drinking Water Source Assessment Information :The drinking water Assessment can be obtained from Golden State Water Company

Time and Place of Regularly Scheduled Board Meetings for Public Participation: N/A State Prison

For More Information, Contact: Lee Gray, CPM II (760-348-7000) Ext. 5905

About This Report

We test the drinking water quality for many constituents as required by state and federal regulations. This report shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1 to December 31, 2024, and may include earlier monitoring data.

Importance of This Report Statement in Five Non-English Languages (Spanish, Mandarin, Tagalog, Vietnamese, and Hmong)

Language in Spanish: Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua para beber. Favor de comunicarse Calipatria State Prison 7018 Blair Rd. Calipatria, CA. 92233 (760-348-7000) Ext. 7125 para asistirlo en español.

Language in Mandarin: 这份报告含有关于您的饮用水的重要讯息。请用以下地址和电话联系 [Enter Water System Name]以获得中文的帮助: Calipatria State Prison 7018 Blair Rd. Calipatria, CA. 92233 (760-348-7000) Ext. 7125

Language in Tagalog: Ang pag-uulat na ito ay naglalaman ng mahalagang impormasyon tungkol sa inyong inuming tubig. Mangyaring makipag-ugnayan sa Calipatria State Prison 7018 Blair Rd. Calipatria, CA. 92233 o tumawag sa (760-348-7000) Ext. 7125 para matulungan sa wikang Tagalog.

Language in Vietnamese: Báo cáo này chứa thông tin quan trọng về nước uống của bạn. Xin vui lòng liên Calipatria State Prison tại 7018 Blair Rd. Calipatria, CA. 92233 (760-348-7000) Ext. 7125 để được hỗ trợ giúp bằng tiếng Việt.

Language in Hmong: Tsab ntawv no muaj cov ntsiab lus tseem ceeb txog koj cov dej haus. Thov hu rau Calipatria State Prison ntawm 7018 Blair Rd. Calipatria, CA. 92233 (760-348-7000) Ext. 7125 rau kev pab hauv lus Askiv.

Terms Used in This Report

Term	Definition
Level 1 Assessment	A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.
Level 2 Assessment	A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an *E. coli* MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.
Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)	The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. Primary MCLs are set as close to the PHGs (or MCLGs) as is economically and technologically feasible. Secondary MCLs are set to protect the odor, taste, and appearance of drinking water.
Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)	The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs are set by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (U.S. EPA).
Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL)	The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.
Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG)	The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.
Primary Drinking Water Standards (PDWS)	MCLs and MRDLs for contaminants that affect health along with their monitoring and reporting requirements, and water treatment requirements.
Public Health Goal (PHG)	The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. PHGs are set by the California Environmental Protection Agency.
Regulatory Action Level (AL)	The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.
Secondary Drinking Water Standards (SDWS)	MCLs for contaminants that affect taste, odor, or appearance of the drinking water. Contaminants with SDWSs do not affect the health at the MCL levels.
Treatment Technique (TT)	A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.
Variances and Exemptions	Permissions from the State Water Resources Control Board (State Board) to exceed an MCL or not comply with a treatment technique under certain conditions.
ND	Not detectable at testing limit.
ppm	parts per million or milligrams per liter (mg/L)
ppb	parts per billion or micrograms per liter (µg/L)
ppt	parts per trillion or nanograms per liter (ng/L)
ppq	parts per quadrillion or picogram per liter (pg/L)
pCi/L	picocuries per liter (a measure of radiation)

Sources of Drinking Water and Contaminants that May Be Present in Source Water

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, that can be naturally-occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- Pesticides and herbicides, that may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, that are byproducts of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, agricultural application, and septic systems.
- Radioactive contaminants, that can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

Regulation of Drinking Water and Bottled Water Quality

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the U.S. EPA and the State Board prescribe regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The U.S. Food and Drug Administration regulations and California law also establish limits for contaminants in bottled water that provide the same protection for public health.

About Your Drinking Water Quality

Drinking Water Contaminants Detected

Tables 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 8 list all of the drinking water contaminants that were detected during the most recent sampling for the constituent. The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. The State Board allows us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, are more than one year old. Any violation of an AL, MCL, MRDL, or TT is asterisked. Additional information regarding the violation is provided later in this report.

Table 1. Sampling Results Showing the Detection of Coliform Bacteria

Complete if bacteria are detected.

Microbiological Contaminants	Highest No. of Detections	No. of Months in Violation	MCL	MCLG	Typical Source of Bacteria
E. coli	0	0	(a)	0	Human and animal fecal waste

(a) Routine and repeat samples are total coliform-positive and either is *E. coli*-positive or system fails to take repeat samples following *E. coli*-positive routine sample or system fails to analyze total coliform-positive repeat sample for *E. coli*.

Table 2. Sampling Results Showing the Detection of Lead and Copper

Complete if lead or copper is detected in the last sample set.

Lead and Copper	Sample Date	No. of Samples Collected	90th Percentile Level Detected	No. Sites Exceeding AL	Range of Results	AL	PHG	Typical Source of Contaminant
Lead (ppb)	7/27/23	20	2.4	0	ND-6.1	15	0.2	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits
Copper (ppm)	7/27/23	20	0.21	0	0.048-0.51	1.3	0.3	Internal corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives

Table 3. Sampling Results for Sodium and Hardness

Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL	PHG (MCLG)	Typical Source of Contaminant
Sodium (ppm)	2024	120	N/A	None	None	Salt present in the water and is generally naturally occurring
Hardness (ppm)	2024	360	350-360	None	None	Sum of polyvalent cations present in the water, generally magnesium and calcium, and are usually naturally occurring

Table 4. Detection of Contaminants with a Primary Drinking Water Standard

Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL [MRDL]	PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG]	Typical Source of Contaminant
TTHM (ug/L) Total Trihalomethanes	2024	46	29-56	80	N/A	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection
HAA5 (ug/L) sum of 5 Haloacetic Acids	2024	6	ND-6	60	N/A	Byproduct of drinking water disinfection
Chlorine as CL2 (mg/L)	2024	1.04	ND-2.5	4.0	4.0	Drinking water disinfection

Table 5. Detection of Contaminants with a Secondary Drinking Water Standard

Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	SMCL	PHG (MCLG)	Typical Source of Contaminant
Aluminum (ug/L)	2024	100	ND-280	200	N/A	Erosion of natural deposits
Sulfate (mg/L)	2024	260	250-280	500	N/A	Run off/leaching from natural deposits
Total Dissolved Solids (mg/L)	2024	690	680-700	1000	N/A	Run off/leaching from natural deposits

Table 6. Detection of Unregulated Contaminants

Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	Notification Level	Health Effects
Alkalinity (mg/L)	2024	150	130-170	N/A	N/A
Calcium (mg/L)	2024	91	88-94	N/A	N/A
Sodium (mg/L)	2024	120	N/A	N/A	N/A

Additional General Information on Drinking Water

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the U.S. EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. U.S. EPA/Centers for Disease Control (CDC) guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791).

Lead-Specific Language: Lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Calipatria State Prison is responsible for providing high quality drinking water and removing lead pipes, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components in your home. You share the responsibility for protecting yourself and your family from the lead in your home plumbing. You can take responsibility by identifying and removing lead materials within your home plumbing and taking steps to reduce your family's risk. Before drinking tap water, flush your pipes for several minutes by running your tap, taking a shower, doing laundry or a load of dishes. You can also use a filter certified by an American National Standards Institute accredited certifier to reduce lead in drinking water. If you are concerned about lead in your water and wish to have your water tested, contact [NAME OF UTILITY and CONTACT INFORMATION]. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available at *http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead*.

Summary Information for Violation of a MCL, MRDL, AL, TT, or Monitoring and Reporting Requirement

Table 7. Violation of a MCL, MRDL, AL, TT or Monitoring Reporting Requirement

Violation	Explanation	Duration	Actions Taken to Correct Violation	Health Effects Language
NONE				
NONE				

For Water Systems Providing Groundwater as a Source of Drinking Water

Table 8. Sampling Results Showing Fecal Indicator-Positive Groundwater Source Samples

Microbiological Contaminants (complete if fecal-indicator detected)	Total No. of Detections	Sample Dates	MCL [MRDL]	PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG]	Typical Source of Contaminant
E. coli	NONE		0	(0)	Human and animal fecal waste
Enterococci	NONE		TT	N/A	Human and animal fecal waste
Coliphage	NONE		TT	N/A	Human and animal fecal waste

Summary Information for Fecal Indicator-Positive Groundwater Source Samples, Uncorrected Significant Deficiencies, or Violation of a Groundwater TT

Special Notice of Fecal Indicator-Positive Groundwater Source Sample: N/A

Special Notice for Uncorrected Significant Deficiencies: N/A

Table 9. Violation of Groundwater TT

Violation	Explanation	Duration	Actions Taken to Correct Violation	Health Effects Language
N/A				
N/A				

For Systems Providing Surface Water as a Source of Drinking Water

Table 10. Sampling Results Showing Treatment of Surface Water Sources

Treatment Technique [a] (Type of approved filtration technology used)	Purchased water from Golden State Water Company GAC filtration/Post disinfection Calipatria State Prison
Turbidity Performance Standards [b] (that must be met through the water treatment process)	Turbidity of the filtered water must: 1 – Be less than or equal to 0.30 NTU in 95% of measurements in a month. 2 – Not exceed 1.0 NTU for more than eight consecutive hours. 3 – Not exceed 1.0 NTU at any time.
Lowest monthly percentage of samples that met Turbidity Performance Standard No. 1.	100%
Highest single turbidity measurement during the year	0.21

Number of violations of any surface water treatment requirements	0

(a) A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

(b) Turbidity (measured in NTU) is a measurement of the cloudiness of water and is a good indicator of water quality and filtration performance. Turbidity results which meet performance standards are considered to be in compliance with filtration requirements.

Summary Information for Violation of a Surface Water TT

Table 11. Violation of Surface Water TT

Violation	Explanation	Duration	Actions Taken to Correct Violation	Health Effects Language
NONE				
NONE				

Summary Information for Operating Under a Variance or Exemption

N/A

Summary Information for Revised Total Coliform Rule Level 1 and Level 2 Assessment Requirements

If a water system is required to comply with a Level 1 or Level 2 assessment requirement that is not due to an *E. coli* MCL violation, include the following information below [22 CCR section 64481(n)(1)].

Level 1 or Level 2 Assessment Requirement not Due to an *E. coli* MCL Violation

Coliforms are bacteria that are naturally present in the environment and are used as an indicator that other, potentially harmful, waterborne pathogens may be present or that a potential pathway exists through which contamination may enter the drinking water distribution system. We found coliforms indicating the need to look for potential problems in water treatment or distribution. When this occurs, we are required to conduct assessment(s) to identify problems and to correct any problems that were found during these assessments.

The water system shall include the following statements, as appropriate:

During the past year we were required to conduct [0] Level 1 assessment(s). [0] Level 1 assessment(s) were completed. In addition, we were required to take [0] corrective actions and we completed [0] of these actions.

During the past year [0] Level 2 assessments were required to be completed for our water system. [0] Level 2 assessments were completed. In addition, we were required to take [0] corrective actions and we completed [0] of these actions.